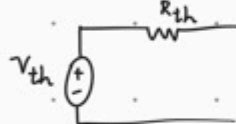
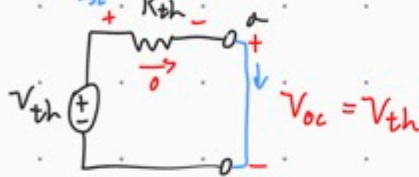
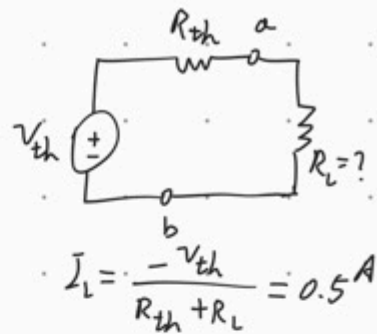
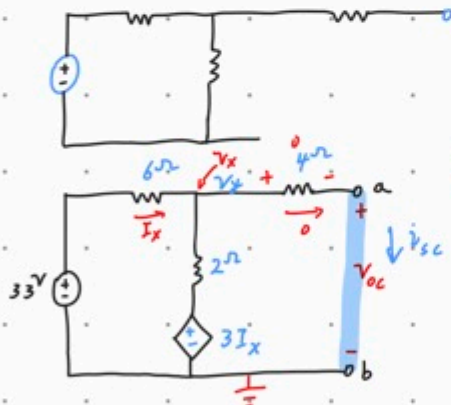


# Lecture 7



Circuit with all independent sources deactivated  $\leftarrow R_{eq} = R_{Th}$



$$KCL: \frac{V_x - 33}{6\Omega} + \frac{V_x - 3I_x}{2\Omega} + \frac{V_x}{4} = 0 \quad I_x = \frac{33 - V_x}{6}$$

$$KVL: -33V + 6I_x + 2I_x + 3I_x = 0$$

$$11I_x = 33A \Rightarrow I_x = 3A$$

$$V_x = 3I_x + 2I_x = 5I_x = 5(3) = 15V$$

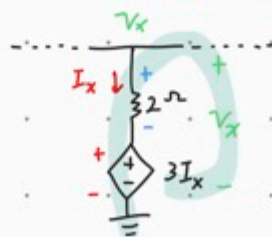
$$\Rightarrow V_{oc} = V_x = 15V$$

$$i_{sc} = \frac{V_x}{4} = \frac{15V}{4}$$

$$R_{th} = \frac{V_{oc}}{i_{sc}} = \frac{15V}{\frac{15V}{4}} = 4\Omega$$



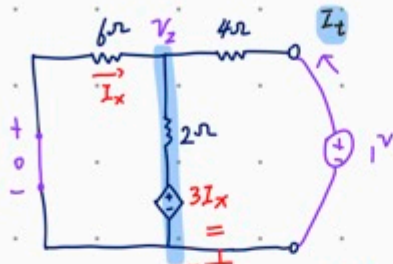
$$i_{sc} = \frac{V_{th}}{R_{th}} \Rightarrow R_{th} = \frac{V_{th}}{i_{sc}} = \frac{V_{oc}}{i_{sc}}$$



$$-3I_x - 2I_x + V_x = 0$$

$$V_x = 3I_x + 2I_x$$

$$V_x = 33V - 6I_x = 33 - 6(3) = 15V$$



$$\text{KCL: } \begin{cases} \frac{V_z}{6} + \frac{V_z - 3I_x}{2} + \frac{V_z - 1}{4} = 0 \\ I_x = \frac{-V_z}{6} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_z = \dots$$

$$I_t = \frac{1 - V_z}{4} = \dots$$

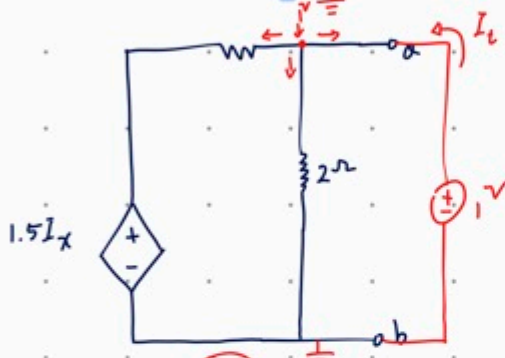
$$R_{th} = \frac{1V}{I_t} = \dots$$

$$\text{KCL: } \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1 - 1.5I_x}{3} + I_x = 0$$

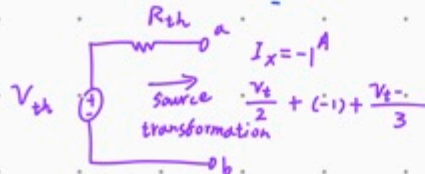
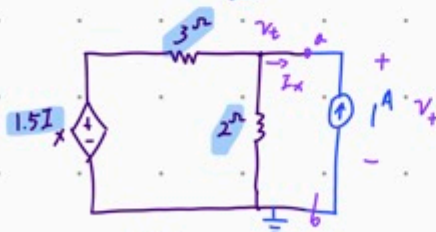
$$\Rightarrow I_x = \dots$$

$$I_t = -I_x = \dots$$

$$R_{th} = \frac{1V}{I_t} = 0.6\Omega$$



$$R_{th} = \frac{V_{oc}}{i_{sc}} = \frac{0}{0}$$



$$P_L = V_L \cdot i_L$$

$$R_L = ? \quad P_L = P_{L, \max}$$

$$1) R_L \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow V_L = 0 \Rightarrow P_L = 0$$

$$2) R_L \rightarrow \infty \Rightarrow i_L = 0 \Rightarrow P_L = 0$$

$$X. 3) \text{ Neither } \frac{\partial P_L}{\partial R_L} = 0 \quad V_L = \frac{R_L}{R_L + R_S} V_S$$

$$i_L = \frac{V_S}{R_L + R_S} \quad P_L = V_L \cdot i_L = \frac{R_L}{(R_L + R_S)^2} V_S^2$$

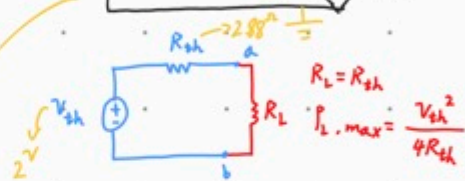
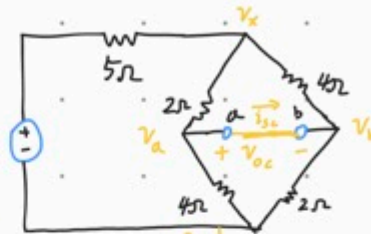
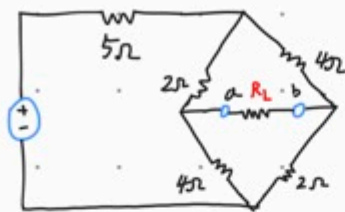
$$R_{L, \text{opt}} = ? \quad \frac{\partial P_L}{\partial R_L} = \frac{V_S^2 (R_L + R_S)^{-2} - 2(R_L + R_S)^{-3} R_L V_S^2}{(R_L + R_S)^4} = 0$$

$$i_N = \frac{V_{th}}{R_{th}} = \frac{V}{R_{th}}$$



$$(R_s + R_L)^2 - 2(R_L + R_s)R_L = 0$$

$$\underline{R_s^2 + R_L^2 + 2R_s}$$



$$\frac{V_x - 16}{5} + \frac{V_x}{2 + 4} + \frac{V_x}{4 + 2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_x = 6V$$

$$V_{oc} = V_a - V_b \quad V_a = \frac{4 \cdot 2}{2^2 + 4^2} V_x$$

$$V_b = \frac{2^2}{2^2 + 4^2} V_x \quad V_x = 6V$$

$$V_{oc} = V_a - V_b = 4 - 2 = 2V = V_{th}$$