HM321 Engineering Economics Fall 2024 – Lecture 4

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Bring Calculator Always

- Always bring your calculator with you in lectures
- Without practice you will not be able to do the calculations in your exams

Uniform Series Factors PIA and AIP

- A denotes a series of n equal consecutive payments of amount A
- The following relations hold between P and A

$$\frac{P}{A} = \frac{(1+i)^n - 1}{i(1+i)^n}$$
 and $\frac{A}{P} = \frac{i(1+i)^n}{(1+i)^n - 1}$

 Important: Amount P occurs one interest period before the first payment in the uniform series A

Uniform Series Factors FIA and AIF

The following relations hold between A and F

$$\frac{F}{A} = \frac{(1+i)^n - 1}{i}$$
 and $\frac{A}{F} = \frac{i}{(1+i)^n - 1}$

• Important: Single amount F coincides with the last payment in the uniform series A

Tables for Factors

- See Tables 1 to 26 in the textbook
 - A/F factor is called <u>sinking fund</u> factor
 - F/A factor is called <u>compound amount</u> factor
 - A/P factor is called <u>capital recovery</u> factor
 - P/A factor is called <u>present worth</u> factor

Cash Flow Diagrams for *PIA* and *AIP* Factors

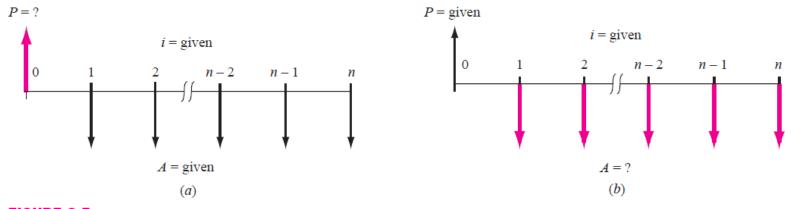


FIGURE 2.5 Cash flow diagrams used to determine (a) P of a uniform series and (b) A for a present worth.

$$P = A(P/A, i, n)$$
 $A = P(A/P, i, n)$

Cash Flow Diagrams for *FIA* and *AIF* Factors

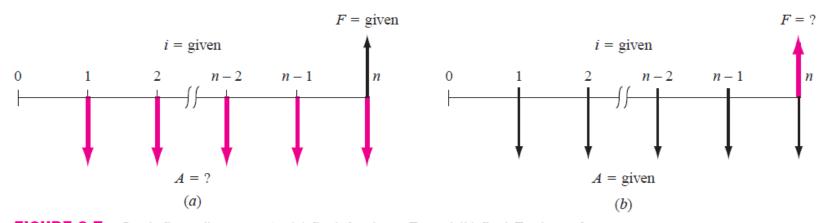


FIGURE 2.7 Cash flow diagrams to (a) find A, given F, and (b) find F, given A.

$$A = F(A/F, i, n)$$
 $F = A(F/A, i, n)$

A number of problems at the end of Chapter
2 were done on the whiteboard

Read Examples

- Read examples 2.4, 2.5 and 2.6
- Study Tables 2.2 and 2.3

Reference

 Basics of Engineering Economy by Leland Blank and Anthony Tarquin, 2nd edition, McGraw-Hill