

4.51.

$$\alpha_1(r) = k_1 r^a \quad \alpha_2(r) = k_2 r^a \quad W(x) = k_3 \|x\|^a.$$

$$\beta(r, s) = kr \cdot e^{-rs} \quad \alpha_1^{-1}(\alpha_2(\mu)) = k\mu. \quad k = \left(\frac{k_2}{k_1}\right)^{\frac{1}{a}}, \quad \gamma = \frac{k_3}{k_2 a}$$

\therefore 定理 4.18 条件满足.

$$\therefore k_1 \|x\|^a \leq V \leq k_2 \|x\|^a, \quad \dot{V} \leq -k_3 \|x\|^a, \quad \forall \|x\| \geq \mu > 0.$$

\therefore 在 $V \geq k_2 \mu^a$ 时, ~~系统~~

$$\|x\| \geq \mu, \quad \dot{V} \leq -\frac{k_3}{k_2} V, \quad V(t, x(t)) \leq e^{-\frac{k_3}{k_2}(t-t_0)} V(t_0, x(t_0)).$$

$$\therefore \|x(t)\| \leq \left(\frac{V(t, x(t))}{k_1} \right)^{\frac{1}{a}} \leq \left(\frac{1}{k_1} e^{-\frac{k_3}{k_2}(t-t_0)} V(t_0, x(t_0)) \right)^{\frac{1}{a}}$$

$$\therefore \|x(t)\| \leq \left(\frac{1}{k_1} e^{-\frac{k_3}{k_2}(t-t_0)} k_2 \|x(t_0)\|^a \right)^{\frac{1}{a}}$$

$$\therefore \|x(t)\| \leq \left(\frac{k_2}{k_1} \right)^{\frac{1}{a}} e^{-\frac{k_3}{ak_2}(t-t_0)} \|x(t_0)\| = k e^{-\gamma(t-t_0)} \|x(t_0)\|$$

$$\therefore \text{即满足 } \|x(t)\| \leq \beta(\|x(t_0)\|, t-t_0), \quad \forall t_0 \leq t \leq t_0 + T. \quad (4.42).$$

$$\text{对于 } t \geq t_0 + T, \quad \|x(t)\| \leq \left(\frac{V(t, x(t))}{k_1} \right)^{\frac{1}{a}} \leq \left(\frac{k_2 \mu^a}{k_1} \right)^{\frac{1}{a}} = k\mu.$$

$$\therefore \text{即满足 } \|x(t)\| \leq \alpha_1^{-1}(\alpha_2(\mu)), \quad \forall t \geq t_0 + T.$$

4.54

(11). $\dot{x} = -(1+u)x^3.$

对于 $u(t) \equiv c > 1$, 且 $x(0) = x_0 > 0$, $x(t)$ 随 $t \rightarrow \infty$ 而 $\rightarrow 0$.

\therefore 显然非状态-输入稳定.

(12). $\dot{x} = -(1+u)x^3 - x^5.$ 令 $V(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2.$

$$\dot{V} = x\dot{x} = -x^4 + ux^4 - x^6. \quad x^4 \geq 0, \quad x^6 \geq 0, \quad \forall |x| > \sqrt{\mu}.$$

$$\therefore \dot{V} = -x^4, \quad \forall |x| > \sqrt{\mu}.$$

\therefore 系统为状态-输入稳定.

$$(3). \dot{x} = -x + x^2 u.$$

同(1)同理, 系统非状态-输入稳定.

$$(4). \dot{x} = x - x^3 + u.$$

当 $u=0$ 时, 系统在 $x=0$ 处不稳定, 则非状态-输入稳定.

$$4.54. (1). \dot{x}_1 = -x_1 + x_1^2 x_2.$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = -x_1^3 - x_2 + u. \quad \text{令 } V(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x_1^2 + x_2^2).$$

$$\dot{V} = x_1 \dot{x}_1 + x_2 \dot{x}_2 = -(x_1^2 + x_2^2) + x_2 u = -\|x\|_2^2 + \|x\|_2 |u|.$$

$$= -(1-\theta)\|x\|_2^2 - \theta\|x\|_2^2 + \|x\|_2 |u|$$

$$\therefore \dot{V} \leq -(1-\theta)\|x\|_2^2, \quad \forall \|x\|_2 \geq \frac{|u|}{\theta}, \quad 0 < \theta < 1.$$

\therefore 系统非输入-状态稳定.

$$(2). \dot{x}_1 = -x_1 + x_2$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = -x_1^3 - x_2 + u. \quad \text{令 } V(x) = \frac{1}{4}x_1^4 + \frac{1}{2}x_2^2$$

$$\dot{V} = -x_1^4 - x_2^2 + x_2 u = -x_1^4 - (1-\theta)x_2^2 - \theta x_2^2 + x_2 u \leq -x_1^4 - (1-\theta)x_2^2, \quad |x_2| > \frac{|u|}{\theta}$$

$$\text{当 } |x_2| \leq \frac{|u|}{\theta}, \quad \dot{V} = -x_1^4 - \theta x_2^4 - x_2^2 + \frac{u^2}{\theta} \leq -(1-\theta)x_1^4 - x_2^2, \quad |x_1| \geq \sqrt{\frac{|u|}{\theta}}.$$

$\therefore \dot{V} \leq -(1-\theta)[x_1^4 + x_2^2]$. 系统输入-状态稳定.

$$(3). \dot{x}_1 = x_2.$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = -x_1^3 - x_2 + u. \quad \text{令 } V = x_1^2 + 2x_1 x_2 + 2x_2^2 + x_1^4.$$

$$\dot{V} = 2x_1^4 - 2x_2^2 + 2x_1 u + 4x_2 u \leq -2x_1^4 - 2x_2^2 + 2|x_1||u| + 4|x_2||u|.$$

$$\therefore 4|x_2||u| = 2|x_2||2u| \leq |x_2|^2 + |2u|^2 \Rightarrow 2|x_1||u| = |x_1||2u| \leq |x_1|^4 + |2u|^2.$$

$$\therefore \dot{V} \leq -x_1^4 - x_2^2 + 2|u|^2, \quad \text{令 } \phi(r) = (2r)^{\frac{4}{3}} + 4r^2, \quad \phi \text{ 为 } K \text{ 类函数.}$$

$\therefore \dot{V} \leq -x_1^4 - x_2^2 + \phi(|u|)$, 根据引理 4.3, 存在 K_∞ 类函数 α_3 :

$$\forall |u| \geq \alpha_3^{-1}\left(\frac{\phi(|u|)}{\theta}\right), \quad \dot{V} \leq -\alpha_3(\|x\|) + \psi(|u|) = -(1-\theta)\alpha_3(\|x\|) - \theta\alpha_3(\|x\|) + \psi(|u|) \leq -(1-\theta)\alpha_3(\|x\|)$$

\therefore 系统输入-状态稳定.

4.56.

$$\dot{x}_1 = -x_1^3 + x_2, \quad \dot{x}_2 = -x_2^3.$$

以 x_2 作为输入时系统显然是输入-状态稳定的. 且系统 $\dot{x}_1 = -x_1^3$ 原点显然是全局一致渐近稳定的, 且根据引理 (4-7), 系统的原点是全局渐近稳定的.