OpenSTA

Command Line Arguments

The command line arguments for sta are shown below.

When OpenSTA starts up, commands are first read from the user initialization file ~/.sta if it exists. If a TCL command file cmd_file is specified on the command line, commands are read from the file and executed before entering an interactive TCL command interpreter. If -exit is specified the application exits after reading cmd_file . Use the TCL exit command to exit the application. The -threads option specifies how many parallel threads to use. Use -threads max to use one thread per processor.

Example Command Scripts

To read a design into OpenSTA use the read_liberty command to read Liberty library files. Next, read hierarchical structural Verilog files with the read_verilog command. The link_design command links the Verilog to the Liberty timing cells. Any number of Liberty and Verilog files can be read before linking the design.

Delays used for timing analysis are calculated using the Liberty timing models. If no parasitics are read only the pin capacitances of the timing models are used in delay calculation. Use the read_spef command to read parasitics from an extractor, or read_sdf to use delays calculated by an external delay calculator.

Timing constraints can be entered as TCL commands or read using the read_sdc command.

The units used by OpenSTA for all command arguments and reports are taken from the first Liberty file that is read. Use the set_cmd_units command to override the default units.

A sample command file that reads a library and a Verilog netlist and reports timing checks is shown below.

```
read_liberty example1_slow.lib
read_verilog example1.v
link_design top
read_sdf example1.sdf
create_clock -name clk -period 10 {clk1 clk2 clk3}
set_input_delay -clock clk 0 {in1 in2}
report_checks
```

This example can be found in examples/sdf_delays.tcl.

An example command script using three process corners and +/-10% min/max derating is shown below.

```
define_corners wc typ bc
read_liberty -corner wc example1_slow.lib
read_liberty -corner typ example1_typ.lib
read_liberty -corner bc example1_fast.lib
read_verilog example1.v
link_design top
set_timing_derate -early 0.9
set_timing_derate -late 1.1
create_clock -name clk -period 10 {clk1 clk2 clk3}
set_input_delay -clock clk 0 {in1 in2}
report_checks -path_delay min_max
report_checks -corner typ
```

This example can be found in examples/spef_parasitics.tcl. Other examples can be found in the examples directory.

Power Analysis

OpenSTA also supports static power analysis with the report_power command. Probabalistic switching activities are propagated from the input ports to determine switching activities for internal pins.

```
read_liberty sky130hd_tt.lib
read_verilog gcd_sky130hd.v
link_design gcd
read_sdc gcd_sky130hd.sdc
read_spef gcd_sky130hd.spef
set_power_activity -input -activity 0.1
set_power_activity -input_port reset -activity 0
report_power
```

In this example the activity for all inputs is set to 0.1, and then the activity for the reset signal is set to zero because it does not switch during steady state operation.

Group	Internal Power	Switching Power	Leakage Power	Total Power	(Watts)
Sequential Combinational Macro Pad	3.11e-04 1.74e-04 0.00e+00 0.00e+00	4.31e-05 2.92e-04 0.00e+00 0.00e+00	2.96e-10 6.98e-10 0.00e+00 0.00e+00	3.54e-04 4.66e-04 0.00e+00 0.00e+00	43.2% 56.8% 0.0% 0.0%
Total	4.85e-04 59.2%	3.35e-04 40.8%	9.94e-10 0.0%	8.20e-04	100.0%

This example can be found in examples/power.tcl.

Gate level simulation results can be used to get a more accurate power estimate. For example, the Icarus verilog simulator can be used to run the test bench examples/gcd_tb.v for the gcd design in the previous example.

```
iverilog -o gcd_tb gcd_tb.v
vvp gcd_tb
```

The test bench writes the VCD (Value Change Data) file gcd_sky130hd.vcd which can then be read with the read_power_activities command.

```
read_liberty sky130hd_tt.lib
read_verilog gcd_sky130hd.v
link_design gcd
read_sdc gcd_sky130hd.sdc
read_spef gcd_sky130hd.spef
read_power_activities -scope gcd_tb/gcd1 -vcd gcd_sky130hd.vcd
report_power
```

This example can be found in examples/power_vcd.tcl.

Group	Internal Power	Switching Power	Leakage Power	Total Power ((Watts)
Sequential Combinational Macro Pad	3.05e-04 1.48e-04 0.00e+00 0.00e+00	3.84e-05 2.79e-04 0.00e+00 0.00e+00	2.96e-10 6.98e-10 0.00e+00 0.00e+00		44.6% 55.4% 0.0% 0.0%
Total	4.53e-04 58.8%	3.18e-04 41.2%	9.94e-10 0.0%	7.71e-04 1	L00.0%

Note that in this simple example design simulation based activities does not significantly change the results.

TCL Interpreter

Keyword arguments to commands may be abbreviated. For example,

```
report_checks -unique
```

is equivalent to the following command.

```
report_checks -unique_paths_to_endpoint
```

Commands

all clocks

The all_clocks command returns a list of all clocks that have been defined.

all_inputs

The all_inputs command returns a list of all input and bidirect ports of the current design.

all_outputs

The all_outputs command returns a list of all output and bidirect ports of the design.

all_registers	<pre>[-clock clock_names] [-cells -data_pins -clock_pins -async_pins</pre>
-clock <i>clock_names</i>	A list of clock names. Only registers clocked by these clocks are returned.
-cells	Return a list of register instances.
-data_pins	Return the register data pins.
-clock_pins	Return the register clock pins.
-async_pins	Return the register set/clear pins.
-output_pins	Return the register output pins.
-level_sensitive	Return level-sensitive latches.
-edge_triggered	Return edge-triggered registers.

The all_registers command returns a list of register instances or register pins in the design. Options allow the list of registers to be restricted in various ways. The -clock keyword restrcts the registers to those that are clocked by a set of clocks. The -cells option returns the list of registers or latches (the default). The --data_pins, -clock_pins, -async_pins and -output_pins options cause all_registers to return a list of register pins rather than instances.

check_setup	[-verbose]
	[-unconstrained_endpoints]
	[-multiple_clock]
	[-no_clock]
	[-no_input_delay]
	[-loops]
	[-generated_clocks]
	[> filename]
	[>> filename]
-verbose	Show offending objects rather than just error counts.
-unconstrained_endpoints	Check path endpoints for timing constraints (timing check or set_output_delay).

-multiple_clock Check register/latch clock pins for multiple clocks.

-no_clock Check register/latch clock pins for a clock.

- loops Check for combinational logic loops.

-generated_clocks Check that generated clock source pins have been defined as clocks.

The check_setup command performs sanity checks on the design. Individual checks can be performed with the keywords. If no check keywords are specified all checks are performed.

connect_pin

port|pin

net A net to add connections to.

port A port to connect to net.

Pin A pin to connect to net.

The connect_pin command connects a port or instance pin to a net.

create_clock -period period

[-name clock_name]
[-waveform edge_list]

[-add]
[pin_list]

-period *period* The clock period.

-name *clock_name* The name of the clock.

-waveform <code>edge_list</code> A list of edge rise and fall time.

- add Add this clock to the clocks on *pin_list*.

pin_list A list of pins driven by the clock.

The create_clock command defines the waveform of a clock used by the design.

If no *pin_list* is specified the clock is *virtual*. A virtual clock can be referred to by name in input arrival and departure time commands but is not attached to any pins in the design.

If no clock name is specified the name of the first pin is used as the clock name.

If a wavform is not specified the clock rises at zero and falls at half the clock period. The waveform is a list with time the clock rises as the first element and the time it falls as the second element.

If a clock is already defined on a pin the clock is redefined using the new clock parameters. If multiple clocks drive the same pin, use the -add option to prevent the existing definition from being overwritten.

The following command creates a clock with a period of 10 time units that rises at time 0 and falls at 5 time units on the pin named clk1.

```
create_clock -period 10 clk1
```

The following command creates a clock with a period of 10 time units that is high at time zero, falls at time 2 and rises at time 8. The clock drives three pins named clk1, clk2, and clk3.

create_clock -period 10 -waveform {8 2} -name clk {clk1 clk2 clk3}

create_generated_clock	[-name clock_name]
	-source master_pin
	<pre>[-master_clock master_clock]</pre>
	[-divide_by divisor]
	<pre>[-multiply_by multiplier]</pre>
	<pre>[-duty_cycle duty_cycle]</pre>
	[-invert]
	[-edges <i>edge_list</i>]
	<pre>[-edge_shift shift_list]</pre>
	[-add]
	pin_list
-name clock_name	The name of the generated clock.
-source master_pin	A pin or port in the fanout of the master clock that is the source of the generated clock.
-master_clock master_clock	Use -master_clock to specify which source clock to use when multiple clocks are present on <i>master_pin</i> .
-divide_by <i>divisor</i>	Divide the master clock period by divisor.
-multiply_by <i>multiplier</i>	Multiply the master clock period by multiplier.
-duty_cycle duty_cycle	The percent of the period that the generated clock is high (between 0 and 100).
-invert	Invert the master clock.
-edges <i>edge_list</i>	List of master clock edges to use in the generated clock. Edges are numbered from 1. $edge_list$ must be 3 edges long.

-edge_shift shift_list Not supported.

-add Add this clock to the existing clocks on *pin_list*.

pin_list A list of pins driven by the generated clock.

The create_generated_clock command is used to generate a clock from an existing clock definition. It is used to model clock generation circuits such as clock dividers and phase locked loops.

The -divide_by, -multiply_by and -edges arguments are mutually exclusive.

The -multiply_by option is used to generate a higher frequency clock from the source clock. The period of the generated clock is divided by multiplier. The clock multiplier must be a positive integer. If a duty cycle is specified the generated clock rises at zero and falls at period * duty_cycle / 100. If no duty cycle is specified the source clock edge times are divided by multiplier.

The -divide_by option is used to generate a lower frequency clock from the source clock. The clock divisor must be a positive integer. If the clock divisor is a power of two the source clock period is multiplied by divisor, the clock rise time is the same as the source clock, and the clock fall edge is one half period later. If the clock divisor is not a power of two the source clock waveform edge times are multiplied by divisor.

The -edges option forms the generated clock waveform by selecting edges from the source clock waveform.

If the -invert option is specified the waveform derived above is inverted.

If a clock is already defined on a pin the clock is redefined using the new clock parameters. If multiple clocks drive the same pin, use the -add option to prevent the existing definition from being overwritten.

In the example show below generates a clock named gclk1 on register output pin r1/0 by dividing it by four.

```
create_clock -period 10 -waveform {1 8} clk1
create_generated_clock -name gclk1 -source clk1 -divide_by 4 r1/Q
```

The generated clock has a period of 40, rises at time 1 and falls at time 21.

In the example shown below the duty cycle is used to define the derived clock waveform.

The generated clock has a period of 5, rises at time .5 and falls at time 3.

In the example shown below the first, third and fifth source clock edges are used to define the derived clock waveform.

```
create_generated_clock -name gclk1 -source clk1 -edges {1 3 5} r1/0
```

The generated clock has a period of 20, rises at time 1 and falls at time 11.

create_voltage_area [-name name]

[-coordinate coordinates]
[-guard_band_x guard_x]
[-guard_band_y guard_y]
cells

This command is parsed and ignored by timing analysis.

current_design [design]

current_instance [instance]

instance Not supported.

corner The name of a delay calculation corner.

Use the define_corners command to define the names of multiple process/temperature/voltage corners. The define_corners command must follow set_operating_conditions -analysis_type and precede any reference to the corner names and can only appear once in a command file. There is no support for re-defining corners.

For analysis type single, each corner has one delay calculation result and early/late path arrivals. For analysis type best_case/worst_case and on_chip_variation, each corner has min/max delay calculation results and early/late path arrivals.

delete_clock [-all] clocks

c locks A list of clocks to remove.

delete_from_list list objects

list A list of objects.

objects A list of objects to delete from list.

delete_generated_clock [-all] clocks

clocks A list of generated clocks to remove.

instance Instance to delete.

The network editing command delete_instance removes an instance from the design.

nets Nets to delete.

The network editing command delete_net removes a net from the design.

port | pin | -all

net The net to disconnect pins from.

port A port to connect to net.

pin A pin to connect to *net*.

-all Disconnect all pins from the net.

Disconnects a port or pin from a net. Parasitics connected to the pin are deleted.

elapsed_run_time

Returns the total clock run time in seconds as a float.

find_timing_paths	[-from from_list
	-rise_from from_list
	-fall_from from_list]
	[-through through_list
	-rise_through <i>through_list</i>
	-fall_through <i>through_list</i>]
	[-to to_list
	-rise_to to_list
	-fall_to <i>to_list</i>]
	[-unconstrained]
	<pre>[-path_delay min min_rise min_fall</pre>
	max max_rise max_fall
	min_max]
	[-group_count <i>path_count</i>]
	<pre>[-endpoint_count endpoint_path_count]</pre>
	[-unique_paths_to_endpoint]
	[-corner corner]
	[-slack_max max_slack]
	[-slack_min <i>min_slack</i>]
	[-sort_by_slack]
	[-path_group groups]
-from from_list	Return paths from a list of clocks, instances, ports, register clock pins, or latch data pins.
-rise_from from_list	Return paths from the rising edge of clocks, instances, ports, register clock pins, or latch data pins.
-fall_from <i>from_list</i>	Return paths from the falling edge of clocks, instances, ports, register clock pins, or latch data pins.
-through <i>through_list</i>	Return paths through a list of instances, pins or nets.
-rise_through through_list	Return rising paths through a list of instances, pins or nets.
-fall_through through_list	Return falling paths through a list of instances, pins or nets.
-to to_list	Return paths to a list of clocks, instances, ports or pins.
-rise_to to_list	Return rising paths to a list of clocks, instances, ports or pins.
-fall_to to_list	Return falling paths to a list of clocks, instances, ports or pins.
-unconstrained	Return unconstrained paths.
-path_delay min	Return min path (hold) checks.

-path_delay min_rise	Return min path (hold) checks for rising endpoints.
-path_delay min_fall	Return min path (hold) checks for falling endpoints.
-path_delay max	Return max path (setup) checks.
-path_delay max_rise	Return max path (setup) checks for rising endpoints.
-path_delay max_fall	Return max path (setup) checks for falling endpoints.
-path_delay min_max	Return max and max path (setup and hold) checks.
-group_count path_count	The number of paths to return in each path group.
-endpoint_count endpoint_path_count	The number of paths to return for each endpoint.
-unique_paths_to_endpoint	Return multiple paths to an endpoint that traverse different pins without showing multiple paths with different rise/fall transitions.
-corner <i>corner</i>	Return paths for one process corner.
-slack_max max_slack	Return paths with slack less than max_slack.
-slack_min <i>min_slack</i>	Return paths with slack greater than min_slack.
-sort_by_slack	Sort paths by slack rather than slack within path groups.
-path_group <i>groups</i>	Return paths in path groups. Paths in all groups are returned if this option is not specified.

The $find_timing_paths$ command returns a list of path objects for scripting. Use the $get_property$ function to access properties of the paths.

get_cells	[-hierarchical]
	[-hsc separator]
	[-filter <i>expr</i>]
	[-regexp]
	[-nocase]
	[-quiet]
	[-of_objects objects]
	[patterns]
-hierarchical	Searches hierarchy levels below the current instance for matches.

-hsc separator Character to use to separate hierarchical instance names in patterns.

-filter *expr* A filter expression of the form

 $attribute == | \sim = pattern$

where attribute is an attribute supported by the get_property command.

-regexp Use regular expression matching instead of glob pattern matching.

-nocase Ignore case when matching. Only valid with -regexp.

-quiet Do not warn if no matches are found.

-of_objects objects The name of a pin or net, a list of pins returned by get_pins, or a list of nets

returned by get_nets. The -hierarchical option cannot be used with

-of_objects.

patterns A list of instance name patterns.

The get_cells command returns a list of all cell instances that match patterns.

get_clocks	[-regexp]
	[-nocase]
	[-quiet]
	patterns
-regexp	Use regular expression matching instead of glob pattern matching.
-nocase	Ignore case when matching. Only valid with -regexp.
-quiet	Do not warn if no matches are found.
patterns	A list of clock name patterns.

The get_clocks command returns a list of all clocks that have been defined.

get_fanin	-to sink_list
	[-flat]
	[-only_cells]
	[-startpoints_only]
	[-levels level_count]
	[-pin_levels <i>pin_count</i>]
	[-trace_arcs timing enabled all]

-to sink_list	List of pins, ports, or nets to find the fanin of. For nets, the fanin of driver pins on the nets are returned.
-flat	With -flat pins in the fanin at any hierarchy level are returned. Without -flat only pins at the same hierarchy level as the sinks are returned.
-only_cells	Return the instances connected to the pins in the fanin.
-startpoints_only	Only return pins that are startpoints.
-level level_count	Only return pins within level_count instance traversals.
-pin_levels pin_count	Only return pins within pin_count pin traversals.
-trace_arcs timing	Only trace through timing arcs that are not disabled.
-trace_arcs enabled	Only trace through timing arcs that are not disabled.
-trace_arcs all	Trace through all arcs, including disabled ones.

The get_fanin command returns traverses the design from $sink_list$ pins, ports or nets backwards and return the fanin pins or instances.

get_fanout	-from source_list
3 0 0_1 0	[-flat]
	[-only_cells]
	[-endpoints_only]
	[-levels level_count]
	[-pin_levels pin_count]
	[-trace_arcs timing enabled all]
-from source_list	List of pins, ports, or nets to find the fanout of. For nets, the fanout of load pins on the nets are returned.
-flat	With -flat pins in the fanin at any hierarchy level are returned. Without -flat only pins at the same hierarchy level as the sinks are returned.
-only_cells	Return the instances connected to the pins in the fanout.
-endpoints_only	Only return pins that are endpoints.
-level <i>level_count</i>	Only return pins within <code>level_count</code> instance traversals.
-pin_levels <i>pin_count</i>	Only return pins within pin_count pin traversals.
-trace_arcs timing	Only trace through timing arcs that are not disabled.

-trace_arcs_enabled Only trace through timing arcs that are not disabled.

-trace_arcs all Trace through all arcs, including disabled ones.

The get_fanout command returns traverses the design from <code>source_list</code> pins, ports or nets backwards and return the fanout pins or instances.

Return the name of *object*. Equivalent to [get_property *object* full_name].

get_lib_cells	[-of_objects objects]	
	[-hsc separator]	
	[-regexp]	
	[-nocase]	
	[-quiet]	
	patterns	
-of_objects objects	A list of instance objects.	
-hsc separator	Character that separates the library name and cell name in <i>patterns</i> . Defaults to '/'.	
-regexp	Use regular expression matching instead of glob pattern matching.	
-nocase	Ignore case when matching. Only valid with -regexp.	
-quiet	Do not warn if no matches are found.	
patterns	A list of library cell name patterns of the form library_name/cell_name.	

The get_lib_cells command returns a list of library cells that match *pattern*. The library name can be prepended to the cell name pattern with the *separator* character, which defaults to hierarchy_separator.

get_lib_pins	[-hsc separator]
	[-regexp]
	[-nocase]
	[-quiet]
	patterns

-hsc separator	Character that separates the library name, cell name and port name in <i>pattern</i> . Defaults to '/'.
-regexp	Use regular expression matching instead of glob pattern matching.
-nocase	Ignore case when matching. Only valid with -regexp.
-quiet	Do not warn if no matches are found.
patterns	A list of library port name patterns of the form library_name/cell_name/port_name.

The get_lib_pins command returns a list of library ports that match *pattern*. Use *separator* to separate the library and cell name patterns from the port name in *pattern*.

get_libs	[-regexp]
900_1200	[-nocase]
	[-quiet]
	patterns
-regexp	Use regular expression matching instead of glob pattern matching.
-nocase	Ignore case when matching. Only valid with -regexp.
-quiet	Do not warn if no matches are found.
patterns	A list of library name patterns.

The get_libs command returns a list of clocks that match *patterns*.

get_nets	[-hierarchical]
	[-hsc separator]
	[-regexp]
	[-nocase]
	[-quiet]
	[-of_objects objects]
	[patterns]
-hierarchical	Searches hierarchy levels below the current instance for matches.
-hsc separator	Character that separates the library name, cell name and port name in pattern. Defaults to '/'.
-regexp	Use regular expression matching instead of glob pattern matching.

-nocase Ignore case when matching. Only valid with -regexp.

-quiet Do not warn if no matches are found.

-of_objects objects The name of a pin or instance, a list of pins returned by get_pins, or a list of

instances returned by get_cells. The -hierarchical option cannot be

A library, cell, port, instance, pin or timing arc object.

used with -of_objects.

patterns A list of net name patterns.

The get_nets command returns a list of all nets that match patterns.

Return the name of *object*. Equivalent to [get_property *object* name].

get_pins [-hierarchical]

object

[-hsc separator]
[-filter expr]

[-regexp]
[-nocase]
[-quiet]

[-of_objects objects]

[patterns]

-hierarchical Searches hierarchy levels below the current instance for matches.

-hsc separator Character that separates the library name, cell name and port name in

pattern. Defaults to '/'.

-regexp Use regular expression matching instead of glob pattern matching.

-nocase Ignore case when matching. Only valid with -regexp.

-quiet Do not warn if no matches are found.

-of_objects objects The name of a net or instance, a list of nets returned by get_nets, or a list of

instances returned by get_cells. The -hierarchical option cannot be

used with -of_objects.

patterns A list of pin name patterns.

The get_pins command returns a list of all instance pins that match *patterns*.

A useful idiom to find the driver pin for a net is the following.

get_pins -of_objects [get_net net_name] -filter "direction == output"

get_ports	[-filter expr]
	[-regexp]
	[-nocase]
	[-quiet]
	[-of_objects objects]
	[patterns]
-filter <i>expr</i>	A filter expression of the form
,	attribute == ~= pattern
	where <i>attribute</i> is an attribute supported by the get_property command.
-regexp	Use regular expression matching instead of glob pattern matching.
-nocase	Ignore case when matching. Only valid with -regexp.
-quiet	Do not warn if no matches are found.
-of_objects <i>objects</i>	The name of net or a list of nets returned by get_nets.
patterns	A list of port name patterns.

The get_ports command returns a list of all top level ports that match patterns.

get_property	<pre>[-object_type object_type] object property</pre>
-object_type object_type	The type of <i>object</i> when it is specified as a name. cell pin net port clock library library_cell library_pin timing_arc
object	An object returned by get_cells, get_pins, get_nets, get_ports, get_clocks, get_libs, get_lib_cells, get_lib_pins, or get_timing_arcs, or object nameobject_type is required if object is a name.
property	A property name.

The properties for different objects types are shown below.

```
cell (SDC lib_cell)
   base_name
   filename
   full_name
   library
   name
clock
   full_name
   is_generated
   name
   period
   propagated
   sources
edge
   delay_max_fall
   delay_min_fall
   delay_max_rise
   delay_min_rise
   full_name
   from_pin
   sense
   to_pin
instance (SDC cell)
   cell
   full_name
   ref_name
   liberty_cell
   name
liberty_cell (SDC lib_cell)
   area
   base_name
   dont_use
   filename
   full_name
   is_buffer
   is_inverter
   library
   name
liberty_port (SDC lib_pin)
   capacitance
   direction
   drive_resistance
   drive_resistance_max_fall
```

```
drive_resistance_max_rise
   drive_resistance_min_fall
   drive_resistance_min_rise
   full_name
   intrinsic_delay
   intrinsic_delay_max_fall
   intrinsic_delay_max_rise
   intrinsic_delay_min_fall
   intrinsic_delay_min_rise
   is_register_clock
   lib_cell
   name
library
   filename (Liberty library only)
   name
   full_name
net
   full_name
   name
path (PathEnd)
   endpoint
   endpoint_clock
   endpoint_clock_pin
   slack
   startpoint
   startpoint_clock
   points
pin
   activity
   slew_max_fall
   slew_max_rise
   slew_min_fall
   slew_min_rise
   clocks
   direction
   full_name
   is_register_clock
   lib_pin_name
   name
   slack_max
   slack_max_fall
   slack_max_rise
   slack_min
   slack_min_fall
   slack_min_rise
```

port

```
activity
   slew_max_fall
   slew_max_rise
   slew_min_fall
   slew_min_rise
   direction
   full_name
   liberty_port
   name
   slack_max
   slack_max_fall
   slack_max_rise
   slack_min
   slack_min_fall
   slack_min_rise
point (PathRef)
   arrival
   pin
   required
   slack
```

get_timing_edges [-from from_pins]

[-to to_pins]

[-of_objects objects]

[-filter expr]
[patterns]

-from from_pin A list of pins.

-to to_pin A list of pins.

-of_objects objects A list of instances or library cells. The -from and -to options cannot be used

with -of_objects.

-filter expr A filter expression of the form

attribute ==|~= pattern

where *attribute* is an attribute supported by the get_property command.

The get_timing_edges command returns a list of timing edges (arcs) to, from or between pins. The result can be passed to get_property or set_disable_timing.

group_path	<pre>-name group_name [-weight weight] [-critical_range range] [-from from_list -rise_from from_list -fall_from from_list] [-through through_list] [-rise_through through_list] [-fall_through through_list] [-fall_through through_list] [-to to_list -rise_to to_list -fall_to to_list]</pre>
-name <i>group_name</i>	The name of the path group.
-weight <i>weight</i>	Not supported.
-critical_range range	Not supported.
-from from_list	Group paths from a list of clocks, instances, ports, register clock pins, or latch data pins.
-rise_from from_list	Group paths from the rising edge of clocks, instances, ports, register clock pins, or latch data pins.
-fall_from <i>from_list</i>	Group paths from the falling edge of clocks, instances, ports, register clock pins, or latch data pins.
-through <i>through_list</i>	Group paths through a list of instances, pins or nets.
-rise_through through_list	Group rising paths through a list of instances, pins or nets.
-fall_through through_list	Group falling paths through a list of instances, pins or nets.
-to to_list	Group paths to a list of clocks, instances, ports or pins.
-rise_to to_list	Group rising paths to a list of clocks, instances, ports or pins.
-fall_to <i>to_list</i>	Group falling paths to a list of clocks, instances, ports or pins.

The group_path command is used to group paths reported by the report_checks command. See set_false_path for a description of allowed $from_list$, $through_list$ and to_list objects.

link_design	[cell_name]
cell name	The top level module/cell name of the design hierarchy to link.

Link (elaborate, flatten) the top level cell *cell_name*. The design must be linked after reading netlist and library files. The default value of *cell_name* is the current design.

The linker creates empty "block box" cells for instances the reference undefined cells when the variable link_create_black_boxes is true. When link_create_black_boxes is false an error is reported and the link fails.

The link_design command returns 1 if the link succeeds and 0 if it fails.

make_instance	inst_path lib_cell
inst_path	A hierarchical instance name.
lib_cell	The library cell of the new instance.

The make_instance command makes an instance of library cell lib_cell.

make_net	net_name_list
net_name_list	A list of net names.

Creates a net for each hierarchical net name.

read_liberty	[-corner corner]
	[-min]
	[-max]
	[-no_latch_infer]
	filename
-corner corner	Use the library for process corner corner delay calculation.
-min	Use library for min delay calculation.
-max	Use library for max delay calculation.
filename	The liberty file name to read.

The read_liberty command reads a Liberty format library file. The first library that is read sets the units used by SDC/TCL commands and reporting. The include_file attribute is supported.

Cells that have a triad of timing arcs between three pins as shown below are inferred as latches:

```
cell (infered_latch) {
  pin(D) {
    direction : input ;
    timing () {
      related_pin : "E" ;
      timing_type : setup_falling ;
    timing () {
      related_pin : "E" ;
      timing_type : hold_falling ;
    }
  }
  pin(E) {
    direction : input;
  pin(Q) {
    direction : output ;
    timing () {
      related_pin : "D" ;
    timing () {
      related_pin : "E" ;
      timing_type : rising_edge ;
    }
  }
}
```

In this example a positive level-sensitive latch is inferred.

When the read_liberty -no_latch_infer flag is used latches are not inferenced. If a cell has the interface_timing true attribute, no latches are inferred in the cell.

Files compressed with gzip are automatically uncompressed.

read_power_activities	[-scope scope] -vcd filename
scope	The VCD scope of the current design to extract simulation data. Typically the test bench name and design under test instance name. Scope levels are separated with $^\prime/^\prime$.
-vcd filename	The name of the VCD file to read

The read_power_activities command reads a VCD (Value Change Dump) file from a Verilog simulation and extracts pin activities and duty cycles for use in power estimation. Files compressed with gzip are supported. Annotated activities are propagated to the fanout of the annotated pins.

read_sdc [-echo]

filename

-echo Print each command before evaluating it.

filename SDC command file.

Read SDC commands from filename.

The read_sdc command stops and reports any errors encountered while reading a file unless sta_continue_on_error is 1.

Files compressed with gzip are automatically uncompressed.

read_sdf [-corner corner]

[-unescaped_dividers]

filename

-corner *corner* Process corner delays to annotate.

-unescaped_dividers With this option path names in the SDF do not have to escape hierarchy

dividers when the path name is escaped. For example, the escaped Verilog name "\inst1/inst2" can be referenced as "inst1/inst2". The correct SDF name is "inst1Vinst2", since the divider does not represent a change in hierarchy in

this case.

filename The name of the SDF file to read.

Read SDF delays from a file. The min and max values in the SDF tuples are used to annotate the delays for *corner*. The typical values in the SDF tuples are ignored. If multiple corners are defined -corner must be specified.

Files compressed with gzip are automatically uncompressed.

INCREMENT is supported as an alias for INCREMENTAL.

The following SDF statements are not supported.

PORT

INSTANCE wildcards

read_spef	[-min]
	[-max]
	[-path path]
	[-corner corner]
	[-keep_capacitive_coupling]
	[-coupling_reduction_factor factor]
	[-reduce_to pi_elmore pi_pole_residue2]
	[-delete_after_reduce]
	[-quiet]
	filename
-min	Annotate parasitics for min delays.
-max	Annotate parasitics for max delays.
path	Hierarchical block instance path to annotate with parasitics.
-corner <i>corner</i>	Annotate parasitics for one process corner.
-keep_capacitive_coupling	Keep coupling capacitors in parasitic networks rather than converting them to grounded capacitors.
<pre>-coupling_reduction_factor factor</pre>	Factor to multiply coupling capacitance by when reducing parasitic networks. The default value is 1.0.
-reduce_to elmore	Reduce detailed parasitics to a PI/Elmore as each net is read.
-reduce_to pi_pole_residue2	Reduce detailed parasitics to a PI/Pole residue model as each net is read.
-delete_after_reduce	Delete the detailed parasitic network after reducing it.
-quiet	Do not print error or warning messages.
-save	Save the parasitics database after reading it (OpenAccess only).

The read_spef command reads a file of net parasitics in SPEF format. Use the -report_parasitic_annotation command to check for nets that are not annotated.

Files compressed with gzip are automatically uncompressed.

filename

Separate parasitics can be annotated for corners and \min and \max paths using the -corner, - \min and - \max arguments.

The name of the parasitics file to read.

With the -reduce_to and -delete_after_reduce options, parasitic networks are reduced after each net is read, substantially reducing the memory footprint required to store the parasitics.

Coupling capacitors are multiplied by the -coupling_reduction_factor when a parasitic network is reduced.

The following SPEF constructs are ignored.

```
*DESIGN_FLOW (all values are ignored)
```

*D driving cell

*I pin capacitances (library cell capacitances are used instead)

*Q r_net load poles

*K r net load residues

If the SPEF file contains triplet values the first value is used.

Parasitic networks (DSPEF) can be annotated on hierarchical blocks using the -path argument to specify the instance path to the block. Parasitic networks in the higher level netlist are stitched together at the hierarchical pins of the blocks.

read_verilog	filename
filename	The name of the verilog file to read.

The read_verilog command reads a gate level verilog netlist. After all verilog netlist and Liberty libraries are read the design must be linked with the link_design command.

Verilog 2001 module port declaratations are supported. An example is shown below.

Files compressed with gzip are automatically uncompressed.

replace_cell	<pre>instance_list replacement_cell</pre>
instance_list	A list of instances to swap the cell.
replacement_cell	The replacement lib cell.

The replace_cell command changes the cell of an instance. The replacement cell must have the same port list (number, name, and order) as the instance's existing cell for the replacement to be successful.

^{*}S slews

report_annotated_check	[-setup]
	[-hold] [-recovery]
	[-removal]
	[-nochange]
	[-width] [-period]
	[-max_skew]
	[-max_line lines]
	[-list_annotated]
	[-list_not_annotated]
	[-constant_arcs]
-setup	Report annotated setup checks.
-hold	Report annotated hold checks.
-recovery	Report annotated recovery checks.
-removal	Report annotated removal checks.
-nochange	Report annotated nochange checks.
-width	Report annotated width checks.
-period	Report annotated period checks.
-max_skew	Report annotated max skew checks.
-max_line lines	Maximum number of lines listed by the -list_annotated and
	-list_not_annotated options.
-list_annotated	List annotated timing arcs.
-list_not_annotated	List unannotated timing arcs.
-constant_arcs	Report separate annotation counts for arcs disabled by logic constants (set_logic_one, set_logic_zero).

The report_annotated_check command reports a summary of SDF timing check annotation. The -list_annotated and -list_not_annotated options can be used to list arcs that are annotated or not annotated.

report_annotated_delay	<pre>[-cell] [-net] [-from_in_ports] [-to_out_ports] [-max_line lines] [-list_annotated] [-list_not_annotated]</pre>
-cell	[-constant_arcs] Report annotated cell delays.
-net	Report annotated internal net delays.
-from_in_ports	Report annotated delays from input ports.
-to_out_ports	Report annotated delays to output ports.
-max_line lines	Maximum number of lines listed by the <code>-list_annotated</code> and <code>-list_not_annotated</code> options.
-list_annotated	List annotated timing arcs.
-list_not_annotated	List unannotated timing arcs.
-constant_arcs	Report separate annotation counts for arcs disabled by logic constants (set_logic_one, set_logic_zero).

The report_annotated_delay command reports a summary of SDF delay annotation. Without the -from_in_ports and -to_out_ports options arcs to and from top level ports are not reported. The -list_annotated and -list_not_annotated options can be used to list arcs that are annotated or not annotated.

report_cell	[-connections]
	[-verbose]
	instance_path
	[> filename]
	[>> filename]
-connections	Report the instance pins.
-verbose	With -connections also report all pins connected to each instance pin net.
instance_path	Hierarchical path to the instance.

The report_cell command is an alias for report_instance.

```
[-from from_list
report_checks
                               |-rise_from from_list
                               |-fall_from from_list|
                              [-through through_list
                               |-rise_through through_list
                               |-fall_through through_list|
                              [-to to_list
                              |-rise_to to_list
                               |-fall_to to_list]
                              [-unconstrained]
                             [-path_delay min|min_rise|min_fall
                                           |max|max_rise|max_fall
                                           |min_max]
                             [-group_count path_count]
                             [-endpoint_count endpoint_path_count]
                             [-unique_paths_to_endpoint]
                             [-corner corner]
                             [-slack_max max_slack]
                             [-slack_min min_slack]
                             [-sort_by_slack]
                              [-path_group groups]
                             [-format end|full|short|summary
                                           |full_clock|full_clock_expanded|
                             [-fields fields]
                             [-digits digits]
                             [-no_line_split]
                             [> filename]
                             [>> filename]
                             Report paths from a list of clocks, instances, ports, register clock pins, or
-from from list
                             latch data pins.
                             Report paths from the rising edge of clocks, instances, ports, register clock
-rise_from from_list
                             pins, or latch data pins.
                             Report paths from the falling edge of clocks, instances, ports, register clock
-fall_from from_list
                             pins, or latch data pins.
                             Report paths through a list of instances, pins or nets.
-through through_list
                             Report rising paths through a list of instances, pins or nets.
-rise_through
through_list
                             Report falling paths through a list of instances, pins or nets.
-fall_through
through_list
```

-to to_list	Report paths to a list of clocks, instances, ports or pins.
-rise_to <i>to_list</i>	Report rising paths to a list of clocks, instances, ports or pins.
-fall_to <i>to_list</i>	Report falling paths to a list of clocks, instances, ports or pins.
-unconstrained	Report unconstrained paths. By default unconstrained paths are not reported.
-path_delay min	Report min path (hold) checks.
-path_delay min_rise	Report min path (hold) checks for rising endpoints.
-path_delay min_fall	Report min path (hold) checks for falling endpoints.
-path_delay max	Report max path (setup) checks.
-path_delay max_rise	Report max path (setup) checks for rising endpoints.
-path_delay max_fall	Report max path (setup) checks for falling endpoints.
-path_delay min_max	Report max and max path (setup and hold) checks.
-group_count path_count	The number of paths to report in each path group. The default is 1.
-endpoint_count endpoint_path_count	The number of paths to report for each endpoint. The default is 1.
-unique_paths_to_endpoint	When multiple paths to and endpoint are specified with -endpoint_count many of the paths may differ only in the rise/fall edges of the pins in the paths. With this option only the worst path through the set of pis is reported.
-corner corner	Report paths for one process corner. The default is to report paths for all process corners.
-slack_max max_slack	Only report paths with less slack than max_slack .
-slack_min <i>min_slack</i>	Only report paths with more slack than min_slack.
-sort_by_slack	Sort paths by slack rather than slack grouped by path group.
-path_group <i>groups</i>	List of path groups to report. The default is to report all path groups.
-format end	Report path ends in one line with delay, required time and slack.
-format full	Report path start and end points and the path. This is the default path type.

Report path start and end points, the path, and the source and and target -format full clock clock paths.

Report path start and end points, the path, and the source and and target -format clock paths. If the clock is generated and propagated, the path from the clock full_clock_expanded

source pin is also reported.

Report only path start and end points. -format short

Report only path ends with delay. -format summary

-fields fields List of capacitancelslewlinput pinslnetslfanout

-digits digits The number of digits after the decimal point to report. The default value is the

variable sta_report_default_digits.

-no_line_splits Do not split long lines into multiple lines.

The report_checks command reports paths in the design. Paths are reported in groups by capture clock, unclocked path delays, gated clocks and unconstrained.

See set_false_path for a description of allowed from_list, through_list and to_list objects.

report_check_types [-violators]

[-verbose]

[-format slack_only|end]

[-max_delay] [-min_delay] [-recovery] [-removal]

[-clock_gating_setup] [-clock_gating_hold]

[-max_slew] [-min_slew]

[-min_pulse_width]

[-min_period] [-digits *digits*] [-no_split_lines] [> filename] [>> filename]

-violators Report all violated timing and design rule constraints.

-verbose Use a verbose output format. -format slack_only Report the minumum slack for each timing check.

-format end Report the endpoint for each check.

-max_delay Report setup and max delay path delay constraints.

-min_delay Report hold and min delay path delay constraints.

-recovery Report asynchronous recovery checks.

-removal Report asynchronous removal checks.

-clock_gating_setup Report gated clock enable setup checks.

-clock_gating_hold Report gated clock hold setup checks.

-max_slew Report max transition design rule checks.

-max_skew Report max skew design rule checks.

-min_pulse_width Report min pulse width design rule checks.

-min_period Report min period design rule checks.

-min_slew Report min slew design rule checks.

-digits digits The number of digits after the decimal point to report. The default value is the

variable sta_report_default_digits.

-no_split_lines Do not split long lines into multiple lines.

The report_check_types command reports the slack for each type of timing and design rule constraint. The keyword options allow a subset of the constraint types to be reported.

report_clock_min_period [-clocks clocks]

[-include_port_paths]

-clocks *clocks* The clocks to report.

Report the minimum period and maximum frequency for *clocks*. If the -clocks argument is not specified all clocks are reported. The minimum period is determined by examining the smallest slack paths between registers the rising edges of the clock or between falling edges of the clock. Paths between different clocks,

different clock edges of the same clock, level sensitive latches, or paths constrained by set_multicycle_path, set_max_path are not considered.

report_clock_properties [clock_names]

clock_names

List of clock names to report.

The report_clock_properties command reports the period and rise/fall edge times for each clock that has been defined.

report_clock_skew	[-setup -hold] [-clock <i>clocks</i>] [-digits <i>digits</i>]
-setup	Report skew for setup checks.
-hold	Report skew for hold checks.
-clock clocks	The target clocks to report.
-digits <i>digits</i>	The number of digits to report for delays.

Report the maximum difference in clock arrival between every source and target register that has a path between the source and target registers.

report_dcalc	[-from from_pin]
	[-to to_pin]
	[-corner corner]
	[-min]
	[-max]
	[-digits digits]
	[> filename]
	[>> filename]
-from from_pin	Report delay calculations for timing arcs from instance input pin from_pin.
-to to_pin	Report delay calculations for timing arcs to instance output pin to_pin.
-corner <i>corner</i>	Report paths for process <i>corner</i> . The -corner keyword is required if more than one process corner is defined.
-min	Report delay calculation for min delays.
-max	Report delay calculation for max delays.

-digits *digits*

The number of digits after the decimal point to report. The default is sta_report_default_digits.

The report_dcalc command shows how the delays between instance pins are calculated. It is useful for debugging problems with delay calculation.

report_disabled_edges

The report_disabled_edges command reports disabled timing arcs along with the reason they are disabled. Each disabled timing arc is reported as the instance name along with the from and to ports of the arc. The disable reason is shown next. Arcs that are disabled with set_disable_timing are reported with constraint as the reason. Arcs that are disabled by constants are reported with constant as the reason along with the constant instance pin and value. Arcs that are disabled to break combinational feedback loops are reported with loop as the reason.

> report_disabled_edges
u1 A B constant B=0

report_instance	[-connections]
	[-verbose]
	instance_path
	[> filename]
	[>> filename]
-connections	Report the pins connected to the net.
-verbose	Report the connections of each pin.
instance_path	Hierarchical path to a instance.

report_lib_cell	cell name
. opo. <u></u>	[> filename]
	[>> filename]
cell name	The name of a library cell

Describe the liberty library cell *cell_name*.

report_net [-connections]

[-verbose]

[-digits digits]

net_path
[> filename]
[>> filename]

-connections Report the net pins.

-verbose With -connections also report all pins connected to each instance pin net.

-digits digits The number of digits after the decimal point to report. The default value is the

variable sta_report_default_digits.

net_path Hierarchical path to a net.

report_parasitic_annotation[-report_unannotated]

[> filename]
[>> filename]

-report_unannotated Report unannotated and partially annotated nets.

Report SPEF parasitic annotation completeness.

[> filename]
[>> filename]

pin_path Hierarchical path to a pin.

report_power [-instances instances]

[-digits digits]
[> filename]
[>> filename]

-instances instances Report the power for instances.

-digits digits

The number of digits after the decimal point to report. The default value is the variable sta_report_default_digits.

The report_power command uses static power analysis based on propagated or annotated pin activities in the circuit using Liberty power models. The internal, switching, leakage and total power are reported. Design power is reported separately for combinational, sequential, macro and pad groups. Power values are reported in watts.

The read_power_activities command can be used to read activities from a file based on simulation. If no simulation activities are available, the set_power_activity command should be used to set the activity of input ports or pins in the design. The default input activity and duty for inputs are 0.1 and 0.5 respectively. The activities are propagated from annotated input ports or pins through gates and used in the power calculations.

Group	Internal Power	Switching Power	Leakage Power	Total Power	
Sequential Combinational Macro Pad	3.29e-06 1.86e-07 0.00e+00 0.00e+00	3.41e-08 3.31e-08 0.00e+00 0.00e+00	2.37e-07 7.51e-08 0.00e+00 0.00e+00	3.56e-06 2.94e-07 0.00e+00 0.00e+00	92.4% 7.6% 0.0% 0.0%
Total	3.48e-06 90.2%	6.72e-08 1.7%	3.12e-07 8.1%	3.86e-06	100.0%

report_pulse_width_checks [-verbose]

[-digits digits]

[-no_line_splits]

[pins]

[> filename]

[>> filename]

-verbose Use a verbose output format.

-digits digits The number of digits after the decimal point to report. The default value is the

variable sta_report_default_digits.

-no_line_splits

pins List of pins or ports to report.

The report_pulse_width_checks command reports min pulse width checks for pins in the clock network. If pins is not specified all clock network pins are reported.

report_units

Report the units used for command arguments and reporting.

report_units
time 1ns
capacitance 1pF
resistance 1kohm
voltage 1v
current 1A
power 1pW
distance 1um

report_worst_slack

[-min]

[-max]

[-digits *digits*]

-max

Report the worst max/setup slack.

-min

Report the worst min/hold slack.

-digits *digits*

The number of digits after the decimal point to report. The default value is the

variable sta_report_default_digits.

set_assigned_check

-setup|-hold|-recovery|-removal

[-rise] [-fall]

[-corner corner]

[-min]
[-max]

[-from from_pins]
[-to to_pins]

[-clock rise|fall]
[-cond sdf_cond]

[-worst]
margin

-setup

Annotate setup timing checks.

-hold

Annotate hold timing checks.

-recovery

Annotate recovery timing checks.

-removal

Annotate removal timing checks.

-rise

Annotate rising delays.

-fall Annotate falling delays.

-corner corner The name of a process corner. The -corner keyword is required if more than

one process corner is defined.

-min Annotate the minimum value of the process corner.

-max Annotate the maximum value of the process corner.

-from *from_pins* A list of pins for the clock.

-to to_pins A list of pins for the data.

-clock rise | fall The timing check clock pin transition.

margin The timing check margin.

The set_assigned_check command is used to annotate the timing checks between two pins on an instance. The annotated delay overrides the calculated delay. This command is a interactive way to back-annotate delays like an SDF file.

set_assigned_delay	-cell -net
	[-rise]
	[-fall]

[-corner corner]

[-min] [-max]

[-from from_pins]
[-to to_pins]

delay

-cell Annotate the delays between two pins on an instance.

-net Annotate the delays between two pins on a net.

-rise Annotate the rising delays.

-fall Annotate the falling delays.

-corner corner The name of a process corner. The -corner keyword is required if more than

one process corner is defined.

-min Annotate the minimum delays.

-max Annotate the maximum delays.

-from *from_pins* A list of pins.

-to to_pins A list of pins.

delay The delay between from_pins and to_pins.

The set_assigned_delay command is used to annotate the delays between two pins on an instance or net. The annotated delay overrides the calculated delay. This command is a interactive way to back-annotate delays like an SDF file.

Use the -corner keyword to specify a process corner. The -corner keyword is required if more than one process corner is defined.

set_assigned_transition [-rise]

[-fall]

[-corner corner]

[-min]
[-max]
slew
pin_list

-rise Annotate the rising transition.

-fall Annotate the falling transition.

-corner *corner* Annotate delays for process *corner*.

-min Annotate the minimum transition time.

-max Annotate the maximum transition time.

s lew The pin transition time.

The set_assigned_transition command is used to annotate the transition time (slew) of a pin. The annotated transition time overrides the calculated transition time.

set_case_analysis	0 1 zero one rise rising fall falling
-------------------	---------------------------------------

port_or_pin_list

 The set_case_analysis command sets the signal on a port or pin to a constant logic value. No paths are propagated from constant pins. Constant values set with the set_case_analysis command are propagated through downstream gates.

```
set_clock_gating_check
                              [-setup setup_time]
                              [-hold hold_time]
                              [-rise]
                              [-fall]
                              [-high]
                              [-low]
                              [objects]
-setup setup_time
                              Clock enable setup margin.
-hold hold_time
                              Clock enable hold margin.
-rise
                              The setup/hold margin is for the rising edge of the clock enable.
-fall
                              The setup/hold margin is for the falling edge of the clock enable.
-high
                              The gating clock is active high (pin and instance objects only).
- low
                              The gating clock is active low (pin and instance objects only).
objects
                              A list of clocks, instances, pins or ports.
```

The set_clock_gating_check command is used to add setup or hold timing checks for data signals used to gate clocks.

If no objects are specified the setup/hold margin is global and applies to all clock gating circuits in the design. If neither of the -rise and -fall options are used the setup/hold margin applies to the rising and falling edges of the clock gating signal.

Normally the library cell function is used to determine the active state of the clock. The clock is active high for AND/NAND functions and active low for OR/NOR functions. The -high and -low options are used to specify the active state of the clock for other cells, such as a MUX.

If multiple set_clock_gating_check commands apply to a clock gating instance he priority of the commands is shown below (highest to lowest priority).

```
clock enable pin
instance
clock pin
clock
global
```

set_clock_groups	<pre>[-name name] [-logically_exclusive] [-physically_exclusive] [-asynchronous] [-allow_paths]</pre>
	-group clocks
-name <i>name</i>	The clock group name.
-logically_exclusive	The clocks in different groups do not interact logically but can be physically present on the same chip. Paths between clock groups are considered for noise analysis.
-physically_exclusive	The clocks in different groups cannot be present at the same time on a chip. Paths between clock groups are not considered for noise analysis.
-asynchronous	The clock groups are asynchronous. Paths between clock groups are considered for noise analysis.
-allow_paths	
clocks	A list of clocks in the group.

The set_clock_groups command is used to deifine groups of clocks that interact with each other. Clocks in different groups do not interact and paths between them are not reported. Use a -group argument for each clock group.

set_clock_latency	[-source]
	[-clock clock]
	[-rise]
	[-fall]
	[-min]
	[-max]
	delay
	objects
-source	The latency is at the clock source.
-clock clock	If multiple clocks are defined at a pin this use this option to specify the latency
	for a specific clock.
-rise	The latency is for the rising edge of the clock.
-fall	The latency is for the falling edge of the clock.
	The faterior to fer the family edge of the blook.

-min de lay is the minimum latency.

-max de lay is the maximum latency.

de lay Clock source or insertion delay.

objects A list of clocks, pins or ports.

The set_clock_latency command describes expected delays of the clock tree when analyzing a design using ideal clocks. Use the -source option to specify latency at the clock source, also known as insertion delay. Source latency is delay in the clock tree that is external to the design or a clock tree internal to an instance that implements a complex logic function.

set_clock_transition	[-rise]
	[-fall]
	[-min]
	[-max]
	transition
	clocks
-rise	Set the transition time for the rising edge of the clock.
-fall	Set the transition time for the falling edge of the clock.
-min	Set the min transition time.
-max	Set the min transition time.
transition	Clock transition time (slew).
clocks	A list of clocks.

The set_clock_transition command describes expected transition times of the clock tree when analyzing a design using ideal clocks.

-from *from_clock* Inter-clock uncertainty source clock.

-to *to_clock* Inter-clock uncertainty target clock.

-rise Inter-clock target clock rise edge, alternative to -rise_to.Inter-clock target clock

rise edge, alternative to -rise_to.

-fall Inter-clock target clock rise edge, alternative to -fall_to.

-setup *uncertainty* is for setup checks.

-hold *uncertainty* is for hold checks.

uncertainty Clock uncertainty.

objects A list of clocks, ports or pins.

The set_clock_uncertainty command specifies the uncertainty or jitter in a clock. The uncertainty for a clock can be specified on its source pin or port, or the clock itself.

```
set_clock_uncertainty .1 [get_clock clk1]
```

Inter-clock uncertainty between the source and target clocks of timing checks is specified with the $-from|-rise_from|-fall_from$ and $-to|-rise_to|-fall_to$ arguments.

```
set_clock_uncertainty -from [get_clock clk1] -to [get_clocks clk2] .1
```

The following commands are equivalent.

```
set_clock_uncertainty -from [get_clock clk1] -rise_to [get_clocks clk2] .1
set_clock_uncertainty -from [get_clock clk1] -to [get_clocks clk2] -rise .1
```

set cmd units	[-capa	citance <i>cap_u</i>	nit]				
set_clock_u	ncertainty -from	i [get_clock c	ikij -to	[get_clocks	C LK2]	-rise	.1

[-time time_unit]
[-voltage voltage_unit]
[-current current_unit]

[-resistance *res_unit*]

[-power power_unit]
[-distance distance_unit]

-capacitance cap_unit The capacitance scale factor followed by 'f'.

-resistance res_unit The resistance scale factor followed by 'ohm'.

-voltage voltage_unit The voltage scale factor followed by 'v'.

-current current_unit The current scale factor followed by 'A'.

-power power_unit The power scale factor followed by 'w'.

-distance distance_unit The distance scale factor followed by 'm'.

The set_cmd_units command is used to change the units used by the STA command interpreter when parsing commands and reporting results. The default units are the units specified in the first Liberty library file that is read.

Units are specified as a scale factor followed by a unit name. The scale factors are as follows.

M 1E+6

k 1E+3

m 1E-3

u 1E-6

n 1E-9

p 1E-12

f 1E-15

An example of the set_units command is shown below.

set_data_check [-from -rise_from -fall_from from_pin]	
	<pre>[-to -rise_to -fall_to to_pin]</pre>
	[-setup]
	[-hold]
	[-clock clock]
	margin
-from <i>from_pin</i>	A pin used as the timing check reference.
-to to_pin	A pin that the setup/hold check is applied to.
-setup	Add a setup timing check.
-hold	Add a hold timing check.
-clock <i>clock</i>	The setup/hold check clock.
margin	The setup or hold time margin.

The set_data_check command is used to add a setup or hold timing check between two pins.

set_disable_inferred_clock_gating objects

objects

A list of clock gating instances, clock gating pins, or clock enable pins.

The set_disable_inferred_clock_gating command disables clock gating checks on a clock gating instance, clock gating pin, or clock gating enable pin.

The set_disable_timing command is used to disable paths though pins in the design. There are many different forms of the command depending on the objects specified in *objects*.

All timing paths though an instance are disabled when *objects* contains an instance. Timing checks in the instance are *not* disabled.

```
set_disable_timing u2
```

The -from and -to options can be used to restrict the disabled path to those from, to or between specific pins on the instance.

```
set_disable_timing -from A u2
set_disable_timing -to Z u2
set_disable_timing -from A -to Z u2
```

A list of top level ports or instance pins can also be disabled.

```
set_disable_timing u2/Z
set_disable_timing in1
```

Timing paths though all instances of a library cell in the design can be disabled by naming the cell using a hierarchy separator between the library and cell name. Paths from or to a cell port can be disabled with the from and -to options or a port name after library and cell names.

```
set_disable_timing liberty1/snl_bufx2
set_disable_timing -from A liberty1/snl_bufx
set_disable_timing -to Z liberty1/snl_bufx
set_disable_timing liberty1/snl_bufx2/A
```

set_drive	<pre>[-rise] [-fall] [-max] [-min] resistance ports</pre>
-rise	Set the drive rise resistance.
-fall	Set the drive fall resistance.
-max	Set the maximum resistance.
-min	Set the minimum resistance.
resistance	The external drive resistance.
ports	A list of ports.

The set_drive command describes the resistance of an input port external driver.

```
[-lib_cell cell_name]
set_driving_cell
                            [-library library]
                            [-rise]
                            [-fall]
                            [-min]
                            [-max]
                            [-pin pin]
                            [-from_pin from_pin]
                            [-input_transition_rise trans_rise]
                            [-input_transition_fall trans_fall
                            ports
-lib_cell cell_name
                            The driving cell.
-library library
                            The driving cell library.
-rise
                            Set the rising driving cell.
-fall
                            Set the falling driving cell.
-max
                            Set the driving cell for max delays.
-min
                            Set the driving cell for min delays.
```

-pin <i>pin</i>	The output port of the driving cell.
-from_pin from_pin	Use timng arcs from <i>from_pin</i> to the output pin.
<pre>-input_transition_rise trans_rise</pre>	The transition time for a rising input at from_pin.
<pre>-input_transition_fall trans_fall</pre>	The transition time for a falling input at <i>from_pin</i> .
ports	A list of ports.

The set_driving_cell command describes an input port external driver.

set_false_path	[-setup]
	[-hold]
	[-rise]
	[-fall]
	[-from from_list]
	[-rise_from <i>from_list</i>]
	[-fall_from <i>from_list</i>]
	[-through through_list]
	[-rise_through through_list]
	[-fall_through through_list]
	[-to to_list]
	[-rise_to to_list]
	[-fall_to to_list]
	[-reset_path]
-setup	Apply to setup checks.
-hold	Apply to hold checks.
-rise	Apply to rising path edges.
-fall	Apply to falling path edges.
-reset_path	Remove any matching set_false_path, set_multicycle_path, set_max_delay, set_min_delay exceptions first.
-from from_list	A list of clocks, instances, ports or pins.
-through <i>through_list</i>	A list of instances, pins or nets.

A list of clocks, instances, ports or pins.

-to to_list

The set_false_path command disables timing along a path from, through and to a group of design objects.

Objects in *from_list* can be clocks, register/latch instances, or register/latch clock pins. The -rise_from and -fall_from keywords restrict the false paths to a specific clock edge.

Objects in *through_list* can be nets, instances, instance pins, or hierarchical pins,. The -rise_through and -fall_through keywords restrict the false paths to a specific path edge that traverses through the object.

Objects in to_list can be clocks, register/latch instances, or register/latch clock pins. The -rise_to and -fall_to keywords restrict the false paths to a specific transition at the path end.

This command is ignored.

set_hierarchy_separator separator

separator

Character used to separate hierarchical names.

Set the character used to separate names in a hierarchical instance, net or pin name. This separator is used by the command interpreter to read arguments and print results. The default separator is '/'.

set_ideal_latency [-rise] [-fall] [-min] [-max] delay objects

The set_ideal_latency command is parsed but ignored.

set_ideal_network [-no_propagation] objects

The set_ideal_network command is parsed but ignored.

set_ideal_transition [-rise] [-fall] [-min] [-max] transition_time objects

The set_ideal_transition command is parsed but ignored.

set_input_delay	<pre>[-rise] [-fall] [-max] [-min] [-clock clock] [-clock_fall] [-reference_pin ref_pin] [-source_latency_included] [-network_latency_included] [-add_delay]</pre>
	delay port_pin_list
-rise	Set the arrival time for the rising edge of the input.
-fall	Set the arrival time for the falling edge of the input.
-max	Set the maximum arrival time.
-min	Set the minimum arrival time.
-clock <i>clock</i>	The arrival time is from <i>clock</i> .
-clock_fall	The arrival time is from the falling edge of clock.
ref_pin	The arrival time is with respect to the clock that arrives at ref_pin.
-source_latency_included	D no add the clock source latency (insertion delay) to the delay value.
-network_latency_included	Do not add the clock latency to the delay value when the clock is ideal.
-add_delay	Add this arrival to any existing arrivals.
delay	The arrival time after <i>clock</i> .
pin_port_list	A list of pins or ports.

The set_input_delay command is used to specify the arrival time of an input signal. Unless the -add_delay option is specified, any existing arrival time is replaced.

The -reference_pin option is used to specify an arrival time with respect to the arrival on a pin in the clock network. For propagated clocks, the input arrival time is relative to the clock arrival time at the reference pin (the clock source latency and network latency from the clock source to the reference pin). For ideal clocks, input arrival time is relative to the reference pin clock source latency. With the -clock_fall flag the arrival time is relative to the falling transition at the reference pin. If no clocks arrive at the reference pin the set_input_delay command is ignored. If no -clock is specified the arrival time is with respect to all clocks

that arrive at the reference pin. The -source_latency_included and -network_latency_included options cannot be used with -reference_pin.

Paths from inputs that do not have an arrival time defined by set_input_delay are not reported. Set the sta_input_port_default_clock variable to 1 to report paths from inputs without a set_input_delay.

set_input_transition	[-rise] [-fall] [-max] [-min] transition port_list
-rise	Set the rising edge transition.
-fall	Set the falling edge transition.
-max	Set the minimum transition time.
-min	Set the maximum transition time.
transition	The transition time (slew).
port_list	A list of ports.

The set_input_transition command is used to specify the transition time (slew) of an input signal.

```
set_level_shifter_strategy [-rule rule_type]
```

This command is parsed and ignored by timing analysis.

set_level_shifter_threshold [-voltage voltage]

This command is parsed and ignored by timing analysis.

set_load	[-rise]
	[-fall]
	[-max]
	[-min]
	[-subtract_pin_load]
	[-pin_load]
	[-wire_load]
	capacitance
	objects
-rise	Set the rising capacitance.
-fall	Set the falling capacitance.
-max	Set the max capacitance.
-min	Set the min capacitance.
-subtract_pin_load	Subtract the capacitance of all instance pins connected to the net from wire-capacitance.
-pin_load	capcitance is external instance pin capacitance (ports only).
-wire_load	capcitance is external wire capacitance (ports only).
capacitance	The capacitance, in library capacitance units.
objects	A list of nets or ports.

The set_load command annotates capacitance on a net or port.

Ports can have external wire or pin capacitance that is annotated separately with the <code>-pin_load</code> and <code>-wire_load</code> options. Without the <code>-pin_load</code> and <code>-wire_load</code> options pin capacitance is annotated. External capacitances are used by delay calculator to find output driver delays and transition times.

Net wire capacitance can also be annotated with the set_load command. If the <code>-subtract_pin_load</code> option is specified the capacitance of all instance pins connected to the net is subtracted from <code>capacitance</code>. set_load command annotates capacitance has precidence over RC SPEF parasitics.

set_logic_dc	port_list	
port_pin_list	List of ports or pins.	

Set a port or pin to a constant unknown logic value. No paths are propagated from constant pins.

port_pin_list List of ports or pins.

Set a port or pin to a constant logic one value. No paths are propagated from constant pins. Constant values set with the set_logic_one command are **not** propagated through downstream gates.

port_pin_list List of ports or pins.

Set a port or pin to a constant logic zero value. No paths are propagated from constant pins. Constant values set with the set_logic_zero command are **not** propagated through downstream gates.

area

The set_max_area command is ignored during timing but is included in SDC files that are written.

set_max_capacitance capacitance

objects

capacitance

objects List of ports or cells.

The set_max_capacitance command is ignored during timing but is included in SDC files that are written.

[-rise] set_max_delay [-fall] [-from from_list] [-rise_from from_list] [-fall_from from_list] [-through through_list] [-rise_through through_list] [-fall_through through_list] [-to to_list] [-rise_to to_list] [-fall_to to_list] [-reset_path] [-ignore_clock_latency] delav Set max delay for rising paths. -rise Set max delay for falling paths. -fall A list of clocks, instances, ports or pins. -from from_list A list of instances, pins or nets. -through through_list A list of clocks, instances, ports or pins. -to to_list Ignore clock latency at the source and target registers. -ignore_clock_latency Remove any matching set_false_path, set_multicycle_path, -reset_path set_max_delay, set_min_delay exceptions first. The maximum delay. delay

The set_max_delay command constrains the maximum delay through combinational logic paths. See set_false_path for a description of allowed from_list, through_list and to_list objects. If the to_list ends at a timing check the setup/hold time is included in the path delay.

When the -ignore_clock_latency option is used clock latency at the source and destination of the path delay is ignored. The constraint is reported in the default path group (**default**) rather than the clock path group when the path ends at a timing check.

set_max_dynamic_power power [unit]

The set_max_dynamic_power command is ignored.

set_max_fanout fanout

objects

fanout

objects List of ports or cells.

The set_max_fanout command is ignored during timing but is included in SDC files that are written.

set_max_leakage_power power [unit]

The set_max_leakage_power command is ignored.

set_max_time_borrow delay

objects

de lay The maximum time the latches can borrow.

objects List of clocks, instances or pins.

The set_max_time_borrow command specifies the maximum amount of time that latches can borrow. Time borrowing is the time that a data input to a transparent latch arrives after the latch opens.

set_max_transition [-data_path]

[-clock_path]

[-rise]
[-fall]
transition
objects

-data_path Set the max slew for data paths.

-clock_path Set the max slew for clock paths.

-rise Set the max slew for rising paths.

-fall Set the max slew for falling paths.

transition The maximum slew/transition time.

objects List of clocks, ports or designs.

The set_max_transition command is specifies the maximum transition time (slew) design rule checked by the report_constraint -max_transition command.

If specified for a design, the default maximum transition is set for the design.

If specified for a clock, the maximum transition is applied to all pins in the clock domain. The <code>-clock_path</code> option restricts the maximum transition to clocks in clock paths. The <code>-data_path</code> option restricts the maximum transition to clocks data paths. The <code>-clock_path</code>, <code>-data_path</code>, <code>-rise</code> and <code>-fall</code> options only apply to clock objects.

 set_min_capacitance
 capacitance objects

 capacitance
 Minimum capacitance.

 objects
 List of ports or cells.

The set_min_capacitance command is ignored during timing but is included in SDC files that are written.

set_min_delay	[-rise]
	[-fall]
	[-from from_list]
	[-rise_from from_list]
	[-fall_from <i>from_list</i>]
	[-through through_list]
	[-rise_through through_list]
	[-fall_through through_list]
	[-to to_list]
	[-rise_to to_list]
	[-fall_to to_list]
	[-ignore_clock_latency]
	[-reset_path]
	delay
-rise	Set min delay for rising paths.
-fall	Set min delay for falling paths.
-from from_list	A list of clocks, instances, ports or pins.
-through <i>through_list</i>	A list of instances, pins or nets.
-to to_list	A list of clocks, instances, ports or pins.
-ignore_clock_latency	Ignore clock latency at the source and target registers.

-reset_path Remove any matching set_false_path, set_multicycle_path,

set_max_delay, set_min_delay exceptions first.

de lay The minimum delay.

The set_min_delay command constrains the minimum delay through combinational logic. See set_false_path for a description of allowed *from_list*, *through_list* and *to_list* objects. If the *to_list* ends at a timing check the setup/hold time is included in the path delay.

When the -ignore_clock_latency option is used clock latency at the source and destination of the path delay is ignored. The constraint is reported in the default path group (**default**) rather than the clock path group when the path ends at a timing check.

set_min_pulse_width [-high]

[-low]
min_width
objects

-high Set the minimum high pulse width.

- low Set the minimum low pulse width.

min_width

objects List of pins, instances or clocks.

If -low and -high are not specified the minimum width applies to both high and low pulses.

set_multicycle_path	[-setup]
	[-hold]
	[-rise]
	[-fall]
	[-start]
	[-end]
	[-from from_list]
	[-rise_from from_list]
	[-fall_from from_list]
	[-through through_list]
	[-rise_through through_list]
	[-fall_through through_list]
	[-to to_list]
	[-rise_to to_list]
	[-fall_to to_list]
	[-reset_path]
	path_multiplier
-setup	Set cycle count for setup checks.
-hold	Set cycle count for hold checks.
-rise	Set cycle count for rising path edges.
-fall	Set cycle count for falling path edges.
-start	Multiply the source clock period by period_multiplier.
-end	Multiply the target clock period by period_multiplier.
-from from_list	A list of clocks, instances, ports or pins.
-through <i>through_list</i>	A list of instances, pins or nets.
-to to_list	A list of clocks, instances, ports or pins.
-reset_path	Remove any matching set_false_path, set_multicycle_path, set_max_delay, set_min_delay exceptions first.
path_multiplier	The number of clock periods to add to the path required time.

Normally the path between two registers or latches is assumed to take one clock cycle. The $set_multicycle_path$ command overrides this assumption and allows multiple clock cycles for a timing check. See set_false_path for a description of allowed $from_list$, $through_list$ and to_list objects.

set_operating_conditions	[-analysis_type single bc_wc on_chip_variation]
	[-library <i>lib</i>]
	[condition]
	[-min min_condition]
	[-max max_condition]
	[-min_library <i>min_lib</i>]
	[-max_library <i>max_lib</i>]
-analysis_type single	Use one operating condition for min and max paths.
-analysis_type bc_wc	Best case, worst case analysis. Setup checks use <i>max_condition</i> for clock and data paths. Hold checks use the <i>min_condition</i> for clock and data paths.
-analysis_type on_chip_variation	The min and max operating conditions represent variations on the chip that can occur simultaineously. Setup checks use <code>max_condition</code> for data paths and <code>min_condition</code> for clock paths. Hold checks use <code>min_condition</code> for data paths and <code>max_condition</code> for clock paths. This is the default analysis type.
-library <i>lib</i>	The name of the library that contains condition.
condition	The operating condition for analysis type single.
-min min_condition	The operating condition to use for min paths and hold checks.
-max max_condition	The operating condition to use for max paths and setup checks.
-min_library <i>min_lib</i>	The name of the library that contains min_condition.
-max_library <i>max_lib</i>	The name of the library that contains max_condition.

The $set_operating_conditions$ command is used to specify the type of analysis performed and the operating conditions used to derate library data.

set_output_delay	[-rise]
	[-fall]
	[-max]
	[-min]
	[-clock clock]
	[-clock_fall]
	[-reference_pin <i>ref_pin</i>]
	[-source_latency_included]
	[-network_latency_included]
	[-add_delay]
	delay
	port_pin_list

-rise Set the output delay for the rising edge of the input.

-fall Set the output delay for the falling edge of the input.

-max Set the maximum output delay.

-min Set the minimum output delay.

-clock *clock* The external check is to *clock*. The default clock edge is rising.

-clock_fall The external check is to the falling edge of *clock*.

-reference_pin ref_pin The external check is clocked by the clock that arrives at ref_pin.

-add_delay Add this output delay to any existing output delays.

de lay The external delay to the check clocked by clock.

The set_output_delay command is used to specify the external delay to a setup/hold check on an output port or internal pin that is clocked by c lock. Unless the -add_delay option is specified any existing output delays are replaced.

The <code>-reference_pin</code> option is used to specify a timing check with respect to the arrival on a pin in the clock network. For propagated clocks, the timing check is relative to the clock arrival time at the reference pin (the clock source latency and network latency from the clock source to the reference pin). For ideal clocks, the timing check is relative to the reference pin clock source latency. With the <code>-clock_fall</code> flag the timing check is relative to the falling edge of the reference pin. If no clocks arrive at the reference pin the <code>set_output_delay</code> command is ignored. If no <code>-clock</code> is specified the timing check is with respect to all clocks that arrive at the reference pin. The <code>-source_latency_included</code> and <code>-network_latency_included</code> options cannot be used with <code>-reference_pin</code>.

set_port_fanout_number [-min]

[-max]
fanout
ports

-min Set the min fanout.

-max Set the max fanout.

fanout The external fanout of the ports.

 Set the external fanout for *ports*.

set_power_activity [-global]
[-input]

[-input_ports ports]

[-pins *pins*]

[-activity activity]

[-duty duty]

-global Set the activity/duty for all non-clock pins.

-input Set the default input port activity/duty.

-input_ports input_ports Set the input port activity/duty.

-pins *pins* Set the pin activity/duty.

-activity *activity* The activity, or number of transitions per clock cycle.

-duty duty The duty, or probability the signal is high. Defaults to 0.5.

The set_power_activity command is used to set the activity and duty used for power analysis globally or for input ports or pins in the design.

The default input activity and duty for inputs are 0.1 and 0.5 respectively, which is equivalent to the following command:

set_power_activity -input -activity 0.1 -duty 0.5

set_propagated_clock objects

objects A list of clocks, ports or pins.

The set_propagated_clock command changes a clock tree from an ideal network that has no delay one that uses calculated or back-annotated gate and interconnect delays. When *objects* is a port or pin, clock delays downstream of the object are used.

set_pvt	[-min] [-max]
	[-process process]
	[-voltage voltage]
	[-temperature temperature]
	instances

instances A list instances.

-min Set the PVT values for max delays.

-max Set the PVT values for min delays.

-process *process* A process value (float).

-voltage *voltage* A voltage value (float).

-temperature temperature A temperature value (float).

The set_pvt command sets the process, voltage and temperature values used during delay calculation for a specific instance in the design.

set_sense	[-type clock data]		
	[-positive]		
	[-negative]		
	[-pulse pulse_type]		
	[-stop_propagation]		
	[-clock clocks]		
	pins		
-positive	The clock sense is positive unate.		
-negative	The clock sense is negative unate.		
pulse_type	rise_triggered_high_pulse		
	rise_triggered_low_pulse		
	fall_triggered_high_pulse		
	fall_triggered_low_pulse		
-stop_propagation	Stop propagating <i>clocks</i> clocks at <i>pins</i> .		

clocks	A list of clocks to apply the sense
pins	A list of pins.

The set_sense command is used to modify the propagation of a clock signal. Note that -type data is not supported. The clock sense is set with the -positive and -negative flags. Use the -stop_propagation flag to stop the clock from propagating beyond a pin. The -positive, -negative, -stop_propagation, and -pulse options are mutually exclusive. If the -clock option is not used the command applies to all clocks that traverse pins. The -pulse option is currently not supported.

set_timing_derate	<pre>[-rise] [-fall] [-early] [-late] [-clock] [-data] [-net_delay] [-cell_delay] [-cell_check] derate [objects]</pre>
-early	Derate early (min) paths.
-late	Derate late (max) paths.
-clock	Derate paths in the clock network.
-data	Derate data paths.
-net_delay	Derate net (interconnect) delays.
-cell_delay	Derate cell delays.
-cell_check	Derate cell timing check margins.
derate	The derating factor to apply to delays.
objects	A list of instances, library cells, or nets.

The set_timing_derate command is used to derate delay calculation results used by the STA. If the -early and -late flags are omitted the both min and max paths are derated. If the -clock and -data flags are not used the derating both clock and data paths are derated.

Use the unset_timing_derate command to remove all derating factors.

set_resistance	<pre>[-max] [-min] resistance net_list</pre>
-min	The resistance for minimum path delay calculation.
-max	The resistance for maximum path delay calculation.
resistance	The net resistance.
net_list	A list of nets.

set_units	[-capacitance cap_unit]
	[-resistance res_unit]
	[-time time_unit]
	[-voltage <i>voltage_unit</i>]
	[-current current_unit]
	[-power <i>power_unit</i>]
	[-distance distance_unit]
cap_unit	The capacitance scale factor followed by 'f'.
res_unit	The resistance scale factor followed by 'ohm'.
time_unit	The time scale factor followed by 's'.
voltage_unit	The voltage scale factor followed by 'v'.
current_unit	The current scale factor followed by 'A'.
power_unit	The power scale factor followed by 'w'.

The set_units command is used to **check** the units used by the STA command interpreter when parsing commands and reporting results. If the current units differ from the set_unit value a warning is printed. Use the set_cmd_units command to change the command units.

Units are specified as a scale factor followed by a unit name. The scale factors are as follows.

```
M 1E+6
k 1E+3
```

m 1E-3

u 1E-6

n 1E-9 p 1E-12 f 1E-15

An example of the set_units command is shown below.

set_units -time ns -capacitance pF -current mA -voltage V -resistance kOhm

set_wire_load_min_block_size size

The set_wire_load_min_block_size command is not supported.

top

enclosed

segmented

The set_wire_load_mode command is ignored during timing but is included in SDC files that are written.

set_wire_load_model -name model_name

[-library *library*]

[-max]
[-min]
[objects]

library to look for model_name.

-max The wire load model is for maximum path delays.

-min The wire load model is for minimum path delays.

objects Not supported.

set_wire_load_selection_group [-library library]

[-max]
[-min]
group_name
[objects]

library to look for group_name.

-max The wire load selection is for maximum path delays.

-min The wire load selection is for minimum path delays.

objects Not supported.

The set_wire_load_selection_group command is parsed but not supported.

source	[-echo]
	[-verbose] filename
	> filename]
	>> filename]
-echo	Print each command before evaluating it.
-verbose	Print each command before evaluating it as well as the result it returns.

The name of the file containing commands to read.

Read STA/SDC/Tcl commands from filename.

filename

The source command stops and reports any errors encountered while reading a file unless sta_continue_on_error is 1.

unset_case_analysis	port_or_pin_list
port_or_pin_list	A list of ports or pins.

The unset_case_analysis command removes the constant values defined by the set_case_analysis command.

unset_clock_latency	[-source] objects
-source	Specifies source clock latency (clock insertion delay).
objects	A list of clocks, pins or ports.

The unset_clock_latency command removes the clock latency set with the $set_clock_latency$ command.

 unset_clock_transition
 clocks

 clocks
 A list of clocks.

The $unset_clock_transition$ command removes the clock transition set with the $set_clock_transition$ command.

unset_clock_uncertainty	[-from -rise_from -fall_from from_clock]
america con_union culmey	[-to -rise_to -fall_to <i>to_clock</i>]
	[-rise]
	[-fall]
	[-setup]
	[-hold]
	[objects]
from_clock	
to_clock	
-rise	The uncertainty is for the rising edge of the clock.
-fall	The uncertainty is for the falling edge of the clock.
-setup	uncertainty is the setup check uncertainty.
-hold	uncertainty is the hold uncertainty.
uncertainty	Clock uncertainty.
objects	A list of clocks, ports or pins.

The $unset_clock_uncertainty$ command removes clock uncertainty defined with the $set_clock_uncertainty$ command.

unset_data_check [-from from_object]

[-rise_from from_object]
[-fall_from from_object]

[-to to_object]

[-rise_to to_object]
[-fall_to to_object]

[-setup]
[-hold]

[-clock clock]

from_object A pin used as the timing check reference.

to_object A pin that the setup/hold check is applied to.

-setup Add a setup timing check.

-hold Add a hold timing check.

clock The setup/hold check clock.

The unset_clock_transition command removes a setup or hold check defined by the set_data_check command.

unset_disable_inferred_clock_gobjects ating

objects A list of clock gating instances, clock gating pins,

or clock enable pins.

The unset_disable_inferred_clock_gating command removes a previous set_disable_inferred_clock_gating command.

unset_disable_timing [-from from_port]

[-to to_port]

objects

from_port

to_port

objects A list of instances, ports, pins, cells or

[library/]cell/port.

The unset_disable_timing command is used to remove the effect of previous $set_disable_timing$ commands.

unset_input_delay	<pre>[-rise] [-fall] [-max] [-min] [-clock clock] [-clock_fall] port_pin_list</pre>
-rise	This is the arrival time for the rising edge of the input.
-fall	This is the arrival time for the falling edge of the input.
-max	This is the minimum arrival time.
-min	This is the maximum arrival time.
clock	The arrival time is from this clock.
-clock_fall	The arrival time is from the falling edge of <i>clock</i>
pin_port_list	A list of pins or ports.

The unset_input_delay command removes a previously defined set_input_delay.

unset_output_delay	[-rise]
	[-fall]
	[-max]
	[-min]
	[-clock clock]
	[-clock_fall]
	port_pin_list
-rise	This is the arrival time for the rising edge of the input.
-fall	This is the arrival time for the falling edge of the input.
-max	This is the minimum arrival time.

-min This is the maximum arrival time.

clock The arrival time is from this clock.

-clock_fall The arrival time is from the falling edge of *clock*

The unset_output_delay command a previously defined set_output_delay.

unset_path_exceptions	[-setup]
	[-hold]
	[-rise]
	[-fall]
	[-from from_list]
	[-rise_from from_list]
	[-fall_from from_list]
	[-through through_list]
	[-rise_through through_list]
	[-fall_through through_list]
	[-to to_list] [-rise_to to_list]
	[-fall_to <i>to_list</i>]
	[-latt_to to_tist]
-setup	Only apply to setup checks.
-hold	Only apply to hold checks.
-rise	Only apply to rising path edges.
-fall	Only apply to falling path edges.
from_list	A list of clocks, instances, ports or pins.
through_list	A list of instances, pins or nets.
to_list	A list of clocks, instances, ports or pins.

The unset_path_exceptions command removes any matching set_false_path, set_multicycle_path, set_max_delay, and set_min_delay exceptions.

unset_propagated_clock	objects
objects	A list of clocks, ports or pins.

Remove a previous set_propagated_clock command.

unset_timing_derate

Remove all derating factors set with the set_timing_derate command.

user_run_time

Returns the total user cpu run time in seconds as a float.

with_output_to_variable	var { commands }
var	The name of a variable to save the output of <i>commands</i> to.
commands	TCL commands that the output will be redirected from.

The with_output_to_variable command redirects the output of TCL commands to a variable.

write_path_spice	-path_args path_args -spice_directory spice_directory -lib_subckt_file lib_subckts_file -model_file model_file -power power -ground ground
path_args	-from -through -to arguments as in report_checks.
spice_directory	Spice output directory.
lib_subckts_file	Cell transistor level subckts.
model_file	Transistor model definitions .included by <code>spice_file</code> .
power	Voltage supply name in voltage_map of the default liberty library.

ground

Ground supply name in voltage_map of the default liberty library.

The write_path_spice command writes a spice netlist for timing paths. Use *path_args* to specify - from/-through/-to as arguments to the find_timing_paths command. For each path, a spice netlist and the subckts referenced by the path are written in *spice_directory*. The spice netlist is written in path_<id>.sp and subckt file is path_<id>.subckt.

The spice netlists used by the path are written to $subckt_file$, which spice_file .includes. The device models used by the spice subckt netlists in $model_file$ are also .included in spice_file. Power and ground names are specified with the -power and -ground arguments. The spice netlist includes a piecewise linear voltage source at the input and .measure statement for each gate delay and pin slew.

Example command:

```
write_path_spice -path_args {-from "in0" -to "out1" -unconstrained} \
   -spice_directory $result_dir \
   -lib_subckt_file "write_spice1.subckt" \
   -model_file "write_spice1.models" \
   -power VDD -ground VSS
```

write_sdc	<pre>[-digits digits] [-gzip] [-no_timestamp] filename</pre>
digits	The number of digits after the decimal point to report. The default is 4.
-gzip	Write a gzip compressed file.
-no_timestamp	Do not include a time and date in the SDC file.
filename	The name of the file to write the constraints to.

Write the constraints for the design in SDC format to filename.

write_sdf	[-corner corner]
	[-divider / .]
	[-include_typ]
	[-digits <i>digits</i>]
	[-gzip]
	[-no_timestamp]
	[-no_version]
	filename

corner Process corner delays to write.

-divider Divider to use between hierarchy levels in pin and

instance names. Must be '/' or '.'.

average of min and max delays to satisfy some Verilog simulators that require three values in the delay

triples.

digits The number of digits after the decimal point to

report. The default is 4.

-gzip Write a gzip compressed file.

-no_timestamp Do not write a DATE statement.

-no_version Do not write a VERSION statement.

filename The name of the file to write the constraints to.

digits The number of digits after the decimal point to

report. The default is 4.

Write the delay calculation delays for the design in SDF format to *filename*. The SDF TIMESCALE is same as the time_unit in the first liberty file read.

write_timing_model	[-library_name <i>lib_name</i>]	
3	[-cell_name <i>cell_name</i>]	

[-corner corner] filename

lib_name The name to use for the liberty library. Defaults to

cell name.

cell_name
The name to use for the liberty cell. Defaults to the

top level module name.

corner The process corner to use for extracting the model.

filename Filename to write.

The write_timing_model command constructs a liberty timing model for the current design and writes it to *filename*. cell_name defaults to the cell name of the top level block in the design.

The SDC used to extract the block should include the clock definitions. If the block contains a clock network set_propagated_clock should be used so the clock delays are included in the timing model. The following SDC commands are ignored when bulding the timing model.

```
set_input_delay
set_output_delay
set_load
set_timing_derate
```

Using set_input_transition with the slew from the block context will be used will improve the match between the timing model and the block netlist. Paths defined on clocks that are defined on internal pins are ignored because the model has no way to include the clock definition.

The resulting timing model can be used in a hierarchical timing flow as a replacement for the block to speed up timing analysis. This hierarchical timing methodology does not handle timing exceptions that originate or terminate inside the block. The timing model includes:

```
combinational paths between inputs and outputs setup and hold timing constraints on inputs clock to output timing paths
```

Resistance of long wires on inputs and outputs of the block cannot be modeled in Liberty. To reduce inaccuracies from wire resistance in technologies with resistive wires place buffers on inputs and ouputs.

The extracted timing model setup/hold checks are scalar (no input slew dependence). Delay timing arcs are load dependent but do not include input slew dependency.

write_verilog	[-sort] [-include_pwr_gnd] [-remove_cells <i>lib_cells</i>] <i>filename</i>
-sort	Sort the instances in the netlist.
-include_pwr_gnd	Incluce power and ground pins on instances.
lib_cells	Liberty cells to remove. Use get_lib_cells, a list of cells names, or a cell name with wildcards.
filename	Filename to write.

The write_verilog command writes a verilog netlist to *filename*. Use -sort to sort the instances so the results are reproducible across operating systems. Use -remove_cells to remove instances of *lib_cells* from the netlist.

Variables

hierard	chy_se	parator
---------	--------	---------

Any character.

The hierarchy_separator separates instance names in a hierarchical instance, net, or pin name. The default value is '/'.

link_make_black_boxes

0|1

When link_make_black_boxes is 1 the link_design command will make empty "black box" cells for instances that reference undefined cells. The default value is 1.

sta_bidirect_net_paths_enabled

0|1

When set to 0, paths from bidirectional (inout) ports back through nets are disabled. When set to 1, paths from bidirectional paths from the net back into the instance are enabled. The default value is 0.

sta_continue_on_error

0|1

The source and read_sdc commands stop and report any errors encountered while reading a file unless sta_continue_on_error is 1. The default value is 0.

sta_crpr_mode

same_pin|same_transition

When the data and clock paths of a timing check overlap (see sta_crpr_enabled), pessimism is removed independent of whether of the path rise/fall transitions. When sta_crpr_mode is same_transition, the pessimism is only removed if the path rise/fall transitions are the same. The default value is same_pin.

sta_cond_default_arcs_enabled

0|1

When set to 0, default timing arcs with no condition (Liberty timing arcs with no "when" expression) are disabled if there are other conditional timing arcs between the same pins. The default value is 1.

sta_crpr_enabled

0|1

During min/max timing analysis for on_chip_variation the data and clock paths may overlap. For a setup check the maximum path delays are used for the data and the minimum path delays are used for the clock. Because the gates cannot simultaneously have minimum and maximum delays the timing check slack is pessimistic. This pessimism is known as Common Reconvergent Pesssimism Removal, or "CRPR". Enabling CRPR slows down the analysis. The default value is 1.

sta_dynamic_loop_breaking

0|1

When sta_dynamic_loop_breaking is 0, combinational logic loops are disabled by disabling a timing arc that closes the loop. When sta_dynamic_loop_breaking is 1, all paths around the loop are reported. The default value is 0.

sta_gated_clock_checks_enabled

When sta_gated_clock_checks_enabled is 1, clock gating setup and hold timing checks are checked. The default value is 1.

sta_input_port_default_clock

0|1

When sta_input_port_default_clock is 1 a default input arrival is added for input ports that do not have an arrival time specified with the set_input_delay command. The default value is 0.

sta_internal_bidirect_instance_paths_enabled

0|1

When set to 0, paths from bidirectional (inout) ports back into the instance are disabled. When set to 1, paths from bidirectional ports back into the instance are enabled. The default value is 0.

sta_pocv_enabled

0|1

Enable parametric on chip variation using statistical timing analysis. The default value is 0.

sta_propagate_all_clocks

0|1

All clocks defined after sta_propagate_all_clocks is set to 1 are propagated. If it is set before any clocks are defined it has the same effect as

set_propagated_clock [all_clocks]

after all clocks have been defined. The default value is 0.

sta_propagate_gated_clock_enable

0|1

When set to 1, paths of gated clock enables are propagated through the clock gating instances. If the gated clock controls sequential elements setting sta_propagate_gated_clock_enable to 0 prevents spurious paths from the clock enable. The default value is 1.

sta_recovery_removal_checks_enabled

0|1

When sta_recovery_removal_checks_enabled is 0, recovery and removal timing checks are disabled. The default value is 1.

sta_report_default_digits

integer

The number of digits to print after a decimal point. The default value is 2.

sta i	preset_	clear	arcs	enab	led
-------	---------	-------	------	------	-----

0|1

When set to 1, paths through asynchronous preset and clear timing arcs are searched. The default value is 0.

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