# The Game Development : Genres

## What is a Game? (1 of 3)

- Movie?
  - No interaction, outcome fixed
- □ Toy?
  - No goal, but still fun!
  - Players can develop own goals
- Puzzle?
  - strategy and outcome is the same each time

"A computer game is a software program in which one or more players make decisions through the control of game objects and resources, in pursuit of a goal."

## What is a Game (2 of 3)

- □ A Computer Game is a Software Program
  - Not a board game or sports
  - Consider: chess vs. soccer vs. Warcraft
    - □ Ask: What do you lose? What do you gain?
  - Lose: 1) physical pieces, 2) social interaction
  - Gain: 1) real-time, 2) more immersive, 3) more complexity
- A Computer Game involves Players
  - Think about your audience; the game is not for you but for them.
  - Don't just think about your story or the graphics or the interface, but consider the players.

# What is a Game (3 of 3)

- Playing a Game is About Making Decisions
  - Ex: what weapon to use, what resource to build
  - Can be frustrating if decision does not matter
  - Want good gameplay (major topic later)
- Playing a Game is About Control
  - Player wants to impact outcome
  - Uncontrolled sequences can still happen, but should be sparing and make logical
- A Game Needs a Goal
  - Ex: Defeat Ganandorf in Zelda
  - Long games may have sub-goals
  - Ex: recover Triforce first, then Sword of Power
  - Without game goals, a player develops his/her own (a toy)





#### What a Game is *Not*

- A bunch of cool features
  - Necessary, but not sufficient
  - May even detract, if not careful, by concentrating on features, not game
- A lot of fancy graphics
  - Games need graphics just as hit movie needs special effects, but neither will save weak idea
  - Game must work without fancy graphics
  - Suggestion: Should be fun with simple objects

"When a designer is asked how his game is going to make a difference, I hope he ... talks about gameplay, fun and creativity – as opposed to an answer that simply focuses on how good it looks." – Sid Meier (Civilizations, Railroad Tycoon, Pirates)

## Group Game: Game Types!

- Break into groups based on month of birth (or count off by 5's...)
- Spread out so can talk without others hearing
- Brainstorm all game genres you can think of
  - Provide an example of each! Provide key feature!
- Round-robin by group, say one genre on list
  - What other group has this? Show hands
  - If no-one else has it, you get a point!
  - Everyone, decide distinguishing features
- Team with most genres not on anyone else's list, wins!

## Game Types

- What are some types of games?
- What separates them from others?

#### **Arcade Games**

- Reaction and speed are the most important aspects of the game
  - Examples: scrolling shooters, maze games like Pacman, paddle games like Breakout, Pong
- Relatively easy to make
- Normally 2D graphics
- Good starting point for first game

#### Puzzle Games

- Clever thinking is the most important aspect
  - Many maze games are based on puzzle solving, rather than on reaction time
- Other examples board games and sliding puzzles
- Normally 2-dimensional
- Relatively easy to create
  - Except when played against a computer opponent
  - Artificial Intelligence can be harder
    - □ Ex: How to program the computer to play chess?

## Role Playing Games

- Steer a character through a difficult world
  - Examples are Diablo and Baldur's Gate
- Development of character to learn new skills, becoming more powerful, and finding stuff
- Opponents become more powerful as well
- Can create 2D or 3D
- Generally harder to make because must create the mechanism of character development
- Also normally need large world
- Good level design is crucial

## Strategy Games

- Real-time (RTS) or turn-based
- Player only indirectly controls the character
  - Tactics less important than Strategy
- □ Examples include *Age of Empires, Warcraft III...* 
  - Also, usually "God Games", such as Black & White
- Generally take a lot of time to create
  - Require many different game objects, each with animated images and specific behavior

#### Adventure Games

- Game is about adventure and exploration
  - Story line is often crucial
- Can be 2D or 3D
- Actions easy (just move)
- Difficulty is in making exploration/adventure interesting
  - Interesting, funny, and surprising story line
  - Corresponding artwork
- Artists' role is crucial

#### First-Person Shooters

- 3D version of many arcade-style games (move and shoot)
- Emphasis is on fast-paced action and reaction speed, not on cleverness and puzzle solving
- Many examples: Doom, Quake, ...
- Need to be 3D
- Relatively difficult to create because of models

#### Third-Person Action/Platformer

- Player directly controls a game character (avatar) through a hostile world
  - Tomb Raider, Prince of Persia, Onimusha
- Often, not much emphasis on character development
- Fast action and discovering the game world
- Some have story line, other adventure game aspects
- Can be 2D or 3D
- Can sometimes be created easily

## **Sports Games**

- Real-life sport, made virtual
- Ideas, rules in place
- Making realistic, challenging, fun like sport can be difficult

#### Racing Games

- Really, special type of sports game
  - But pervasive enough to get own category
- Drive a vehicle, as fast as possible, or sometimes for exploration, or combat
- □ Either realistic...
  - Formula 1 or Grand Tourismo
- ...or focused on fun (arcade)
  - Midtown Madness or Ridge Racer
- Both 2D or 3D

#### Simulators

- Try for realistic representation
  - Ex: flight simulators, Trainz
- Other simulations include world simulation
  - Ex: SimCity or SimEarth
- Relatively difficult to create since getting details right a challenge

## Party Games

- Variety of types
  - Ex: Mario Party, DDR, Karaoke, Guitar Hero
- Social aspects important with participants in the same space
- Allow for rapid change of turns
- Allow for disparate abilities (beginners and experts, both have fun)

#### **Educational Games**

- Entertainment games are great at teaching...how to play the game!
- Educational games are designed to teach player knowledge or skill that is valuable outside the game
  - Ex: math, reading, problem solving