Automatic Control AC.L13

Steady state design examples

Example 1 r(4)=0, st E(E) 12 1 5 0,1 -> typed system at needed L(s) with 1 pole at 0 since G(s) has not any pole at o => Css(s) is of the form | Css(s) = Kc; 12, 1 = P K, = lim s L(s)=lim s C(s)G(s) = 500 L= C.G = lun 5 Css(5) Cy(5). 5+1 (5+2)(5+4) GISI -lim & Ke Cols 1 5+1 = Ke 5->0 & (S+2)(S+4) & 8 12-1= 1 = 0,5 K. 1 K. 1 -> 14 15 0,4 -> 1Ke12 40

Summanizing:

$$C_{S3}(S) = \frac{Kc}{S}$$

1Kc1240

Ke Sign chiscustion
L'Isl=Css(s) Gis/
P=0

N=0

N=0

W=0±

L'

W=0±

L'

N=0

closed loop system it stable => Cs:(1) = 40

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Example 2 r16) = +2 E(t) · 12 / 5 0,1 -> type 2 system is needed L(s) with 2 poles at @ G(s) has 1 pole at 0 => , C = s(s) = Ke |2" |= | P = 2  $K_2 = \lim_{s \to 0} S^2 L(s) = \lim_{s \to 0} \frac{K_2 G(s)}{S(s+4)} \frac{(s+4)(s+8)}{S(s+4)^2}$   $= 24 K_2$ 12" = | = | = | = 0,1 --- | IK. 17, 0, 83 · 1/2/ =0 dy (+) = 5, E E(+) 10,10,1 

$$|e_{r}^{*}| \rightarrow C_{ss}(s) \stackrel{Ke}{=} Ke$$

$$|K_{e}| \stackrel{Ke}{=} C_{ss}(s) = \frac{Ke}{s}$$

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N=-4+1=0

N== 2

Closed toop stable

Css(s) = 0.9

( Css (s) =  $\frac{1}{s}$  is also on)

## Example 3

-> type 1 system is needed

L(s) with 1 pole of 
$$0 \mid \rightarrow C_{ss}(s) = \frac{K_c}{s}$$

(G(s) he snot poles of  $0 \mid \rightarrow C_{ss}(s) = \frac{K_c}{s}$ 

the requirement closs not provide indications for the numerical value of Ke

for simplicity, IKel=1 is chosen

$$K_{c} = \frac{-500}{s^{2}-900} = \frac{-500}{s(s)^{2}-900}$$

$$= \frac{-500}{30(4+\frac{5}{30})\cdot(-30)(4-\frac{5}{30})}$$

$$= \frac{-5}{9} = \frac{1}{(4+\frac{5}{30})(4-\frac{5}{30})}$$

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