

Automatic Control AC.L15

Lead network design examples

Ex.1 Lead

after steady state design

$$|L'(j\omega_{c,des})| = -3.33 \text{ dB}$$

$$(\omega_{c,des} = 7 \text{ rad/s})$$

$$\angle L'(j\omega_{c,des}) = -179^\circ$$

phase lead is needed

$$\Delta\varphi \approx 40^\circ$$

$$\downarrow$$
$$-139^\circ$$

Lead network design

$$m_D = 10 \quad \omega_{norm} = 1$$

$$\omega_D = \frac{\omega_{c,des}}{\omega_{norm}} = 7$$

$$C_D(s) = \frac{1 + \frac{s}{\omega_D}}{1 + \frac{s}{m_D \omega_D}}$$

After Lead network

$$L''(s) = L'(s) C_D(s)$$

$$|L''(j\omega_{c,des})| \approx -0.36 \text{ dB}$$

$$\angle L''(j\omega_{c,des}) = -140^\circ$$

→ OK

↓
simulation

$$\hat{\zeta} = 28.46\% \rightarrow \text{OK}$$

$$t_r = 0.269 \text{ s} \rightarrow \text{OK}$$

$$|e_r| = 0.1 \text{ OK}$$

```

clear all
close all
clc

s=tf('s');
% Plant tf
G=2/((1+0.2*s)*(1+0.1*s));

% steady state controller
Kc=5
C_SS=Kc/s;
L1=G*C_SS; % loop function update
figure, bode(L1)
%return

% transient requirements
T_p=3.67; %dB
S_p=5.1; %dB
wc_des=7;

% nichols diagram for L1
figure(1)
nichols(L1,'b'), hold on
T_grid(T_p)
S_grid(S_p)
%return
% lead network design
mD=10
wnorm=1;
wD=wc_des/wnorm
C_D=(1+s/wD)/(1+s/(mD*wD));
L2=L1*C_D; % loop function update
C=C_SS*C_D; % controller tf update
figure(1)
nichols(L2,'r')
%return

% simulation with step reference signal
r_s = 1; % switch imposes step reference
rho = 1;
delta_a = 0;
delta_y = 0;
t_stop = 3;
sim('control_structure_sim')
figure
plot(r.time,r.data,'r','linewidth',1.5)
grid on
hold on

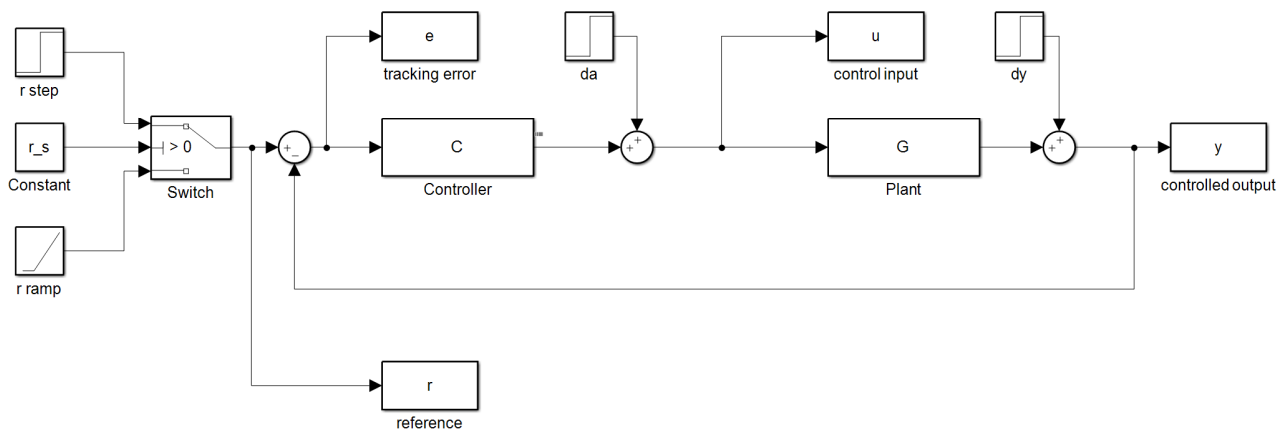
```

```

plot(y.time,y.data,'b','linewidth',1.5)
xlabel('t (s)')
ylabel('y(t)')
legend('r(t)', 'y(t)')
%return

% simulation with ramp reference signal
r_s = -1; % switch imposes ramp reference
rho = 1;
delta_a = 0;
delta_y = 0;
t_stop = 3;
sim('control_structure_sim')
figure
plot(r.time,r.data,'r','linewidth',1.5)
grid on
hold on
plot(y.time,y.data,'b','linewidth',1.5)
xlabel('t (s)')
ylabel('y(t)')
legend('r(t)', 'y(t)')
figure
plot(e.time,e.data,'b','linewidth',1.5)
grid on
xlabel('t (s)')
ylabel('e(t)')

```



Ex. 2 Lead

after steady state design

$$|L'(j\omega_{c,des})| = -30 \text{ dB}$$

$$\omega_{c,des} = 18 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\angle L'(j\omega_{c,des}) = -186^\circ$$

phase lead needed

$$\Delta\varphi \approx 50^\circ \div 54^\circ$$

$$\downarrow$$
$$-132,5^\circ \div -136,5^\circ$$

Lead network design

$$m_D = 10$$

$$\omega_{norm} = 3$$

$$\omega_D = \frac{\omega_{c,des}}{\omega_{norm}} =$$

After lead network

$$L''(s) = L'(s) C_D(s)$$

$$|L''(j\omega_{c,des})| = -20,6 \text{ dB}$$

$$\angle L''(j\omega_{c,des}) = -132^\circ \rightarrow \text{ok}$$

Gain adjustment required

$$K_1 = 10^{\frac{29,6}{20}} =$$

$$\text{After } K_1 \rightarrow L'''(s) = L''(s) K_1$$

$$|L'''(j\omega_{c,des})| \approx 0 \text{ dB}$$

$$\angle L'''(j\omega_{c,des}) = -132^\circ$$

$$M_D = 16 \quad (14)$$

$$\omega_{\text{norm}} = 6 \quad (6)$$

$$\omega_D = \frac{\omega_{c,des}}{\omega_{\text{norm}}} =$$

after this lead network

$$L''(s) = C_D(s) Z'(s)$$

$$|L''(j\omega_{c,des})| = -15,2 \text{ dB}$$

$$\angle L''(j\omega_{c,des}) = -126^\circ$$

Gain adjustment

$$K_1 = 10^{+\frac{15,2}{20}} =$$

after K_1

$$L'''(s) = L''(s) K_1$$

$$|L'''(j\omega_{c,des})| \approx 0 \text{ dB}$$

$$\angle L'''(j\omega_{c,des}) = -126^\circ$$

→ Run simulation

$$\hat{s} = 26,1\%$$

$$t_{s,1\%} = 1,12 \text{ s}$$

↓
slow transient

↓
increase ω_c

↓
increase $K_1 = 10^{\frac{17}{20}}$

$$\hat{s} \approx 25,5\% \text{ OK} \quad t_{s,1\%} = 0,656 \text{ s OK}$$

$$|Y_{da}| = 0,01412 \quad \text{OK}$$

```

clear all
close all
clc

s=tf('s');
G=(s+1)/(s^2*(s-1));

% steady state controller
Kc = 10
C_SS=Kc;
L1=C_SS*G;% loop function update
figure
bode(L1)
%return

% transient requirements
T_p=2.67; %dB
S_p=4.35; %dB
wc_des=18;

% nichols diagram for L1
figure(1)
nichols(L1,'b')
hold on
T_grid(T_p)
S_grid(S_p)
axis([-360 -90 -80 100])
%return

% lead network design
mD=16
wnorm=6;
wD=wc_des/wnorm
C_D=(1+s/wD)/((1+s/(mD*wD)));
L2=C_D*L1; % loop function update
C=C_D*C_SS;% controller tf update
figure(1), hold on
nichols(L2,'r')
%return

% gain adjustment
K=10^(17/20)
L3=K*L2; % loop function update
C=K*C; % controller tf update
figure(1), hold on
nichols(L3,'k')
%return

```

```

% simulation with step reference signal
r_s = 1; % switch impose step reference
rho = 1;
delta_a = 0;
delta_y = 0;
t_stop = 5;
sim('control_structure_sim')
figure
plot(r.time,r.data,'r','linewidth',1.5)
grid on
hold on
plot(y.time,y.data,'b','linewidth',1.5)
xlabel('t (s)')
ylabel('y(t)')
legend('r(t)', 'y(t)')
%return

```

```

% simulation with disturbance da
r_s = 1; % switch impose step reference
rho = 0;
delta_a = 1;
delta_y = 0;
t_stop = 5;
sim('control_structure_sim')
figure
grid on
hold on
plot(y.time,y.data,'b','linewidth',1.5)
xlabel('t (s)')
ylabel('y(t)')

```