

Lecture # 14

AVL Deletion

Deletion in AVL Tree

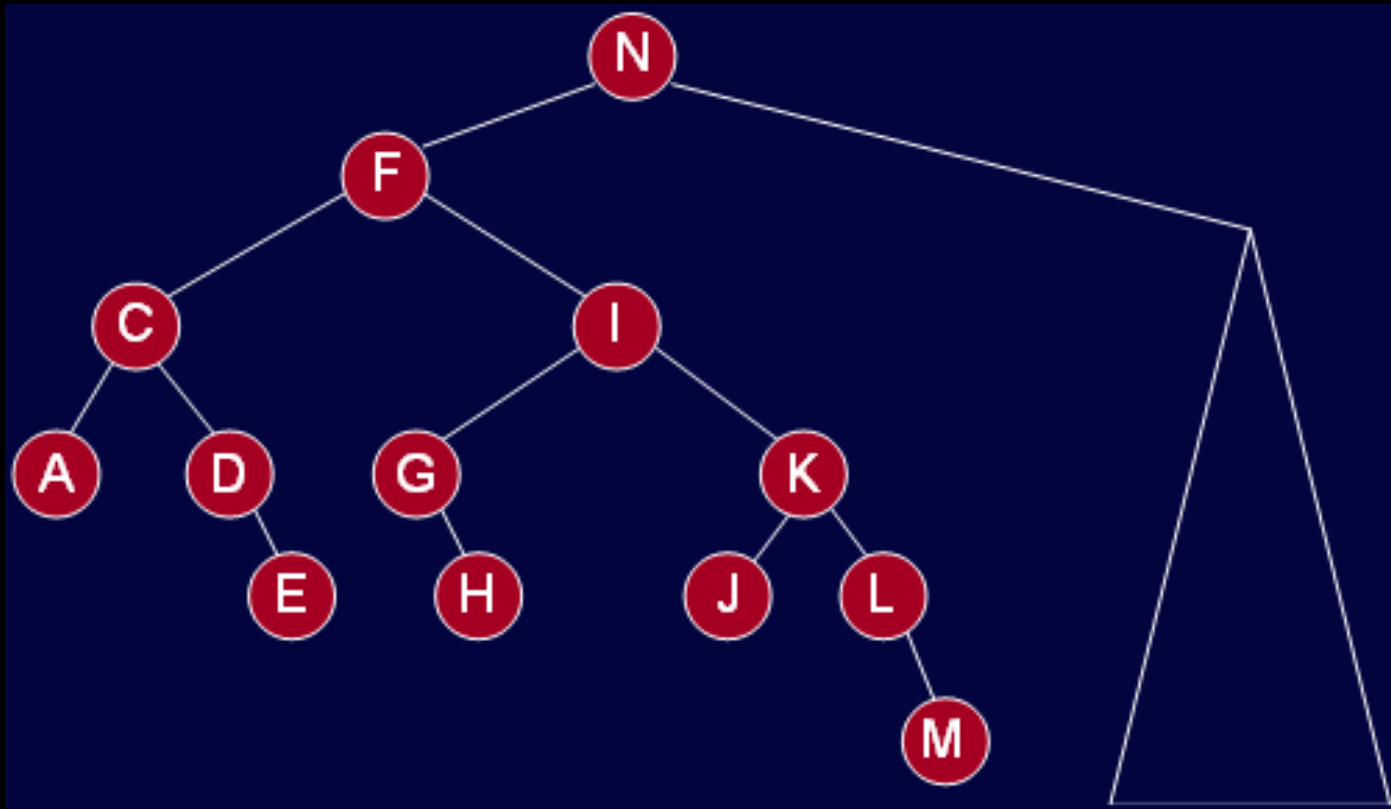
- Delete is the inverse of insert: given a value X and an AVL tree T , delete the node containing X and rebalance the tree, if necessary.
- Turns out that deletion of a node is considerably more complex than insert

Deletion in AVL Tree

- Insertion in a height-balanced tree requires at most one single rotation or one double rotation.
- We can use rotations to restore the balance when we do a deletion.
- We may have to do a rotation at every level of the tree.

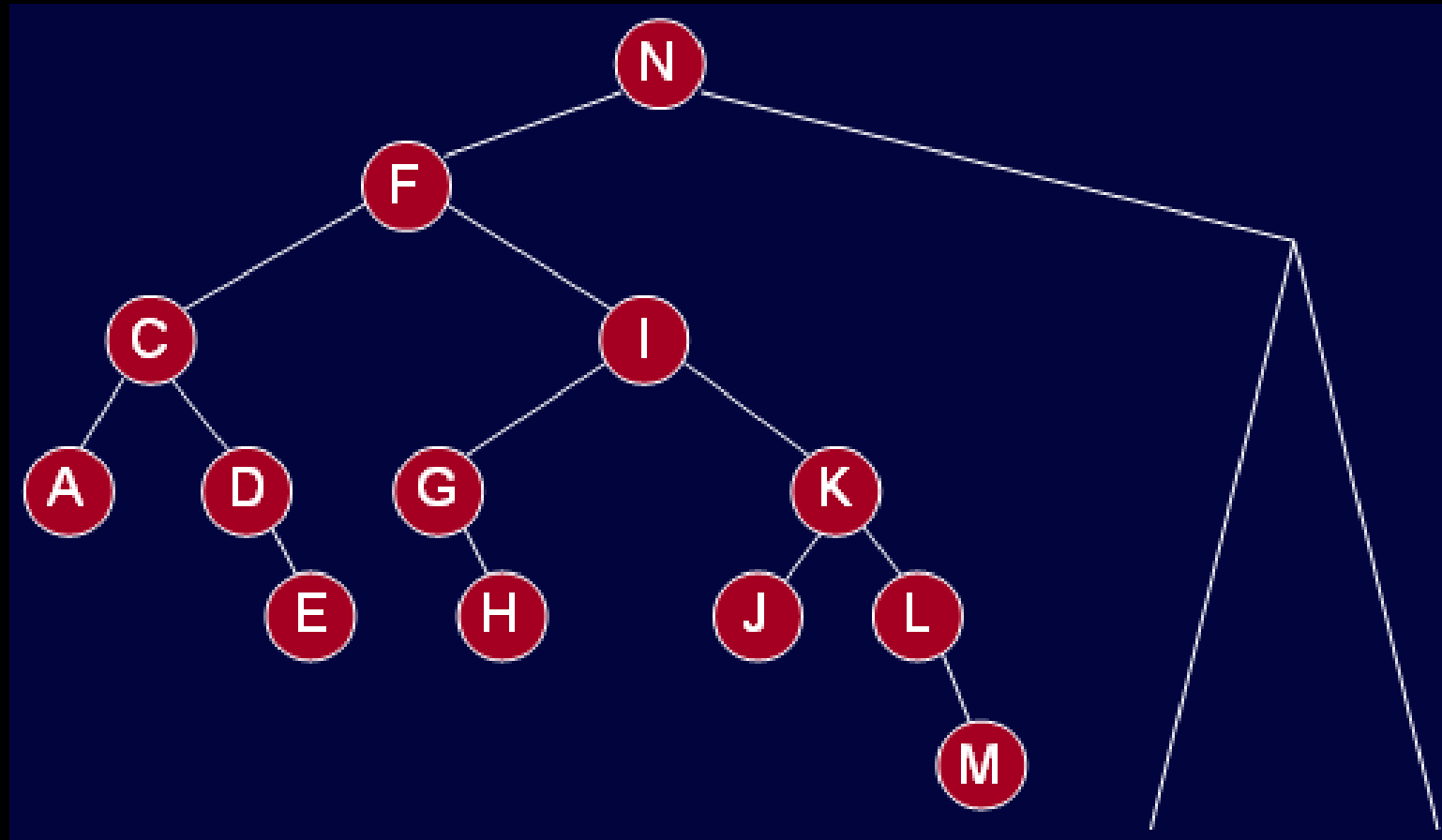
Deletion in AVL Tree

- Here is a tree that causes this worse case number of rotations when we delete **A**. At every node in N's left subtree, the left subtree is one shorter than the right subtree.



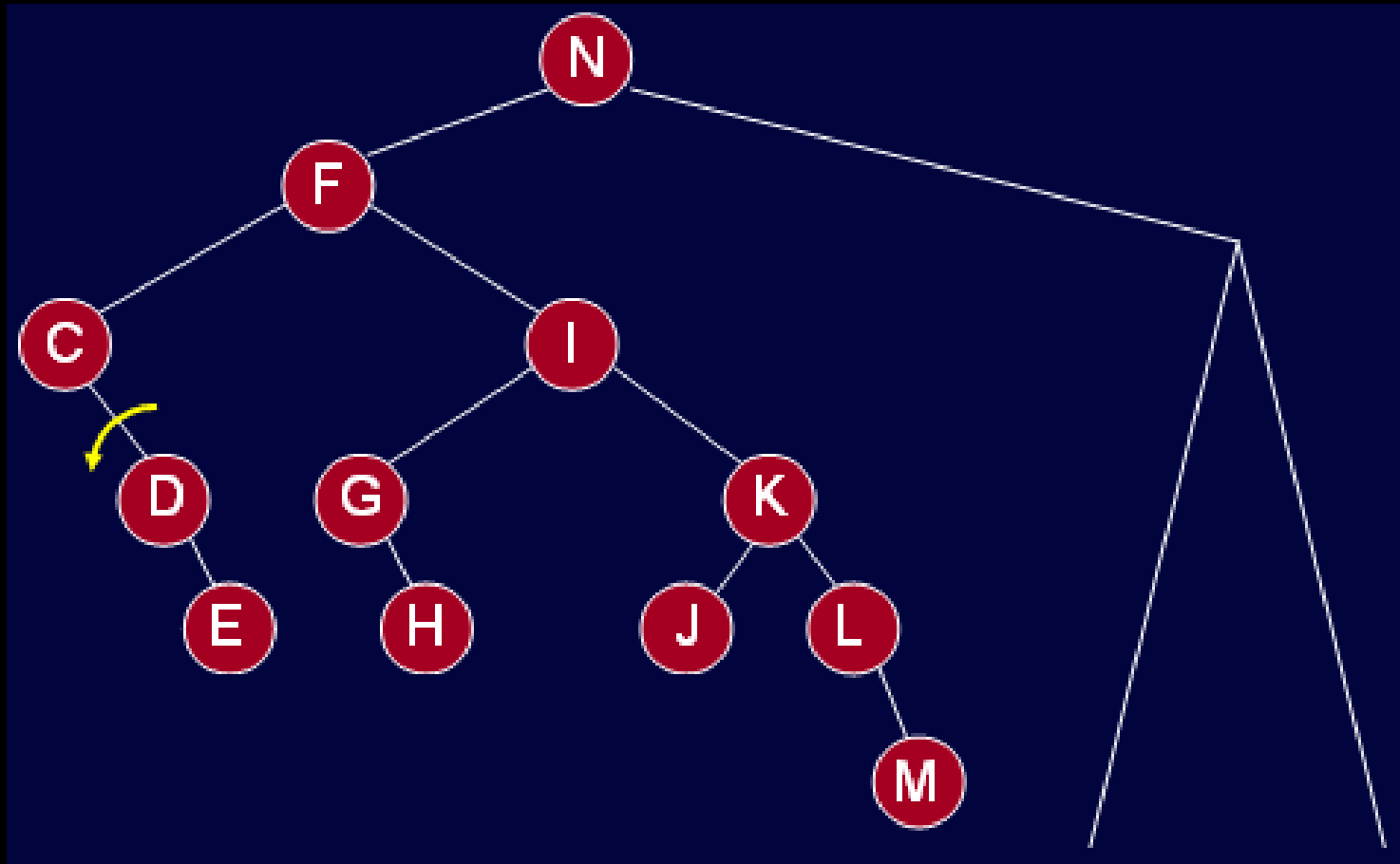
Deletion in AVL Tree

- Deleting A upsets balance at C. When rotate (D up, C down) to fix this



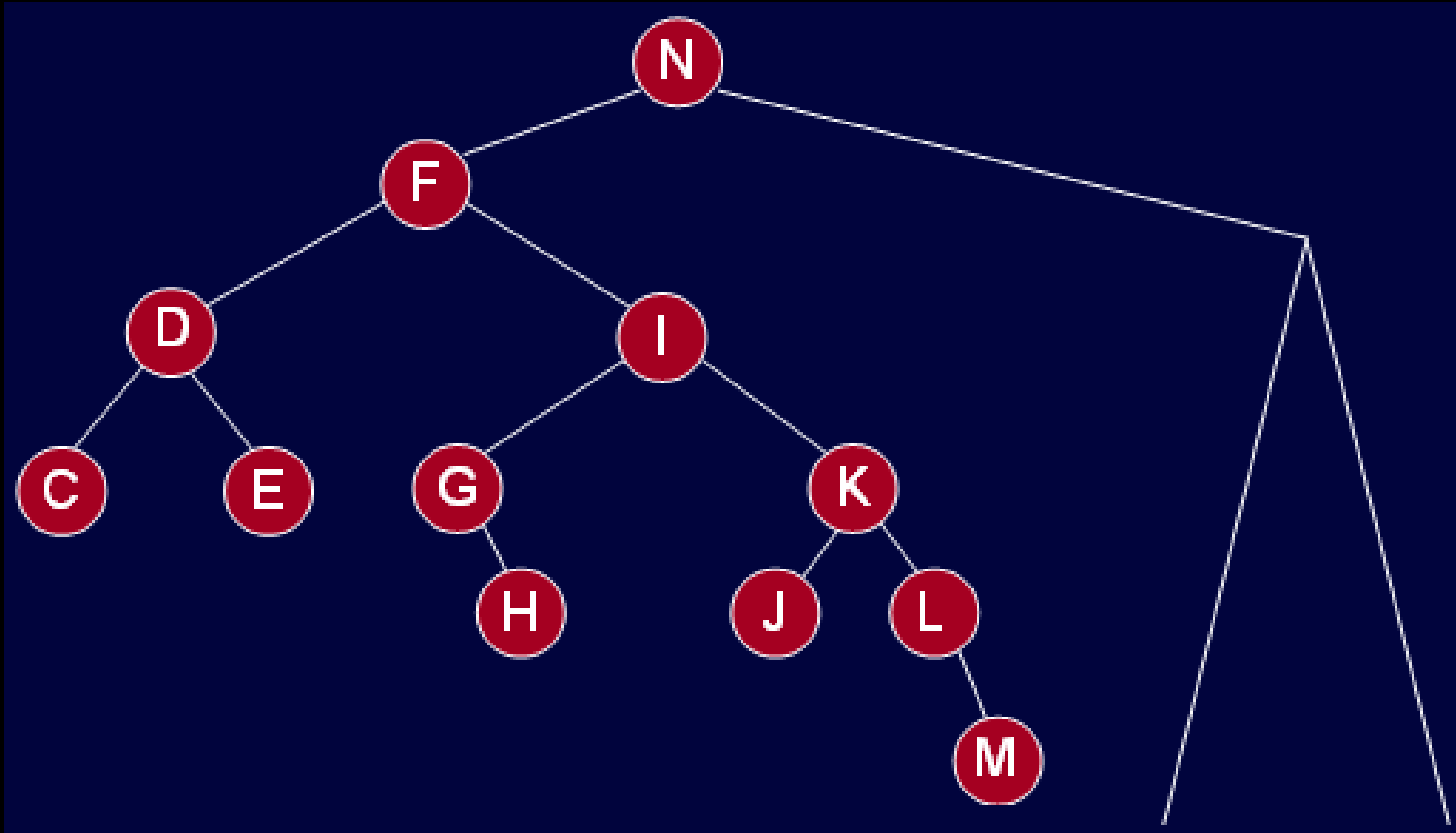
Deletion in AVL Tree

- Deleting A upsets balance at C. When rotate (D up, C down) to fix this



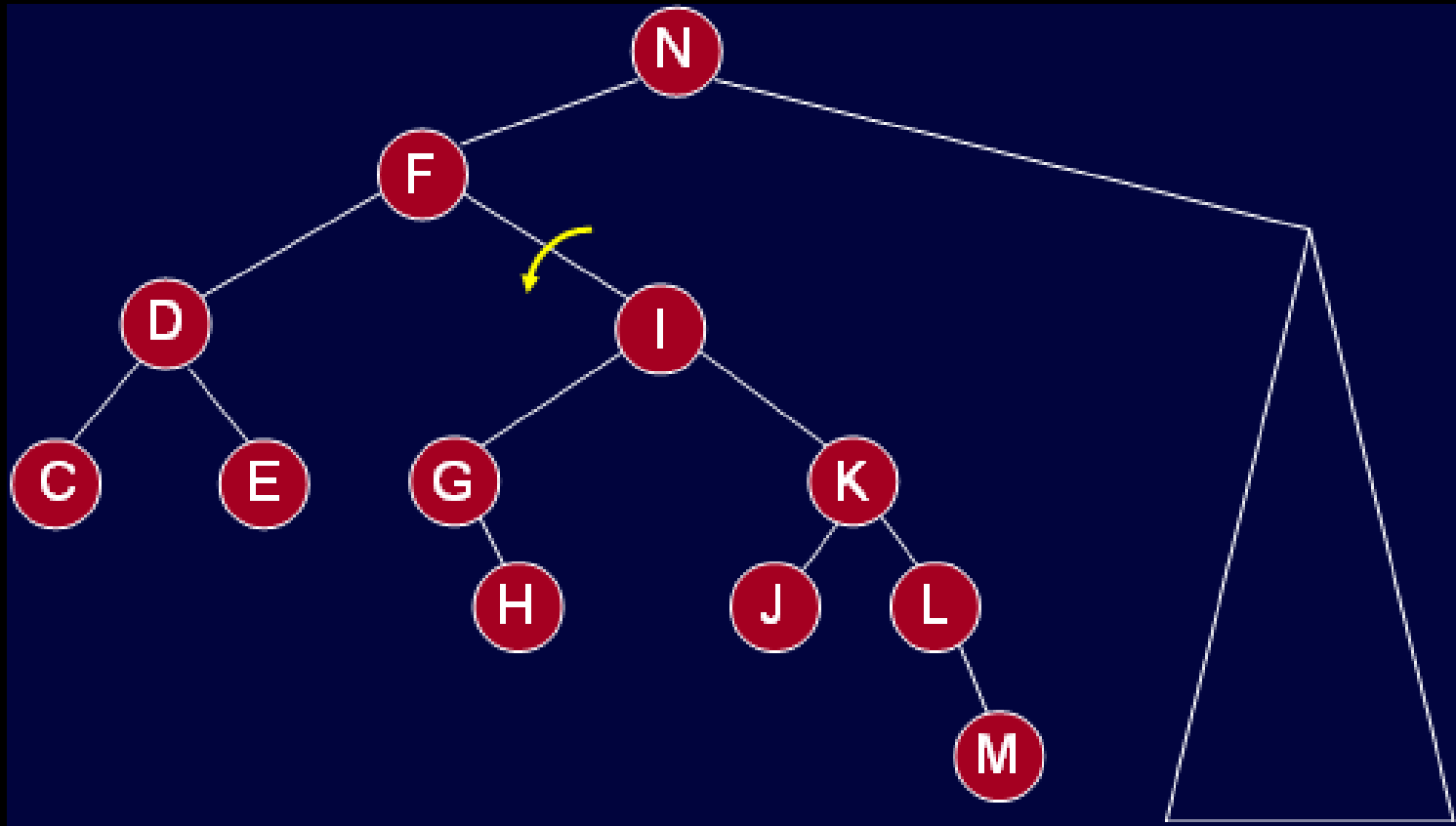
Deletion in AVL Tree

- The whole of F's left subtree gets shorter. We fix this by rotation about F-I: F down, I up.



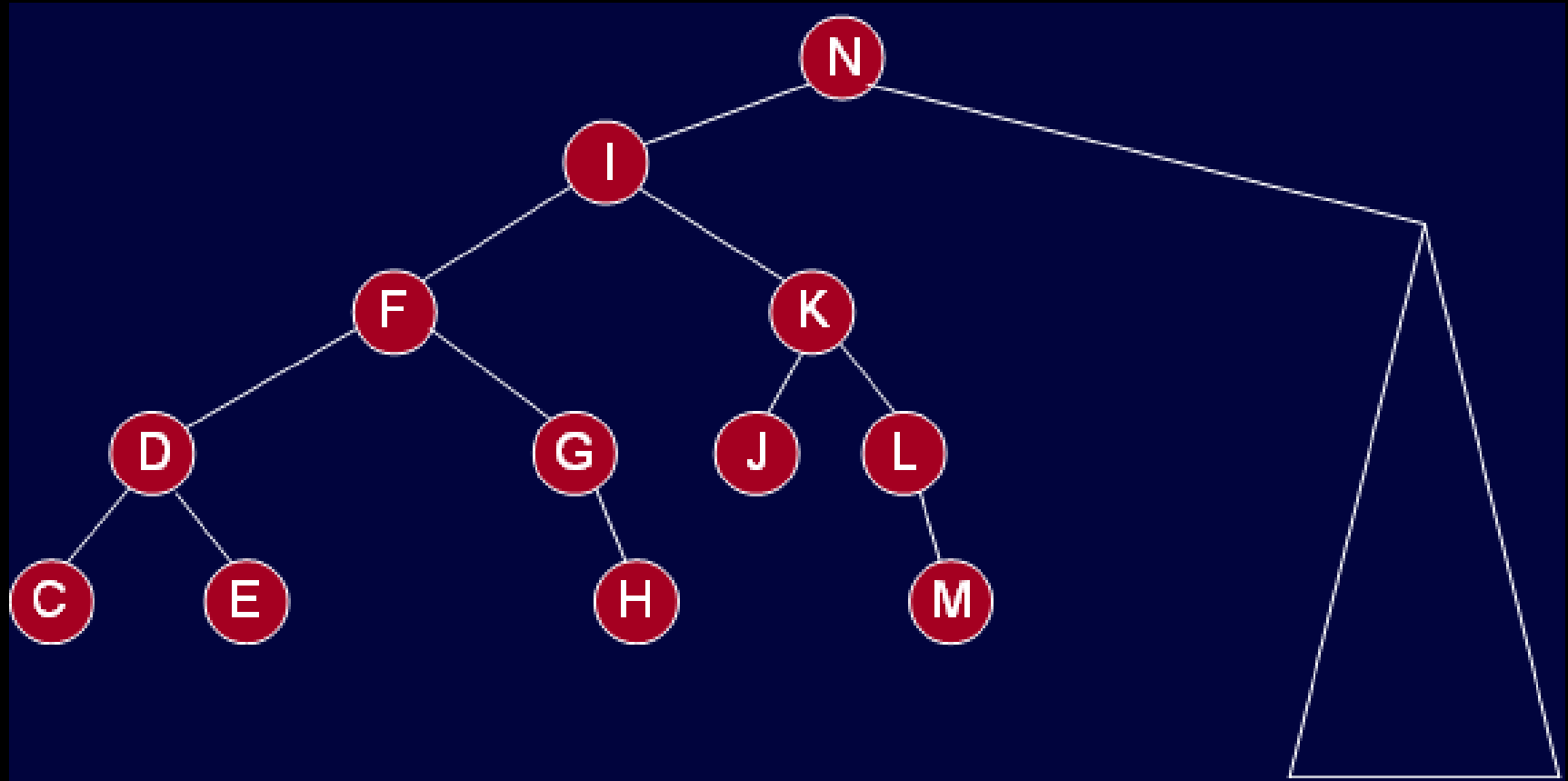
Deletion in AVL Tree

- The whole of F's left subtree gets shorter. We fix this by rotation about F-I: F down, I up.



Deletion in AVL Tree

- This could cause imbalance at N.
- The rotations propagated to the root.



Deletion in AVL Tree

Procedure

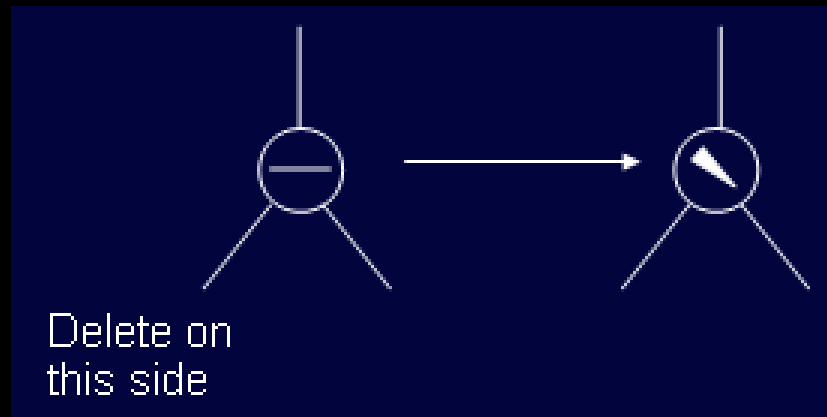
- Delete the node as in binary search tree (BST).
- The node deleted will be either a leaf or have just one subtree.
- *Since this is an AVL tree, if the deleted node has one subtree, that subtree contains only one node (why?)*
- Traverse up the tree from the deleted node checking the balance of each node.

Deletion in AVL Tree

- There are 5 cases to consider.
- Let us go through the cases graphically and determine what action to take.

Deletion in AVL Tree

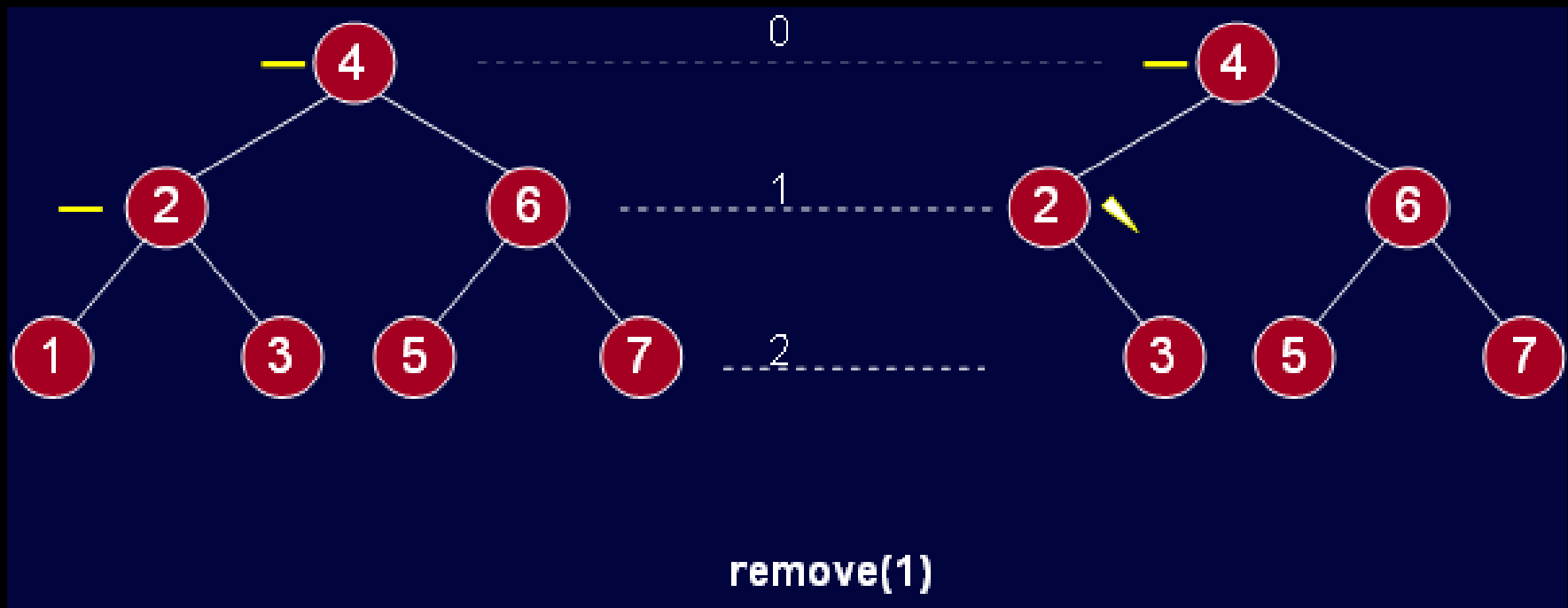
- **Case 1a:** the parent of the deleted node had a balance of 0 and the node was deleted in the parent's *left* subtree.



- **Action:** change the balance of the parent node and stop. No further effect on balance of any higher node.

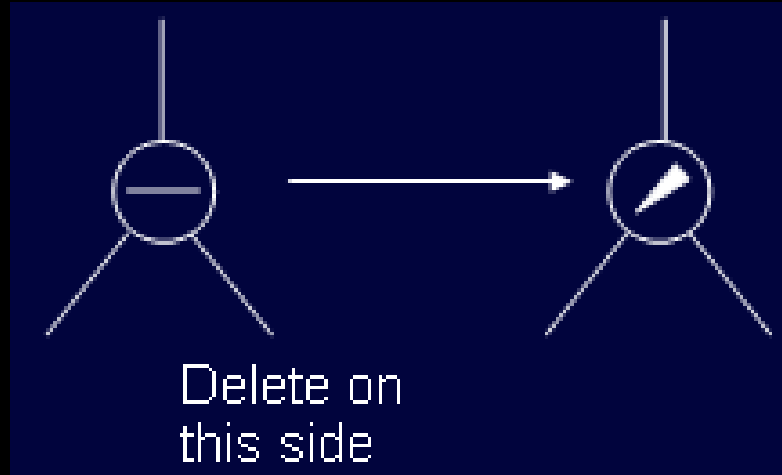
Deletion in AVL Tree

- Here is why; the height of left tree does not change.



Deletion in AVL Tree

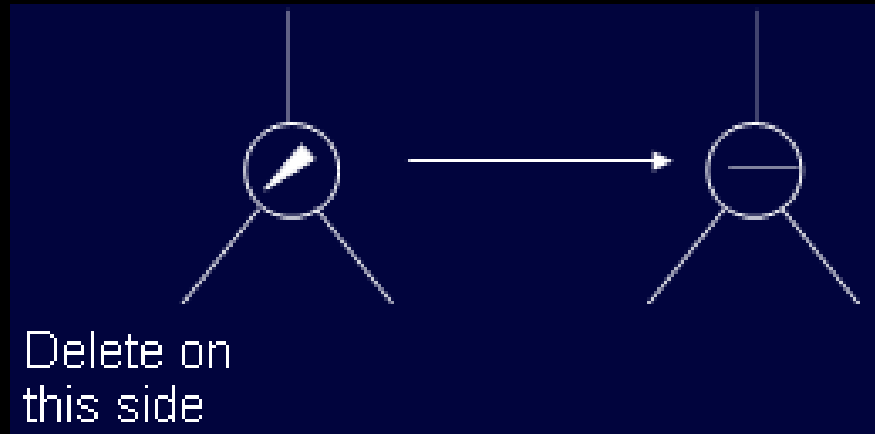
- **Case 1b:** the parent of the deleted node had a balance of 0 and the node was deleted in the parent's *right* subtree.



- **Action:** (same as 1a) change the balance of the parent node and stop. No further effect on balance of any higher node.

Deletion in AVL Tree

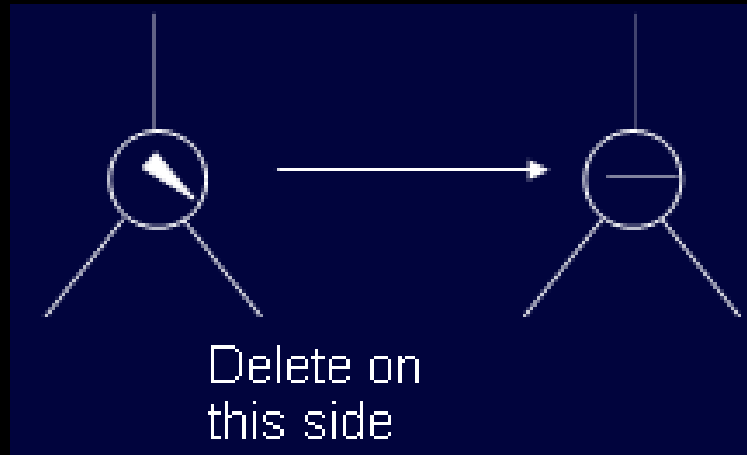
- **Case 2a:** the parent of the deleted node had a balance of 1 and the node was deleted in the parent's *left* subtree.



- **Action:** change the balance of the parent node. May have caused imbalance in higher nodes so continue up the tree.

Deletion in AVL Tree

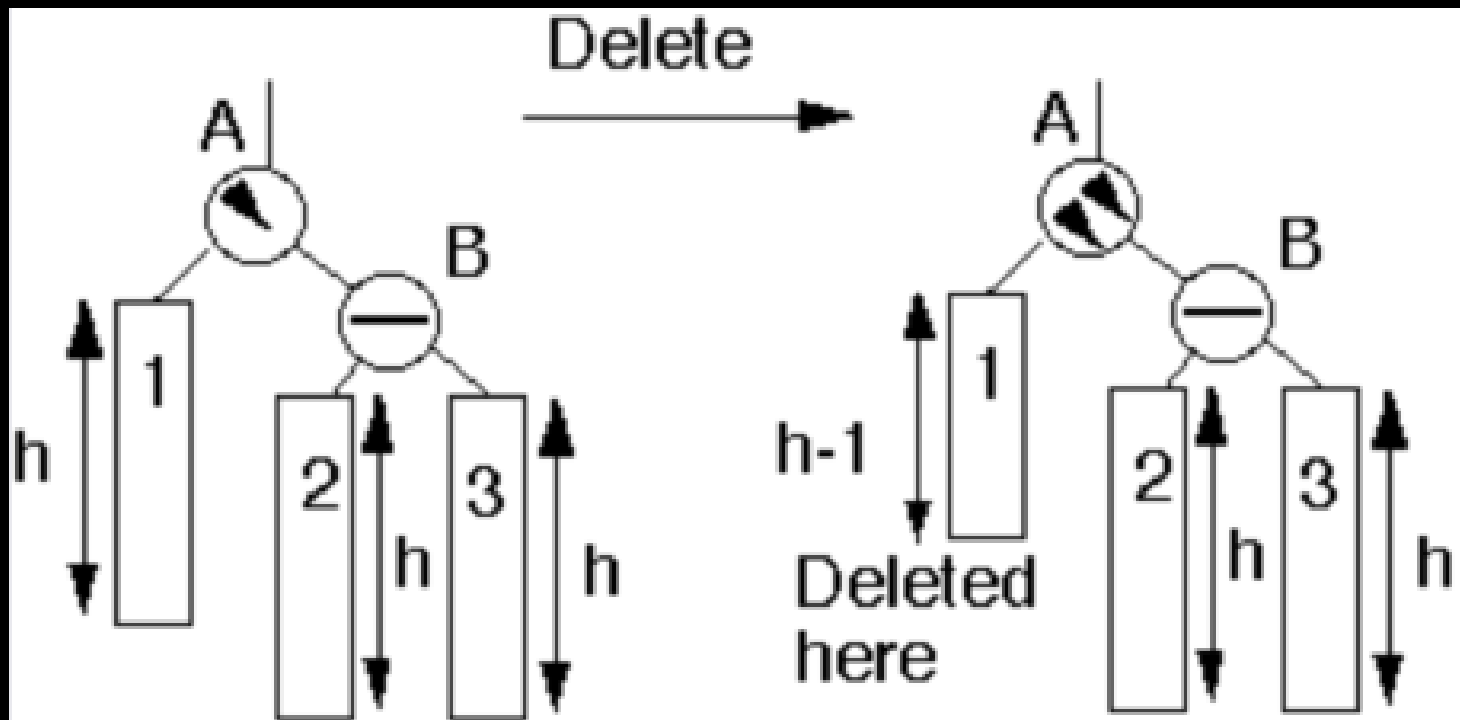
- **Case 2b**: the parent of the deleted node had a balance of -1 and the node was deleted in the parent's *right* subtree.



- **Action**: same as 2a: change the balance of the parent node. May have caused imbalance in higher nodes so continue up the tree.

Deletion in AVL Tree

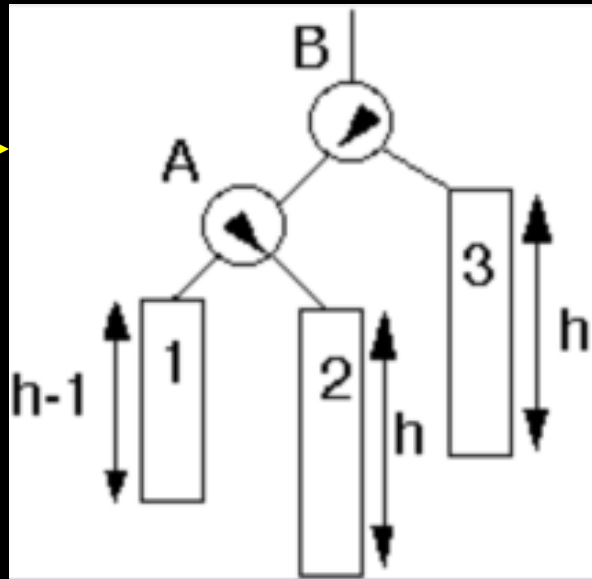
- *Case 3a*: the parent had balance of -1 and the node was deleted in the parent's *left* subtree, right subtree was balanced



Deletion in AVL Tree

- *Case 3a*: the parent had balance of -1 and the node was deleted in the parent's *left* subtree, right subtree was balanced.

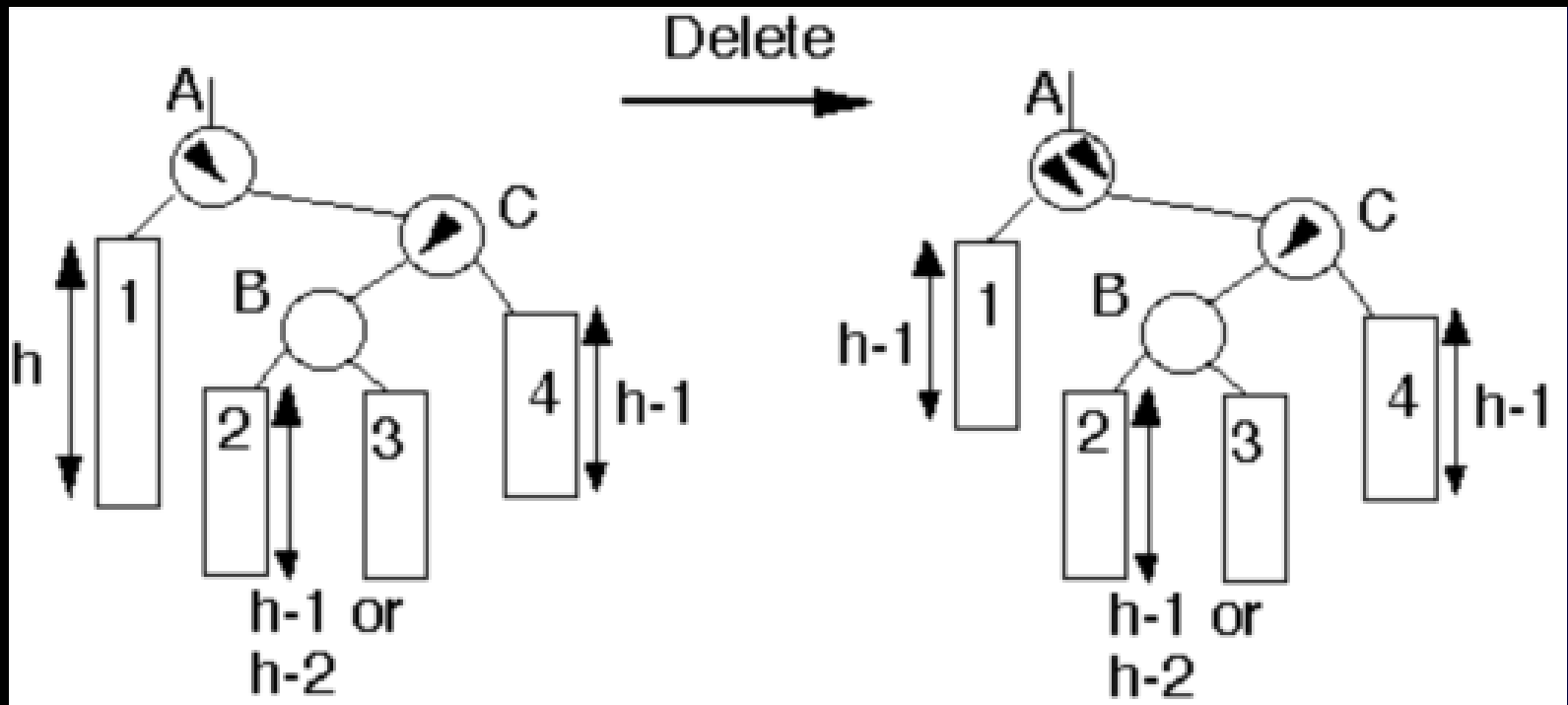
Single Rotate



- *Action*: perform single rotation, adjust balance. No effect on balance of higher nodes so stop here.

Deletion in AVL Tree

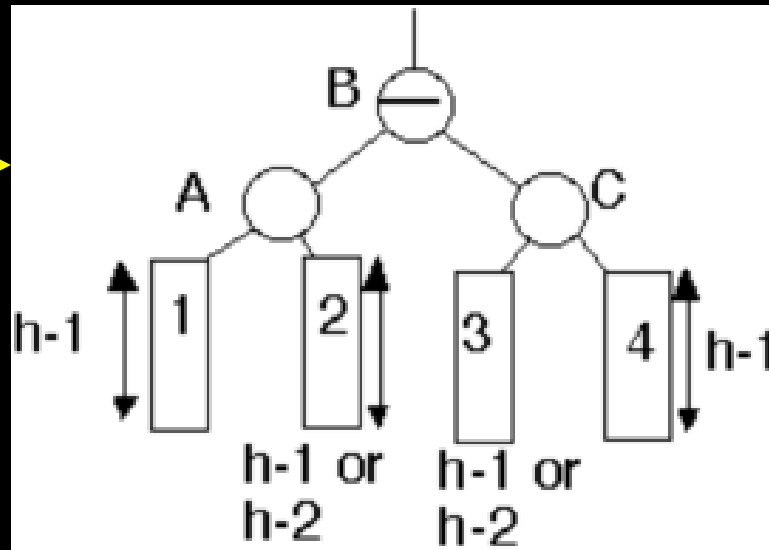
- *Case 4a*: parent had balance of -1 and the node was deleted in the parent's *left* subtree, right subtree was unbalanced.



Deletion in AVL Tree

- **Case 4a:** parent had balance of -1 and the node was deleted in the parent's *left* subtree, right subtree was unbalanced.

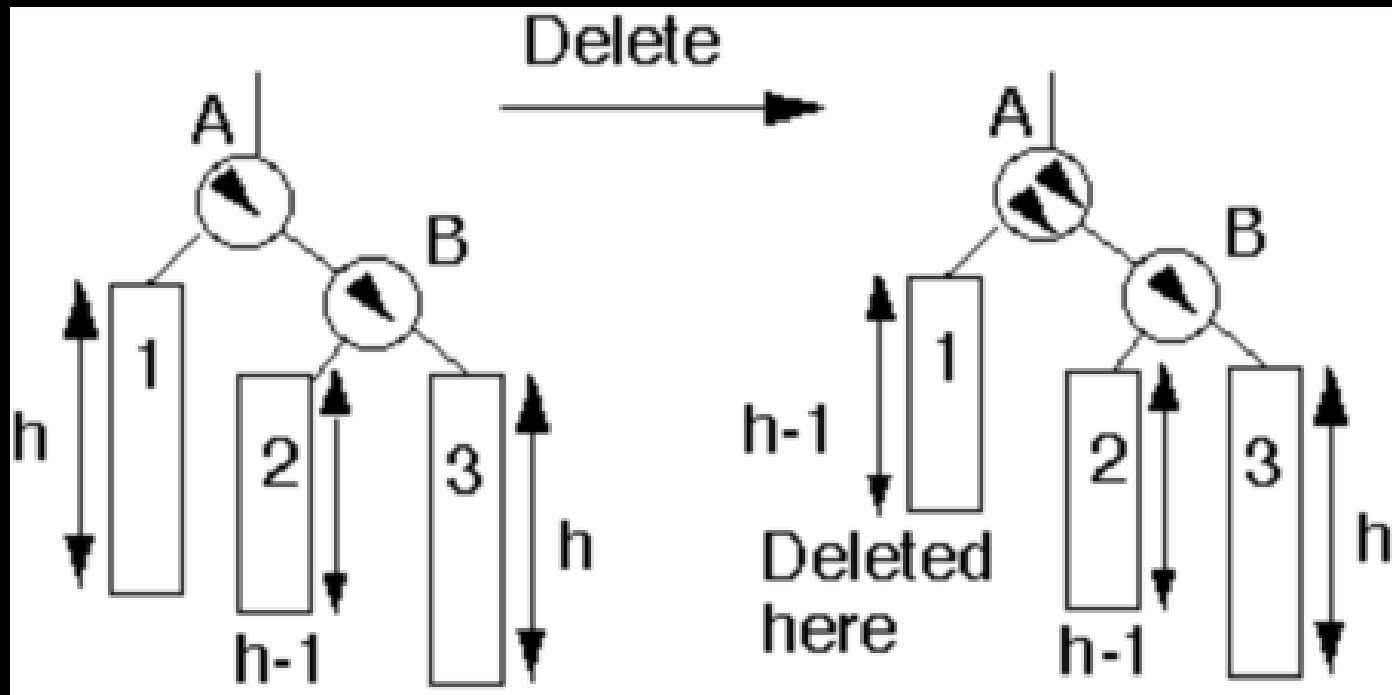
Double Rotate



- **Action:** Double rotation at B. May have effected the balance of higher nodes, so continue up the tree.

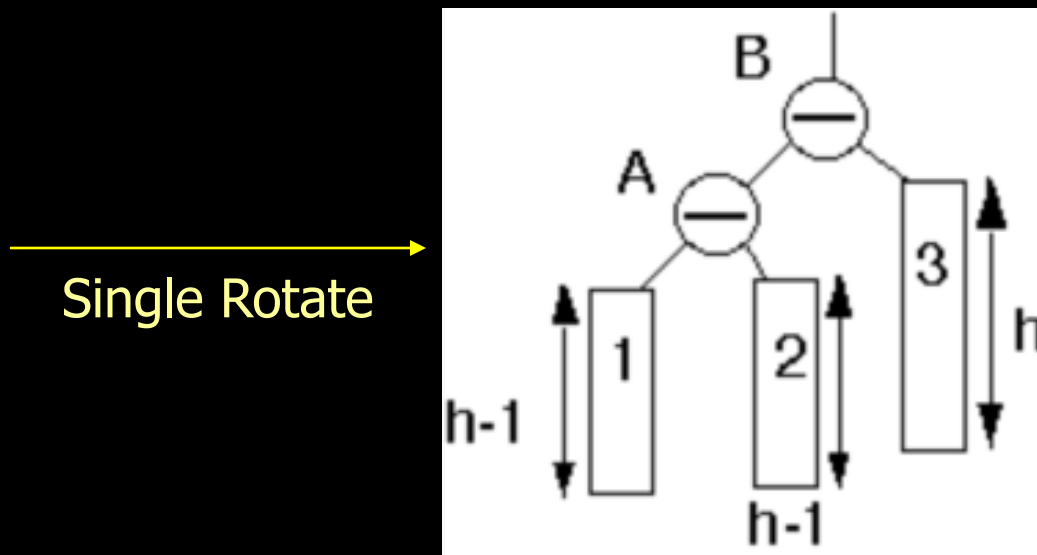
Deletion in AVL Tree

- *Case 5a*: parent had balance of -1 and the node was deleted in the parent's *left* subtree, right subtree was unbalanced.



Deletion in AVL Tree

- *Case 5a*: parent had balance of -1 and the node was deleted in the parent's *left* subtree, right subtree was unbalanced.



- *Action*: Single rotation at B. May have effected the balance of higher nodes, so continue up the tree.

Thanks ...