

|        |  |
|--------|--|
| Nom    |  |
| Prénom |  |

|      |  |
|------|--|
| Note |  |
|------|--|

**Algorithmique**  
**INFO-SUP S1#**  
**Partiel n° 1 (P1)**  
**19 juin 2018 - 9 : 00**  
**Feuilles de réponses**

|   |  |
|---|--|
| 1 |  |
| 2 |  |
| 3 |  |
| 4 |  |
| 5 |  |

**Réponses 1 (Algorithmes de recherche – 3 points)**

1. Recherche séquentielle sans tenir compte de l'ordre :
2. Recherche séquentielle en tenant compte de l'ordre :
3. Recherche dichotomique :

**Réponses 2 (Séquences et dichotomie – 3 points)**

1. Séquences valides ?
 

|                                  |           |
|----------------------------------|-----------|
| (a) 50, 70, 2048, 75, 1500, 1024 | OUI – NON |
| (b) 50, 75, 2048, 70, 1500, 1024 | OUI – NON |
| (c) 2048, 50, 70, 75, 1500, 1024 | OUI – NON |
| (d) 50, 75, 70, 2048, 1500, 1024 | OUI – NON |

2. Principe :

---

---

---

---

---

---

**Réponses 3 (Liste itérative - 4 points)**

1. Quel est le nom de l'opération mystère ?

2. Fonction *mystere*(*L*) implémentant l'opération **en place** :

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

**Réponses 4 (What is it ? – 3 points)**

1. (a) `what([(0,0), (10,10), (20,20), (30,30)], 15)`

(b) `what([(0,0), (10,20), (20,40), (30,60)], 24)`

(c) `what([(0,0), (1, 10), (2,100), (3, 1000)], 2.5)`

(d) `what([(0,3), (1,6), (2,9), (3,10), (4,15)], 20)`

2. Que calcule `what(L, Y)` ?

---



---



---



---



---



---

**Réponses 5 (Tri par sélection (Select Sort) – 8 points)**

1. La fonction `minimum(L, d, f)` détermine la position de la valeur minimum dans la liste  $L$  entre les positions  $d$  et  $f$  comprises (avec  $0 \leq d < f \leq \text{len}(L)$ ).

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

2. La fonction `selectsort(L)` trie la liste  $L$  en ordre croissant **en place**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

3. Soit  $L$  une liste de longueur  $n$ , le tri par sélection de  $L$  effectue :

(a)  comparaisons ;

(b)  copies d'éléments.