





TEAM

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Team Leader

Developer

Tester & Developer

Tester & Developer

Tester & Technical Writer

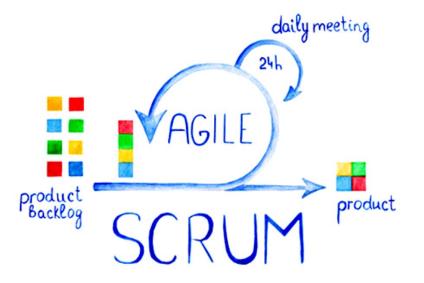
Tester (usability & UX Tester)

Technical Writer

Developer



Team working









CTT (Centro Trasfusionale Territoriale)

- Sacche di sangue locali CRUD
- Utenti locali CRUD
- Operazioni Offline
- Aggiunta e utilizzo di sacche
- Avviso sacche di sangue in scadenza

CCS (Centro Controllo e Smistamento)

- Aggiunta e rimozione di CTT
- Raccolta e gestione dati dei CTT
- Controllo prima e dopo la condivisione







Open Software

Il sistema C.A.R.E può essere utilizzato da qualsiasi ospedale senza costi perché open source



Facile Da Usare

Il sistema è facile da usare per chiunque nel reparto medico



Niente Sangue Sprecato

Grazie alla comunicazione tra ospedali, le sacche non verranno più buttate

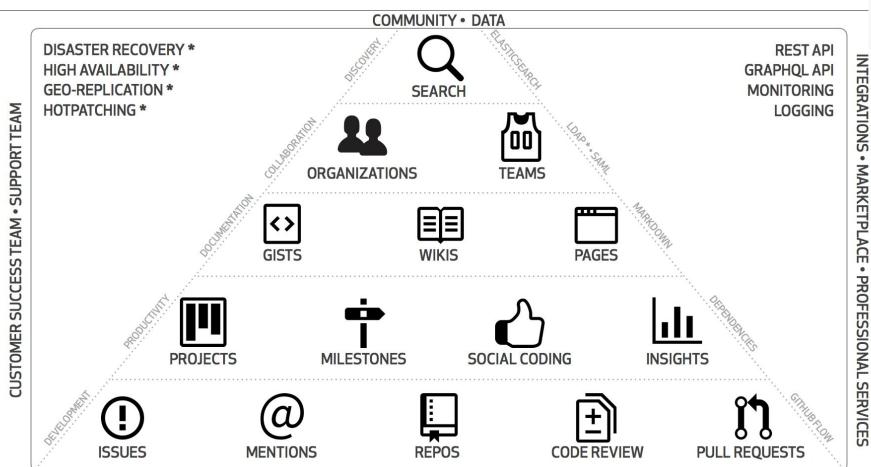


Work Offline

Anche se il CCS non risponde, il sistema funziona indipendentemente da ciò



Source Code Management





- Source https://github.com/AccaEmme/CARE
- Wiki https://github.com/AccaEmme/CARE/wiki
- Discussions https://github.com/AccaEmme/CARE/discussions
- Insights https://github.com/AccaEmme/CARE/pulse
 - Bug Tracking https://github.com/AccaEmme/CARE/issues



CONCEPT







Overview Of The System

- 1. Languages used
 - 2. Architecture
 - 3. Resources
 - 4. Data security
 - 5. Pattern





Languages Used



Java

with IDEs: Eclipse, Visual Studio, IntelliJ



(Spring Framework)



HTML, CSS, Vanilla Javascript



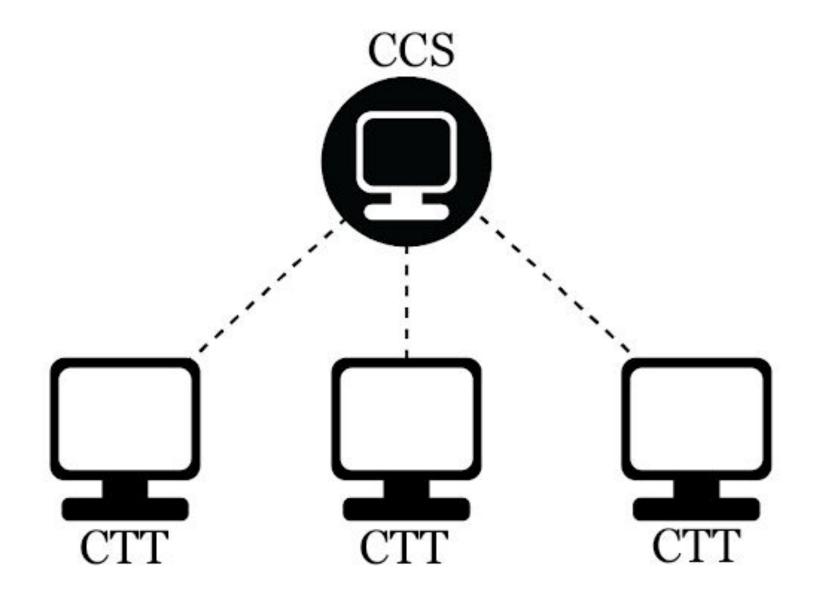
PHP



jQuery, RegExp



Architecture: client-server





Constraints & Definitions

- The bloodbag serial is an univoque protocol syntactically validated via RegExp (i.g. IT-NA206000-Apos-20210416-0001)
- The serial can't be set by users, set only by the system.
- Only administrator can create users
- "1900-01-01"(timestamp -2208996000) as null date
- Password complexity RegExp: "(?=.*[a-z])(?=.*[A-Z])(?=.*[0-9])(?=.*[^A-Za-z0-9])(?=.{8,})";

Regex explaination of password secure requirements:

- * Password must contain at least one digit [0-9].
- * Password must contain at least one lowercase Latin character [a-z].
- * Password must contain at least one uppercase Latin character [A-Z].
- * Password must contain at least one special character like!@#&().
- * Password must contain a length of at least 8 characters and a maximum of 20 characters.

```
/* # start of line
(?=.*[0-9]) # positive lookahead, digit [0-9]
(?=.*[a-z]) # positive lookahead, one lowercase character [a-z]
(?=.*[A-Z]) # positive lookahead, one uppercase character [A-Z]
(?=.*[!@#&()-[{}]:;',?/*~$^+=<>]) # positive lookahead, one of the special character in this [..]
. # matches anything
{8,20} # length at least 8 characters and maximum of 20 characters
$ # end of line
```



Best Practices & Design Pattern

Some "Best Practice" used:

• Indentation: tabbed (not spaced) indentation to make code human readable easy

• **var names**: variables with significative name

• **Documentation**: every filesource is well commented, without useless info. In Java we provede javadoc too.

Code optimization: reused properly functions(in javascript) and implemented simple and short classes in Java (no "God Classes" has been

made").

• **Date timestamp** let's use timestamp instead of strings or object.

Enumerator

SALT

• **login anti-bruteforce** if attempts more than 3, user is blocked and should be managed by admin.

Some Pattern used:

• MVC: clear and easy file organization in Model-View-Control approach.

DAO PATTERN: we defined Bean through "Data Access Object pattern" that represents the entity as in RDBMS. It will be used from

"JPA Entity Manager"

• Repository Pattern provides an abstraction of data, so that your application can work with a simple abstraction that has an interface approximating

that of a collection.

Iterator Pattern In most of list we returned an iterator.

• Composite Pattern in report class we manage "report" for users and for bloodbag as composition of the same element

Decorator Pattern CORS filter

• **Singleton Pattern** in SecurityContext we need to be ensure that we create only one instance of this class.

• Builder Pattern: our Password class that manages an object "Password". To avoid the overload of constructor User.



Data Security: Pattern & Best Practices

- Interfaces and patterns
- SALT
- Password cifrata nel database
- Password Complexity pattern constraint
- GitGuardian check uploaded code
- JWT token per i metodi esposti
- protocollo HTTPS per cifrare la comunicazione
- Attempts per evitare bruteforce
- Different DB users





```
Password.java
                   Constants.java 🔀
34
35
36
        public static final String PASSWORD SALT = "CanforaMarkUs30L";
        // public static final string usek DEFAULT TEMP_PASS = "CAKE: Changemenow";
37
        public static final int USER TEMPPASS LENGTH = 10;
38

    □ Password.java 
    □

                   (J) Constants.java
        public static String getBCrypt(String input) {
87⊕
88
            PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder = new BCryptPasswordEncoder();
89
90
            input += Constants.PASSWORD SALT;
            return passwordEncoder.encode(input);
91
```



Data Security: Pattern & Best Practices

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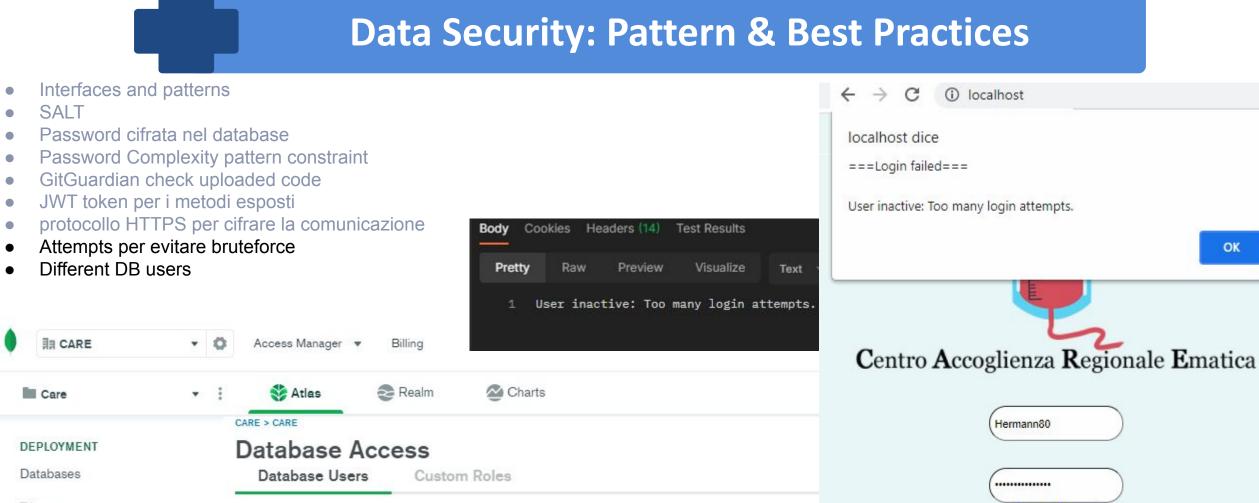
Encoded PASTE A TOKEN HERE

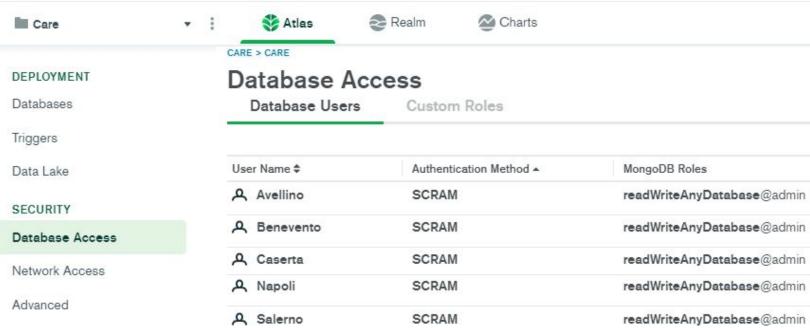
eyJhbGciOiJIUzUxMiJ9.eyJzdWIiOiJzdG9yZT k5IiwidXNlclJvbGUiOiJST0xFX1NUT1JFTUFOQ UdFUiIsImV4cCI6MTYyNTg0NDUxNSwiaWF0Ijox NjI1ODM5NTE1fQ.KX5fFzdP2qYvoXo6wiOWxeyW ePq5OhuOyyGjLAGX98t5wzFh219iLISzatZHHCs a54fMAYMto9yDcOOrWCT-ug

Decoded FDIT THE PAYLOAD AND SECRET

```
HEADER: ALGORITHM & TOKEN TYPE
    "alg": "HS512"
PAYLOAD: DATA
    "sub": "store99",
    "userRole": "ROLE_STOREMANAGER",
   "exp": 1625844515,
   "iat": 1625839515
VERIFY SIGNATURE
 HMACSHA512(
   base64UrlEncode(header) + "." +
   base64UrlEncode(payload),
   your-256-bit-secret
 ) secret base64 encoded
```







Recupera Password All Resources # EDIT **童 DELETE** All Resources **₽** EDIT ⑪ DELETE

OK

JSON-WEB-TOKEN

eyJhbGciOiJIUzUxMiJ9.eyJzdWIiOiJzdG9yZW M50SIsInVzZXJSb2x1IjoiUk9MRV9DRU5UUkFMX 1NUT1JFTUF0QUdFUiIsImV4cCI6MTYyNjIwMTI5 NSwiaWF0IjoxNjI2MTk2Mjk1fQ.vifiTBGYV8h3 mFy_1nuAaq6XNy9SdBQHgJ_F1Etc1FUpx0bHjqn 4AnVD9r2kkZkixD6SYVr2mY4uJBSwi7E8LQ

Encoded PASTE A TOKEN HERE

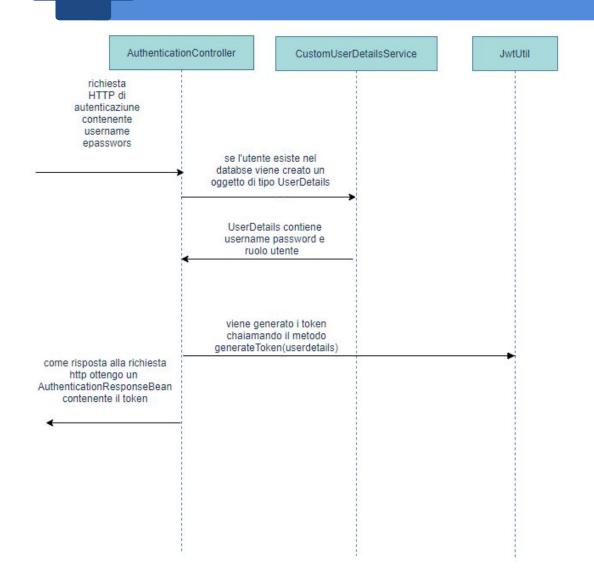
```
Decoded EDIT THE PAYLOAD AND SECRET
 HEADER: ALGORITHM & TOKEN TYPE
     "alg": "HS512"
 PAYLOAD: DATA
     "sub": "storec99",
     "userRole": "ROLE_CENTRAL_STOREMANAGER",
     "exp": 1626201295,
     "iat": 1626196295
 VERIFY SIGNATURE
  HMACSHA512(
    base64UrlEncode(header) + "." +
    base64UrlEncode(payload),
     your-256-bit-secret
   secret base64 encoded
```

- Il JWT è uno standard utilizzato per l'autenticazione delle richieste http.
- Ha 3 campi Header,Payload,Signature
- Il token può essere crittografato e firmato utilizzando una chiave disponibile solo per il sistema che lo ha generato.
- Nel payload troviamo la durata del token e altre informazioni come il ruolo
- Il contenuto del payload non è crittografato, è importante che contenga dati sensibili.

```
# jwt Authentication
jwt.secret = CARE@Unisannio
jwt.expirationDateInMs=5000000
```



Autenticazione

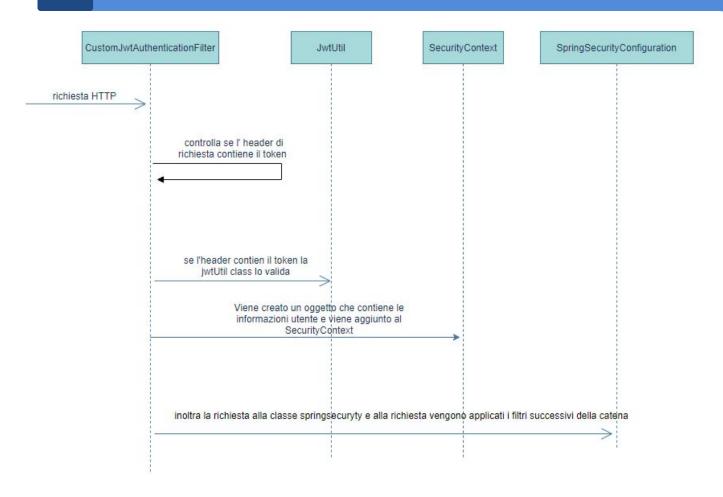








Autenticazione basata su ruolo



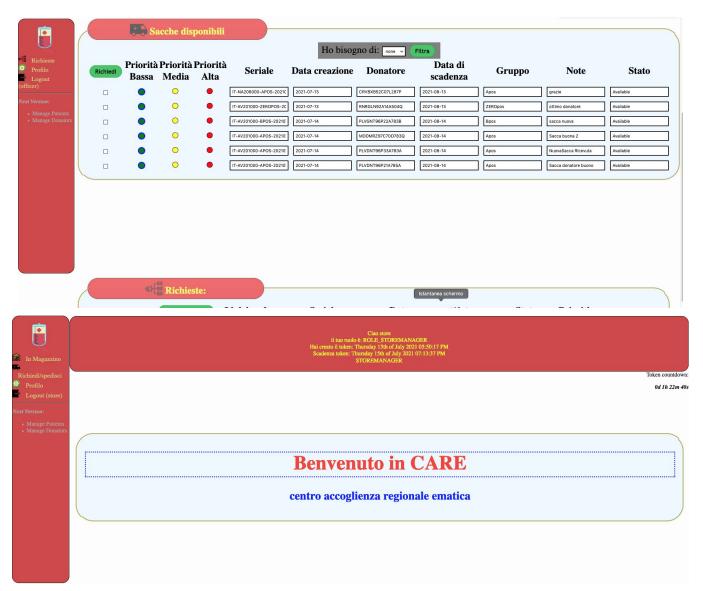
```
error: "JWT expired at 2021-07-14T15:31:28Z.
Current time: 2021-07-14T22:39:35Z, a difference of 25687271 milliseconds. Allowed clock skew: 0 milliseconds."
```

```
timestamp:
"2021-07-15T12:36:18.909+00:00
",
status: 403,
error: "Forbidden",
path: "/bloodbag/add"
}
```

- Alcuni servizi per essere utilizzati hanno bisogno di una autenticazione jwt basata su ruolo.
- Ogni richiesta deve avere nell'header un token.
- SecurityContextHolder usa utilizza una variabile ThreadLocal per archiviare il securityContext, il che significa che il SecurityContext è sempre disponibile per i metodi nello stesso thread di esecuzione.



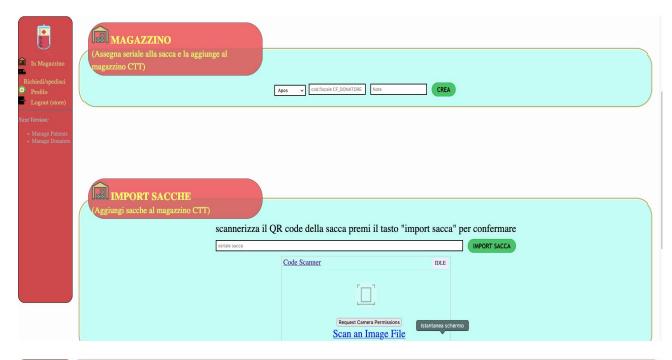
Graphic examples C.A.R.E







Graphic examples C.A.R.E



Token countdown: ### ### ### ### #### #### ##########		ADMINISTRATOR					
Gestione states: Report Profile: Logout (admin) Next Version. Manage Parietts Manage Dominers Manage Dominers IdUser Username temppass New Password(*) Confirm Password E-Mail Role-Based Access Control Role ADMINISTRATOR creationDate last Access login Attempts active User attivo			Token countdown:				
Profile: Logout (admin) Next Vernion: Manage Patients Manage Dominos Manage Dominos Manage Dominos Role-Based Access Control Role-Based Access Control Role-Based Access Control Role-Based Access Control Role-Administrator creationDate lastAccess loginAttempts activeUser latho			0d 0h 13m 55s				
Profile: Logout (admin) Next Version: Manage Patients Manage Dennies Ween Password (*) Confirm Password E-Mail Role-Based Access Control CreationDate lastAccess loginAttempts activeUser lativo	-						
Logout (admin) Next Vernion: Manage Donates id User Username temppass New Password(*) Confirm Password E-Mail Role-Based Access Control admin/deare.R Rol		D.,, Cl.					
Manage Pointiers Manage Donatiers Username temppass New Password(*) Confirm Password E-Mail Role-Based Access Control creationDate lastAccess loginAttempts activeUser tatibo IdUser G G G G G G G G G G G G G	The second second	Prome:					
■ Manager Donations Username temppass New Password(*) Confirm Password E-Mail Role-Based Access Control Role_Administrator creationDate lastAccess loginAttempts activeUser Taitho Username temppass New Password (*) Retype new password again Reduced Retype new password again Role-Based Access Control Role_Administrator v 2021-07-15 loginAttempts activeUser Taitho V	Next Version:	· · ·					
temppass New Password(*) Confirm Password E-Mail Role-Based Access Control Role_ADMNSTRATOR creationDate lastAccess loginAttempts activeUser tatibo Lender a valid new password again adminificación. Retype new password again adminificación. 2021-07-12 2021-07-15							
New Password(*) Confirm Password E-Mail Role-Based Access Control creationDate lastAccess loginAttempts activeUser Lastbook Lastb	Manage Donators						
Confirm Password E-Mail Role-Based Access Control Role, Adminiferance creationDate lastAccess loginAttempts activeUser tantho Role, Adminiferance activeUser lastAccess loginAttempts activeUser lastNo Role, Administrator Password again							
E-Mail winningcane.it Role-Based Access Control Role_ADMINISTRATOR creationDate 2021-07-12 lastAccess loginAttempts 0 activeUser taitho							
Role-Based Access Control ROLE ADMINISTRATOR creationDate lastAccess loginAttempts activeUser tambo							
creationDate lastAccess loginAttempts activeUser tambo		E-Mail	admin@care.it				
lastAccess 2021-07-15 loginAttempts 0 v activeUser tambo v		Role-Based Access Control Role, ADMINISTRATOR					
loginAttempts activeUser tattivo		creationDate	2021-07-12				
activeUser fattivo v		lastAccess	2021-07-15				
		loginAttempts	0 🗸				
Annula Salva		activeUser	1:attivo v				
		Annulla	Salva				
* Password must contain at least one digit [0-9].							
* Password must contain at least one lowercase Latin character [a-z].							
* Password must contain at least one uppercase Latin character [A-Z].							
0.0 A SON COLOR DE CONTRA DE C	* Password must contain at least one special character like ! @ # & ().						
* Password must contain a length of at least 8 characters and a maximum of 20 characters.		* Password must contain a length of at least 8 char	tracters and a maximum of 20 characters.				





JUnit Test

```
* Junit creation for verifying the insertion of an incorrect passwor
d combo through the static streams
    * @param password the password to be tested
   @ParameterizedTest(name =
"#{index} - Run test with valid password complexity pattern = {0}")
    @MethodSource("validPasswordsProvider")
   public void test_password_regex_valid(String password) {
        Assert.assertTrue( Password.validatePlaintextPasswordPattern
(password) );
    static Stream<String> validPasswordsProvider() {
        return Stream.of(
                "AAAbbbccc@123",
                "Hello world$123",
                "A!@#&()-a1",
                                           // valid: punctuation part 1
                "A[{}]:;',?/*a1",
                ^{\prime\prime}A^{+=<>a1''}
                                           // valid: symbols
                "0123456789$abcdefgAB",
                "123Aa$Aa"
                                            // valid: 8 chars
        );
```

Al fine di garantire maggiore qualità al committente, il sistema CARE è stato testato sia mediante l'approccio glass-box sia in black-box.

In **White-box** (o "glass-box") analizziamo la percentuale di **coverage** nonché i rami potenzialmente non coperti.

In **black-box**, nello specifico **JUnit 5**, si garantisce il testing dei casi d'uso non conoscendo le istruzioni che verranno eseguite, ma garantendo mediante una ipotesi che la premessa di utilizzo dei metodi ritorni quanto previsto.

Nell'esempio in questione i JUnit Test delle classi di modellazione base. I test non garantiscono l'impeccabilità del codice, ma in modo ragionevole

> J RequestState.java	0,0 %	0	74	74
> 🗾 BloodBag.java	88,1 %	496	67	563
> 🗾 RequestPriority.java	0,0 %	0	34	34
> 🗾 Serial.java	93,1 %	231	17	248
> 🗾 BloodGroup.java	97,6 %	483	12	495
> 🗾 BloodBagState.java	100,0 %	64	0	64
> 🎛 it.unisannio.CARE.model.util.Logger	23,3 %	91	299	390
▼ # it.unisannio.CARE.model.util	81,6 %	1.053	237	1.290
> 🗾 XMLHelper.java	29,2 %	73	177	250
> 🗾 QRCode.java	88,0 %	300	41	341
> 🗾 Password.java	90,9 %	159	16	175
> 🗾 Constants.java	98,7 %	229	3	232
> 🗾 LabelGenerator.java	100,0 %	292	0	292
		1 See 1		





Future Implementations









