

Q2.

$$Boo(n) = O(n^4) = O(n^{17})$$

$$y = 17$$

```
1. void Foo(int A[]) {  
2.   let n = A.size();  $\rightarrow O(1)$   
3.   for (i = 1 to n) {  
4.     Boo(i);  $\} O(n^{18})$   
5.   } //end for  
6.   j = 1;  
7.   while (j < n) {  
8.     for(k=0; k<n; k=k+4)  $\frac{n}{4} \cdot \log_{17}(n)$   
9.     { print "hello";}  
10.    j=j*y;  $\rightarrow j=j \times 17$  every iteration  
11.  } //end while  
12. }
```

Line 2:  $O(1)$ , It is a constant time operation.

Line 3:  $O(n)$ , Looping from 1 to n. Increase iteration

Line 5:  $O(n^{17})$ .

Line 7:  $O(1)$ , It is a const. time operation

Line 8  $\rightarrow$  Line 11:  $O(n \log n)$

Line 3  $\rightarrow$  Line 5:  $O(n^{18})$ , total runtime  $O(n) \cdot O(n^{17}) = O(n^{18})$

Q3.

$y=17$ , base of  $\log$

$f(n) = 5n^{17} + n^2 + 5$  is  $O(n^{17}/\log n)$

So,  $f(n) = O(g(n))$

$\therefore g(n) = n^{17}/\log n$

$\therefore n_0 = 17$  because  $\log_{17}(17) = 1$

for all  $n \geq 17$ ,  $\log_{17} n \geq 1$

$\therefore 5n^{17} + n^2 + 5 \leq c \cdot (n^{17}/\log_{17} n)$

$\therefore$  we can find  $c = 6$

$\therefore$  for  $c = 6$ ,  $n_0 = 17$  we know that  $5n^{17} + n^2 + 5 \leq c \cdot (n^{17}/\log_{17} n)$

and therefore  $f(n) = O(g(n))$

$\therefore f(n)$  is  $O(n^{17}/\log n)$

Q4.

$$y = 1.7$$

prove  $f(n) = \log(n)$  is  $O(n^{17/1000})$  via the limit lemma

$$\therefore \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(n)}{g(n)} \leq c$$

$$\therefore g(n) = n^{17/1000}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log n}{n^{17/1000}} &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{d}{dn} (\log n)}{\frac{d}{dn} (n^{17/1000})} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1/1000}{17} \cdot \frac{1}{n^{17/1000}} \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$\therefore$  It is equal to constant

$$\therefore f(n) = O(g(n))$$

Q.5.

```
foo(int A[]){  
    n=A.size;  $\rightarrow O(1)$   
    while (n > 1) {  
        n = n-1;  
        count++;  
    }  $O(n)$   
    n=A.size;  $\rightarrow O(1)$   
    mergeSort(A);  $\rightarrow O(n \log n)$  sorting algorithms linearithmic  
    foo(A[1..n/7]);  $\rightarrow O(n/7)$   
    foo(A[n/7+1...2n/7]);  $\rightarrow O(n/7)$   
}
```

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} O(1), & \text{if } n \leq 1 \\ 2T(n/7) + O(n \log n) + O(n), & \text{if } n > 1 \end{cases}$$