

Modernizing SQL Server the right way

Slides in <http://aka.ms/tigertoolbox>

Under "Sessions" folder

PASS



DEVOPS
VIRTUAL GROUP

PEDRO LOPES



Sr. Program Manager, SQL Server
Engineering

 /pedroazevedolopes

 @SQLPedro

Focus Areas

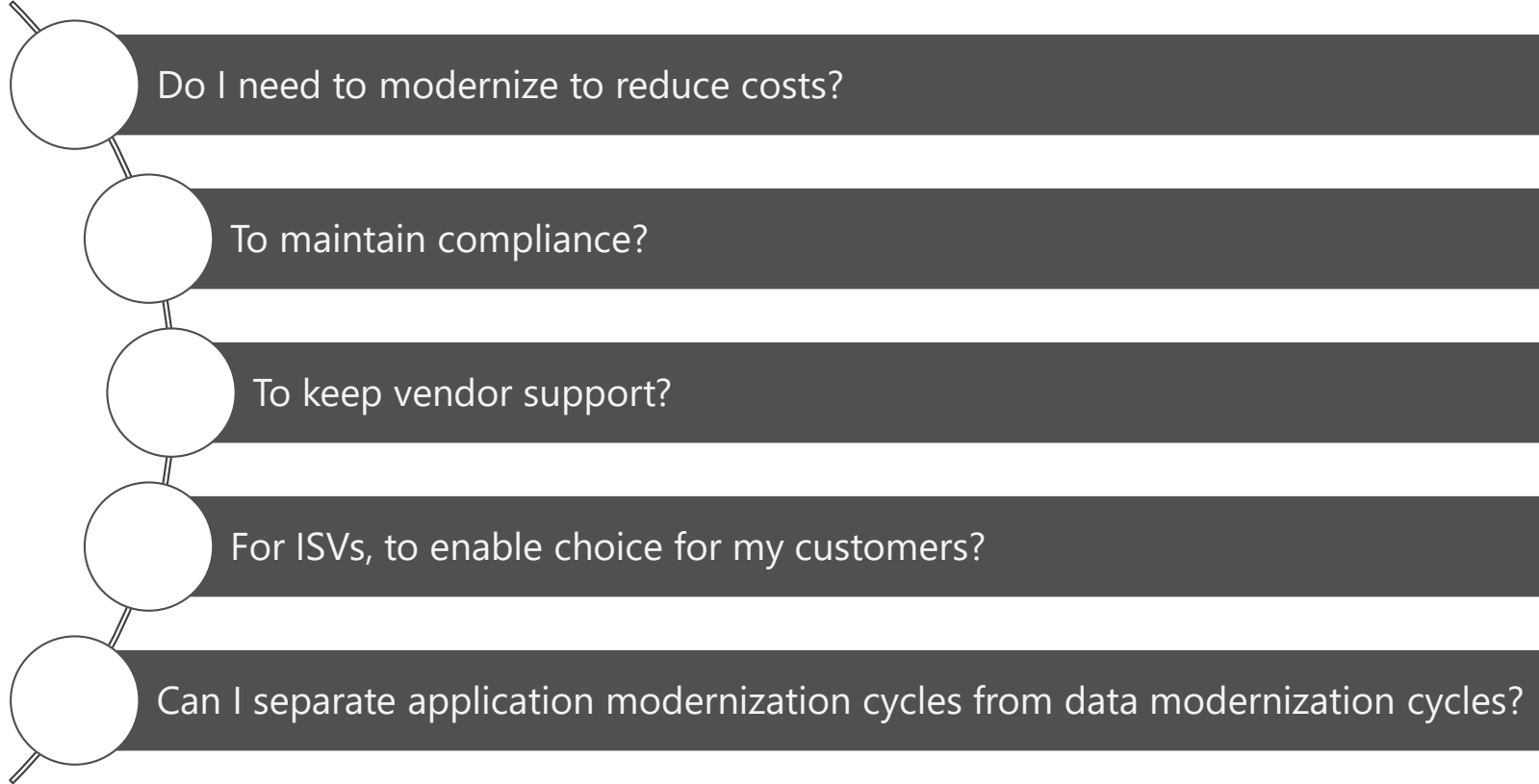
Relational Engine: Query
Processor,
Programmability,
Performance

Agenda

- Why Upgrade?
- Database Compatibility Certification
- Upgrade Process
- Post-migration

Why upgrade?

Is it the right time to modernize?



Winter is coming...

July 9,
2019

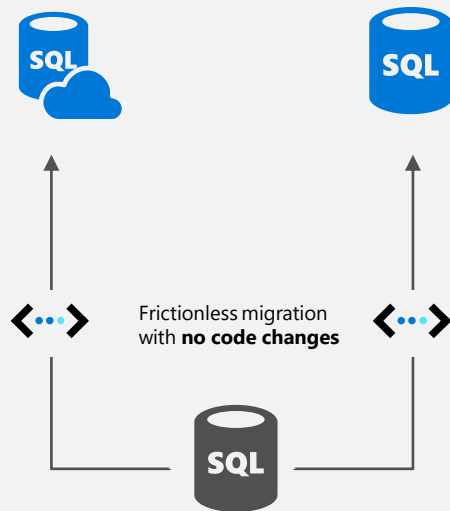


Compatibility Certification

Upgrade & modernize SQL Server databases on-premises, in the cloud and on the edge with Compatibility Certification

Reduce risks of application compatibility

Upgrade to the latest SQL Server Database Engine without changing your critical applications



Compatibility Certification benefits



Unified application certification

Applications tested and certified on a given SQL Server version are also implicitly tested and certified on that SQL Server version native database compatibility level



Reduce upgrade risks

Separate application and platform layer upgrade cycles for less disruption

Microsoft fully supports Compatibility Certification



Upgrade to latest SQL Database Engine version

Upgrade your SQL Server Database Engine or move instances to the cloud with no code changes

Database Compatibility Level protection with Microsoft

Microsoft provides an ecosystem of tools and services to test whether Compatibility Certification is right for you and protect you as you upgrade



Maintain backwards compatibility

Applications running on a newer SQL Server Database Engine while using an older Database Compatibility Level can still leverage server-level enhancements without application changes

Database Compatibility Level settings affect behaviors for a specified database, not the entire server



Predictable performance

Microsoft gates query optimization changes and improvements behind Database Compatibility Level to upgrade without issues once validation testing is successfully completed



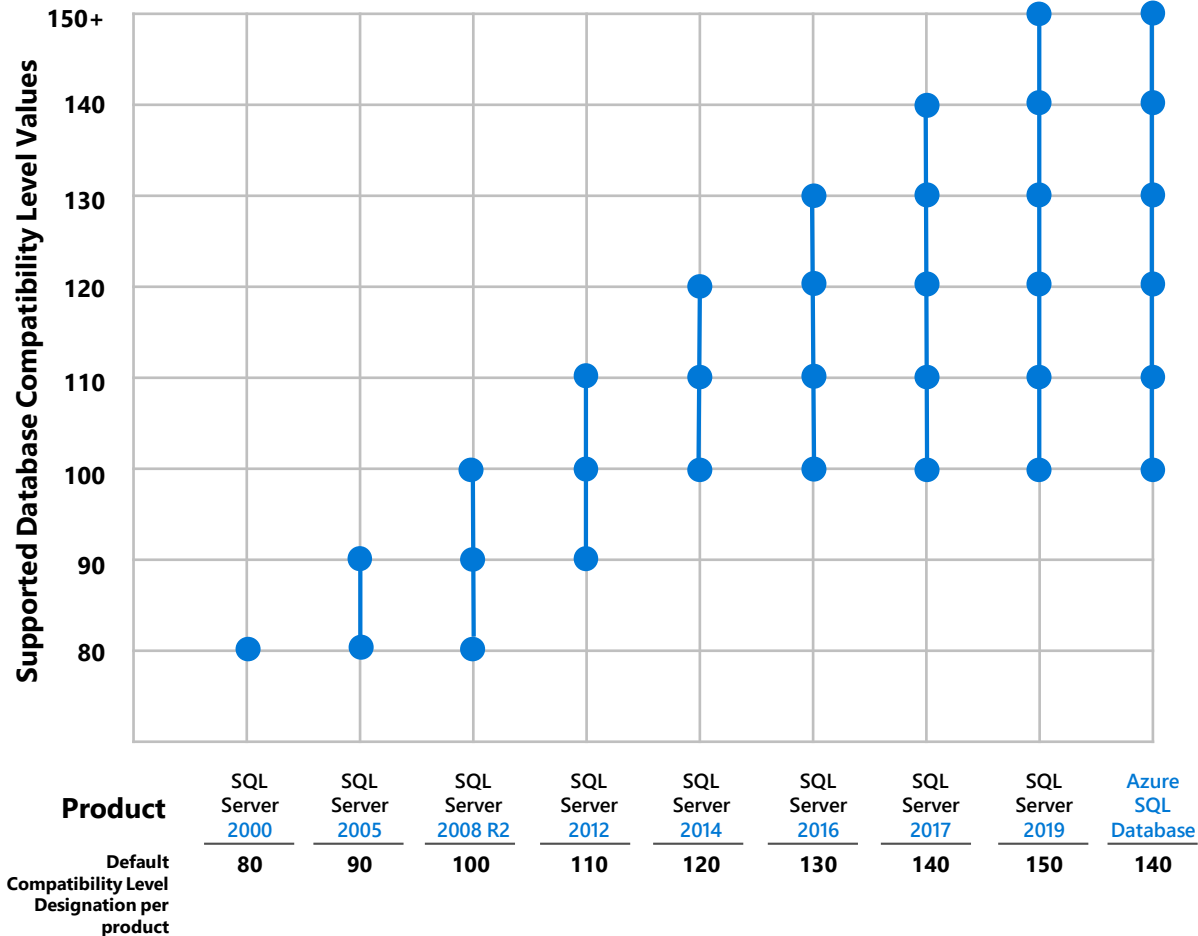
Validation testing tools

Use Data Migration Assistant (DMA) to validate your readiness to upgrade

The DMA tool validation results help protect applications from any functional regressions on target versions



Learn more here: <http://aka.ms/dbcompat>



Explore your Database Compatibility Level supported values

Upgrade from any earlier version of SQL Server and the database retains its existing compatibility level if it is at least minimum allowed for that instance of SQL Server

For example, SQL Server 2008 databases have supported compatibility up to SQL Server 2019 and Azure SQL Database

Functional change protection – Clarifying the caveats

- **Breaking Changes** = behavior changes resulting in different outcome
- **Protected** by Database Compatibility:

```
DECLARE @value datetime = '1900-01-01 00:00:00.003'  
SELECT CAST(@value AS datetime2)
```

 - In DB Compat 120 or lower, result is:
1900-01-01 00:00:00.0030000
 - Under DB Compat 130, these show improved accuracy by accounting for the fractional milliseconds, resulting in:
1900-01-01 00:00:00.0033333
- **Not Protected** by Database Compatibility:
 - The query below works until DB Compat 90, but errors out starting with Database Compatibility 100 (error 241, conversion fail):

```
SELECT DATEPART (year, '2007/05-30')
```
 - Instead use:

```
SELECT DATEPART (year, '2007/05/30') or SELECT DATEPART (year, '2007-05-30')
```

Functional change protection - Clarifying the caveats

- **Deprecated** = avoid use in new development
 - Deprecated functionality introduced in a given SQL Server version is still protected by that compatibility level.
- **Discontinued** = removed from product
 - Discontinued functionality introduced in a given SQL Server version is not protected by compatibility level.
- Removed T-SQL syntax.
 - In SQL Server 2012 the **fastfirstrow** hint was removed.
 - Regardless of the compatibility level, the query below will produce error 321 (not a recognized table hints option):

```
SELECT * FROM HumanResources.Employee WITH (FASTFIRSTROW);
```
 - Instead use:

```
SELECT * FROM HumanResources.Employee OPTION (FAST = <n>);
```

Feature Roadmaps

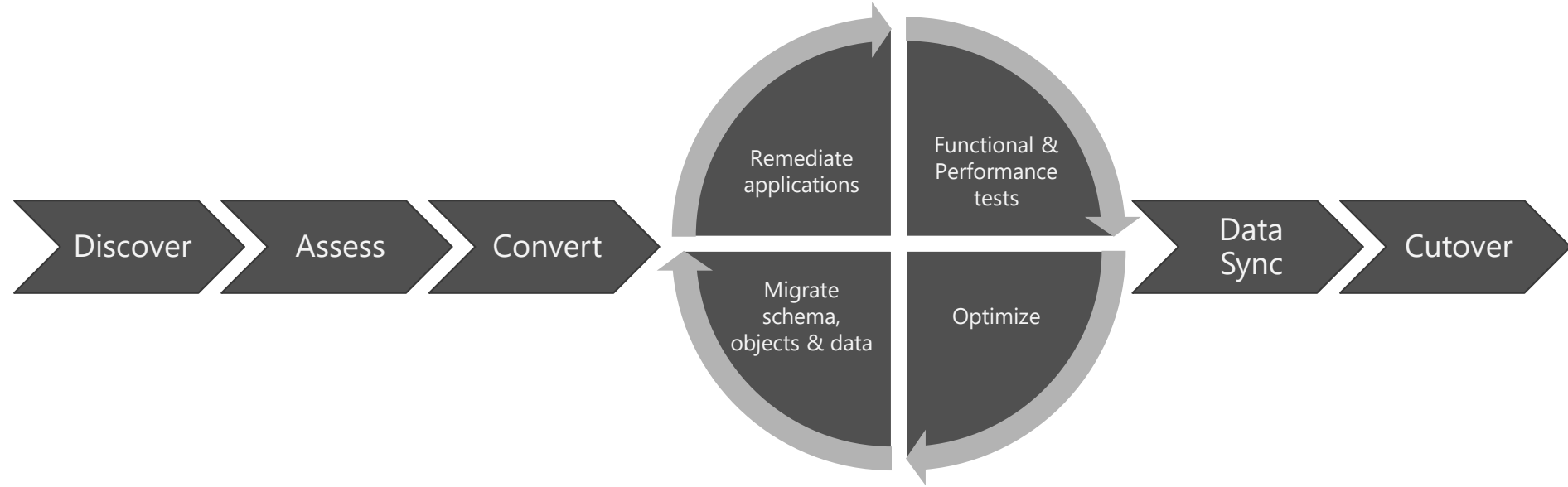
- For new development work, or when an existing application requires use of **new features**, as well as **performance improvements** done in the query optimizer space, plan to certify on the latest database compatibility level...

Upgrade Process

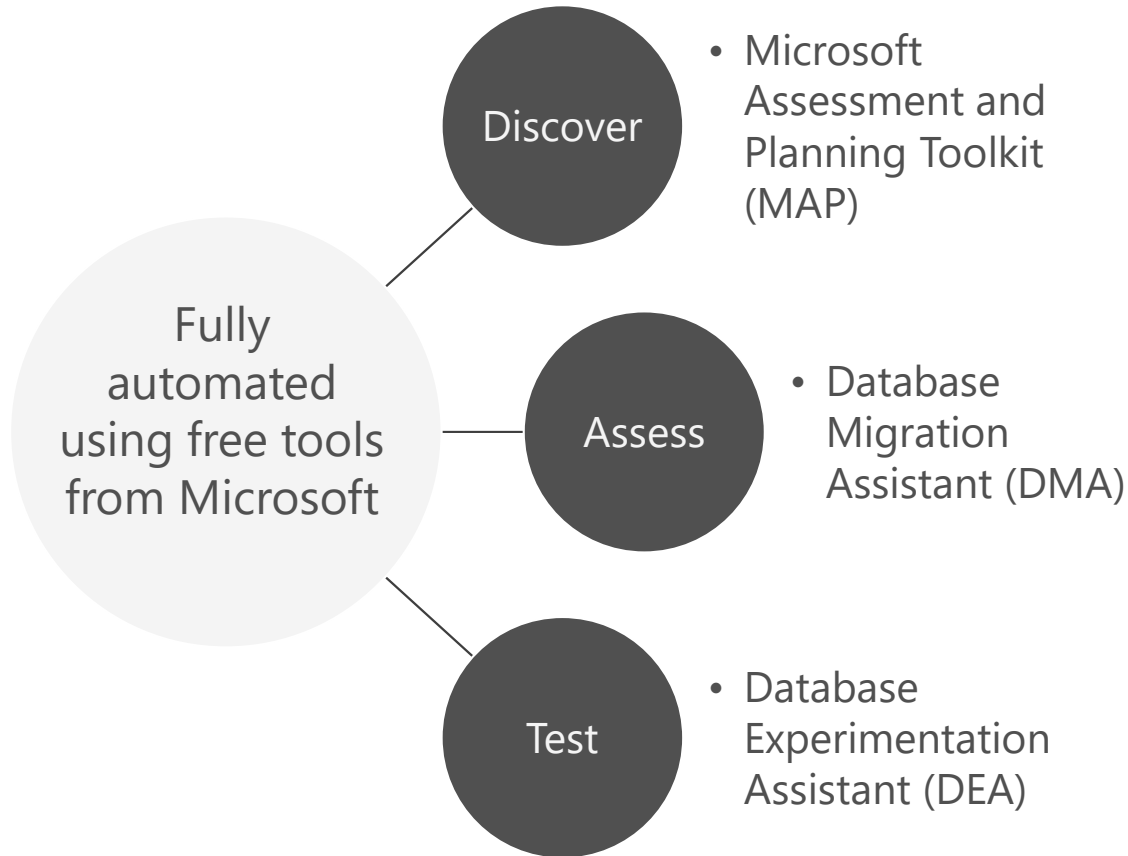
Traditional Upgrade Strategies

| Feature | Notes |
|---|---|
| Log Shipping | Cutover measured in (typically) minutes |
| Replication | Cutover measured in (potentially) seconds |
| Backup and Restore | This is going to take a while! |
| Filesystem/SAN Copy | Ditto - the latter being significantly faster |
| Availability Groups (NOT available in < 2012) | Cutover measured in (typically) seconds |

Minimize Risk with the Database Migration Guide



Reliable Upgrades



Review the [Database Migration Guide](#) for details

Reliable Upgrades

Fully
automated
using free tools
from Microsoft

Disc

A

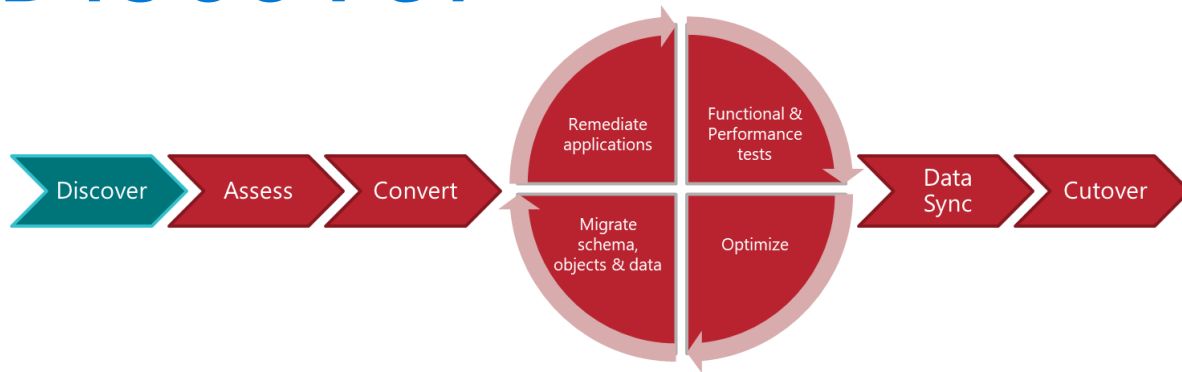
Test

*"With tools like Database Migration Assistant and Database Experimentation Assistant, we were able to **reduce the time and effort** required for the upgrade, enable automated A/B testing capability to **minimize risk** and provide a **high confidence** upgrade plan for a mission critical, Tier-1 environment spanning over a 1000 instances of SQL Server within 3 months."*

Salesforce – PASS Summit 2017

Assistant (DEA)

Discover



Discover with MAP Toolkit

The screenshot shows the 'Database' section of the MAP Toolkit. It includes a progress bar for 'Collect inventory data' (3,402 Machine(s), 0 % Success on 8/28/2015 1:07 PM) and an 'Options' button for 'Create/Select database'. Below this, the 'Scenarios' section displays three discovery tasks:

| SQL Server Discovery | Azure VM Readiness | Oracle Products |
|---|---|--|
| 3 Total Count 0 SQL Server 2014 0 SQL Server 2012 1 SQL Server 2008 R2 2 SQL Server 2008 0 SQL Server 2005 0 SQL Server 2000 | 1 Machines with SQL Server 1 Ready 0 Ready after changes | 3 Total Count 2 Oracle 11 0 Oracle 10 1 Oracle 9 |

Which SQL Server versions do I have?

Which Editions am I running?

Which SQL Server components are installed?

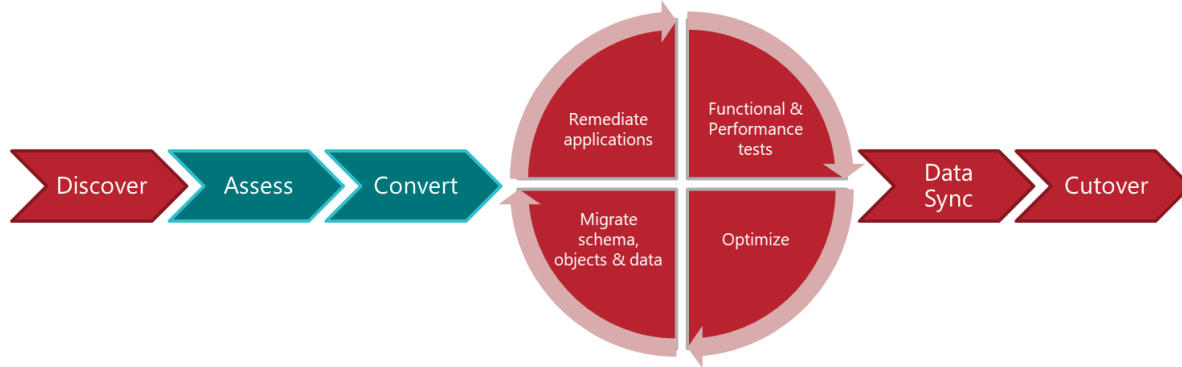
How many cores are on each server?

How many databases are in each instance?

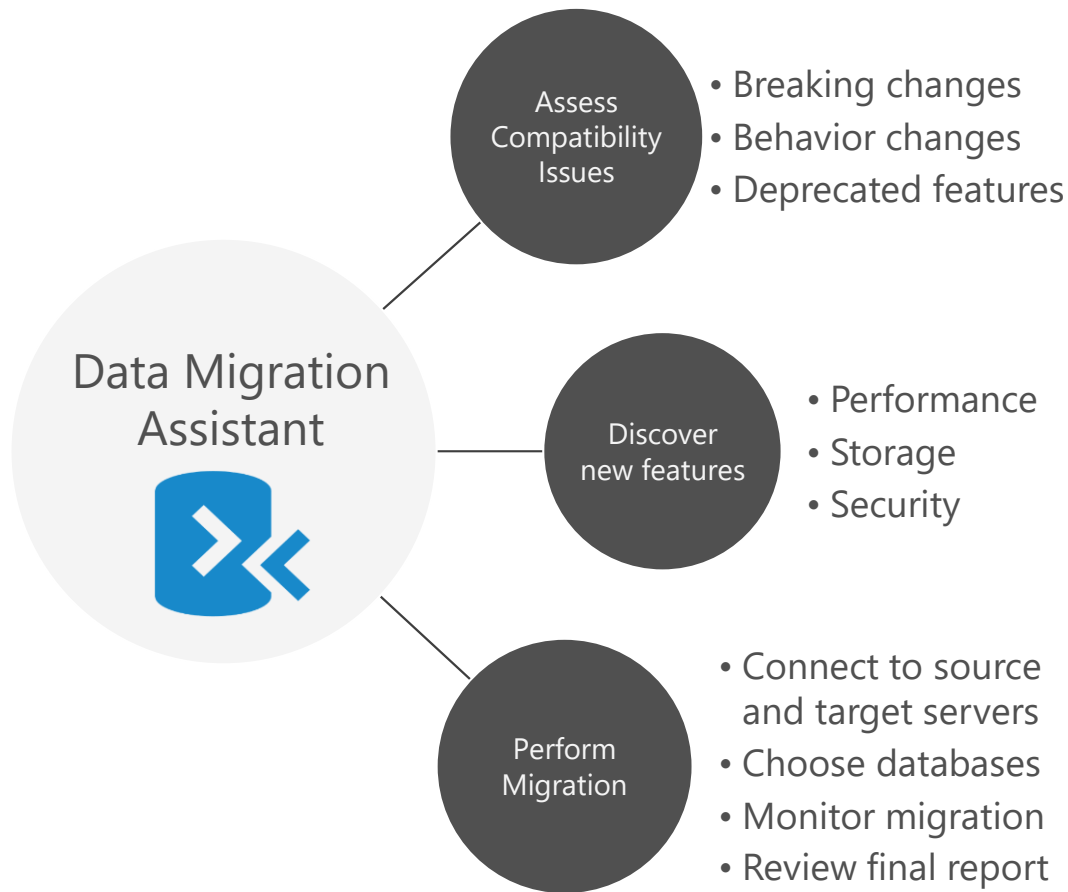
What are the sizes of all my databases?

What are the settings for each instance and database?

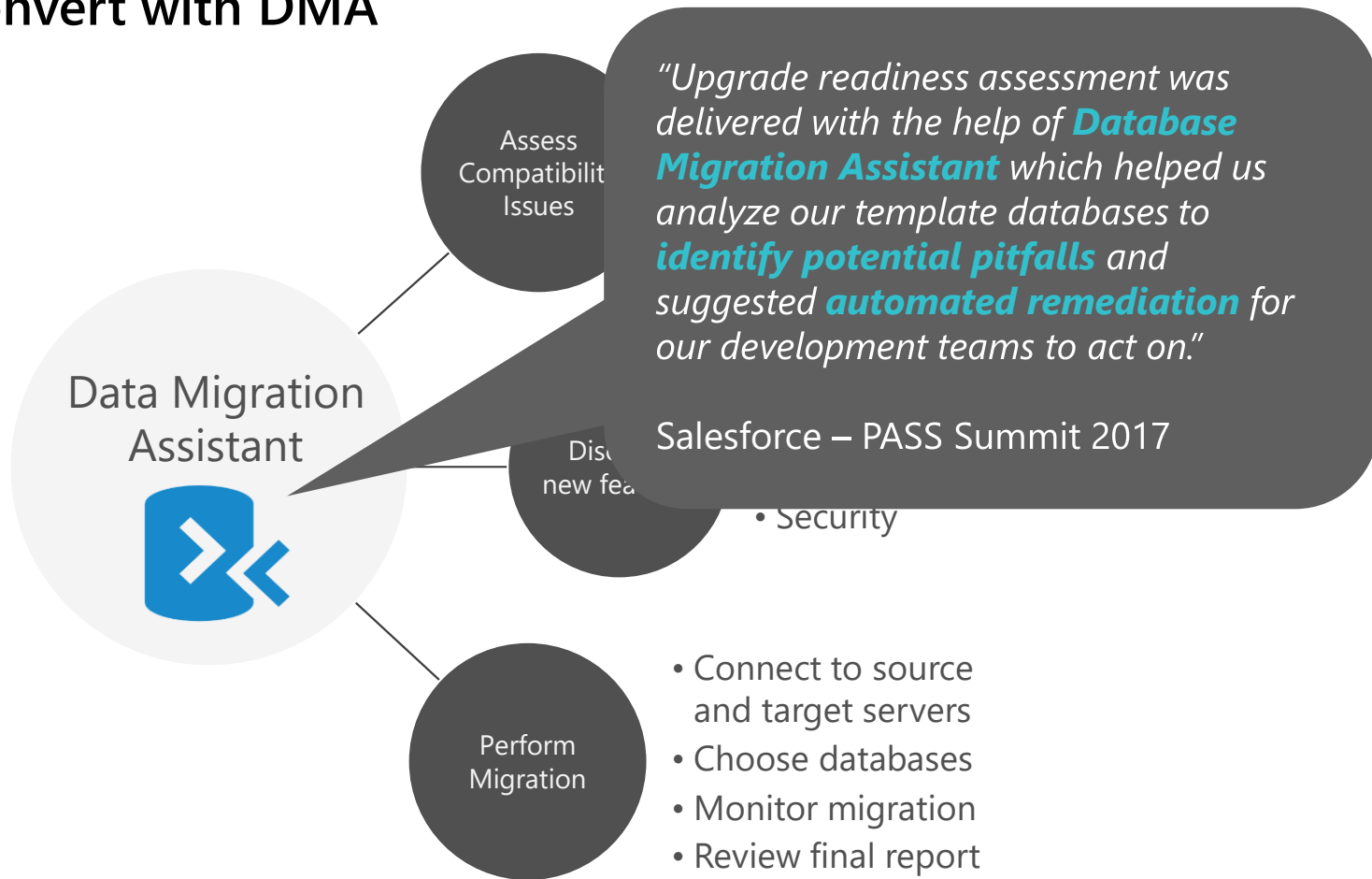
Assess & Convert



Assess & Convert with DMA



Assess & Convert with DMA



WALKTHROUGH

Database Migration Assistant

Note: v4.3 includes adhoc workload assessment



Get started here

+ New

Use + to create a new project.

Welcome to Data Migration Assistant



New

Project type

☒ Assessment☐ Migration

Project name

Inventory-Assessment1

Source server type

SQL Server

SQL Server

AWS RDS for SQL Server

Azure SQL Database

Create

Welcome to Data Migration Assistant



New

Project type

☒ Assessment☐ Migration

Project name

Inventory-Assessment1

Source server type

SQL Server

Target server type

Azure SQL Database

Azure SQL Database

Azure SQL Database Managed Instance

SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines

SQL Server

Welcome to Data Migration Assistant



← Inventory-Assessment1

1 Options

2 Select sources

3 Review results

Select target version

SQL Server 2017 on Windows

Select report type

**Compatibility Issues**

Discover breaking changes, behavior changes, and deprecated features by analyzing the databases you chose in your source server to be migrated to a new SQL Server platform.

**New features' recommendation**

Discover new SQL Server features that are applicable to the databases and tables in your source server once migrated to the new target SQL Server platform.

**Check feature parity**

Discover unsupported or partially-supported features and functions that your applications may rely on. Get guidance around these areas that may need some re-engineering.

← Inventory-Assessment1

1 Options

2 Select sources

3 Review results

Select target version

SQL Server 2017 on Windows

SQL Server 2012

SQL Server 2014

SQL Server 2016

SQL Server 2017 on Linux

SQL Server 2017 on Windows

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**Check feature parity**

Discover unsupported or partially-supported features and functions that your applications may rely on. Get guidance around these areas that may need some re-engineering.

Next



← Inventory-Assessment1

1 Options



2 Select sources

3 Review results

Add sources

Remove sources

Name

Connect to a server

Connect to a server and select sources

Server name

TIGERSQL2008R2

Authentication type

Windows Authentication

Connection properties

☒ Encrypt connection☒ Trust server certificate**SQL Server permissions**

To run the selected advisor(s), credentials used to connect to source SQL Server instance must have CONNECT SQL, VIEW SERVER STATE, and VIEW ANY DEFINITION permissions.

Connect



← Inventory-Assessment1

1 Options



2 Select sources

3 Review results



Add sources



Remove sources

Name

← Add sources



Connect to a server and select sources

☒ TIGERSQL2008R2☒ AdventureWorksDW2008R2

Enter folder path containing files with extended events or traces to be assessed

Inventory-Assessment1

1 Options ✓ 2 Select sources ✓ 3 Review results

- ☒ Compatibility issues
- ☐ Feature recommendations

TIGERSQL2008R2 (SQL Server 2008 R2) (1)

 Inventory

Target Platform

SQL Server 2017 on Windows

Inventory / SQL Server 2008 R2 Compat 80 Size 5.29 GB

Compatibility 140 (14)

Compatibility 130 (14)

Compatibility 120 (13)

Compatibility 110 (13)

Compatibility 100 (10)

Issue

Impacted objects

Breaking changes (8)

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Discontinued DBCC command... | 4 |
| New column in output of 'sp_h... | 4 |
| Remove user-defined type (UD... | 1 |
| Constant expressions are not a... | 1 |
| SQL Mail has been discontinued | 1 |
| Detected statements that refer... | 1 |
| FOR BROWSE is not allowed in... | 1 |
| Table hints in indexed view def... | 1 |

Behavior changes (5)

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| SERVERPROPERTY('LCID') resul... | 2 |
| Unqualified Join(s) detected | 2 |
| FOR XML AUTO queries return... | 1 |
| SET ROWCOUNT used in the c... | 1 |
| ORDER BY specifies integer or... | 1 |

Deprecated features (1)

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Deprecated data types TEXT, l... | 4 |
|----------------------------------|---|

Discontinued DBCC commands referenced in your T-SQL objects

Issue details

Impact

Many DBCC commands that were available in prior releases have been replaced with DMVs and DMFs, or no longer exist; therefore, using these commands may cause errors and unforeseen effects after upgrading your SQL Server.

Recommendation

Re-write the code, replace "DBCC DBREINDEX" with "ALTER INDEX" with "REBUILD" option.

Re-write the code, replace "DBCC INDEXDEFRAG" with "ALTER INDEX" with "REORGANIZE" option.

Re-write the code, replace "DBCC SHOWCONTIG" with "sys.dm_db_index_physical_stats".

Use of DBCC PINTABLE/DBCC UNPINTABLE is not required and has been removed to prevent additional problems. The syntax for this command still works but does not affect the server.

Refer to SQL Server books online for equivalent DMVs and DMFs that you may want to use instead of deprecated and discontinued DBCC commands.

More info

- [Deprecated Database Engine Features in SQL Server](#)
- [Discontinued Database Engine Functionality in SQL Server](#)

Impacted objects

Type

Name

| | |
|-----------|----------------------------|
| Procedure | dbo.DbccNewAllocProcedure |
| Procedure | dbo.DbccRowLockProcedure |
| Procedure | dbo.DbccTextAllocProcedure |
| Procedure | dbo.DbccTextAllProcedure |

Object details

Type: Procedure

Name: dbo.DbccNewAllocProcedure

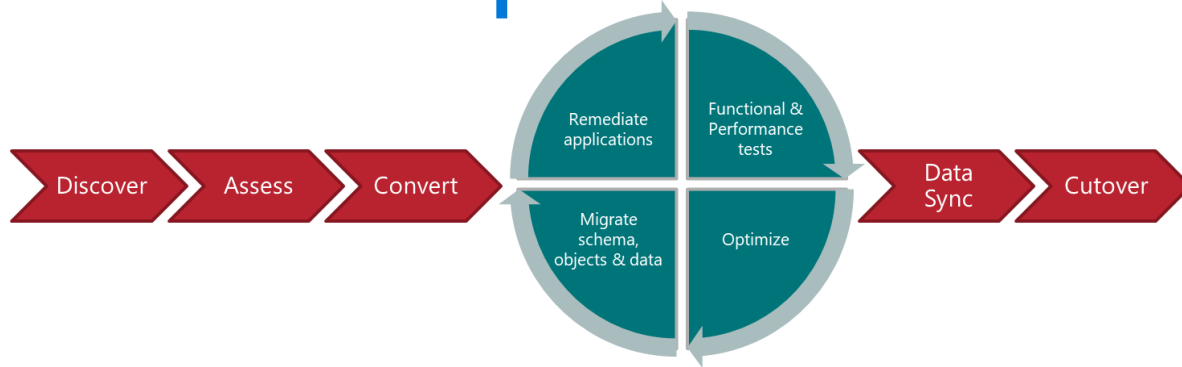
The specific DBCC command is discontinued. For more details, please see: Line 5, Column 9.

Recommended Fix(s)

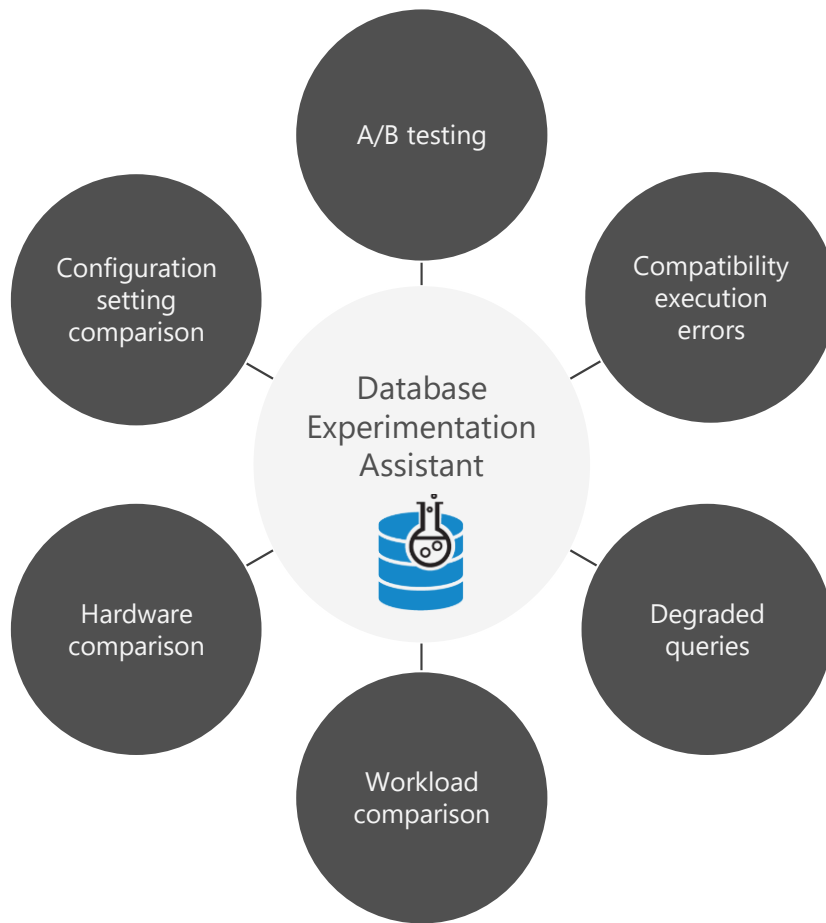
No Suggested Fix

Export report

Test & Optimize



Test & Optimize with DEA

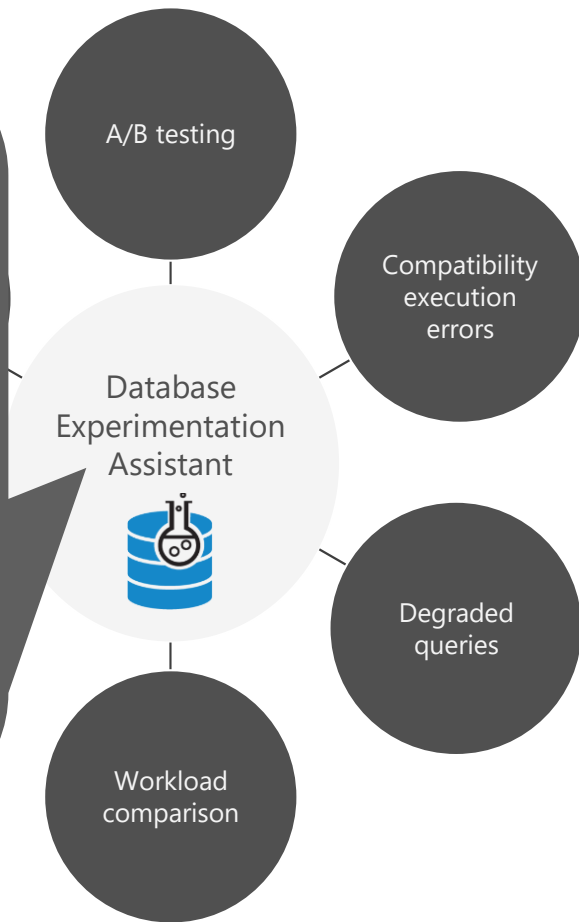


Test & Optimize with DEA

*"**Database Experimentation Assistant** helped us perform comparison tests between our current environment and a test SQL Server 2016 environment to identify **regressions, breaking changes** and **performance characteristics**.*

*Because of the **automation**, we were able to repeat such an exercise with multiple iterations using **different configuration settings**."*

Salesforce – PASS Summit 2017



WALKTHROUGH

Database Experimentation Assistant



Welcome to Database Experimentation Assistant

To get started, click on the left side navigation bar.



Capture a workload on the source server.



Replay the captured workload on target 1 and target 2.



Analyze replayed traces collected from target 1 and target 2.



Connect to server to view existing reports or generate new reports

Server name ⓘ

Report Server e.g. localhost

Authentication Type ⓘ

Windows



☒ Encrypt connection

☒ Trust server certificate

Connect





Analysis Reports



Connected Report Server: DEAGAWSVR2016

[Switch Server](#)

+ NEW REPORT



| STATUS | NAME | DATE |
|--------|---------------|------------|
| ✓ | Test08To14Sme | 2018/07/18 |
| ✓ | ADWTPS100 | 2018/07/18 |
| ✓ | 2016Migration | 2018/03/13 |

[2016Migration](#)Threshold 5%

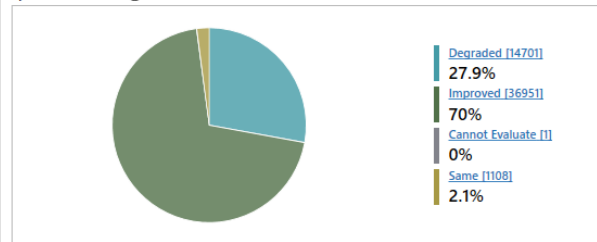
Export

Print

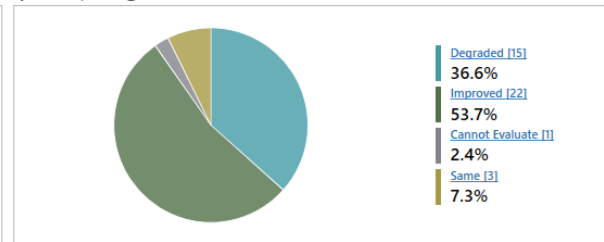
| Target | Instance Name | Product Name | Trace File |
|----------|---------------|------------------------------|--|
| Target 1 | SQL2008SOURCE | SQL Server 2008 SP4 MS15-059 | C:\Users\m\jain\Documents\sql\2008-small\Trace.trc |
| Target 2 | SQL2016TRACE | SQL Server 2016 | C:\Users\m\jain\Documents\sql\2016-small\Trace.trc |

QUERY DISTRIBUTION

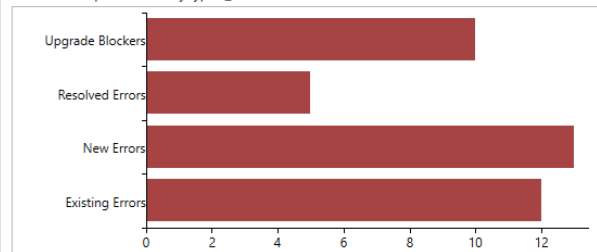
By execution count (?)



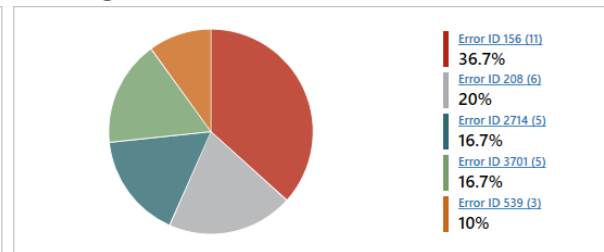
By distinct queries (?)



Distinct error queries count by type (?)



Error ID count (?)



Top queries in workload (?)

Top Improved Queries | Top Degraded Queries

| Hash Id | Query Text | Mean Duration on Target 1 (μs) | Mean Duration on Target 2 (μs) | Duration Difference (μs) |
|----------------------|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| -1616155278339986948 | IF OBJECT_ID (ISRI, ISRI) IS NOT NULL DROP TABLE DBO.EMPLOYEEONE; | 102353 | 9105 | -93248 |
| -1704013646769530258 | SELECT DISTINCT PP.LASTNAME, PP.FIRSTNAME FROM PERSON.PERSON PP JOIN | 181508 | 127802 | -53706 |



Analysis Reports



Connected Report Server: DEAGAWSVR2016

[Switch Server](#)

+ NEW REPORT



| STATUS | NAME | DATE |
|--------|---------------|------------|
| ✓ | Test08To14Sme | 2018/07/18 |
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[2016Migration](#)Threshold [5%](#)

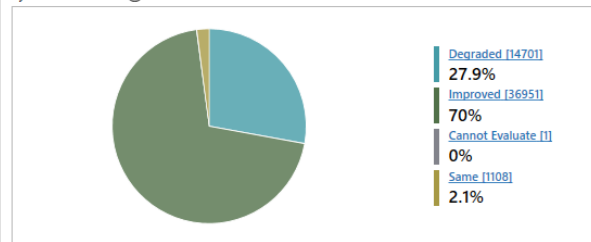
Export

Print

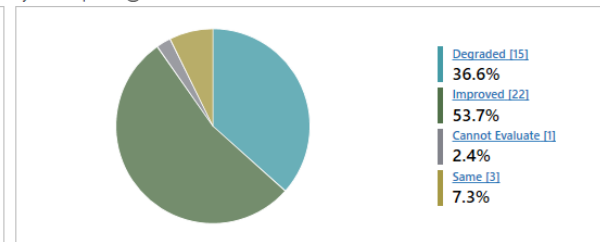
| Target | Instance Name | Product Name | Trace File |
|----------|---------------|------------------------------|--|
| Target 1 | SQL2008SOURCE | SQL Server 2008 SP4 MS15-059 | C:\Users\m\jain\Documents\sql\2008-small\Trace.trc |
| Target 2 | SQL2016TRACE | SQL Server 2016 | C:\Users\m\jain\Documents\sql\2016-small\Trace.trc |

QUERY DISTRIBUTION

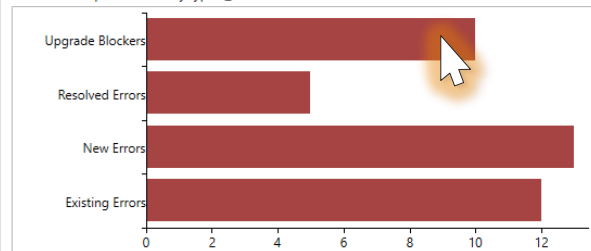
By execution count ?



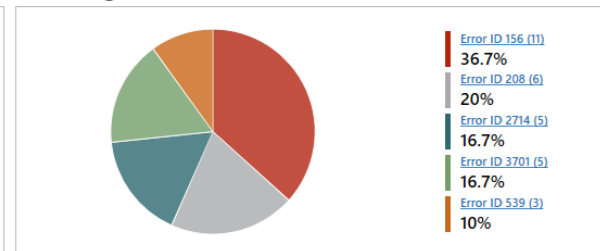
By distinct queries ?



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Top queries in workload ?

[Top Improved Queries](#) [Top Degraded Queries](#)

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Analysis Reports



Connected Report Server: DEAGAWSVR2016

[Switch Server](#)

+ NEW REPORT



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| ✓ | Test08To14Sme | 2018/07/18 |
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| ✓ | 2016Migration | 2018/03/13 |

[2016Migration > Error](#)Threshold

Export

Print

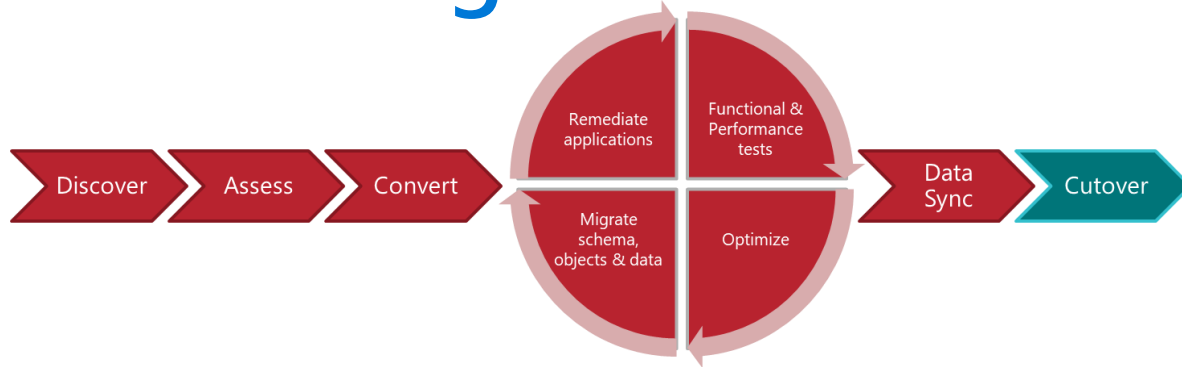
| Target | Instance Name | Product Name | Trace File |
|----------|---------------|------------------------------|---|
| Target 1 | SQL2008SOURCE | SQL Server 2008 SP4 MS15-059 | C:\Users\mol\ain\Documents\sql\2008-small\Trace.trc |
| Target 2 | SQL2016TRACE | SQL Server 2016 | C:\Users\mol\ain\Documents\sql\2016-small\Trace.trc |

ERROR QUERIES

| Error Type | Query Count | Execution Count |
|--|-------------|-----------------|
| Existing Errors (Errors on target 1 server that continue to exist on the target 2 server.) | 12 | 1128 |
| New Errors (Errors which are new on the target 2 server.) | 13 | 3552 |
| Resolved Errors (Errors which existed on target 1 server but resolved in target 2 server.) | 5 | 14 |
| Upgrade Blockers (Errors that will block upgrade to target server.) | 10 | 3519 |

| New Errors | Existing Errors | Resolved Errors | Upgrade Blockers |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Query Text | | | |
| SELECT PRODUCTID, LINETOTAL FROM SALES.SALESORDERDETAIL WHERE UNITPRICE < (##).(##) | | | |
| ORDER BY PRODUCTID, LINETOTAL COMPUTE SUM(LINETOTAL) BY PRODUCTID; | | | |
| SELECT PRODUCTID, ORDERQTY, SUM(LINETOTAL) AS TOTAL FROM SALES.SALESORDERDETAIL WHERE | | | |
| UNITPRICE < (##).(##) GROUP BY PRODUCTID, ORDERQTY ORDER BY PRODUCTID, ORDERQTY | | | |
| COMPUTE SUM(SUM(LINETOTAL)) BY PRODUCTID, ORDERQTY COMPUTE SUM(SUM(LINETOTAL)); | | | |
| SELECT SALESPERSONID, CUSTOMERID, ORDERDATE, SUBTOTAL, TOTALDUE FROM | | | |
| SALES.SALESORDERHEADER ORDER BY SALESPERSONID, ORDERDATE COMPUTE SUM(SUBTOTAL), SUM | | | |
| (TOTALDUE) BY SALESPERSONID; | | | |
| SELECT PRODUCTID, ORDERQTY, LINETOTAL FROM SALES.SALESORDERDETAIL COMPUTE SUM | | | |
| (ORDERQTY), SUM(LINETOTAL); | | | |
| SELECT PRODUCTID, ORDERQTY, UNITPRICE, LINETOTAL FROM SALES.SALESORDERDETAIL WHERE | | | |
| UNITPRICE < (##).(##) COMPUTE SUM(ORDERQTY), SUM(LINETOTAL); | | | |
| SELECT PRODUCTID, ORDERQTY, UNITPRICE, LINETOTAL FROM SALES.SALESORDERDETAIL WHERE | | | |
| UNITPRICE < (##).(##) ORDER BY PRODUCTID, ORDERQTY, LINETOTAL COMPUTE SUM(LINETOTAL) BY | | | |
| PRODUCTID, ORDERQTY COMPUTE SUM(LINETOTAL) BY PRODUCTID; | | | |
| SELECT PRODUCTID, LINETOTAL FROM SALES.SALESORDERDETAIL WHERE UNITPRICE < (##).(##) | | | |
| ORDER BY PRODUCTID, LINETOTAL COMPUTE SUM(LINETOTAL), MAX(LINETOTAL) BY PRODUCTID; | | | |
| SELECT PRODUCTID, ORDERQTY, UNITPRICE, LINETOTAL FROM SALES.SALESORDERDETAIL WHERE | | | |
| UNITPRICE < (##).(##) ORDER BY PRODUCTID COMPUTE SUM(ORDERQTY), SUM(LINETOTAL) BY | | | |
| PRODUCTID COMPUTE SUM(ORDERQTY), SUM(LINETOTAL); | | | |
| SELECT CUSTOMERID, ORDERDATE, SUBTOTAL, TOTALDUE FROM SALES.SALESORDERHEADER WHERE | | | |

Post-Migration

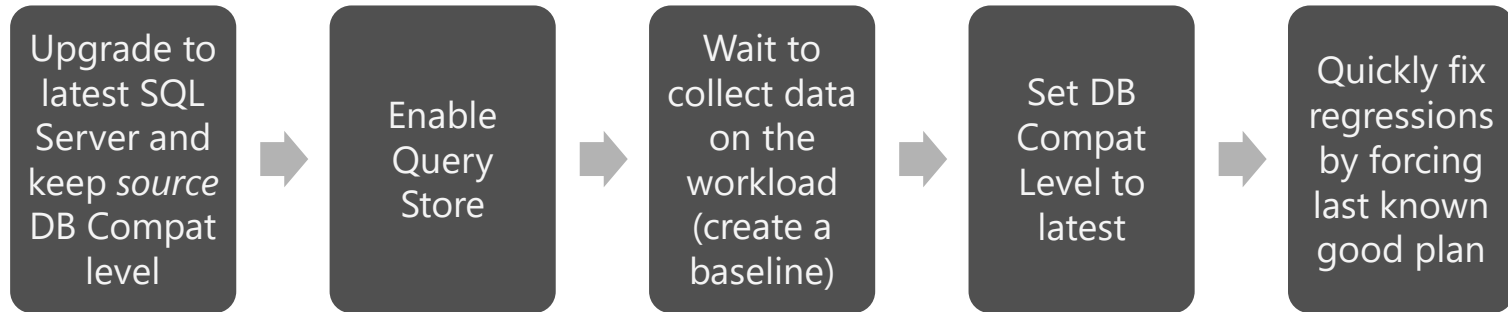


I moved the data, am I done?

SQL Server post migration step is crucial for reconciling any data accuracy and completeness.

But also to uncover performance issues with the workload.

Recommended DB Compatibility Level upgrade process:



Why? Because of plan affecting changes – CE

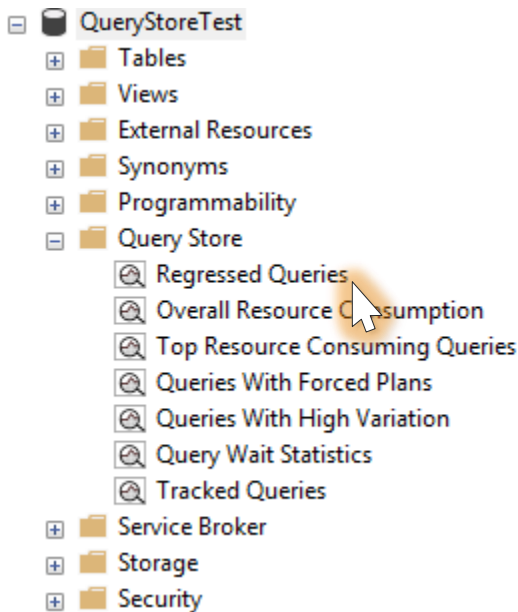
CE estimates how many rows your query will likely return and is used by the Query Optimizer to generate the optimal query plan.

Most systems **benefit** from the latest CE because it is the most accurate.



So I need Query Store?

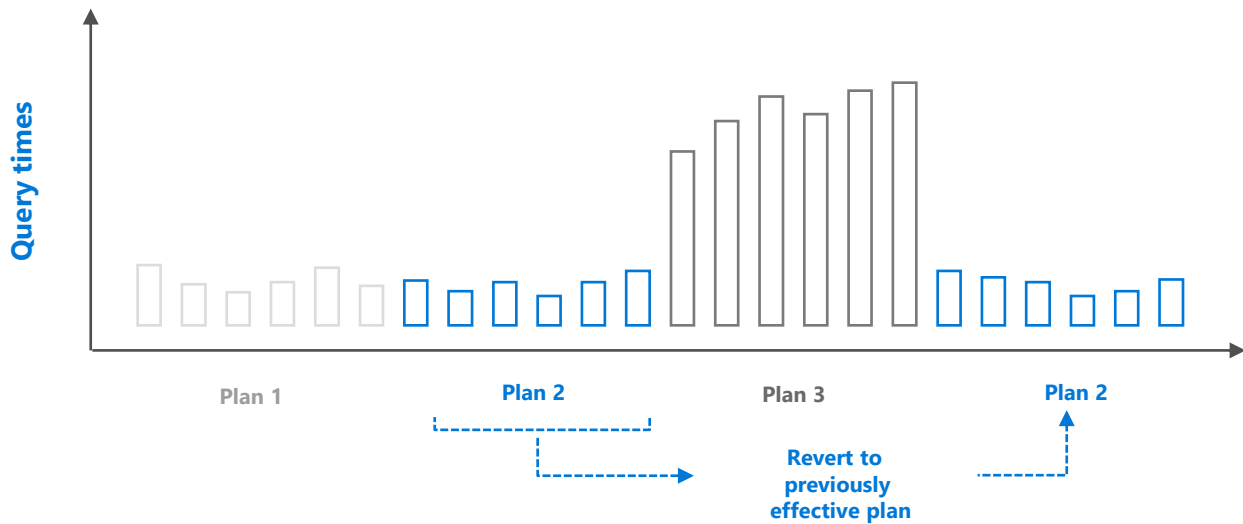
Comprehensive query-performance information
when you need it most!



Query Store and Automatic Plan Correction

Identifies the problematic query plan and reverts to a more optimal point in time.

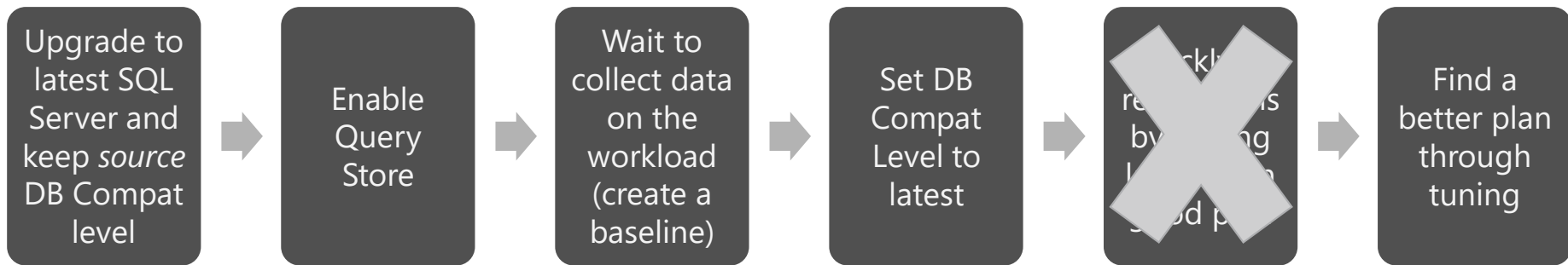
In the scope of a DB Compatibility upgrade, only works if the recommended process was followed!



DB Upgrade with Query Tuning Assistant

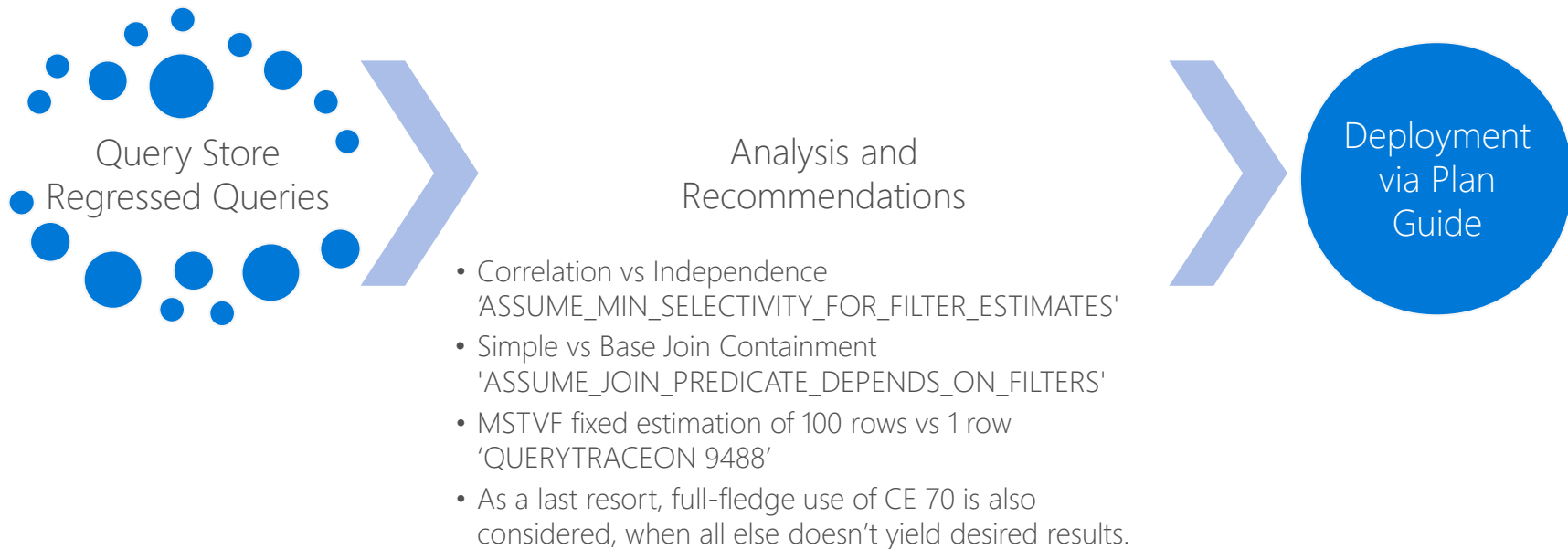
Priority 1: guides you through the documented DB Compatibility upgrade procedure.

What if instead of choosing between current and last known good plan, we find a 3rd, better plan?



Query Tuning Assistant (QTA) Workflow

Available in SSMS v18 and Powershell (preview)



DEMO

Upgrading a database with QTA

Modernization Tools Breakdown

DEA

A/B Testing

Capture and Replay workload for performance testing and reporting

Also reports on migration blockers because of failed T-SQL syntax

DMA

Readiness assessment: blocking issues
breaking changes, behavior changes

Moves schema, data and uncontained
objects (like logins) To Azure SQL
Database

Backup / Restore to another SQL Server

- Keeps source DB Compatibility Level

New feature recommendation

QTA

Upgrade Database Compatibility Model
to desired state

Detects workload regressions, and tests
CE model variations (subsets)

- Does not move to last known good state

Provides tangible recommendations for
tuning queries

- Tweak most common CE model assumptions
- Overall keeps use of CE version mapped to the DB Compatibility Level

Learn more

Migration Resources

[Database Migration Guide](#)

[Microsoft Assessment and Planning Toolkit](#)

[Overview of Data Migration Assistant](#)

[DEA 2.6 – Database Experimentation Assistant](#)

Compatibility Certification

<http://aka.ms/dbcompat>

Continue learning with our new book

<https://aka.ms/LearnTSQLQuerying>

One shortcut to rule them all!

<https://aka.ms/SQLShortcuts>

