

Automatic Control AC.L16

Lag network design examples

$$1) T(s) = \frac{L(s)}{1+L(s)} = \frac{N_L(s)}{D_L(s) + N_L(s)}$$

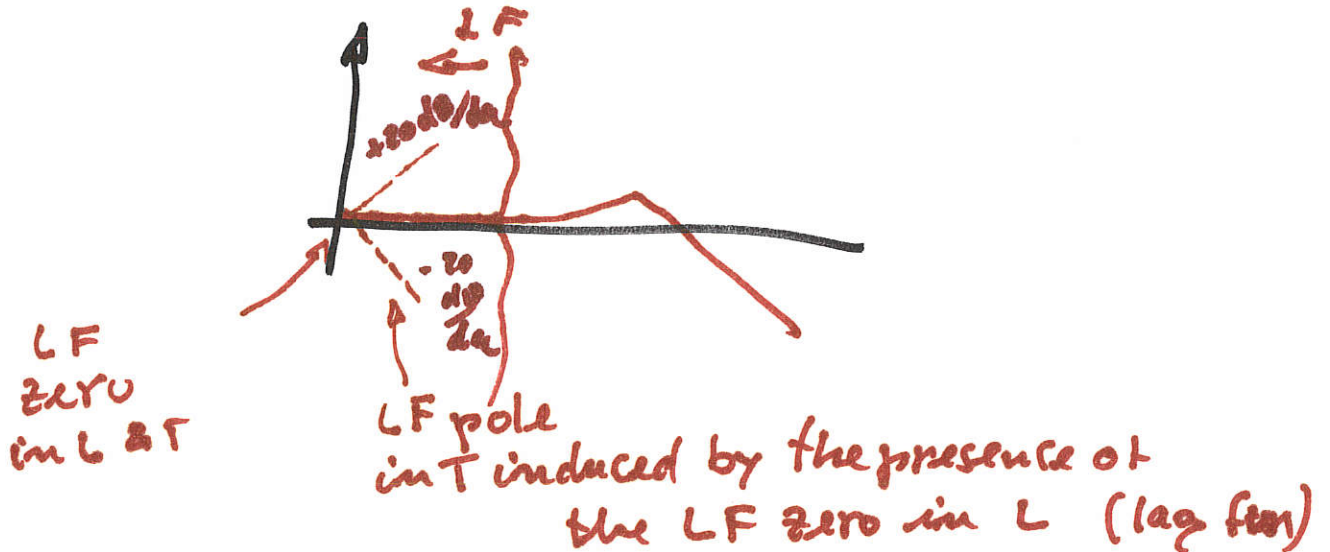
$$L(s) = \frac{N_L(s)}{D_L(s)}$$

if $L(s)$ contains a lag network-

→ N_L has a zero at low frequency
 $\Rightarrow T(s)$ has a zero at low fr.

2) at low frequency

$$|T(j\omega)| \approx 1$$



T contains a pole with a bigger time constant wrt. the dominating one. \Rightarrow tail effect

Ex. Lag 1

After steady state design

$$L'(s) = C_{ss}(s) \cdot G(s)$$

$$|L'(i\omega_{c,des})| = 19,7 \text{ dB}$$

$$\omega_{c,des} = 1,9 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\angle L'(i\omega_{c,des}) = -122^\circ$$

phase is OK \rightarrow magnitude attenuation at $\omega_{c,des}$ is required

$$[|y_{da}^\infty| \leq 0,1 \quad d_a(t) = \delta_a t \varepsilon(t) \quad |d_a| \leq 1$$

$$\rightarrow C_{ss}(s) = \frac{K_c}{s}$$

$$\left| \frac{\delta_a}{K_c} \right| \leq 0,1 \Rightarrow |K_c| \geq 10 \dots\dots K_c = 10]$$

\uparrow
Lag network is needed

Lag network design:

$$m_I = |L'(i\omega_{c,des})| = 10^{\frac{19,7}{20}} \approx 10$$

$$\omega_I = \frac{\omega_{c,des}}{d \cdot m_I} \approx \frac{1,9}{10 \cdot 10} = 0,019 \text{ rad/s}$$

$d=10$

After Lag network

$$L''(s) = C_I(s) L'(s)$$

$$C_I = \frac{1 + \frac{s}{m_I \omega_I}}{1 + \frac{s}{\omega_I}}$$

$$|L''(i\omega_{c,des})| \approx 0 \text{ dB}$$

$$\angle L''(i\omega_{c,des}) = -127^\circ \} \rightarrow \text{simulation}$$

$$\bar{\zeta} = 18,17 \% \quad \text{OK}$$

$$t_r = 0,93 \text{ s}$$

$$|Y_{d_n}^{\infty}| = 0,1 \quad \text{OK}$$

$$C(s) = \frac{K_c}{s} \cdot \frac{1 + \frac{s}{m_I \omega_I}}{1 + \frac{s}{\omega_I}}$$

dc-gain \uparrow form

$$K_c = 10$$

$$m_I = 9,6605$$

$$\omega_I = 0,0197$$

```

clear all
close all
clc

s=tf('s');

% Plant tf
G=2/((0.1*s+1)*(0.2*s+1));

% steady state controller
Kc=10
C_SS=Kc/s;
L1=G*C_SS;% loop function update

% transient requirements
T_p=1.72;
S_p=3.63;
wc_des=1.9;

% nichols diagram for L1
figure(1)
nichols(L1,'b'), hold on
T_grid(T_p)
S_grid(S_p)
%return

% lag network design
mI=10^(19.7/20)
alpha=10;
wI=wc_des/(alpha*mI)
C_I=(1+s/(mI*wI))/(1+s/(wI));
L2=L1*C_I; % loop function update
C=C_SS*C_I % controller tf update
figure(1)
nichols(L2,'r')
%return

% simulation with step reference signal
r_s = 1; % switch impose step reference
rho = 1;
delta_a = 0;
delta_y = 0;
t_stop = 20;
sim('control_structure_sim_1')
figure
plot(r.time,r.data,'r','linewidth',1.5)
grid on
hold on

```

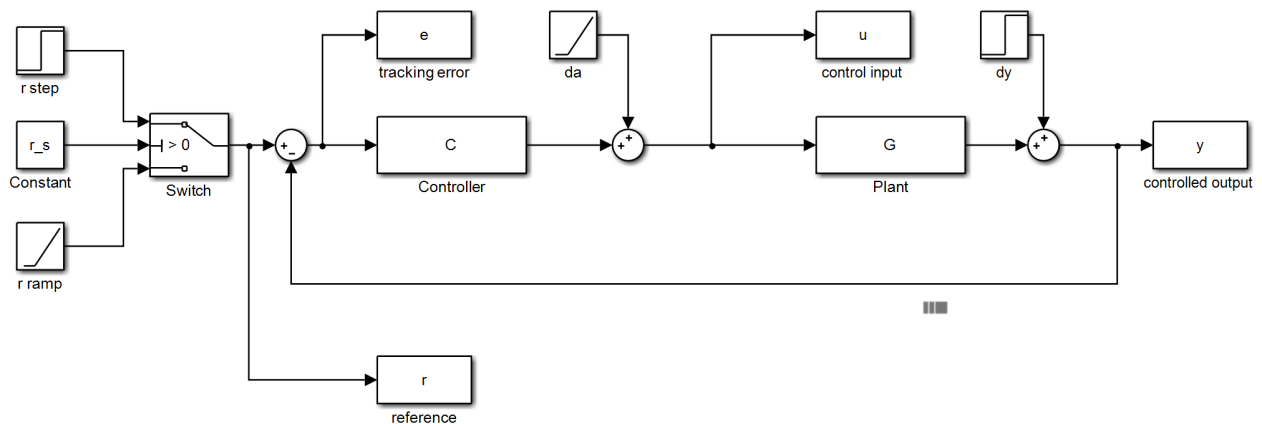
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plot(y.time,y.data,'b','linewidth',1.5)
xlabel('t (s)')
ylabel('y(t)')
legend('r(t)', 'y(t)')

%return
% simulation with disturbance da
r_s = 1; % switch impose step reference
rho = 0;
delta_a = 1;
delta_y = 0;
t_stop = 100;
sim('control_structure_sim_1') % modify control_structure_sim.slx
                               % since disturbance d_a is a ramp

figure
grid on
hold on
plot(y.time,y.data,'b','linewidth',1.5)
xlabel('t (s)')
ylabel('y(t)')

```



Ex. Lag 2

after steady state design

$$L'(s) = C_{ss}(s) G(s)$$

$$\omega_{c,des} = 4 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$|L'(j\omega_{c,des})| \approx 1,69 \text{ dB}$$

$$\angle L'(j\omega_{c,des}) = -163^\circ$$

$$\downarrow$$
$$-123^\circ \div -108^\circ$$

$$\Delta\varphi \approx 40^\circ \div 55^\circ$$

↑
due to the
need of a
lag network
in the next
design step

→ phase lead action
is needed

$$C_D(s) = \frac{1 + \frac{s}{\omega_D}}{1 + \frac{s}{m_D \omega_D}}$$

$$m_D = 12$$

$$\omega_{norm} = 3$$

$$\omega_D = \frac{\omega_{c,des}}{\omega_{norm}} = \dots$$

After lead network $L''(s) = C_D(s) L'(s)$

$$|L''(j\omega_{c,des})| \approx 11,4 \text{ dB}$$

$$\angle L''(j\omega_{c,des}) = -106^\circ \rightarrow \text{ok}$$

→ magnitude attenuation is needed at $\omega_{c,des}$



lag network

$$C_I(s) = \frac{1 + \frac{s}{m_I \omega_I}}{1 + \frac{s}{\omega_I}}$$

$$m_I = 10^{\frac{11,4}{20}} = \dots$$

$$\omega_I = \frac{\omega_{c,des}}{\alpha m_I} = \dots$$

↓
10

After lag network

$$L'''(s) = C_I(s) L''(s)$$

$$|L'''(j\omega_{c,des})| \approx 0 \text{ dB}$$

$$\angle L'''(j\omega_{c,des}) \approx -110^\circ$$

OK on
Nichols plane

Simulation

$$\hat{s} = 5,8 \% \text{ OK}$$

$$t_r = 0,55 \text{ s No}$$



modify lag network design to obtain a greater value of ω_c

$$\Downarrow \quad m_I = 10^{\frac{10}{20}} =$$



$$\hat{s} = 5,5 \% \text{ OK}$$

$$t_r = 0,467 \text{ s OK}$$

$$|e_r^{\infty}| = 0,2$$

$$(r(t) = 2t \varepsilon(t))$$

$$C(s) = K_c \frac{1 + \frac{s}{\omega_D}}{1 + \frac{s}{m_D \omega_D}} \cdot \frac{1 + \frac{s}{m_I \omega_I}}{1 + \frac{s}{\omega_I}}$$

$$K_c = 20$$

$$m_D = 12$$

$$\omega_D = 1,3$$

$$m_I = 3,1623$$

$$\omega_I = 0,1265$$

```

clear all
close all
clc

s=tf('s');

% Plant tf
G=(s+0.2)/(s*(s+0.4)*(s+1));

% steady state controller
Kc=20
C_SS=Kc;
L1=G*C_SS;% loop function update

% transient requirements
T_p=0.42;
S_p=2.68;
wc_des=4;

% nichols diagram for L1
figure(1)
nichols(L1,'b'), hold on
T_grid(T_p)
S_grid(S_p)
%return

% lead network design
mD=12
wnorm=3;
wD=wc_des/wnorm
C_D=(1+s/wD)/((1+s/(mD*wD)));
L2=C_D*L1; % loop function update
C=C_D*C_SS; % controller tf update
figure(1), hold on
nichols(L2,'r')
%return

% lag network design
mI=10^(10/20)
alpha=10;
wI=wc_des/(alpha*mI)
C_I=(1+s/(mI*wI))/(1+s/(wI));
L3=L2*C_I; % loop function update
C=C*C_I % controller tf update
figure(1)
nichols(L3,'k')
%return

```

```

% simulation with step reference signal
r_s = 1; % switch impose step reference
rho = 1;
delta_a = 0;
delta_y = 0;
t_stop = 10;
sim('control_structure_sim')
figure
plot(r.time,r.data,'r','linewidth',1.5)
grid on
hold on
plot(y.time,y.data,'b','linewidth',1.5)
xlabel('t (s)')
ylabel('y(t)')
legend('r(t)','y(t)')
%return
% simulation with ramp reference signal
r_s = -1; % switch imposes ramp reference
rho = 2;
delta_a = 0;
delta_y = 0;
t_stop = 100;
sim('control_structure_sim')
figure
plot(r.time,r.data,'r','linewidth',1.5)
grid on
hold on
plot(y.time,y.data,'b','linewidth',1.5)
xlabel('t (s)')
ylabel('y(t)')
legend('r(t)','y(t)')

figure
plot(e.time,e.data,'b','linewidth',1.5)
grid on
xlabel('t (s)')
ylabel('e(t)')

```