

eda

October 24, 2024

1 EDA Analysis

1.1 Background

The dataset sourced from the [UCI Machine Learning Repo](#) contains 4424 student entries with 36 features and one categorical target variable. The goal is to predict student academic success (dropout or graduate) from the 36 input features.

```
[2]: !pip install ucimlrepo --quiet
      from visualization_utils import *
      from file_utils import *
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from ucimlrepo import fetch_ucirepo
```

```
[3]: # fetch dataset
      predict_students_dropout_and_academic_success = fetch_ucirepo(id=697)

      # data (as pandas dataframes)
      X = predict_students_dropout_and_academic_success.data.features
      y = predict_students_dropout_and_academic_success.data.targets

      # metadata
      metadata = predict_students_dropout_and_academic_success.metadata

      # variable information
      variable_info = predict_students_dropout_and_academic_success.variables
      df = X
      df['dropout'] = y
      print(f"{df.shape[0]} entries with {df.shape[1]} features")
```

4424 entries with 37 features

```
[4]: predict_students_dropout_and_academic_success.variables['name']
      ds_vars = predict_students_dropout_and_academic_success.variables['name']
      ds_desc = predict_students_dropout_and_academic_success.variables['description']
      # need to create forward mappings for each one of the variables
      quantitative_vars = {'Application mode',
                           'Application order',
                           'Previous qualification (grade)',
```

```

'Admission grade',
'Age at enrollment',
"Curricular units 1st sem (credited)",
"Curricular units 1st sem (enrolled)",
"Curricular units 1st sem (evaluations)",
"Curricular units 1st sem (approved)",
"Curricular units 1st sem (grade)",
"Curricular units 1st sem (without evaluations)",
"Curricular units 2nd sem (credited)",
"Curricular units 2nd sem (enrolled)",
"Curricular units 2nd sem (evaluations)",
"Curricular units 2nd sem (approved)",
"Curricular units 2nd sem (grade)",
"Curricular units 2nd sem (without evaluations)",
"Unemployment rate",
"Inflation rate",
"GDP",
"Target",
}

variable_map = generate_variable_map(quantitative_vars, ds_vars, ds_desc)

```

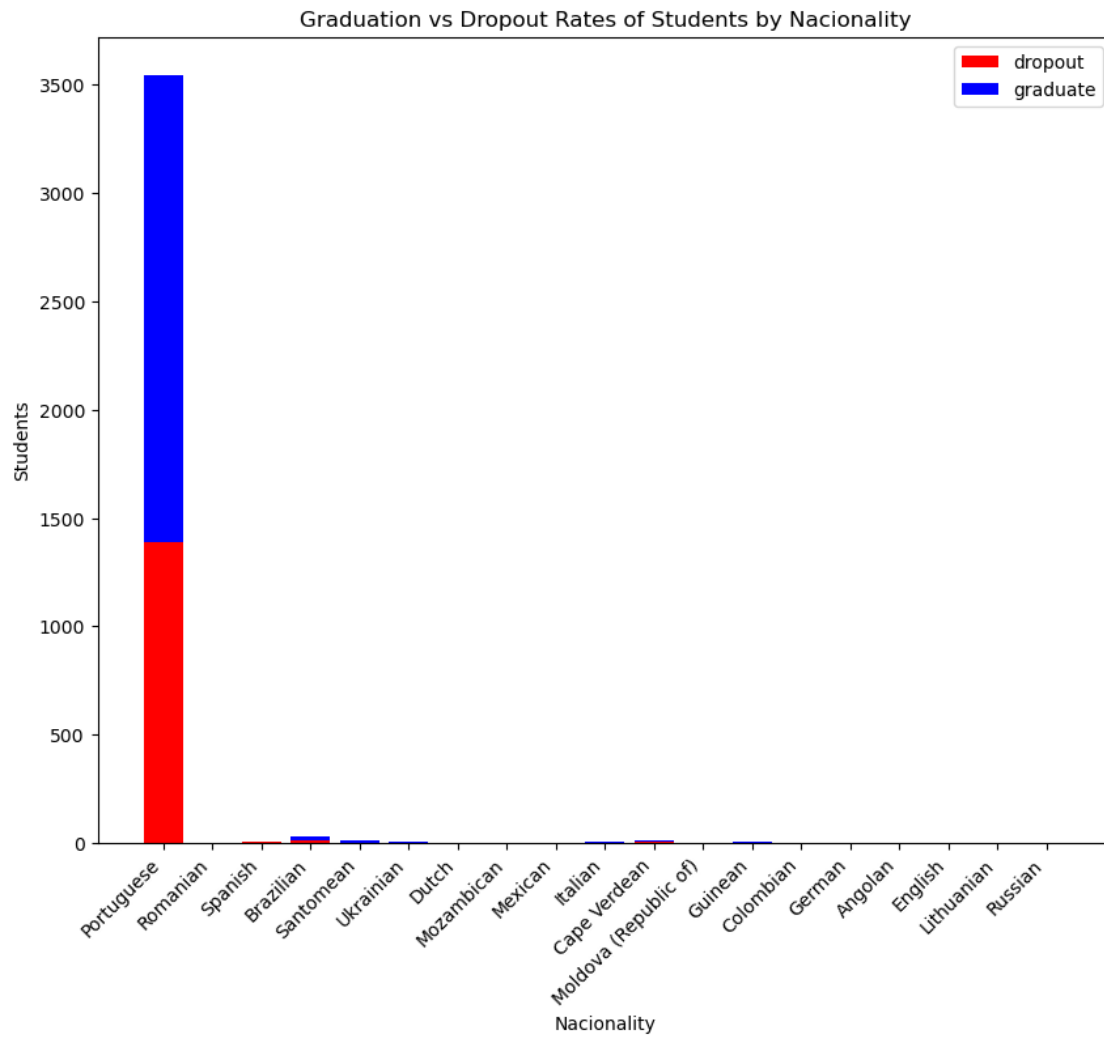
2 Analysis of Categorical Variables Affecting Student Performance

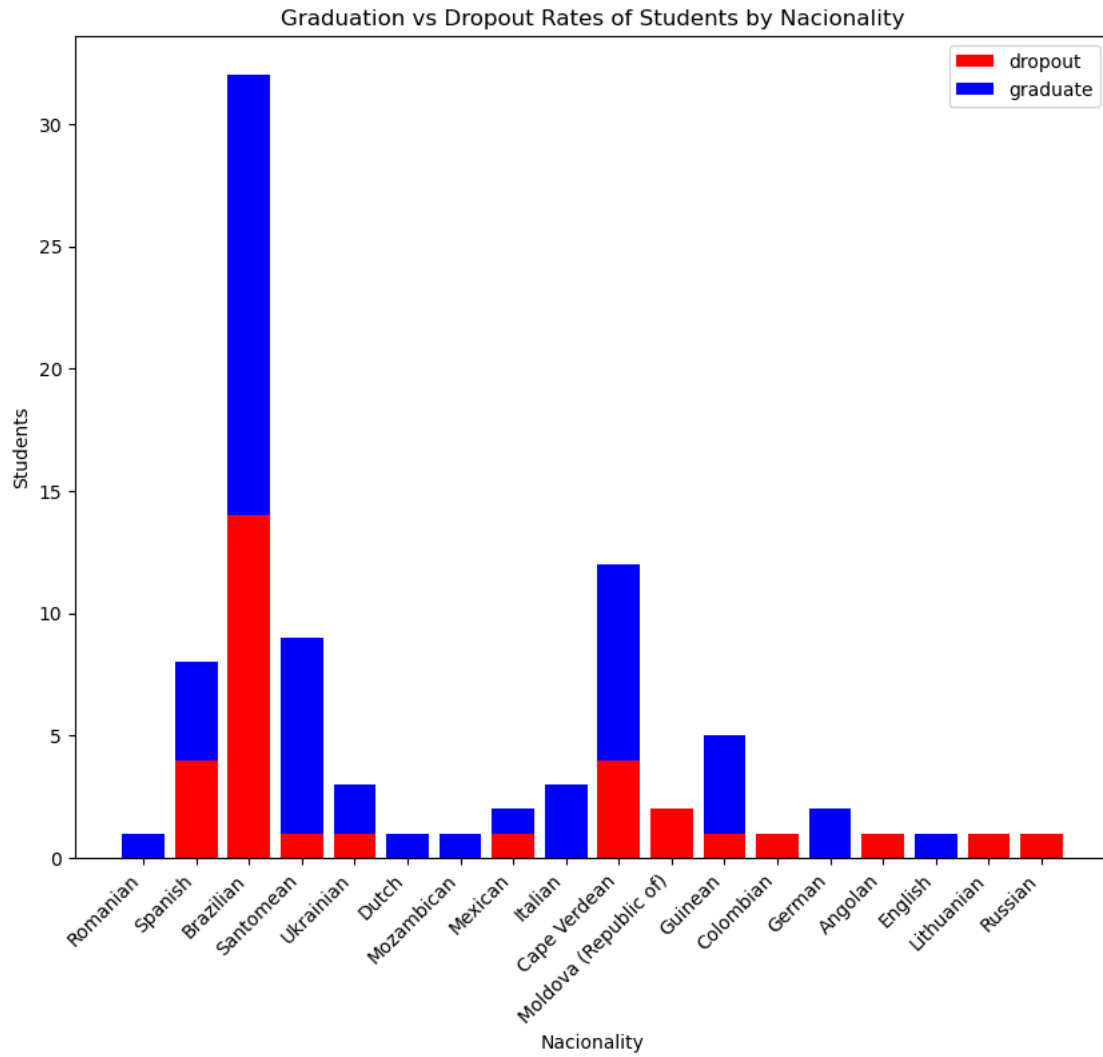
To gain a better understanding of variables responsible for controlling the

```

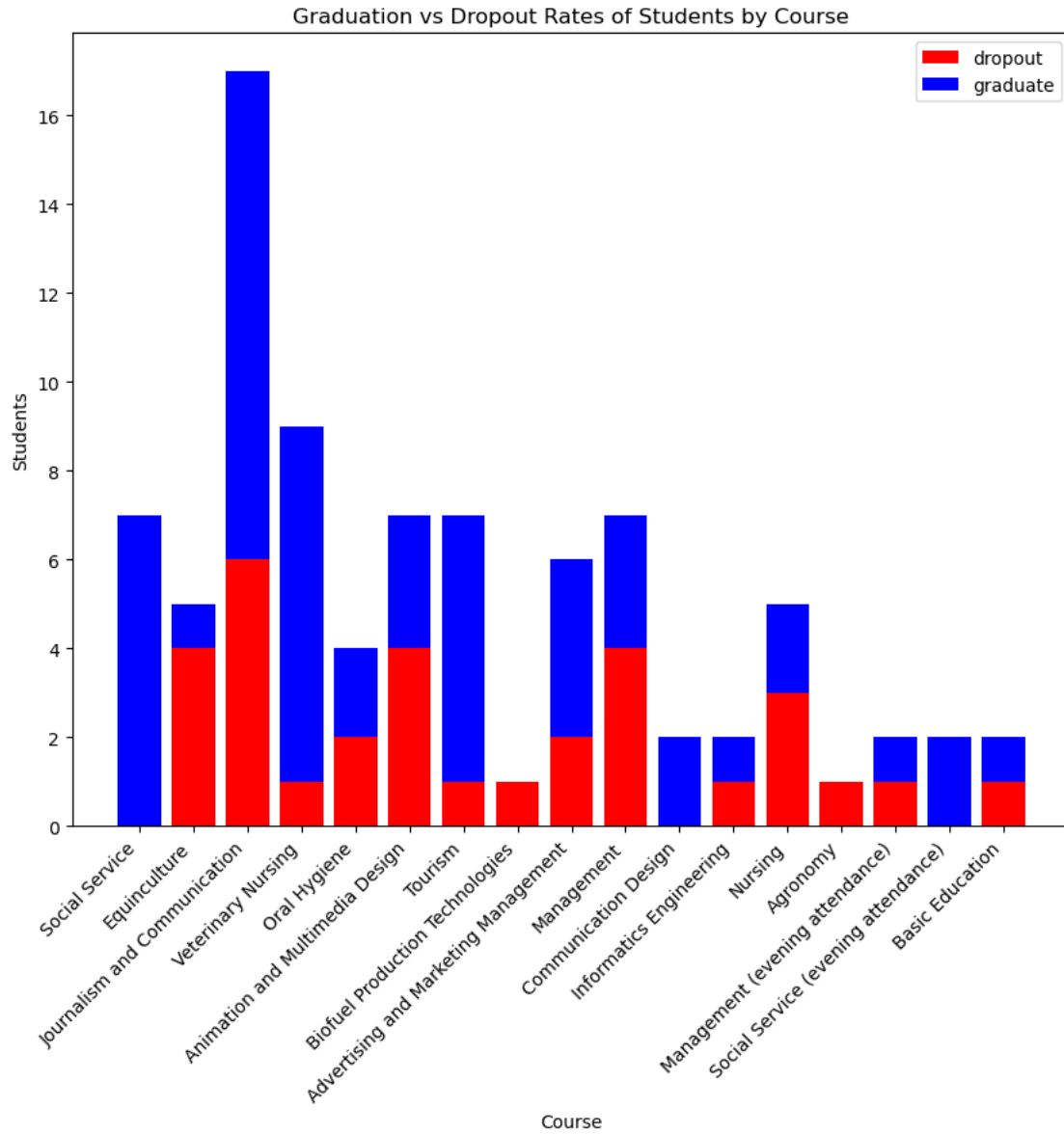
[5]: finished_df = df[df['dropout'].isin(['Dropout', 'Graduate'])]
generate_general_stacked_bar_graph(finished_df, variable_map, 'Nacionality')
finished_df = finished_df.drop(finished_df.loc[finished_df['Nacionality']==1].
    ↪index)
generate_general_stacked_bar_graph(finished_df, variable_map, 'Nacionality')

```

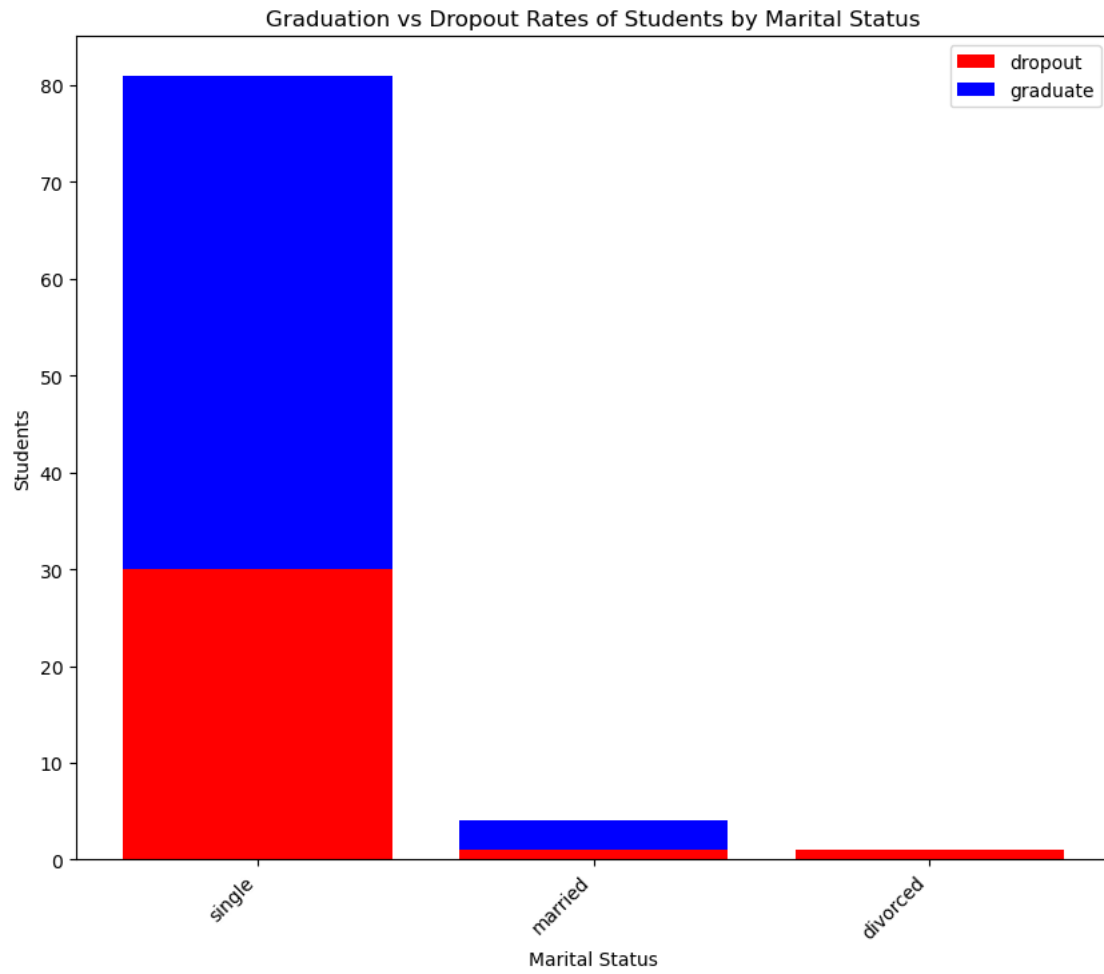




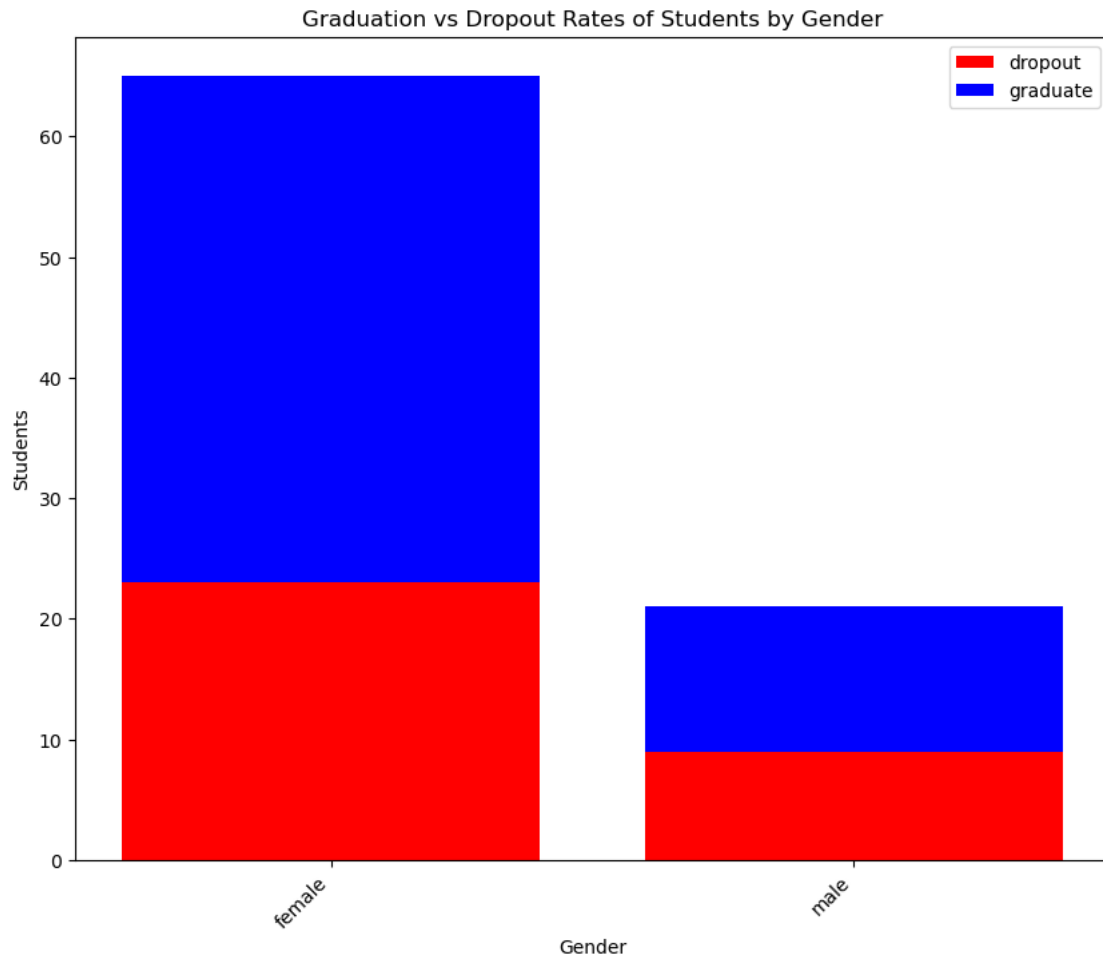
```
[6]: generate_general_stacked_bar_graph(finished_df, variable_map, 'Course')
```



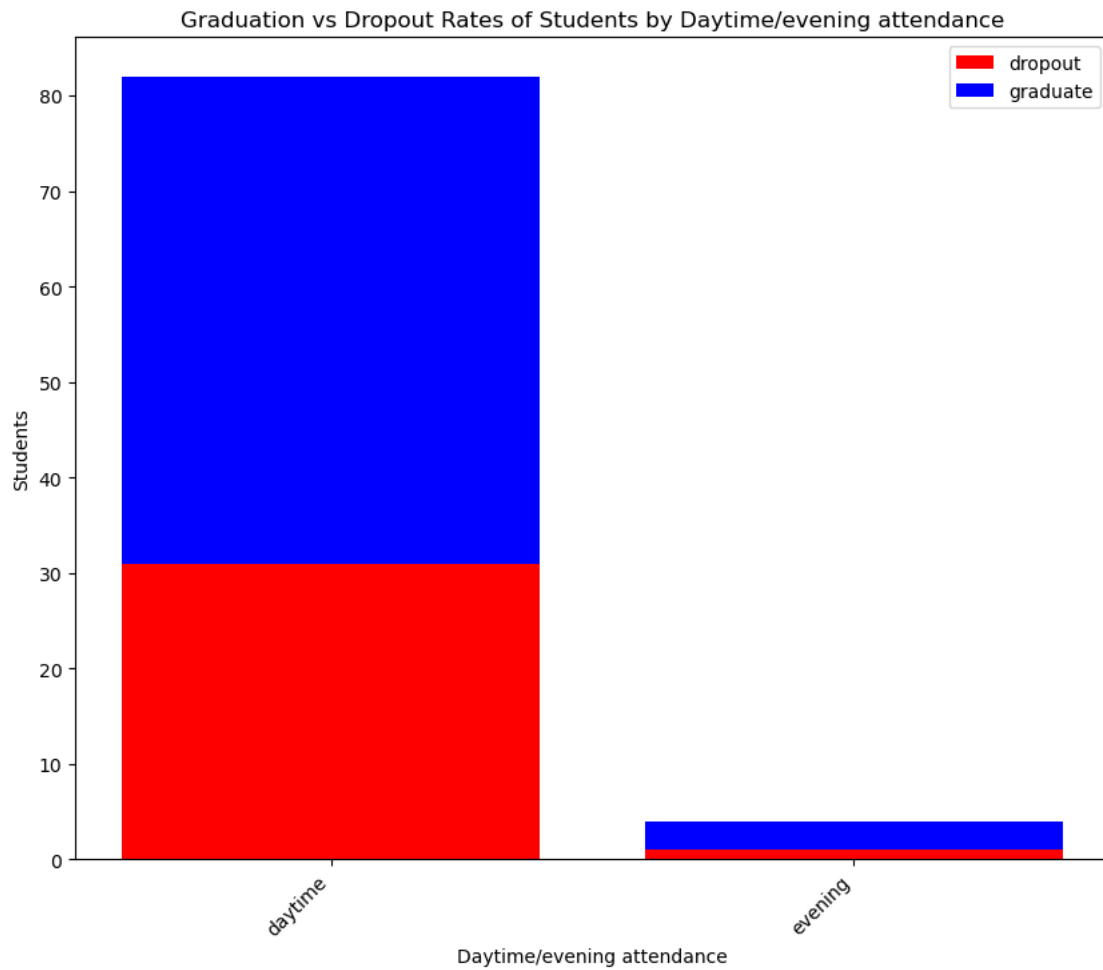
```
[7]: generate_general_stacked_bar_graph(finished_df, variable_map, 'Marital Status')
```



```
[8]: generate_general_stacked_bar_graph(finished_df, variable_map, 'Gender')
```

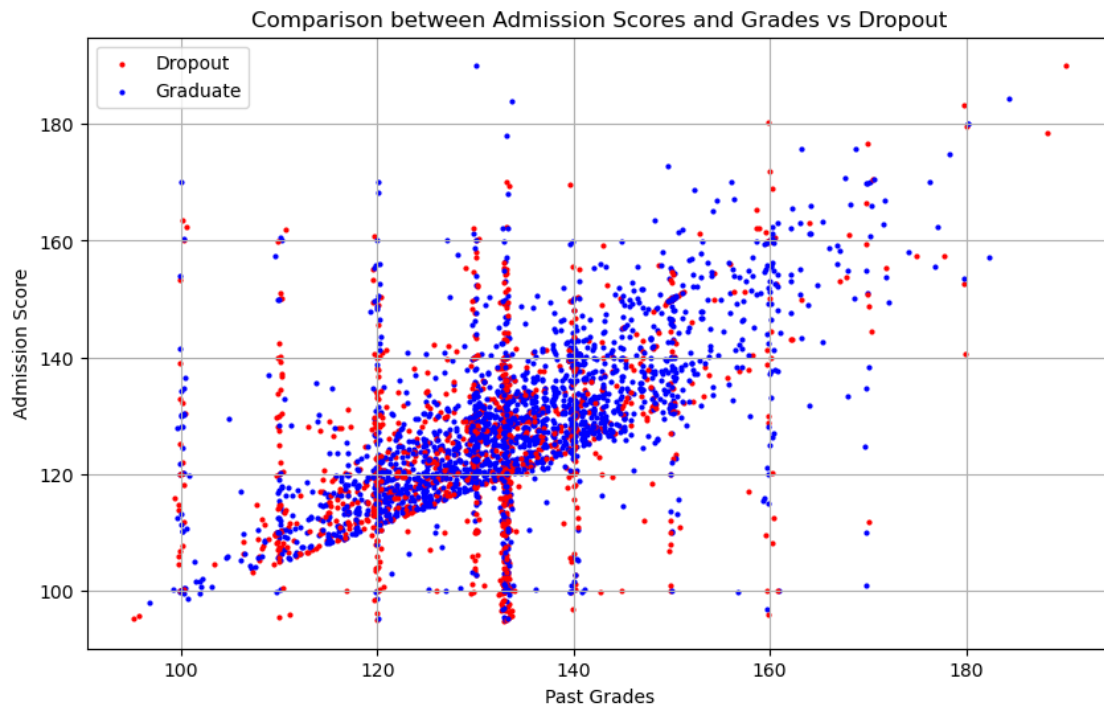


```
[9]: generate_general_stacked_bar_graph(finished_df, variable_map, 'Daytime/evening_↪attendance')
```

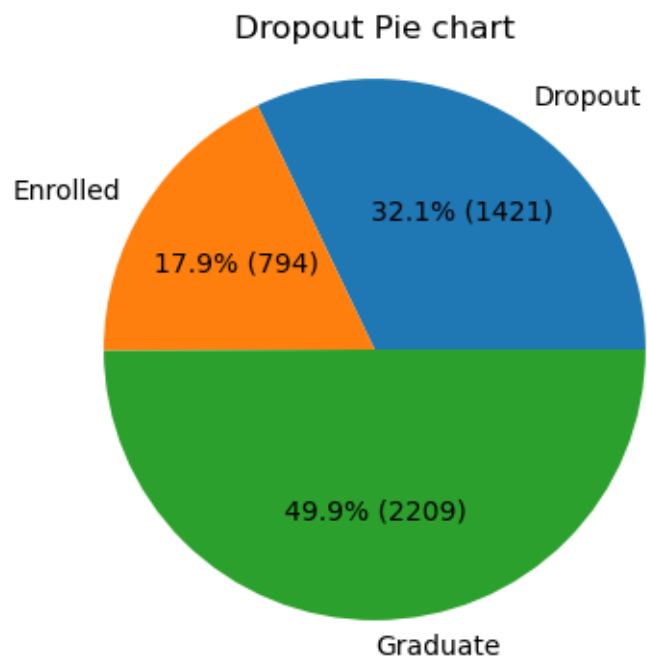


```
[10]: PREV_QUAL = 'Previous qualification (grade)'
      ADMISSION_GRADE = 'Admission grade'
      tmp = df[[PREV_QUAL, ADMISSION_GRADE, 'dropout']]
      finished_df = tmp[tmp['dropout'].isin(['Dropout', 'Graduate'])]

      jitter_plot(finished_df)
```

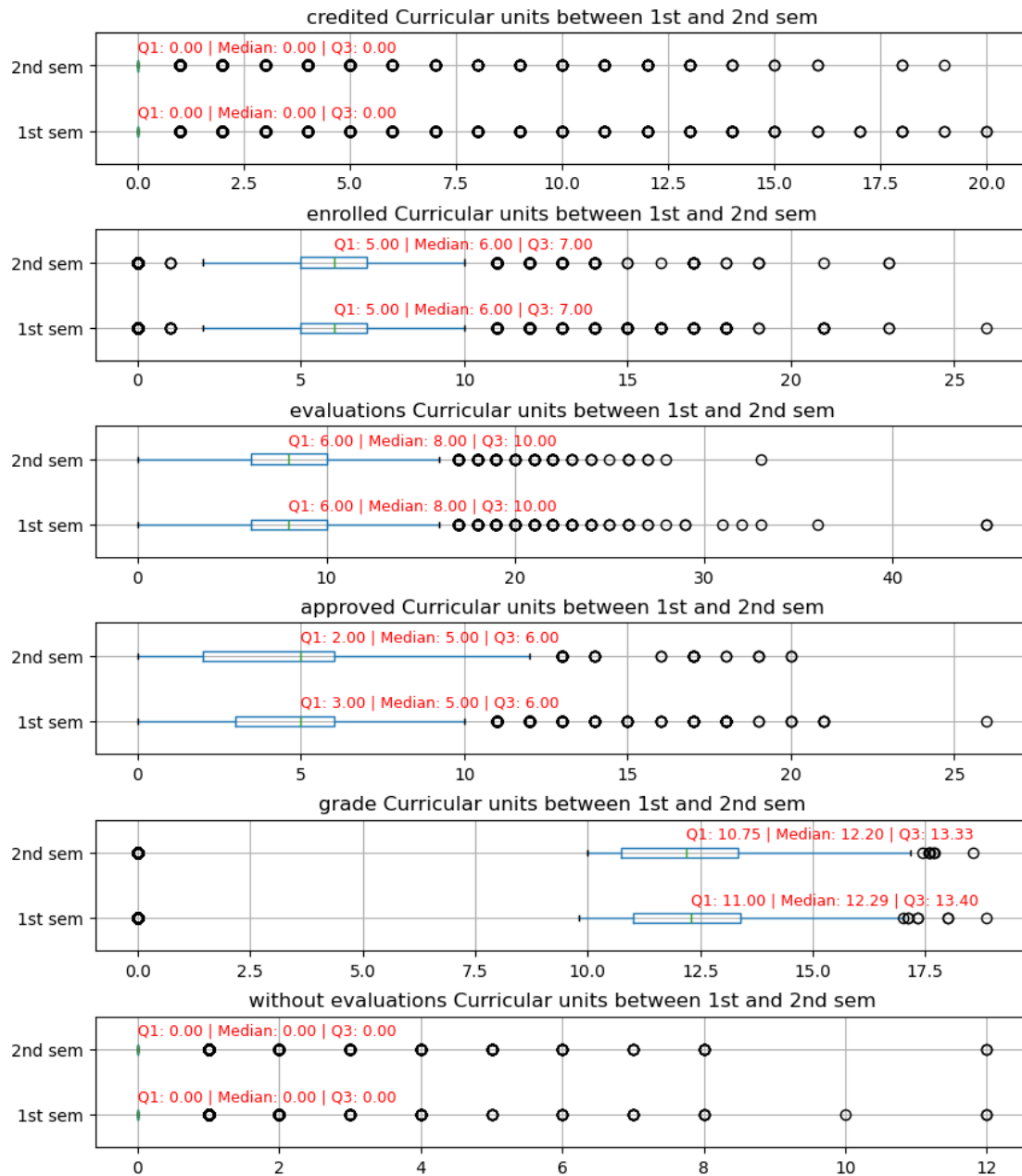



```
[11]: pie_chart(df['dropout'])
```



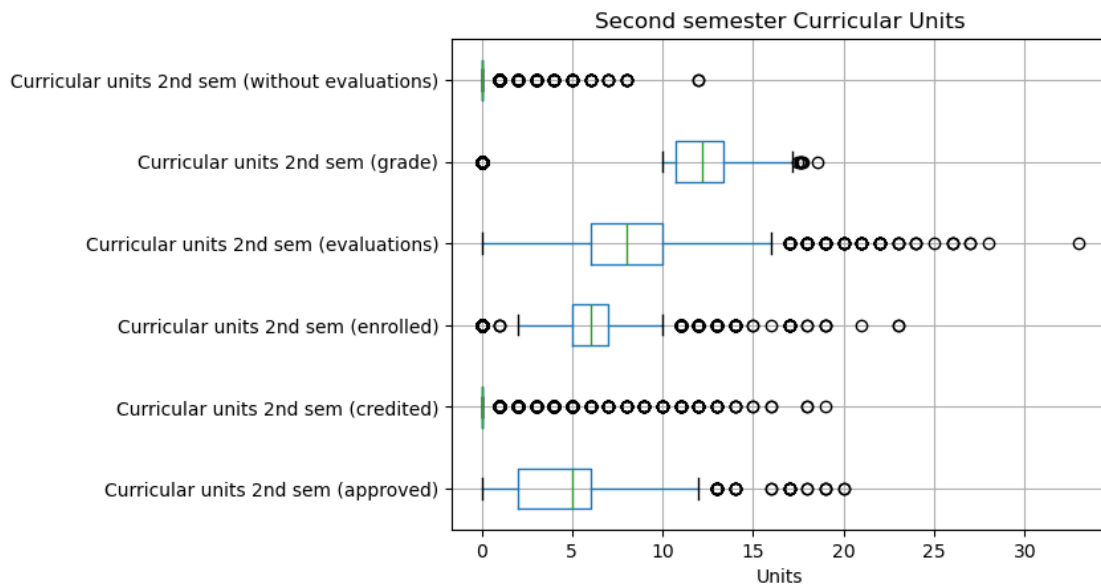
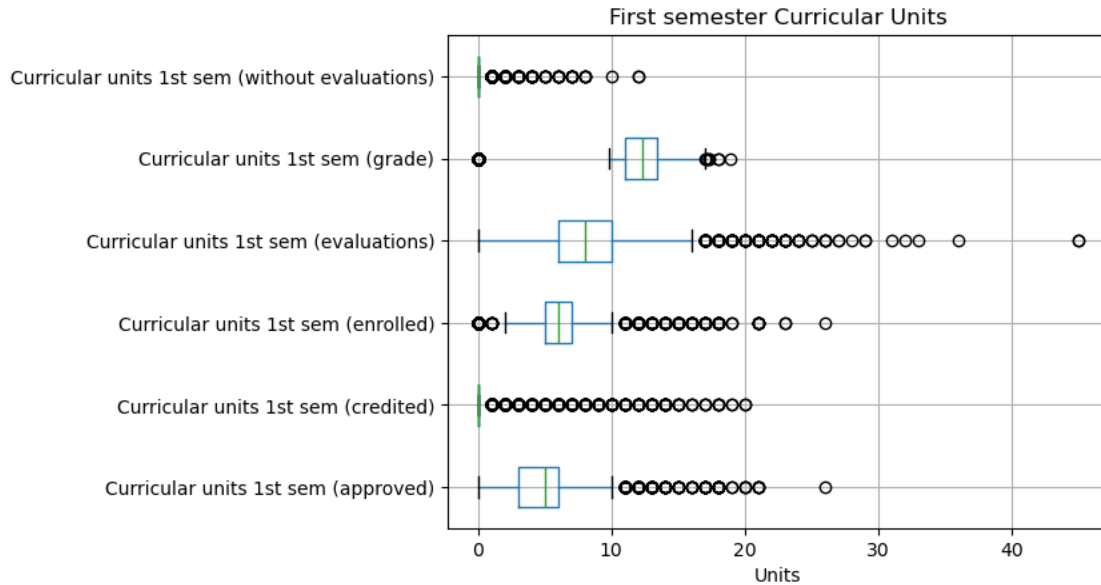
```
[12]: curriculum_units = [  
    "Curricular units 1st sem (credited)",  
    "Curricular units 2nd sem (credited)",  
    "Curricular units 1st sem (enrolled)",  
    "Curricular units 2nd sem (enrolled)",  
    "Curricular units 1st sem (evaluations)",  
    "Curricular units 2nd sem (evaluations)",  
    "Curricular units 1st sem (approved)",  
    "Curricular units 2nd sem (approved)",  
    "Curricular units 1st sem (grade)",  
    "Curricular units 2nd sem (grade)",  
    "Curricular units 1st sem (without evaluations)",  
    "Curricular units 2nd sem (without evaluations)",  
]  
first_sem_curriculum = {unit for unit in curriculum_units if '1' in unit}  
second_sem_curriculum = set(curriculum_units) - first_sem_curriculum  
  
plot_semester_compare_bp(df, curriculum_units)
```

Curricular Units between 1st and 2nd Semester



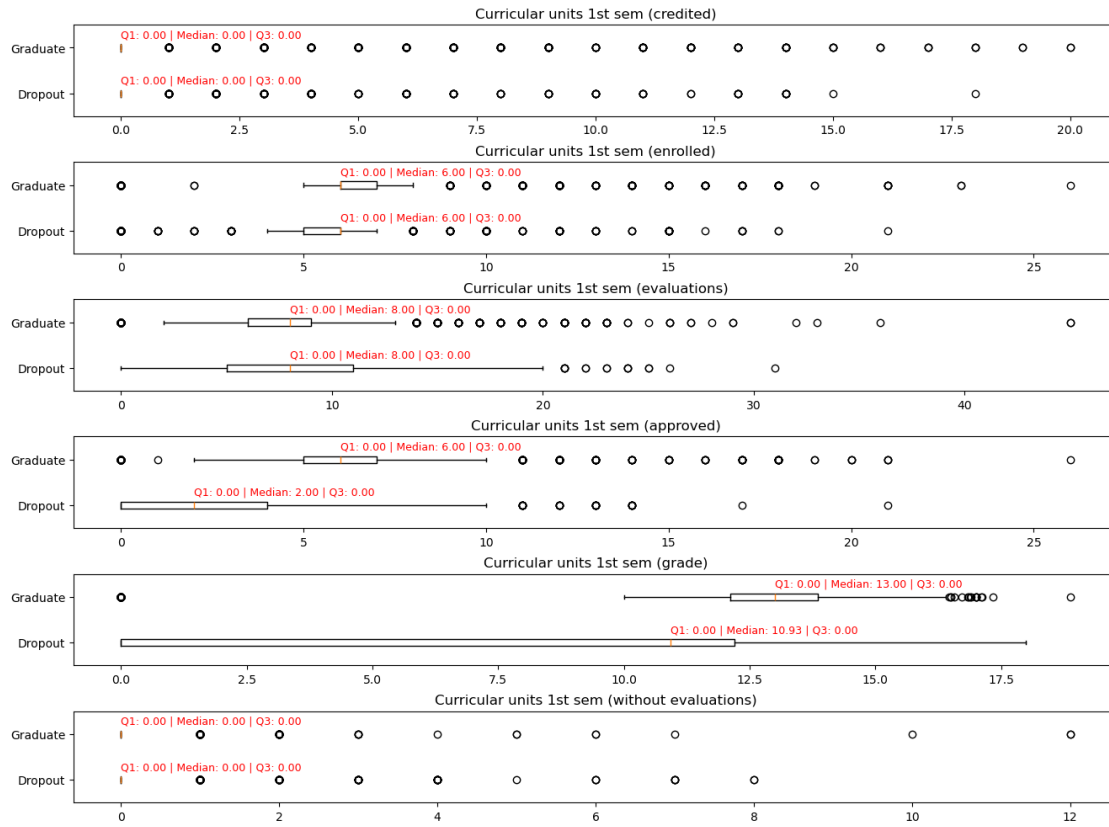
```
[13]: # will not plot first and semester comparison
df[sorted(list(first_sem_curriculum))].boxplot(vert=False)
plt.title("First semester Curricular Units")
plt.xlabel("Units")
plt.show()
```

```
df[sorted(list(second_sem_curriculum))].boxplot(vert=False)
plt.title("Second semester Curricular Units")
plt.xlabel("Units")
plt.show()
```

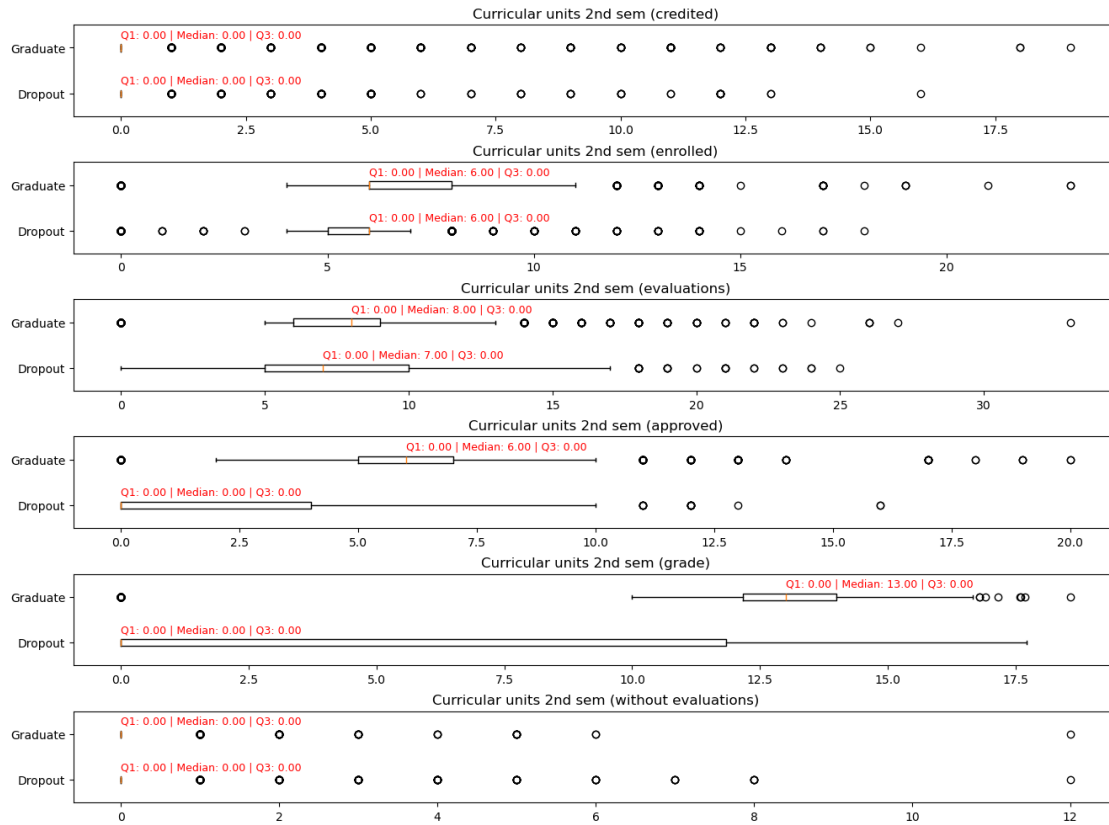


```
[14]: plot_grad_drop_compare_bp(df, curriculum_units, '1')
plot_grad_drop_compare_bp(df, curriculum_units, '2')
```

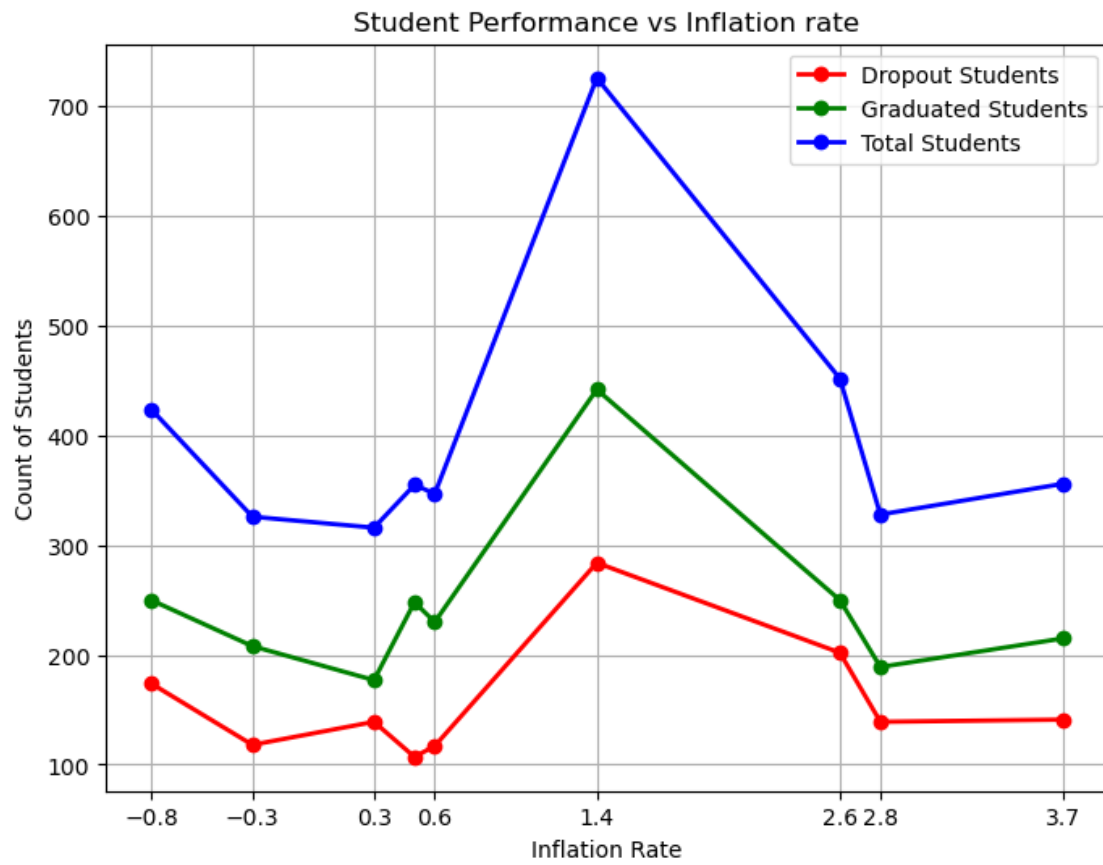
1st Semester Curricular Units by credits

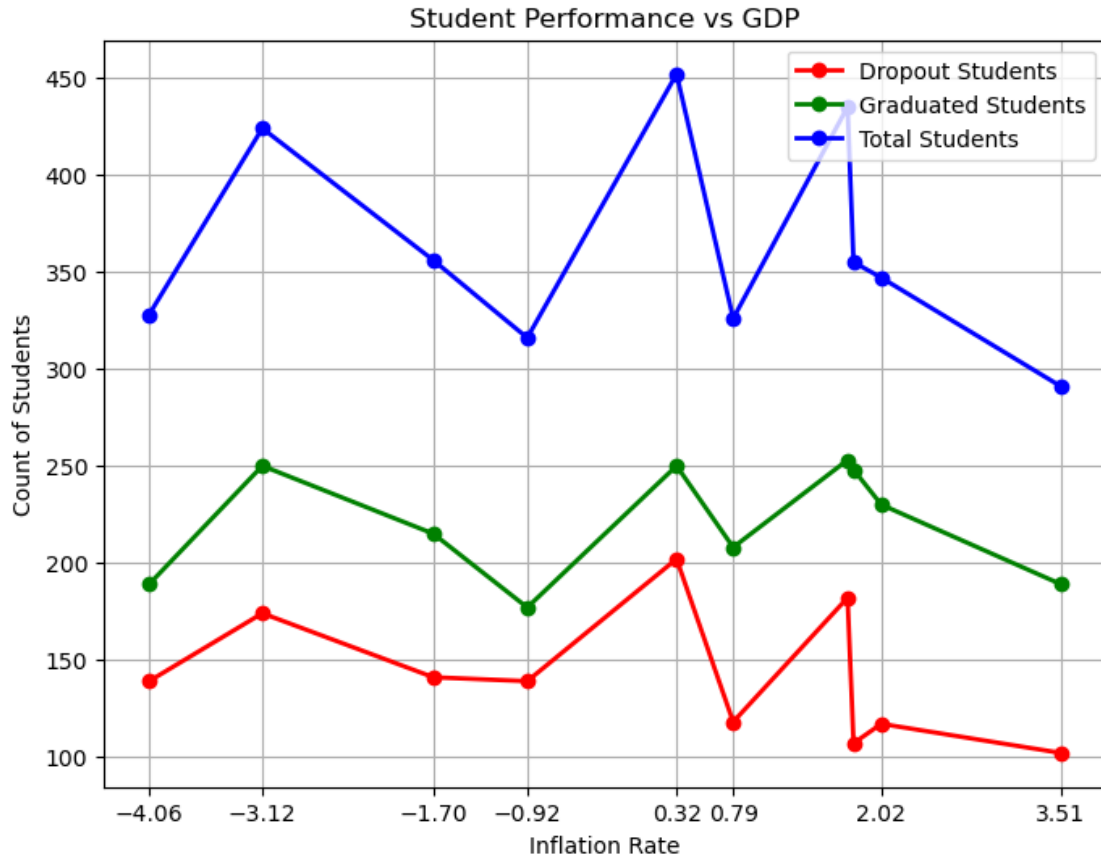


2nd Semester Curricular Units by credits



```
[15]: plot_line_graph(df, 'Inflation rate')
      plot_line_graph(df, 'GDP')
```





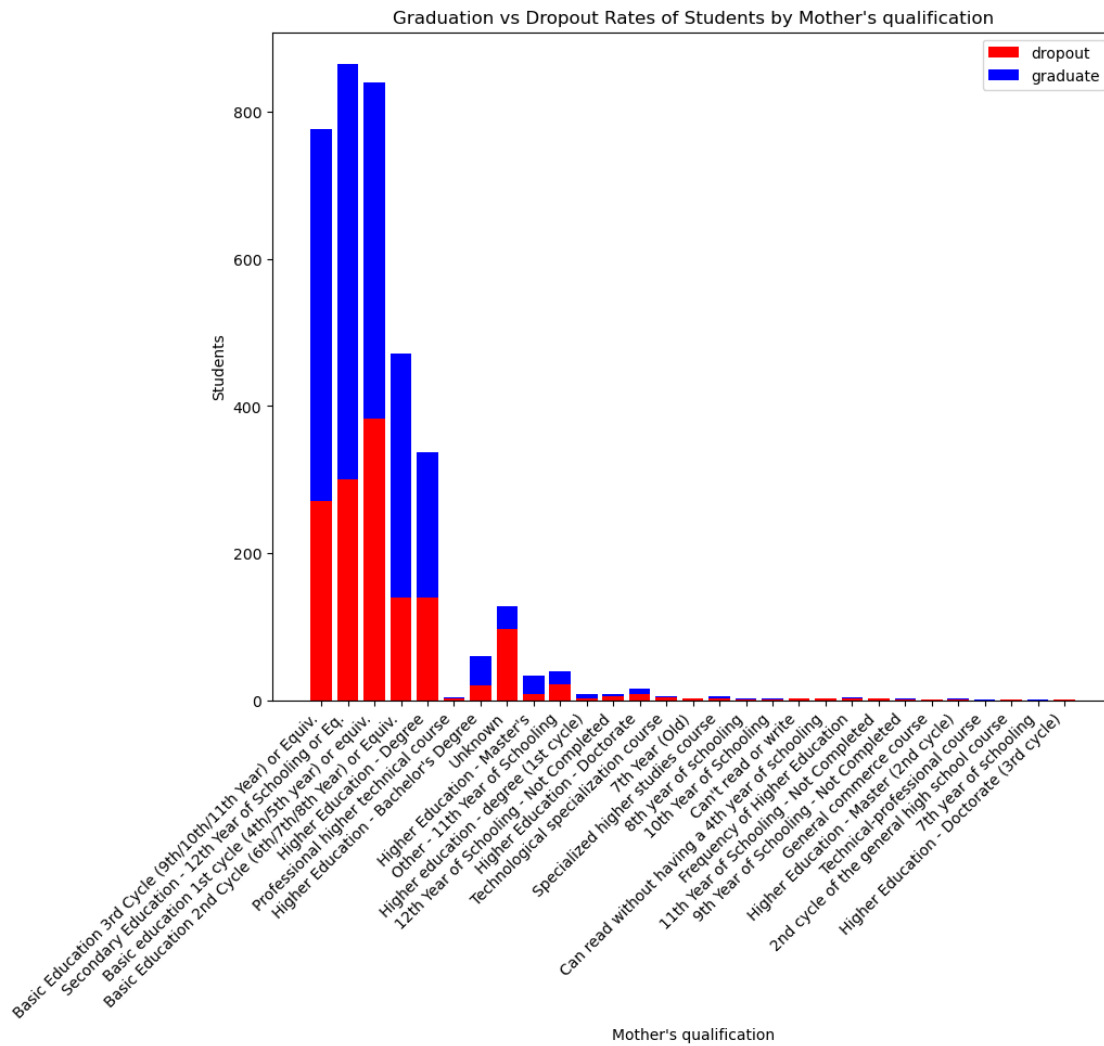
3 Affect of Parental Education on Student Performance

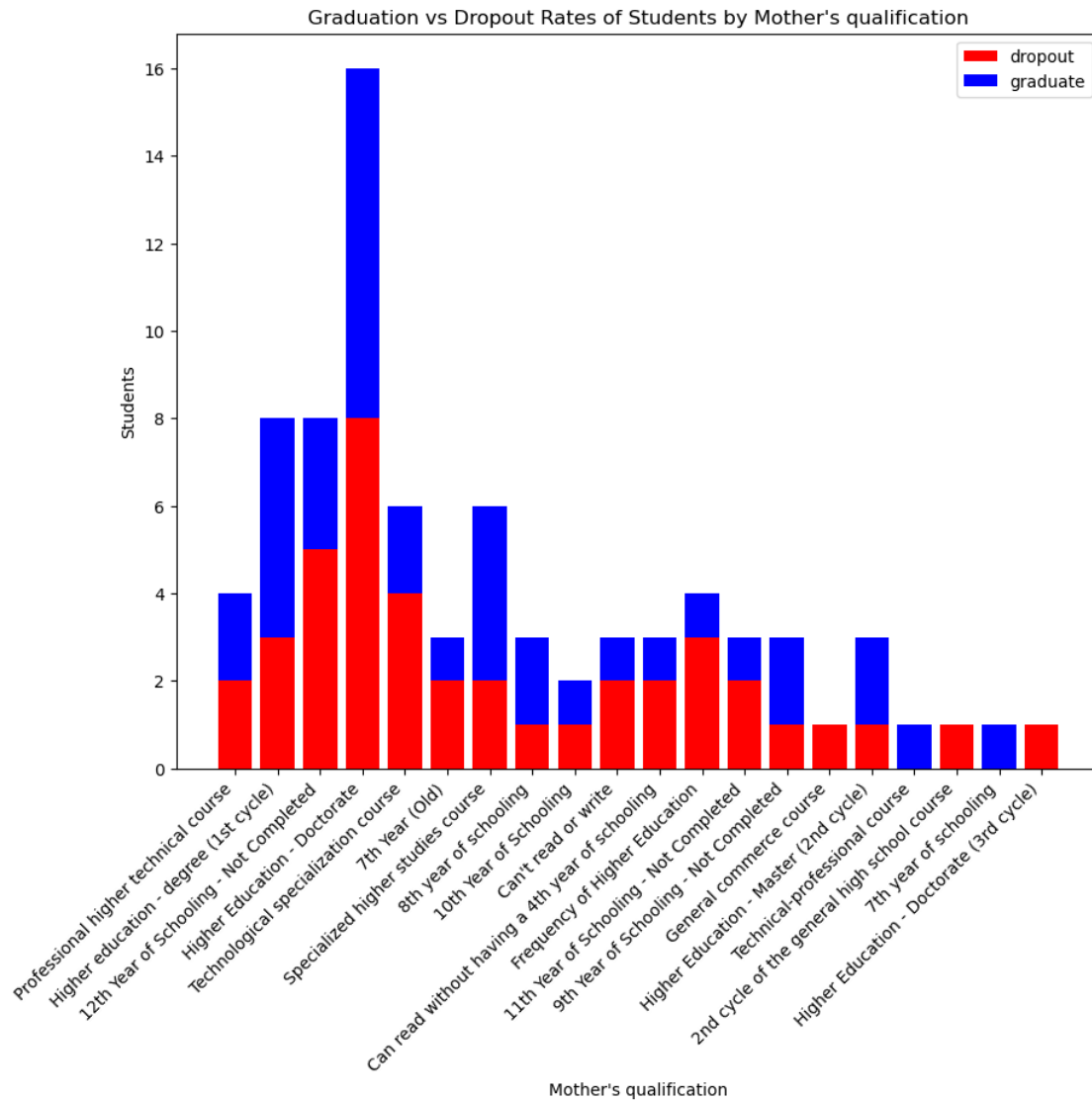
```
[16]: finished_df = df[df['dropout'].isin(['Dropout', 'Graduate'])]
# filtering out sample categories
mother_qual = finished_df['Mother\'s qualification'].value_counts()
low_mother_qual = list(filter(lambda qual: mother_qual[qual] > 20,
    ↪mother_qual.keys()))
high_mother_qual = list(filter(lambda qual: mother_qual[qual] < 20,
    ↪mother_qual.keys()))
low_finished_df = finished_df.loc[~(finished_df['Mother\'s qualification'].
    ↪isin(low_mother_qual))]
high_finished_df = finished_df.loc[~(finished_df['Mother\'s qualification'].
    ↪isin(high_mother_qual))]

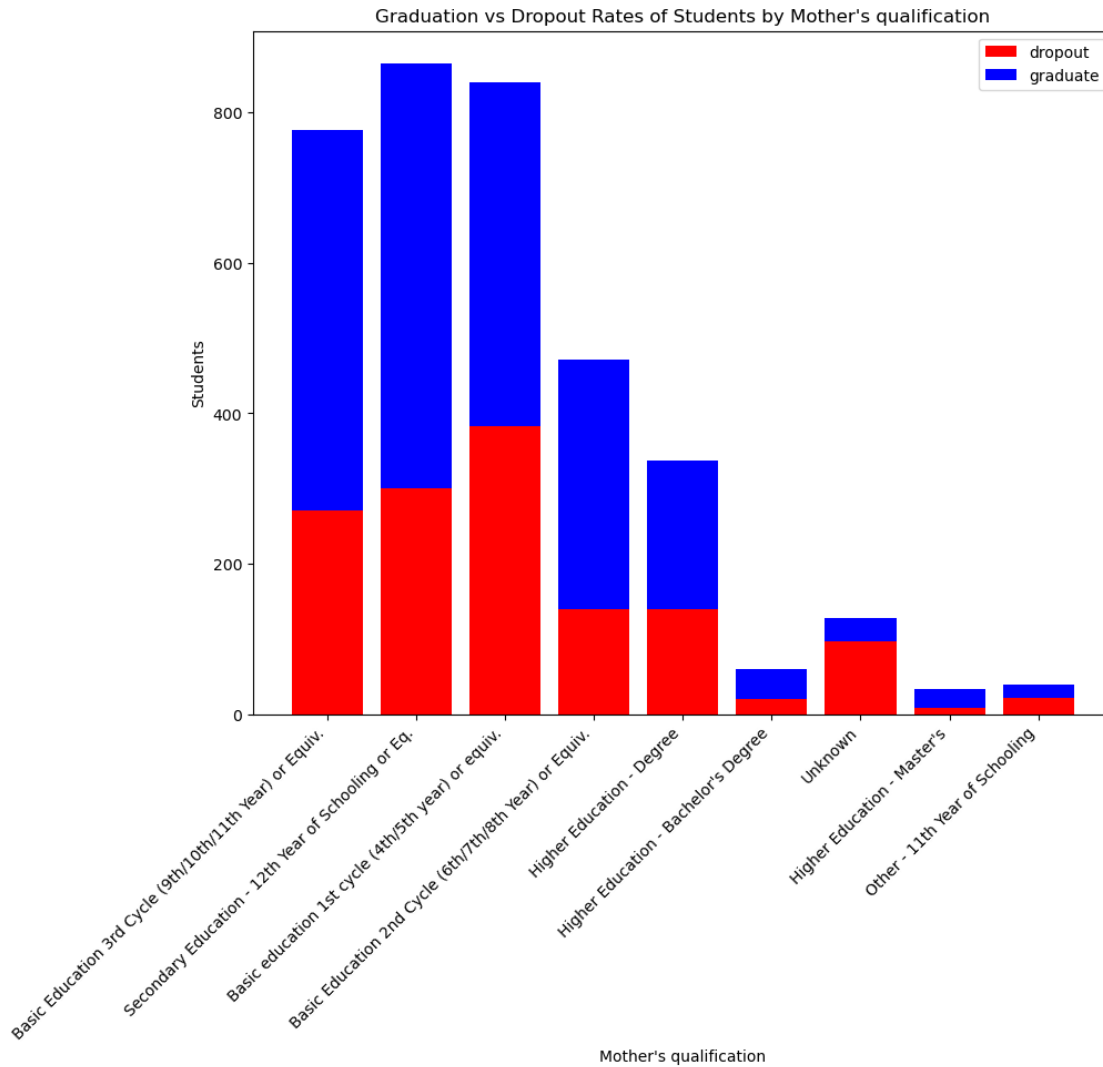
generate_general_stacked_bar_graph(finished_df, variable_map, 'Mother\'s_
    ↪qualification')
generate_general_stacked_bar_graph(low_finished_df, variable_map, 'Mother\'s_
    ↪qualification')
```



```
generate_general_stacked_bar_graph(high_finished_df, variable_map, 'Mother\'s_↵
↵qualification')
```







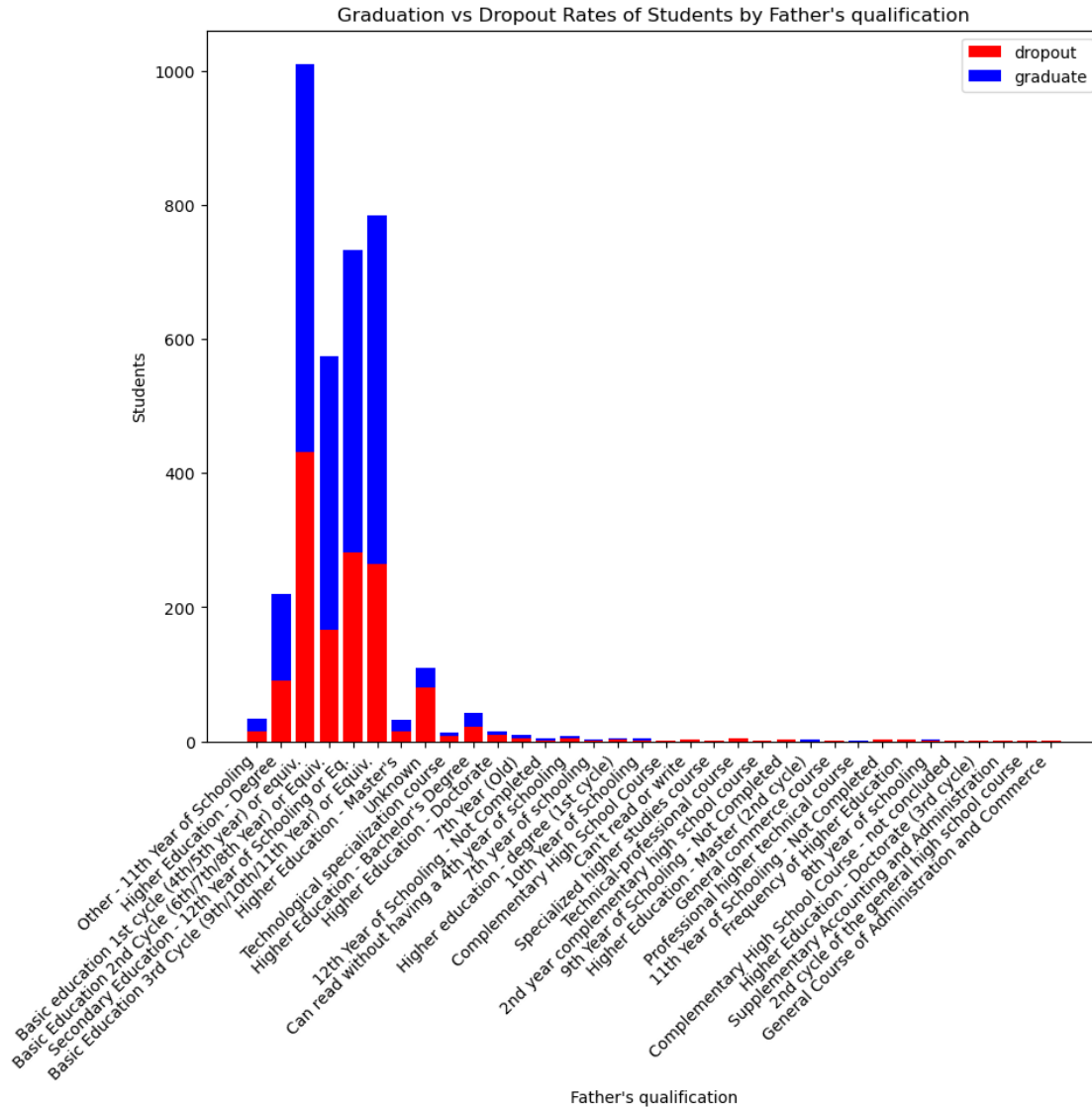
```
[17]: finished_df = df[df['dropout'].isin(['Dropout', 'Graduate'])]
# filtering out sample categories
father_qual = finished_df['Father\'s qualification'].value_counts()
low_mother_qual = list(filter(lambda qual: father_qual[qual] > 20,
    ↪ father_qual.keys()))
high_mother_qual = list(filter(lambda qual: father_qual[qual] < 20,
    ↪ father_qual.keys()))
low_finished_df = finished_df.loc[~(finished_df['Father\'s qualification'].
    ↪ isin(low_mother_qual))]
high_finished_df = finished_df.loc[~(finished_df['Father\'s qualification'].
    ↪ isin(high_mother_qual))]

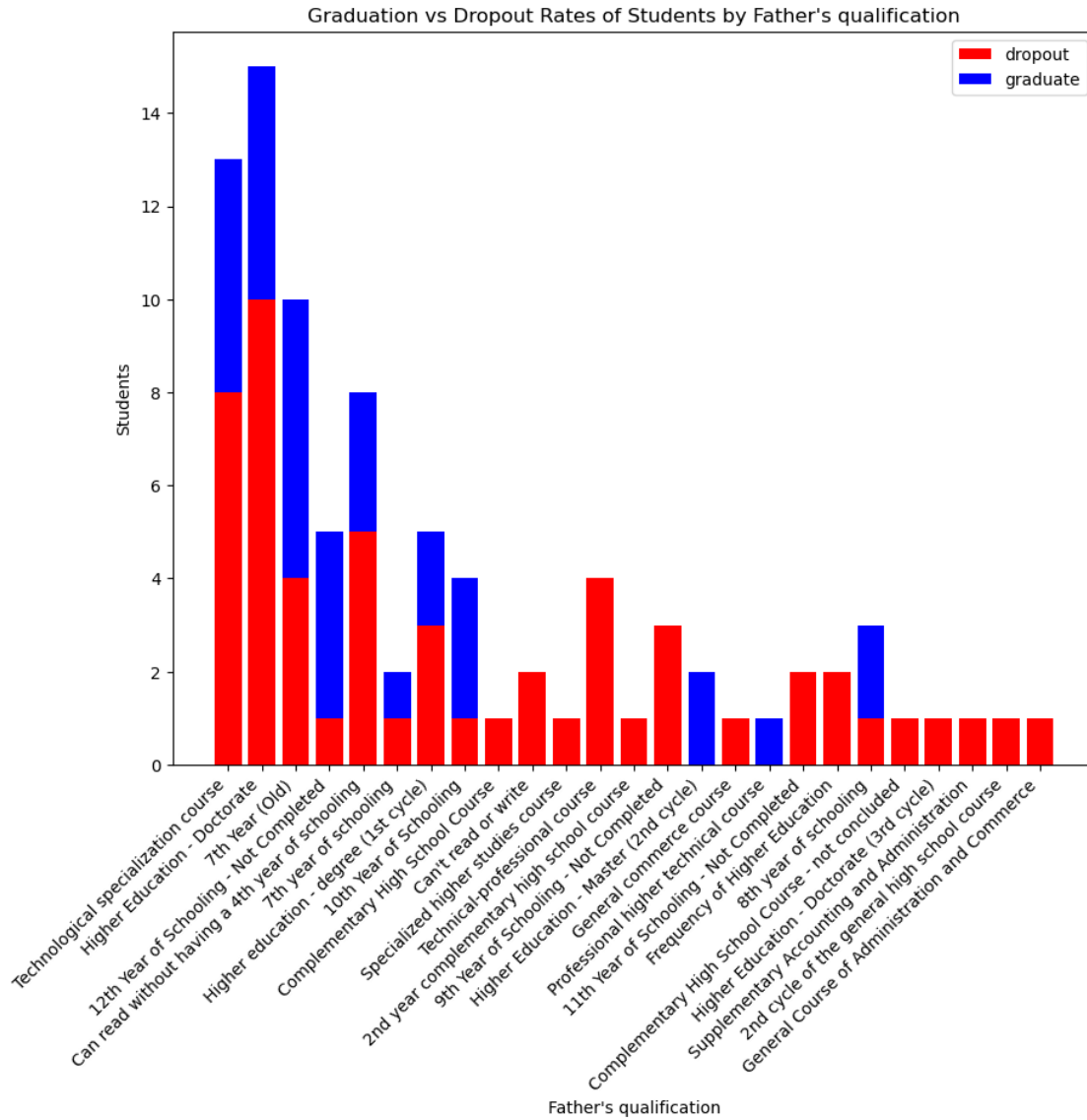
generate_general_stacked_bar_graph(finished_df, variable_map, 'Father\'s_
    ↪ qualification')
```

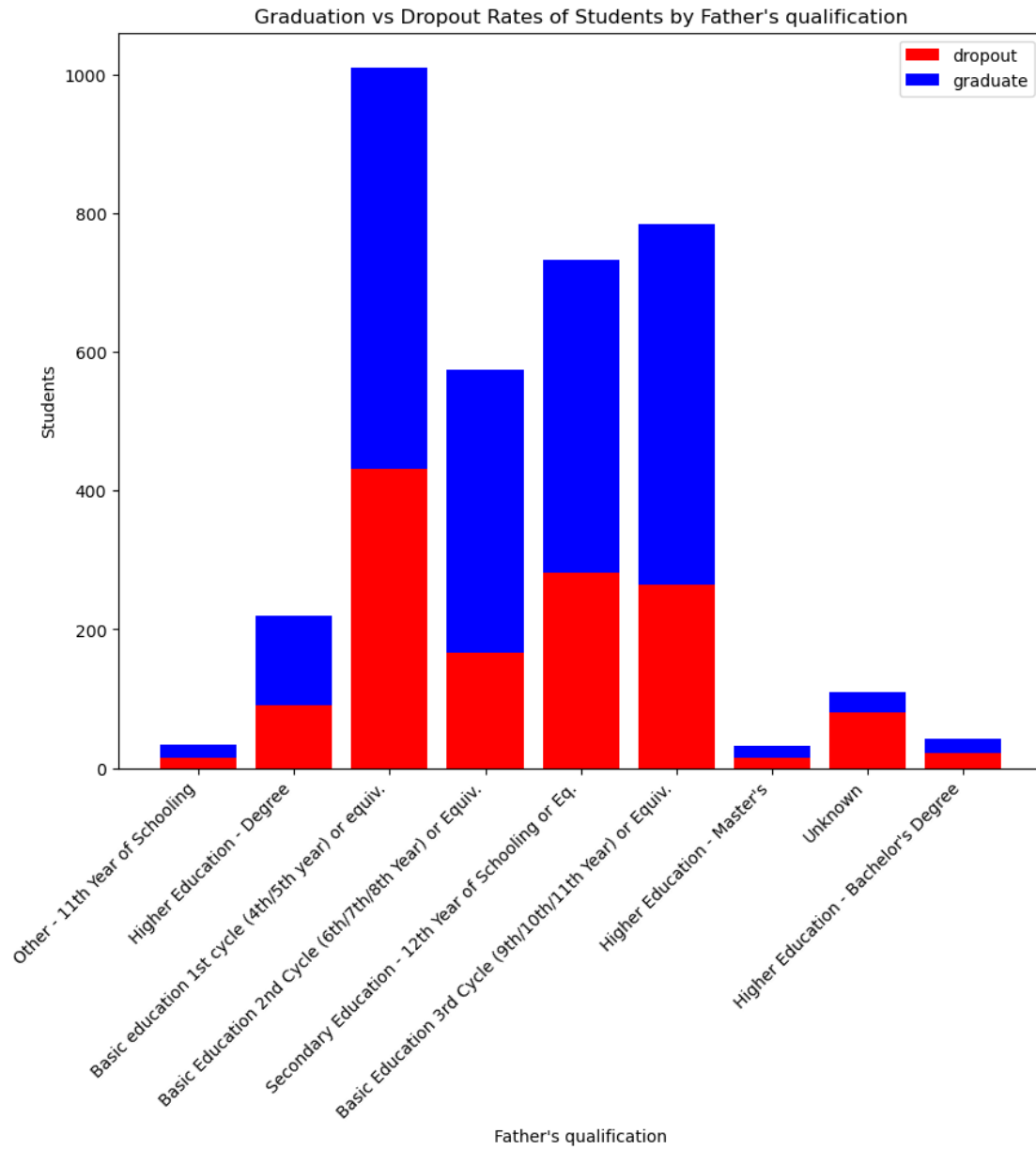
```

generate_general_stacked_bar_graph(low_finished_df, variable_map, 'Father\'s_
↳qualification')
generate_general_stacked_bar_graph(high_finished_df, variable_map, 'Father\'s_
↳qualification')

```







[17] :