

$$(12) \begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 = x_1^2 + x_2 \\ \dot{x}_2 = x_2^2 + x_3 \\ \dot{x}_3 = x_3^2 + u \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \ddot{x}_1 &= x_1^2 + x_2 \\ &= -x_1 + (x_1 + x_1^2 + x_2) \Rightarrow z_2 \\ &= -x_1 - z_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \ddot{z}_2 &= \ddot{x}_2 + \ddot{x}_1 + 2x_1 \dot{x}_1 = x_2^2 + x_3 + \ddot{x}_1 + 2x_1 \dot{x}_1 \\ &= -z_2 + x_1 + (x_2^2 + x_3 + \ddot{x}_1 + 2x_1 \dot{x}_1 + z_2 - x_1) \Rightarrow z_3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \ddot{z}_3 &= u + 2x_2 \dot{x}_2 + \ddot{x}_1 + 2\dot{x}_1^2 + 2x_1 \ddot{x}_1 + \ddot{z}_2 - \dot{x}_1 \\ &= -z_3 - z_2 + (u + 2x_2 \dot{x}_2 + \ddot{x}_1 + 2\dot{x}_1^2 + 2x_1 \ddot{x}_1 + \ddot{z}_2 - \dot{x}_1 + z_2 + z_3) \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \text{let } u = -(2x_2 \dot{x}_2 + \ddot{x}_1 + 2\dot{x}_1^2 + 2x_1 \ddot{x}_1 + \ddot{z}_2 - \dot{x}_1 + z_2 + z_3)$$

$$\therefore \begin{cases} \ddot{x}_1 = -x_1 - z_2 \\ \ddot{z}_2 = -z_2 + x_1 + z_3 \\ \ddot{z}_3 = -z_3 - z_2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Let } V(x) &= \frac{1}{2}(x_1^2 + z_2^2 + z_3^2) \quad \dot{V}(x) = x_1 \dot{x}_1 + z_2 \dot{z}_2 + z_3 \dot{z}_3 \\ &= -x_1^2 - x_1 z_2 - z_2^2 + x_1 z_2 + z_2 z_3 - z_3^2 - z_2 z_3 \\ &= -x_1^2 - z_2^2 - z_3^2 < 0 \end{aligned}$$

\therefore 系统 G.A.S.

$$(2) \begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 = u_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 = u_2 \\ x_3 = x_1 x_2^2 \end{cases}$$

$$\dot{x}_3 = x_1 x_2^2 = (-x_3 + x_1 + x_3) \underbrace{(x_3^2 + x_2^2 - x_3^2)}_{\Rightarrow z_1} \underbrace{z_2}_{\Rightarrow z_2}$$

$$= (-x_3 + z_1)(x_3^2 + z_2) \quad z_1 = x_1 + x_3 \quad z_2 = x_2^2 - x_3^2$$

$$= -x_3^3 + z_1 x_3^2 - z_2 x_3 + z_1 z_2 = -x_3^3 + z_1(x_3^2 + z_2) - z_2 x_3$$

$z_1 = u_1 + x_3$, 为消除 $z_1(x_3^2 + z_2)$ 引入:

$$\dot{z}_1 = u_1 + \dot{x}_3 + [-z_1 x_3(x_3^2 + z_2) + z_1 x_3(x_3^2 + z_2)]$$

$$\dot{z}_1 = -z_1 - x_3(x_3^2 + z_2) + [u_1 + \dot{x}_3 + z_1 + x_3(x_3^2 + z_2)]$$

$$\dot{z}_2 = 2\dot{x}_2 x_2 - 2\dot{x}_3 x_3 = 2x_2 \cdot u - 2\dot{x}_3 x_3. \text{ 消去 } -2x_3 \dot{x}_3, \text{ 代入:}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{z}_2 &= 2x_2 u_2 - 2x_3 \dot{x}_3 + (-z_2 + x_3^2 + z_2 - x_3^2) \\ &= -z_2 + x_3^2 + [2x_2 u_2 - 2x_3 \dot{x}_3 + z_2 - x_3^2].\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \text{ 设计 } u_1 = -[x_3 + z_1 + x_3(x_3^2 + z_2)]$$

$$u_2 = -\frac{2x_3 \dot{x}_3 + z_2 - x_3^2}{2x_2}$$

$$\therefore \begin{cases} \dot{x}_3 = -x_3^2 + z_1(x_3^2 + z_2) - z_2 x_3 \\ \dot{z}_1 = -z_1 - x_3(x_3^2 + z_2) \\ \dot{z}_2 = -z_2 + x_3^2 \end{cases} \quad \sum V(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x_3^2 + z_1^2 + z_2^2)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{V} &= -x_3^4 + z_1 x_3(x_3^2 + z_2) - z_2 x_3^2 - z_1^2 - z_1 x_3(x_3^2 + z_2) - z_2^2 + z_2 x_3^2 \\ &= -x_3^4 - z_1^2 - z_2^2 < 0. \text{ 系统 G.A.S.}\end{aligned}$$

$$(37) \quad \begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 = x_1^2 x_2 + a x_1^3 \cos(x_1) \\ \dot{x}_2 = x_2 + u. \end{cases} \quad |a| \leq 1.$$

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x}_1 &= x_1^2 x_2 + a x_1^3 \cos(x_1) = x_1^2 x_2 + x_1^3 - (1 - a \cos x_1) x_1^3 \\ &= x_1^2 (x_2 + x_1) - (1 - a \cos x_1) x_1^3 \\ &= x_1^2 (-x_1 + x_2 + 2x_1) - (1 - a \cos x_1) x_1^3 \\ &= -x_1^3 - (1 - a \cos x_1) x_1^3 + x_1^2 z_2, \quad z_2 = x_2 + 2x_1.\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{z}_2 &= \dot{x}_2 + 2\dot{x}_1 = u + x_1 + 2\dot{x}_1 \\ &= -z_2 - x_1^3 + [u + x_1 + 2(x_1^2 x_2 + a x_1^3 \cos(x_1)) + z_2 + x_1^3].\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{设计 } u = -(x_1 + 2x_1^2 x_2 + z_2 + x_1^3 + \dots \text{ 控制项}).$$

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 = -x_1^3 - (1 - a \cos x_1) x_1^3 + x_1^2 z_2 \\ \dot{z}_2 = -z_2 - x_1^3 + 2a \cos(x_1) \cdot x_1^3 + \dots \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} V = \frac{1}{2} (x_1^2 + z_2^2). \quad \dot{V} = -x_1^4 - (1 - a \cos x_1) x_1^4 + x_1^3 z_2 - z_2^2 - x_1^3 z_2 + z_2 (2a \cos(x_1) \cdot x_1^3 + v).$$

$$\dot{V} = -x_1^4 - (1 - a \cos x_1) x_1^4 - z_2^2 + z_2 (\dots)$$

$$\text{if } v = -2|x_1^3| \operatorname{sgn}(z_2).$$

$$\because |a| < 1, |\cos x_1| < 1$$

$$\therefore \dot{V} = -x_1^4 - z_2^2 < 0. \text{ 系统 G.A.S.}$$

$$(4) \begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 = \sin x_2 \\ \dot{x}_2 = \cos x_2 + u. \end{cases}$$

$$\dot{x}_1 = \sin x_2 = \sin(-\alpha(x_1) + x_2 + \alpha(x_1)).$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = x_2 + \alpha(x_1)$$

$$\alpha(x_1) \text{ 为奇函数, } x_1 \alpha(x_1) > 0; \alpha(0) = 0; |\alpha(x_1)| < \pi.$$

$$\text{if } f(x_1, z_2) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin(z_2 - \alpha(x_1)) - \sin(-\alpha(x_1))}{z_2 \cdot z_2 \neq 0} \dot{x}_1 = \sin(-\alpha(x_1)) + \sin(-\alpha(x_1) + z_2) - \sin(-\alpha(x_1)) \\ \cos(\alpha(x_1)) \cdot z_2 = 0 \quad \dot{x}_1 = -\sin(\alpha(x_1)) + \sin(-\alpha(x_1) + z_2) - \sin(-\alpha(x_1)) \\ = -\sin(\alpha(x_1)) + f(x_1, z_2) z_2. \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 = -\sin(\alpha(x_1)) + f(x_1, z_2) z_2. \quad \dot{z}_2 = \dot{x}_2 + \alpha(x_1) = \cos x_2 + u + \alpha(x_1) \\ \dot{z}_2 = -z_2 - f(x_1, z_2) x_1 \Leftrightarrow \text{令 } u = -z_2 - \alpha(x_1) - \cos x_2 - \underbrace{f(x_1, z_2) x_1}_{\neq 0} \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{2} V = \frac{1}{2} (x_1^2 + z_2^2).$$

$$\dot{V} = -x_1 \sin(\alpha(x_1)) + f(x_1, z_2) z_2 x_1 - z_2^2 - f(x_1, z_2) x_1 z_2.$$

$$= -x_1 \sin(\alpha(x_1)) - z_2^2 < 0$$

$$\therefore \text{系统 G.A.S.}$$