SSC CGL Tier-1 Full Test 11 (English)

Question No. 1

<u>Additional Information</u>

- Negligent: not being careful; careless(बेपरवाह, लापरवाह)
- Hasty: done too quickly(जल्दी,शीघ्र)
- Daring: brave; taking risk(बहादुर, दिलेर)

Question No. 2

Key Points

- The most appropriate meaning of the given idiom 'Off the mark' is 'Incorrect or Inaccurate'.
- · Let's look at the meaning and example of the given phrasal verb:
 - o Off the mark- "Inaccurate or wrong." (गलत)
 - E.g. I never once said that! Your reporter's account is completely off the mark.

Question No. 3

Key Points

In the given sentence, in the underlined part whom is used correctly with the boy who is the subject of the sentence.

The pronouns WHO and WHOM can be confusing while using in a sentence, but let us understand the difference:

- . Who performs the actions, for example Who sent you these flowers? (Who becomes the subject here)
- Whom receives the action, for example This is the boy whom everyone appreciates. (Whom acts like an object here)
- Who is a pronoun which is used in place of a noun while WHOM replaces who in spots where that word would receive the ε
 the verb.

Question No. 4

Key Points

- The word 'pertinent' means relevant or applicable to a particular matter; apposite.
 - For example, 'The reporter from CNN asked Trump a lot of very pertinent questions.'
- . The only word in the given options that matches the word is 'relevant.'

Hence, the correct answer is Option 1.

퀅 Additional Information

Let's have a look at the definition of the other options:

- . Foolish ⇒ lacking good sense or judgement; unwise, stupid, idiot.
 - Usage example: 'It is clear that he was foolish enough to confide in her.'
- Small ⇒ of a size that is less than normal or usual, little.
 - $\circ~$ Usage example: 'The room that they allotted to me was small and quiet.'
- Large ⇒ of considerable or relatively great size, extent, or capacity.
 - Usage example: 'Abir came in carrying a large brown case.'

Key Points

- · Versatile means able to adapt or be adapted to many different functions or activities.
 - Example- He is a man of versatile abilities.
- . So, it is clear that the 'Versatile' can be used as a one-word substitute for 'who has many skills'

눩 Additional Information

- · Vulnerable means exposed to the possibility of being attacked or harmed, either physically or emotionally.
- . Innovative means introducing new ideas; original and creative in thinking.
- · Fragile means easily broken or damaged.

Question No. 6

Key Points

- · Let's explore the options:
 - 'Insurgency' means an active revolt or uprising.
 - Example: The government is reported to be concerned about the growing insurgency in the South.
 - 'Independence' means used about a person, country, etc. which is in a state of being free and not controlled by another person, country, etc.
 - Example: The superpower often tramples on the independence and sovereignty of other countries.
 - o 'Confidence' means trust or strong belief in somebody/something.
 - Example: Corruption corrodes public confidence in a political system.
 - o 'Resiprocated': There is no such word in English or we can say that there is some spelling mistake in this word.
 - The correct spelling is 'Reciprocated' which means feeling affection or love for someone in the same way that they feel it for oneself.

Hence, the correct answer is option 2.

Additional Information

- The synonyms of the word 'Reciprocated' are requite, recompense, and repay.
- Example of 'Reciprocated' in a sentence.
 - Example: The representatives of both sides reciprocated formal expressions of goodwill.

Question No. 7

Key Points

- The most appropriate word for the given blank is 'diminishes'.
- It means 'to become or to make something smaller or less important; decrease'. (छोटा होना या छोटा करना, महत्व घटाना; कम होना या करना)
 - Example: The world's rainforests are diminishing fast.
- . In the given context the word 'diminish' is talking about reducing misery.
- Thus, the correct answer is Option 3.

Correct Sentence: Friendship increases happiness and diminishes misery.

눩 Additional Information

- Let's look at the meaning of other words:
 - **Delegate**: to give somebody with a lower job or position a particular task to do. (अपने से छोटे पद के व्यक्ति को अपने काम का दायित्व सौंपना)
 - **Distinguish**: to recognize the difference between two things or people. (दो वस्तुओं या व्यक्तियों में अंतर पहचानना)
 - **Determine**: to discover the facts about something. (किसी प्रसंग के तथ्यों का पता लगाना)

Key Points

- · Give up on means to stop having faith or belief in someone or something.
 - · For example: He has gotten in trouble many times, but his parents have never given up on him.
- . Give out of means distribute something; be completely used up.
- Give up at is an incorrect prepositional phrase as give up is used with the preposition on not at which means to stop having faith or belief in someone or something.
- . Give over means allowing oneself to be taken over by emotion or addiction; deliver a wanted person to the authorities.
- By referring to the above explanation, it can be concluded that up on should be the appropriate option to be chosen for filling the blank.

Question No. 9

Key Points

- · Let us see the meanings of the given options:
 - Bigot: a person who has strong, unreasonable ideas, esp. about race or religion, and who thinks anyone who does not have the same beliefs is wrong. (कठोर, अतर्कसंगत विचार रखनेवाला तथा दूसरों के विचारों के प्रति असहिष्णु; हुउधर्म; कट्टर; पक्षपाती)
 - Example: He was known to be a loud-mouthed, opinionated bigot.
 - o **Mediator:** a person whose job is to mediate in a disagreement. (मध्यस्थ)
 - **Diplomat:** an official who represents his/her country in a foreign country. (विदेश में नियुक्त किसी देश का प्रतिनिधित्व करने वाला अधिकारी; राजनयज्ञ, कूटनीतिज्ञ, राजनयिक (व्यक्ति))
 - Mercenary: primarily concerned with making money at the expense of ethics. (मुख्य रूप से नैतिकता की कीमत पर पैसा बनाने से संबंधित)
- . Therefore, one who has narrow and prejudiced religious views is called a "Bigot."

Question No. 10

Solution

The part that is grammatically incorrect is 'is more better.'



- The given part demonstrates the phenomenon of 'double comparative' which is considered incorrect usage according to English grammar.
- · 'more' or 'less' and the comparative form are never used for an adjective at the same time.
 - For example, 'She is more shorter than her brother.'

Question No. 11

Word	Meaning
Steadfast	Staying the same for a long time and not changing quickly or unexpectedly.
Natural	As found in nature and not involving anything made or done by people.
Seasonal	Relating to or happening during a particular period in the year.
Experimental	Using new methods, ideas, substances, etc. that have not been tried before, usually in order to find out what effect they have.

Word	Meaning
Planetary	Relating to planets.
Geosynchronous	An Earth-centered orbit with an orbital period that matches Earth's rotation on its axis, 23 hours, 56 minutes, and 4 seconds (one sidereal day).
Spacecraft	A vehicle used for travel in space.
Mesospheric	Relating to a mesosphere (the layer of a planet's atmosphere above the stratosphere and below the thermosphere), especially that of the earth.

Question No. 13

Word	Meaning
Dispatched	To send something, especially goods or a message, somewhere for a particular purpose.
Catapulted	A device that can throw objects at a high speed.
Launched	An occasion when a ship is put into water or a spacecraft is sent into space, for the first time.
Ceased	To stop something.

Word	Meaning
Cooperation	The process of working with another company, organization, or country in order to achieve something.
Clamour	To make a loud complaint or demand.
Strife	Violent or angry disagreement.
Competition	A situation in which someone is trying to win something or be more successful than someone else.

Question No. 15

Word	Meaning
Embedded	Fixed into the surface of something.
Onboard	Available or situated on a ship, aircraft, spaceship or other vehicles.
Strapped	Used to describe a person or organization that does not have enough money.
Anchored	A heavy metal object, usually shaped like a cross with curved arms, on a strong rope or chain, is dropped from a boat into the water to prevent the boat from moving away.

Question No. 16

Key Points

- Dismiss: To remove someone from their job (किसी को नौकरी से निकालना)
 - E.g.- He has been dismissed from his job for incompetence.
- Terminate: To end or to make something end (समाप्त होना या करना)
 - o E.g.- They terminated my contract in October.

Hence, the word similar in meaning to the given word, 'dismiss' is 'terminate'.

눩 Additional Information

- Retain: To keep or continue to have something (किसी वस्तु को रखना या बनाए रखना या रखे रहना)
 - E.g.- Despite all her problems, she has managed to retain a sense of humour.
- Hire: To give somebody a job for a short time (किसी को थोड़े समय के लिए कोई काम देना)
 - o E.g.- We'll have to hire somebody to repair the roof.
- Engage: To give work to somebody (किसी को) कुछ काम देना
 - o E.g.- They engaged him as a cook.

Question No. 17

🔑 <u>Key Points</u>

- The error is in 'bouquet of grapes'. We will use a 'bunch of grapes' rather than a bouquet of grapes'.
- · A bunch of grapes means a collection of grapes.
- · Bunch is a collective noun, as it denotes a plural collection of grapes and Grapes are a common noun.

Key Points

- Reckless means careless.(लापरवाह, असावधान)
 - Eg. His reckless attitude made his mother worry.
- Attentive means to watch or listen something carefully.(सावधान, सतर्क)
 - Eg. One should be attentive in one' class.

Thus, Attentive is the antonym of Reckless.

눩 Additional Information

- Negligent: not being careful; careless(बेपरवाह, लापरवाह)
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- Daring: brave; taking risk(बहादुर, दिलेर)