

# Dual Band Dipole Antenna

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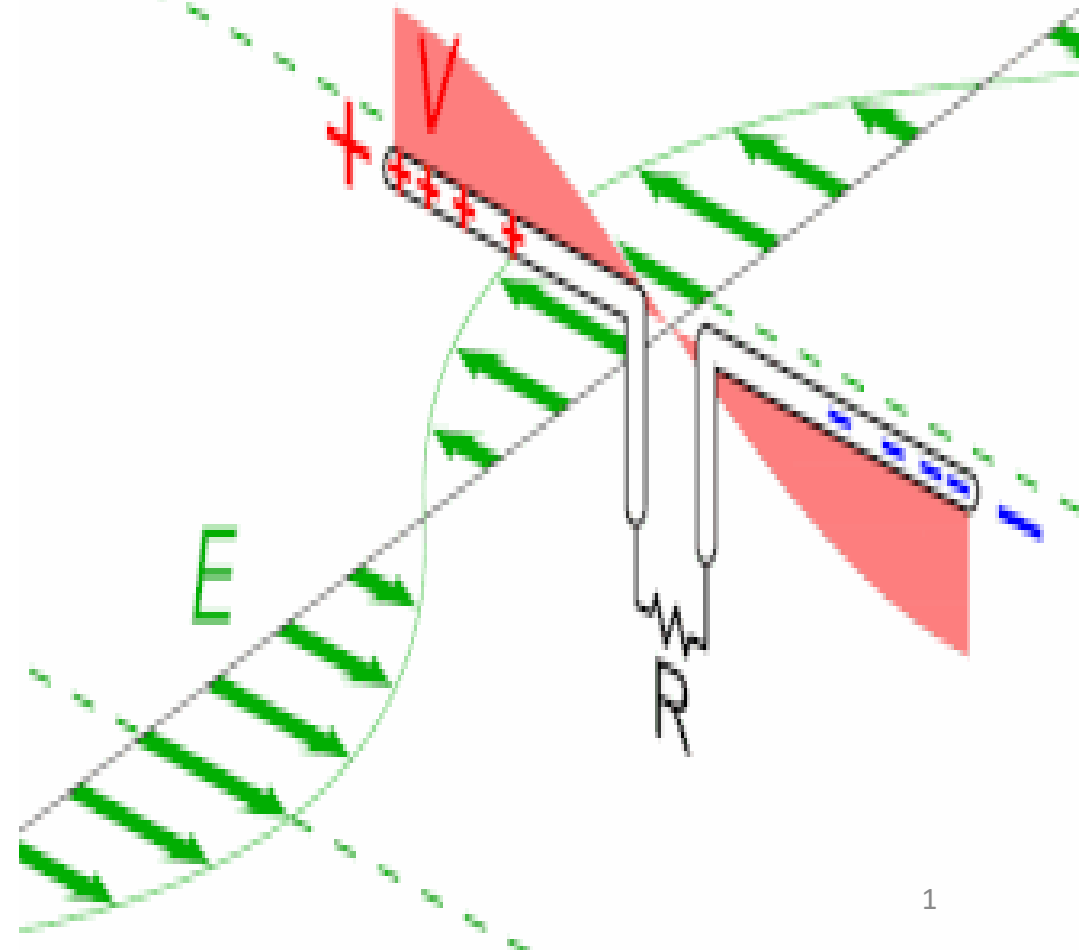
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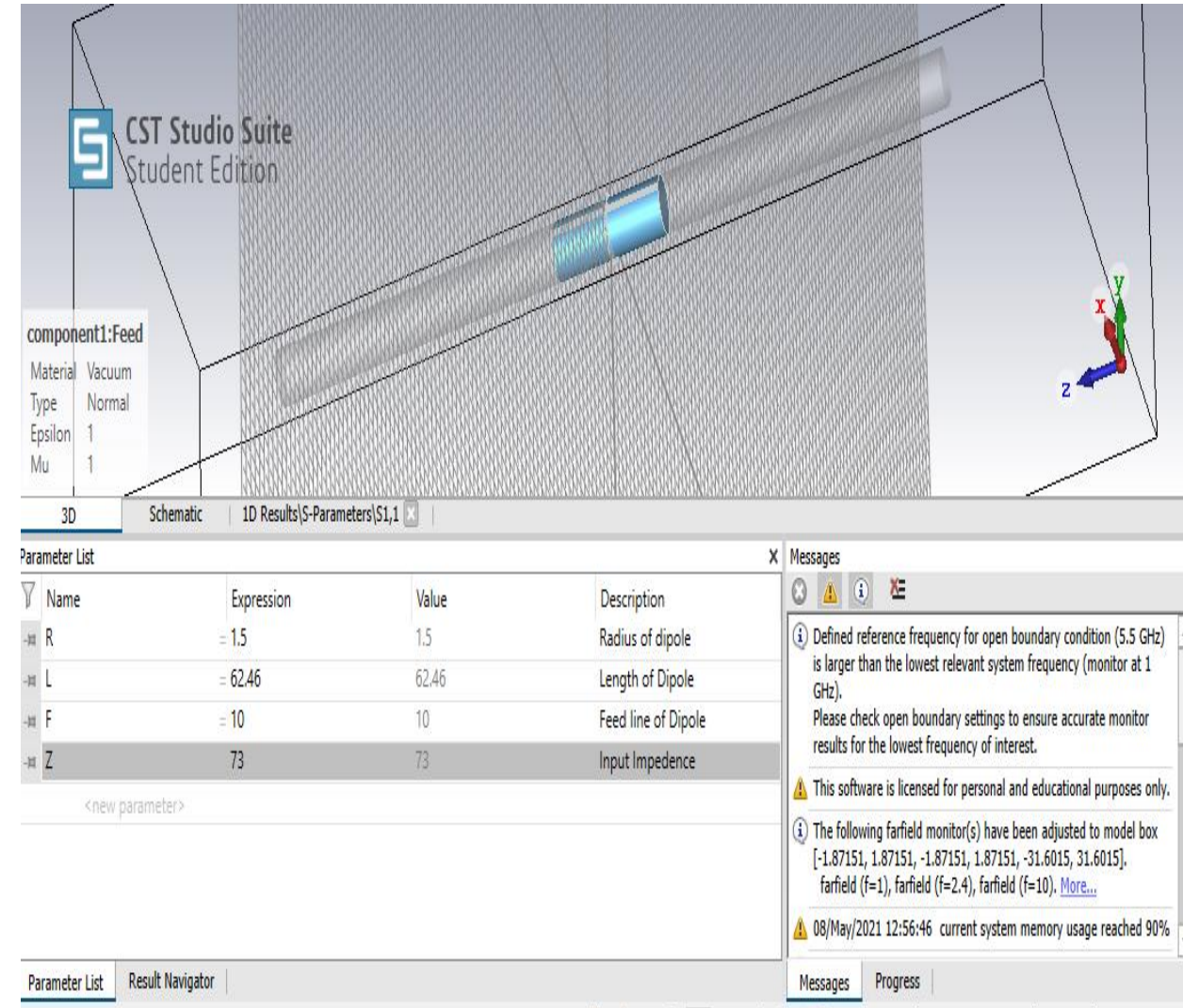
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- ✓ S- parameter
- ✓ Reference Impedance
- ✓ VSWR
- ✓ Gain
- ✓ Directivity
- ✓ Radiation Patter (1-D & 2-D)

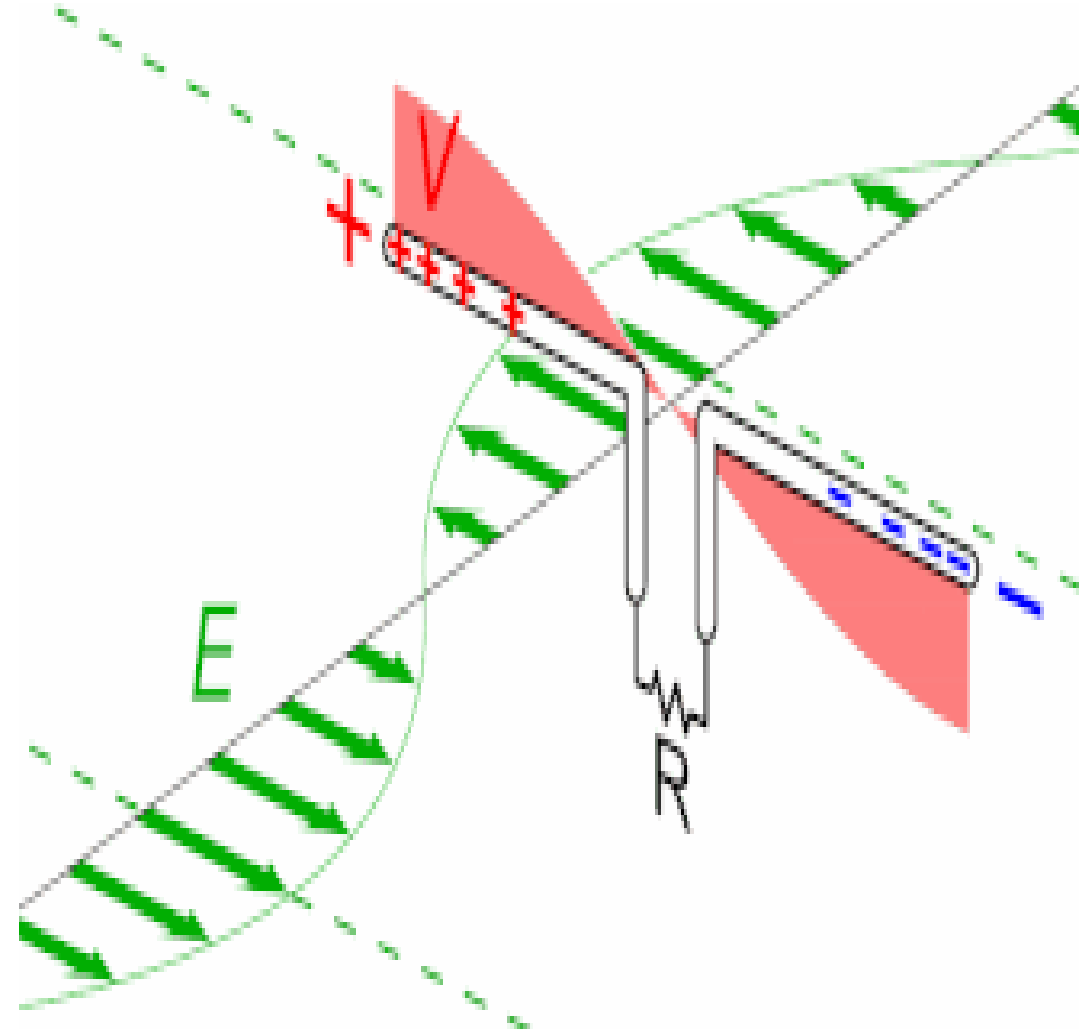
# AIM OF THE DESIGN

- ✓ Our aim is to design and simulate a basic dual band dipole antenna on a particular frequency and study radiation properties and frequency response with the help of various antenna parameters.
- ✓ The process is done with the help of CST simulator Software.



# Theory

- ✓ Consists of two identical conductive elements
- ✓ Lowest impedance
- ✓ Voltage and current varies along the radiating section
- ✓ Resonant condition



# Input Parameters

## Length of the Dipole

$$L = \frac{c}{f} k$$

Where,

L= length of dipole

f= frequency of dipole antenna

c= velocity of light

k= adjustment factor ( generally 0.95)

$\lambda$ = wavelength of dipole antenna

## Radius of the Dipole

$$r = \lambda / 1000$$

# Input Parameters

## Input Impedance of the dipole

Radiation Intensity of the dipole,  $U(\theta) = \frac{1}{2} r^2 \frac{|E_\theta|^2}{\eta} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\eta I_m^2}{(2\pi)^2} \frac{\cos^2(\pi/2 \cos \theta)}{\sin^2 \theta}$ .

Radiated Power by the antenna, 
$$\begin{aligned} W_{rad} &= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^\pi U(\theta) \sin \theta d\theta d\phi \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (2\pi) \frac{\eta I_m^2}{(2\pi)^2} \underbrace{\int_0^\pi \frac{\cos^2(\frac{\pi}{2} \cos \theta)}{\sin \theta} d\theta}_{1.2188 \text{ numerically}} \\ &= 30(1.2188) I_m^2 = 36.5640 I_m^2. \end{aligned}$$

Input Impedance,  $Z = \frac{2W_{rad}}{I_m^2} = 73.1280 \Omega$

# Calculated Parameters

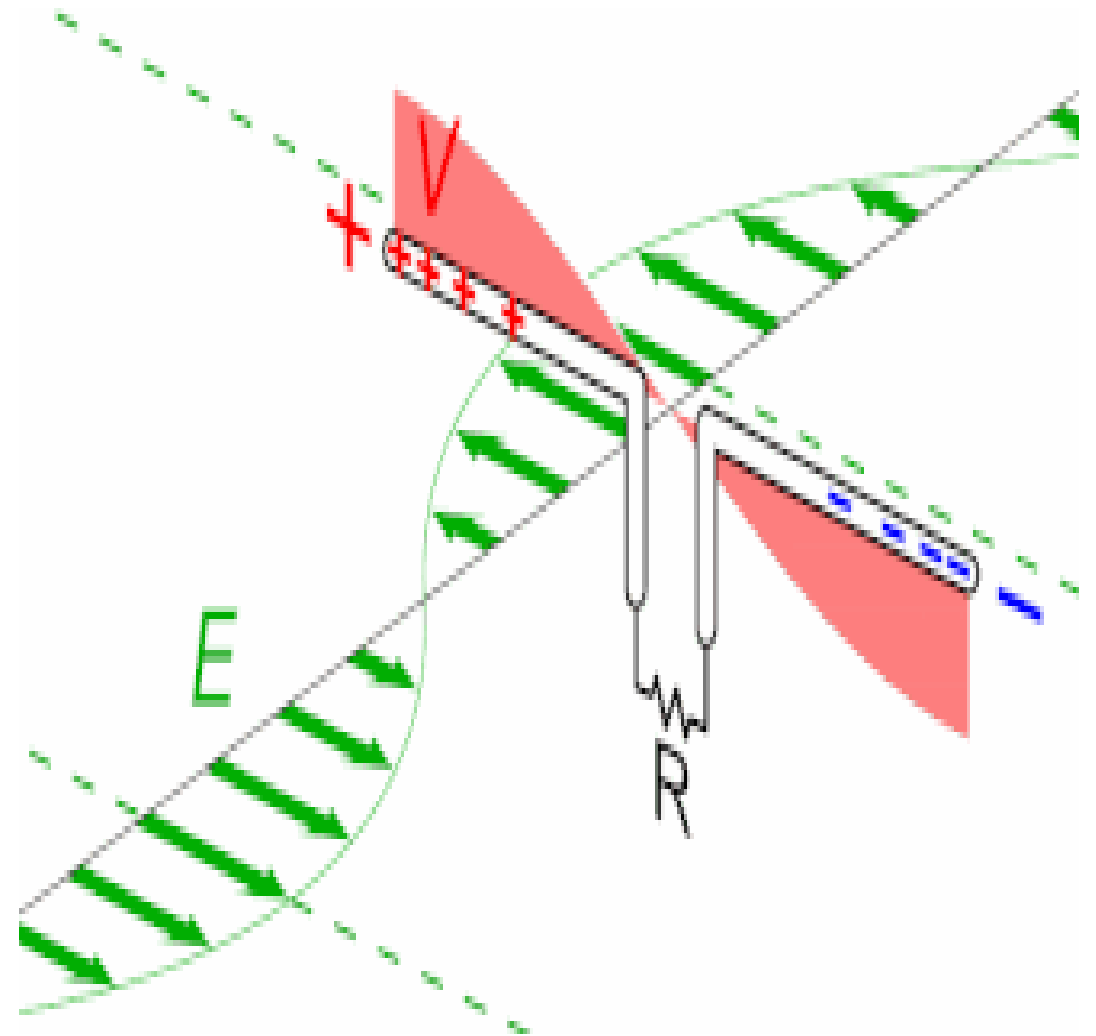
**Frequency of the antenna= 2.4 GHz**

Symbols	Value	Description
R	1.5	Radius of Dipole
L	62.46	Length of Dipole
F	10	Feed line of Dipole
Z	73	Input Impedance of Dipole

# Technical Objectives

To design a dual band dipole antenna, the following parameters should be considered-

- ✓ Radiation Pattern
- ✓ Frequency Response
- ✓ Gain





# Design Optimization

Parameter List					X	M
Y	Name	Expression	Value	Description		
-H	R	= 1.5	1.5	Radius of Dipole		
-H	L	= 62.46*a	55.886085	Length of Dipole		
-H	F	= 10	10	Length of Feed		
-H	Z	= 73	73	Input Impedence		
-H	a	= 2.1474/2.4	.89475			
<new parameter>						

# Output Considerations

✓ S-parameter

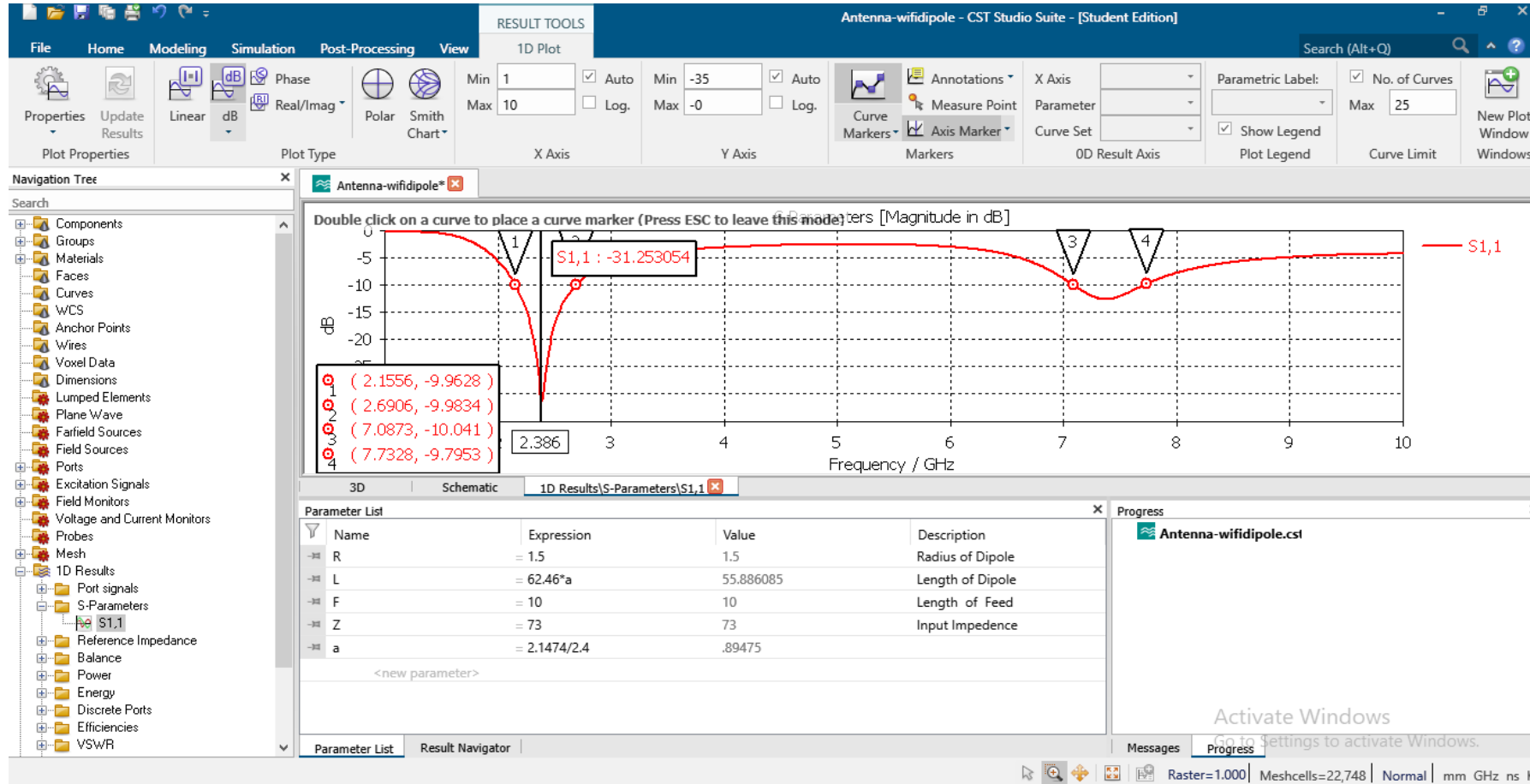


Fig-01: S-parameter of dual band dipole antenna

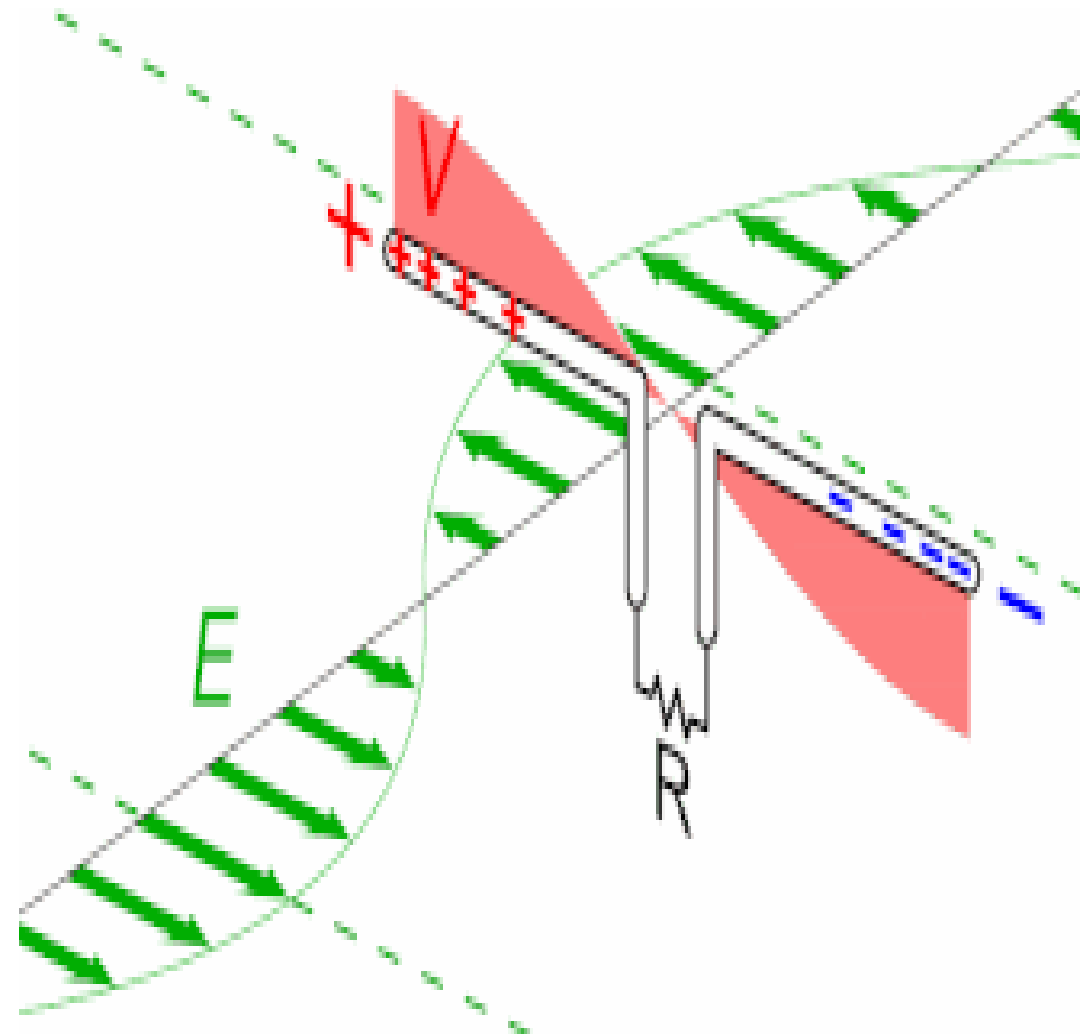
## Bandwidth Calculation from S-parameters

- ✓ Dual Band dipole antenna
- ✓ Hence, there will be two bandwidths

From the previous figure,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{BW1} &= (2.6906 - 2.1556) \\ &= \mathbf{0.535 \text{ GHz}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{BW1} &= (7.7328 - 7.0873) \\ &= \mathbf{0.645 \text{ GHz}} \end{aligned}$$



## ✓ Reference Impedance

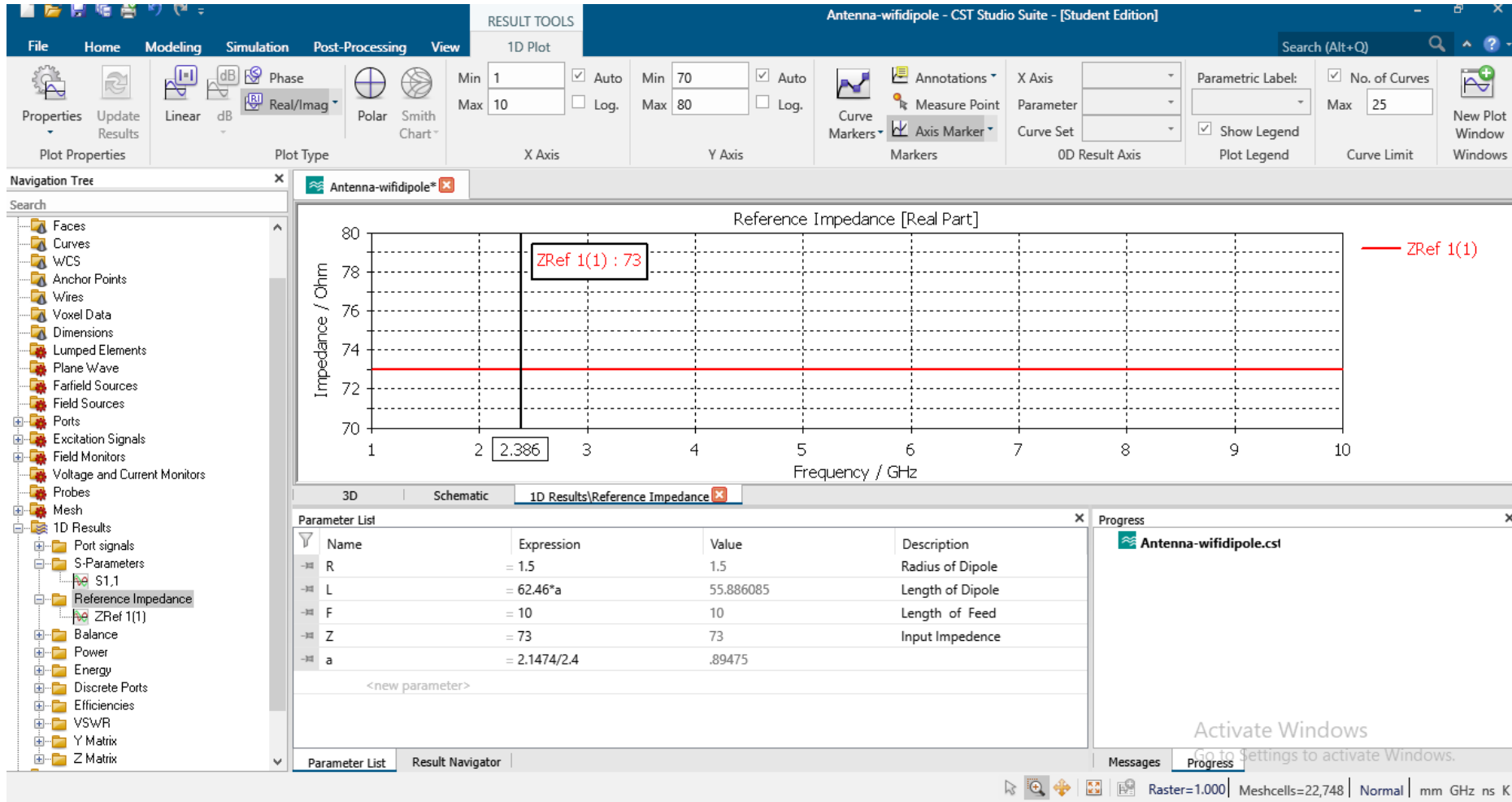


Fig-02: Input Impedance of dual band dipole antenna

# ✓ VSWR

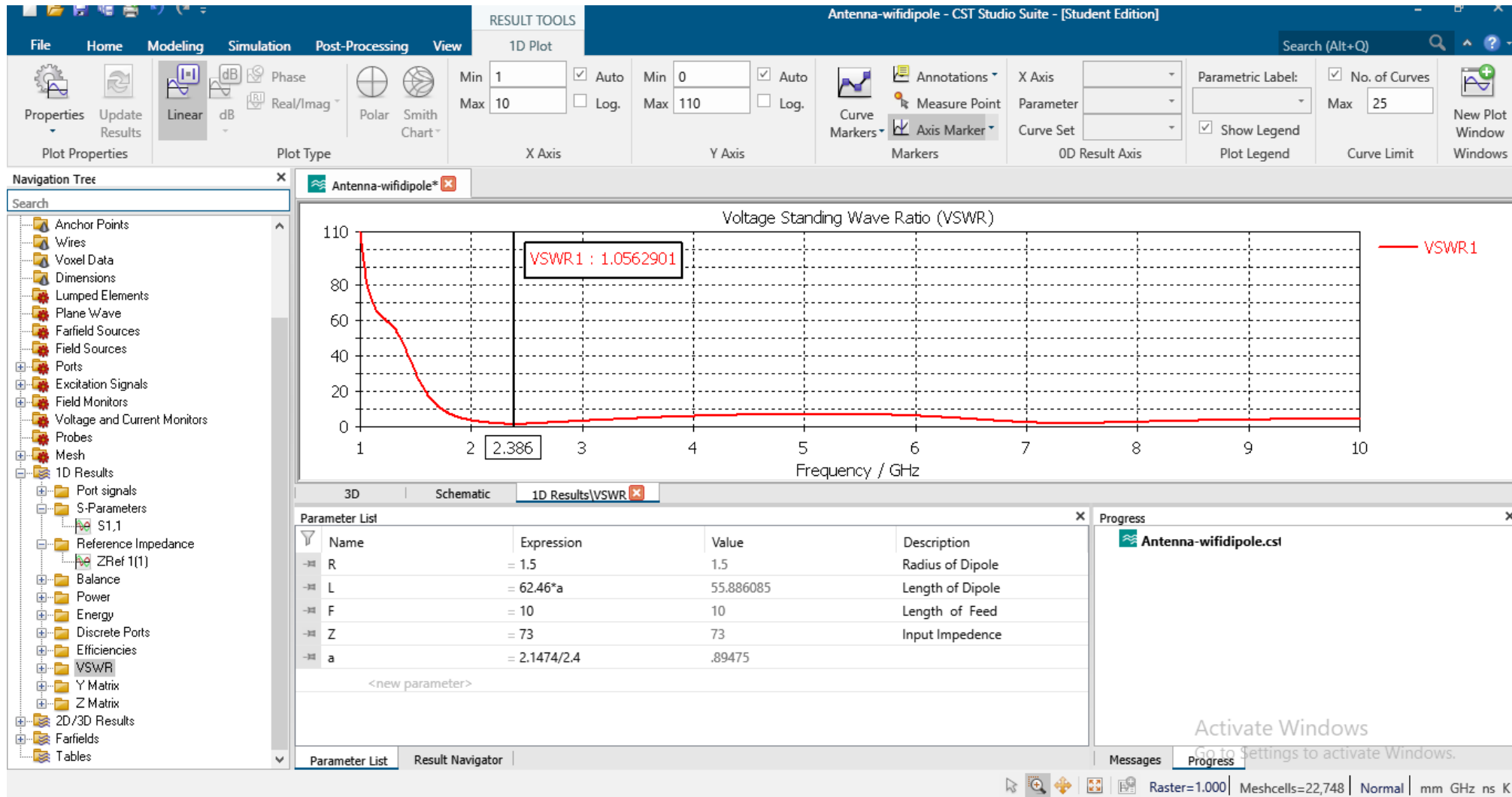


Fig-03: VSWR of dual band dipole antenna

✓ Gain

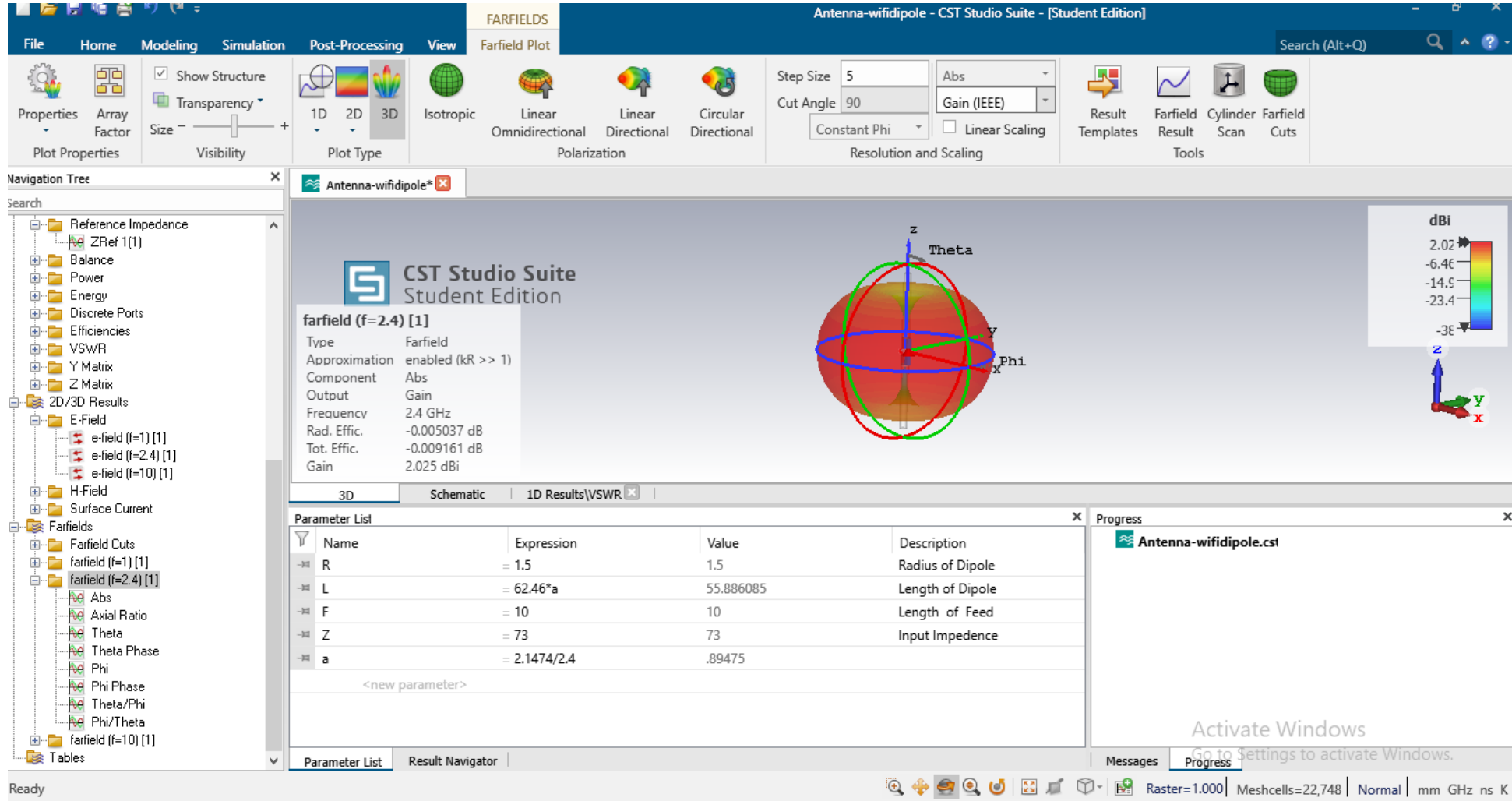


Fig-04: Gain of the dual band dipole antenna (Gain= 2.025 dBi)

# ✓ Directivity

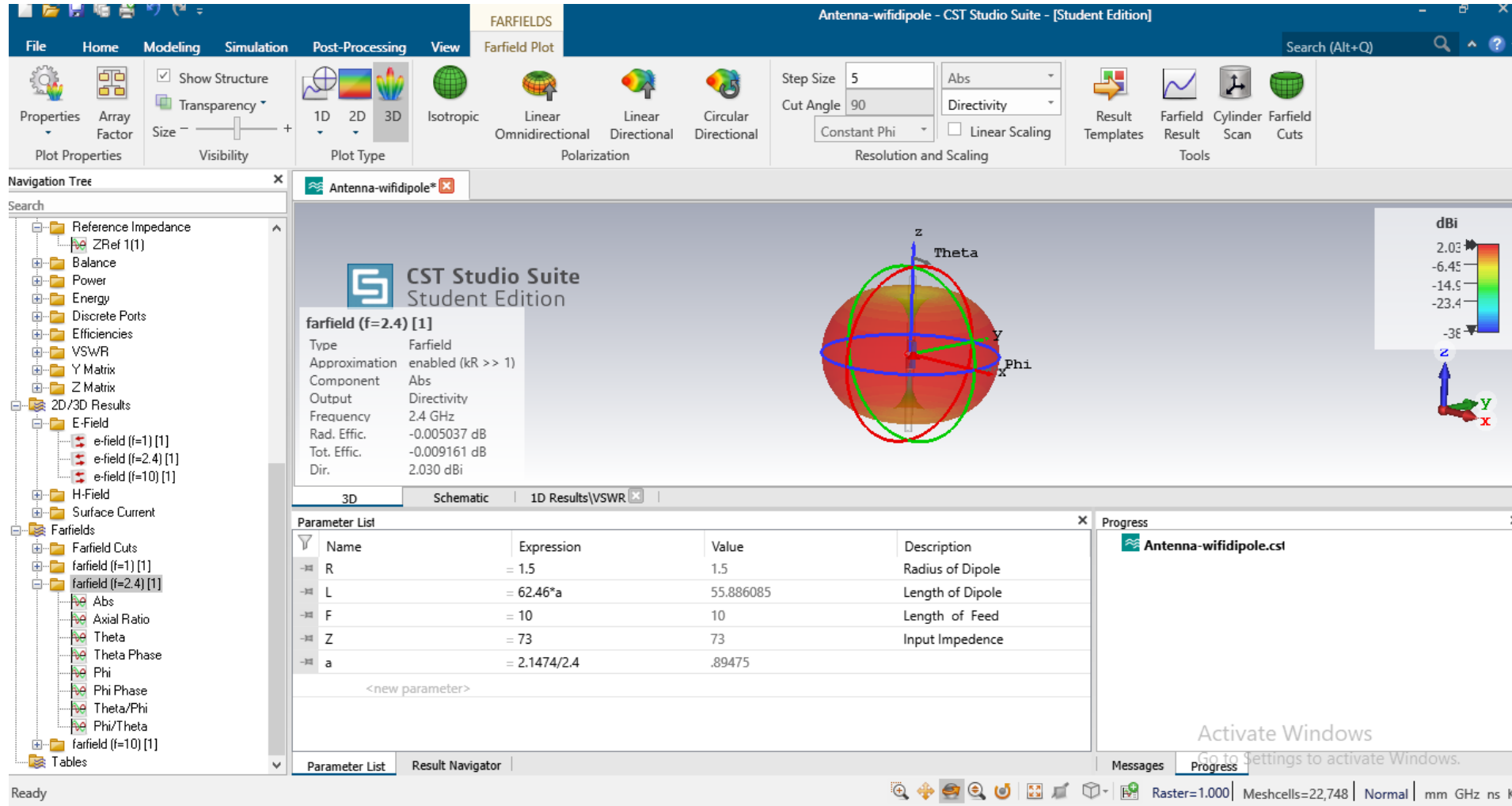


Fig-05: Directivity of dual band dipole antenna

## ✓ Radiation Pattern (1-D)

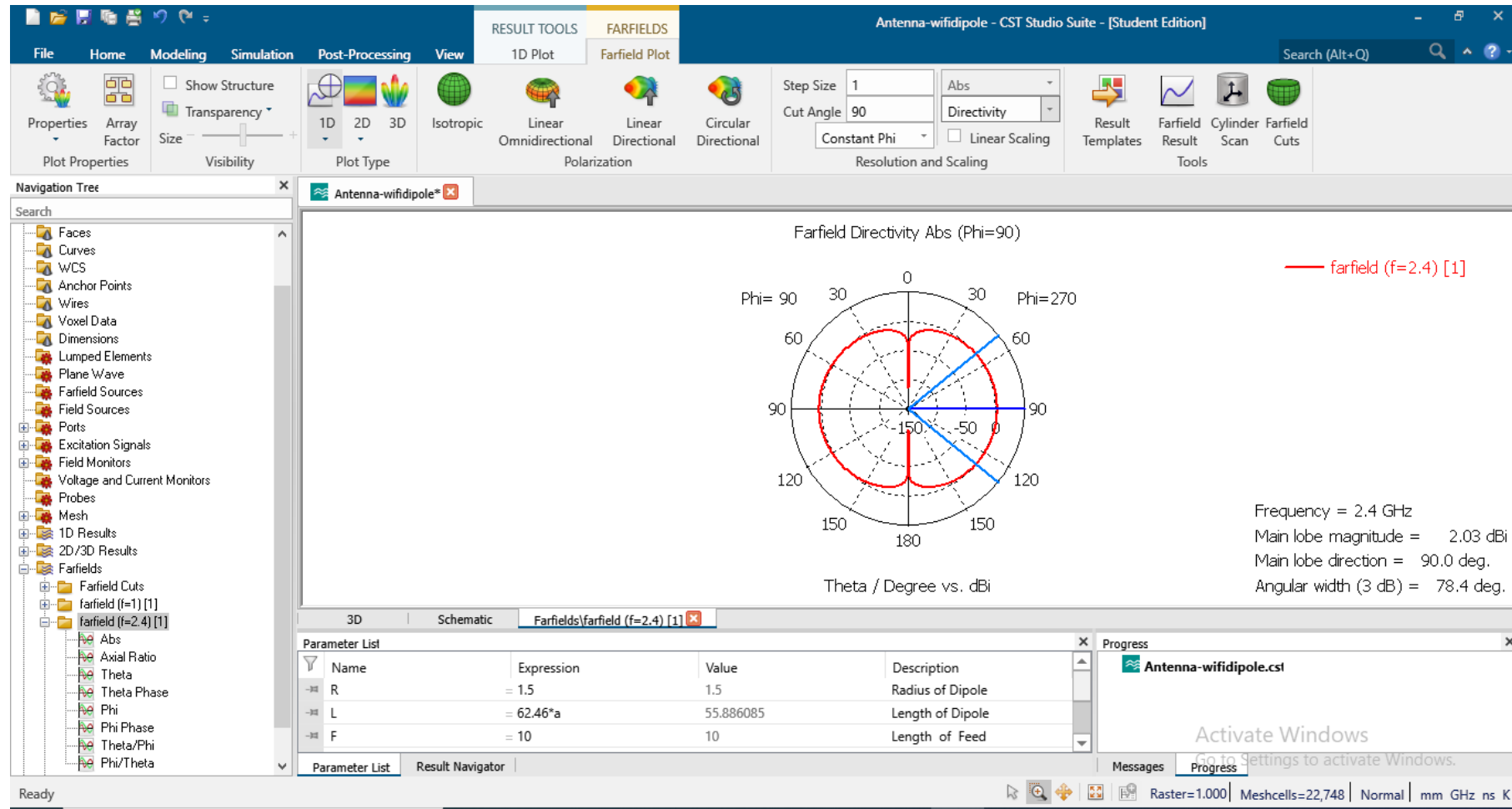


Fig-06: 1-D Radiation Pattern of Dipole Antenna



## ✓ Radiation Pattern (2-D)

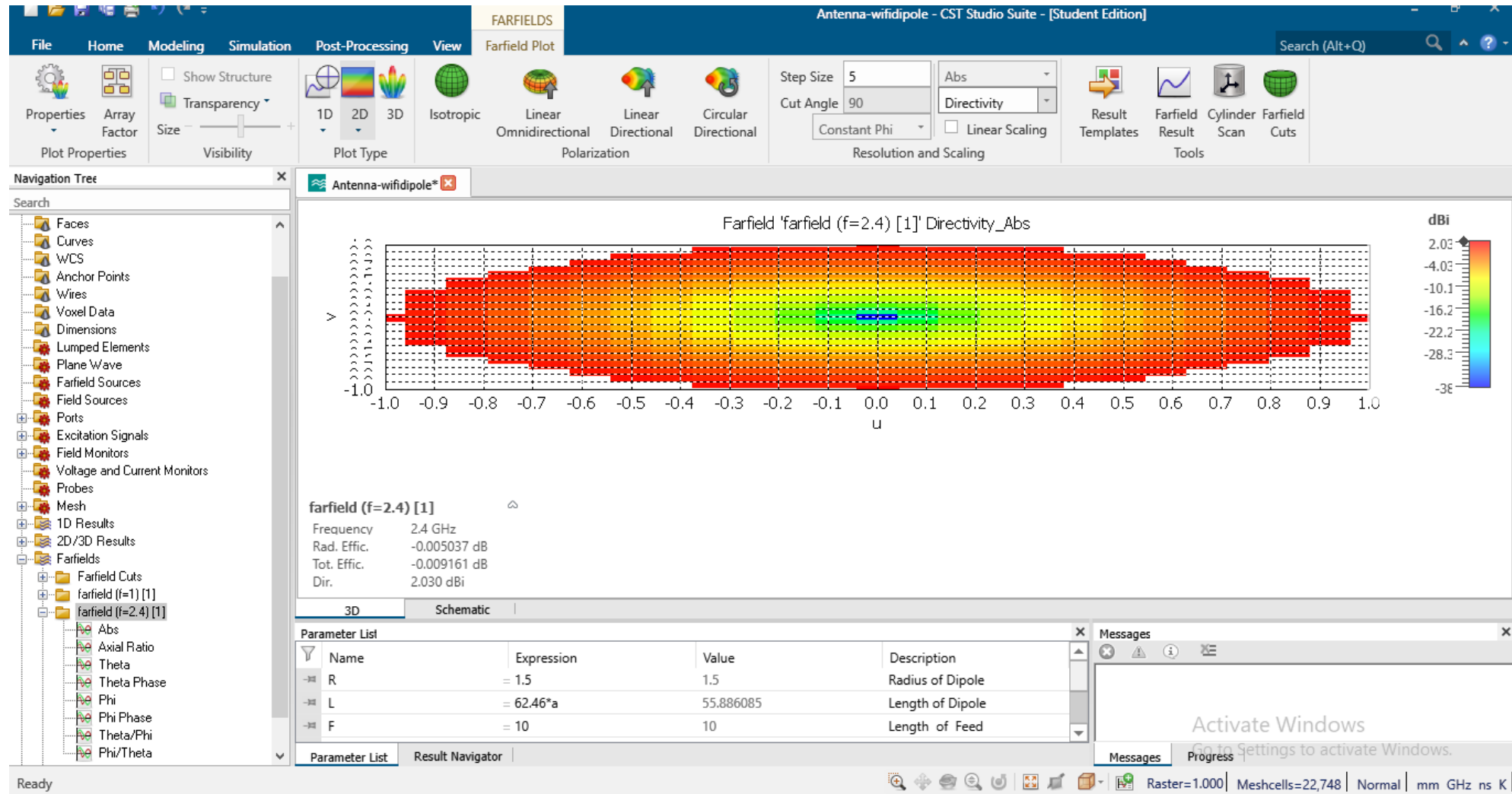


Fig-07: 2-D Radiation Pattern of Dipole Antenna

# Design Accuracy

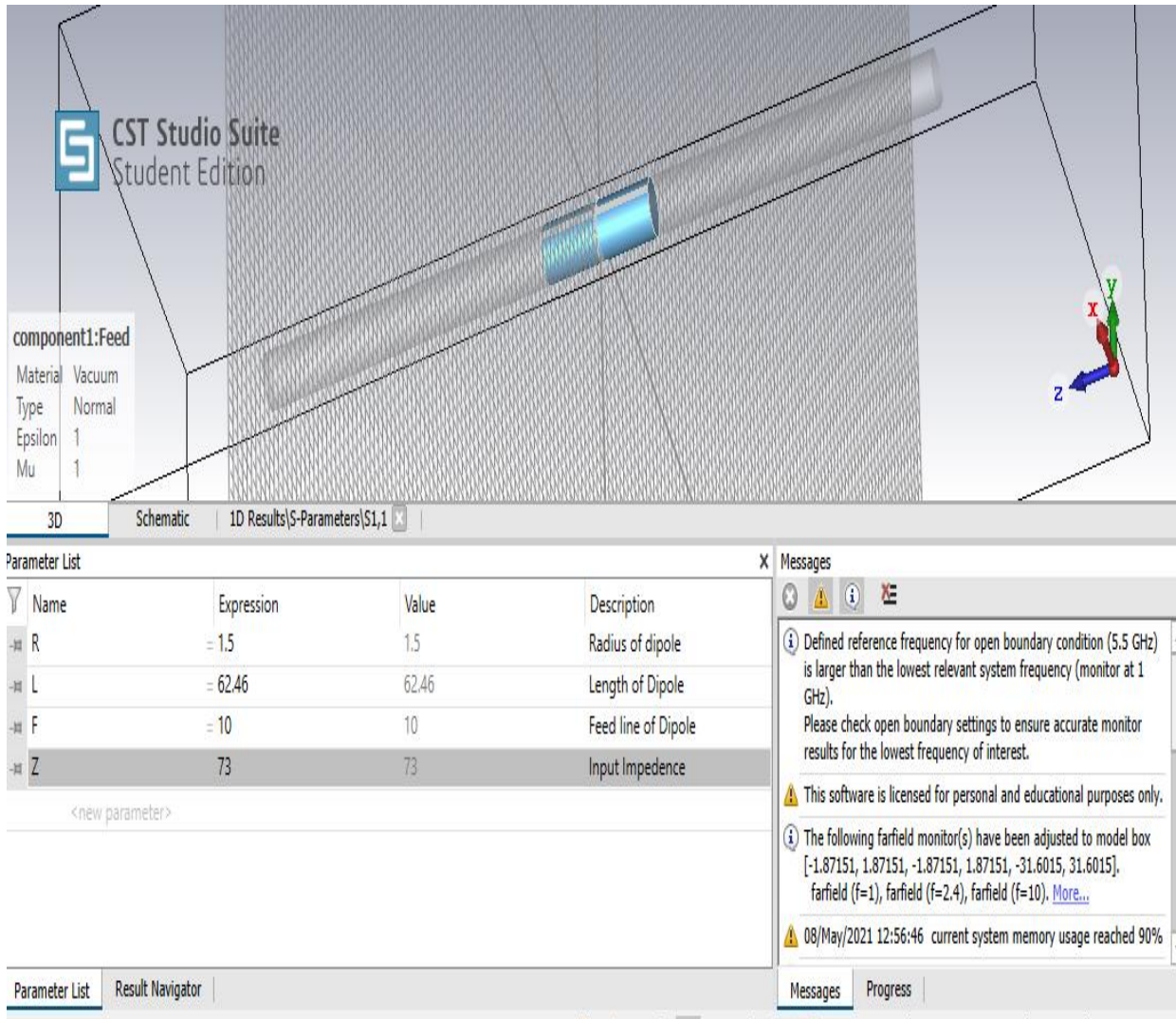
Directivity of the dipole,  $D_m = \frac{4\pi U_m}{W_{rad}} = \frac{4\pi}{8\pi^2} \eta I_m^2 \cdot \frac{1}{36.5640 I_m^2} = 1.64$

$$D_{dipole} = 1.64 = 2.15 \text{ dBi} = 0 \text{ dBd.} \quad (\text{Calculated})$$

From the figure, we can determine the directivity of the dipole achieved by the simulation process.

$$\text{Directivity} = 2.030 \text{ dBi} \quad (\text{simulated})$$

# Finally...



- ✓ A dual band dipole antenna designed successfully.
- ✓ All the output parameters are found with maximum accuracy.

*Thank you  
for your attention!!*

