

### Report On SOIL TESTING FOR

SITE ID- IN-1366765

SITE NAME:-LONI MIDC

# SITE ADD.- RAMRAO KERBA PATIL, 2619, GAT NO 36/1, A/P LONI, TQ. UDGIR DIST LATUR

REF. NO.- GD-IND-2019-20-075

DATE:- 6<sup>th</sup> Aug 2019

**FOR** 



### **INDUS TOWER LIMITED**

**MAHARASHTRA** 

PREPARED BY
Green Design

15A Bhale Estate rear wing,  $3_{\rm rd}$  floor ,Behind new India insurance , Pune –Mumbai rd. Wakdewadi, Pune-411005. Mob.No: +91 – 8446677977.

E -mail:-project@greendesignindia.com Website: -www.greendesignindia.com

### **Summary of Test**

As per the various test carried out, our recommendations are as follows.

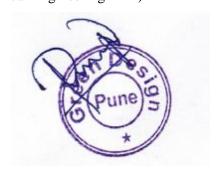
- 1. Safe bearing capacity of soil is 25 T/m<sup>2</sup> at 2.00m depth
- 2. Remove Excavated Soil/Rock up to 2.0.
- 3. Use excavated soil/Rock for back filling.
- 4. R. C. C. Shallow foundation is recommended for tower, DG and Shelter foundation.
- 5. Water table was not found.
- 6. No chemicals found in soil.
- 7. Level difference of 200 mm observed in plot.
- 8. Site is covered with small trees and vegetation. Hence site cleaning is required.

### **CERTIFICATE**

Certified by: Mr. B.N.Jagtap

Designation: Geotechnical Engineer

Qualification: B.E. (Civil). M. Tech (Geotechnical Engineering IITR)



# **INDEX**

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- 1. INTRODUCTION
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- 3. TERMINOLOGY
- 4. SITE INVESTIGATION & XPLORATION
- 5. CHARACTERISTICS OF SOIL
- **6.** SBC RECOMMENDATION



### 1. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of the soil investigation is to arrive at an optimum design for the tower foundations. The telecom towers are generally 3-legged or 4-leggedbraced steel structures varying from 30m to 60m height. The weight ranges from 5 to 15 tons depending on the type of tower. Under extreme conditions of wind loading, the load on each leg will be in the range of 25 to 100 tonnes in compression, 25 to 100 tons in uplift and 2 to 10 tons in lateral thrust. In most cases, the uplift capacity of the foundation governs the design.

As part of contracting work M/Green Design Pune collected samples of soil/strata from project area & carried out Geotechnical Investigation work for proposed Structure. The soil samples are collected and laboratory tests are conducted in well-equipped laboratory at Pune.

The details of site exploration including foundation recommendations are given in this report.



# 2. SCOPE OF WORK

The scope of the Geotechnical investigation was as mentioned below. It was comprehensive enough to enable to estimate or determine the following:

- i) The engineering properties of the soil:
  - a) Field Tests:
    - -Depth, thickness and variability
    - Visual Identifications.
  - b) Laboratory tests(Soil)
    - -Natural Moisture content, density
    - Sieve Analysis
    - -Atterberg's Limit
    - -Triaxial Shear Test
    - -Direct Shear Test
    - -Unconfined compression test.
    - -Swelling Pressure.
    - -Chemical Analysis.
    - -Crushing Strength of Rock
  - c) Chemical analysis of water
  - ii) Suitable depth of foundation:



### 3. TERMINOLOGY

Following are the terminologies used in the report. (IS: 1904 – 1966)

### 1) Safe Bearing Capacity (SBC)

Maximum intensity of loading that the foundation will safely carry without the risk of shear failure of soil irrespective of any settlement that may occur.

#### 2) Clays

An aggregate of microscopic and sub microscopic particles derived from the chemical decomposition and disintegration of rock constituents. It is plastic within a moderate to wide range of water content. The particles are less than 0.002 mm size.

#### 3) Firm Clay

Clay, which had its natural moisture content, can be moulded by substantial pressure with the fingers and can be excavated with aspade.

#### 4) Soft Clay

Clay, which had its natural moisture content can be easily mouldedwith the fingers and readily excavated.

#### 5) Stiff Clay

Clay, which had its natural moisture content cannot be moulded withthe fingers and requires a pick or pneumatic spade for its removal.

#### 6) Foundation

That part of a structure which is in direct contact with soil and transmits loads into it.

### 7) Raft Foundation

Foundation continuous into all directions, covering an area equal to orgreater than the base area of the building or structure.



#### 8) Gravel

Cohesion less aggregates of rounded, sub rounded, angular, subangular or flat fragments of more or less unaltered rocks or minerals,90% of the particles having a size greater than 2 mm less than 60mm.

#### **9) Sand**

Cohesion less aggregates of rounded, sub rounded, angular, subangular or flat fragments of more or less unaltered rocks or minerals,90% of the particles having a size greater than 0.06 mm less than 2.0mm in size.

#### 10) Coarse sand

Sand which contains 90% of particles of size greater than 0.6 mm andless than 2.0 mm.

### 11) Medium Sand

Sand, which contains 90% of particles of size greater than 0.2 mm and less than 0.6 mm.

#### 12) Fine Sand

Sand, which contains 90% of particles of size greater than 0.06 mmand less than 0.2 mm.

### **13)** Silt

A fine granular soil with little or no plasticity. If shaken in the palm of the hand, a pat of saturated inorganic silt expels enough water tomake its surface appears glossy. If the pat is stressed or squeezedbetween the fingers, it surface again becomes dull. The size ranges forsilt are as follows:-

a) Coarse Silt: 0.06 to 0.02 mm b) Medium Silt: 0.02 to 0.006 mm c) Fine Silt: 0.006 to 0.002 mm



### 14) Soft Rock

A rocky cemented material, which offers a high resistance to diggingup with pick axes and sharp tools, but which does not normally requires blasting or chiselling for excavation.

### 15) Hard Rock

A rock which offers a high resistance to digging up with pick axes and sharp tools and normally which requires blasting or chiselling forexcavation. Also hard rock offers a high resistance to metal tools and generates heavy sparks at the time of excavation.

### 16) Black Cotton Soil

Inorganic clays of medium to high compressibility, which is generally cohesive in nature and exerts swelling pressure when comes incontact with moisture or water.



### 4.SITE INVESTIGATION & EXPLORATION

The investigation of the site is an essential prerequisite to the construction of all civil engineering work with a view to assess the general suitability of the site for the proposed tower and enable in preparing an adequate and economical design.

In particular, it is necessary to assess the changes that may occur during orafter the construction of the structure due to the choice of material or method of construction, which may adversely, affects safety of structure or after itsperformance or utility. The investigation of the site is being carried out and inaccordance with the principles set by IS 1892 – 1979.

Before carrying out soil exploration programme, detail information about thesite is being collected.

Site exploration can be carried out by most common and satisfactory methodseven by IS 1892–1979 are,

- a) Method of trial pits
- b) Method of boring
- c) Heading

In our site exploration programme, we have adopted second method, i.e., methodof boring. In site exploration programme, particular attention shall be paid to the ground water level, soil profile is being plotted and variation of soil strata ismarked according to the depth of excavation.

The sites where problem of water logging in rainy season may cause, in suchareas, it is desirable to determine the contour of the water table surface inorder to indicate the direction of the natural drainage and to obtain the basis of the design of intercepting drains to prevent the influx of ground water to thesite from higher grounds.



# **Brief Description of Site:-**

- 1. Site level from Road Site is located at plain ground.
- 2. Site is covered with small trees.
- 3. No filled up Ground found
- 5. Water Table- No water table
- 6. Site Location Site is located at plain Ground and level difference of 200 mm observed.
- 7. Remove all trees and vegetation before starting site activity.



### TAKING TRIAL BORES

**BORE HOLE NO**:- BH-1 **TOTAL DEPTH**:- 10.00m

DOE:- R.L: Co-Ordinate(X,Y):- METHOD OF BORING:- ROTATY/ WASH GROUND WATER LEVEL:- NE

### **BORELOG**

û	R.L (m)	10 t	TOG	VISUAL DESCRIPTION OF	FI	ELI		EST	1		CORE	E DRILLING			WASH WATER
Depth(m)	(III)	THICKNESS ( LAYER	ĭ	STRATA		S	PT			OF PLE	S	Total RECOVERY	R. Q %	. D	COLOUR
		ICKI LA`			1.5	1.5	15	xy b		YPE	SAMPLE OF CORE PIECES %				
0.0m		H			15	15	15	N I	N <sub>corr</sub>	LS	O				
-1				Highly to						SP		13	00	)	
-2		3.00		Completely Weathered &						SP/					Brown
<u> </u>				Decomposed Rock						CP	1/3	23	00	)	
-3 -										SP/	4/10	25	0.0	2	
-4										CP	4/12	35	08	3	
-5		4.50		Highly Weathered &						SP/	13/24	46	19	)	
- -6		4.50		Fractured Rock						CP	13/24	40	13	9	
F										СР	25/39	41	08	2	
-7 -										CI	23/37	41	00	3	
-8				Moderately						CP	40/48	65	26	5	Greyish Brown
-9		2.50		Weathered &											DIOWII
- - 10				Fractured Rock						CP	49/57				
F															
- 11															
-12															
-13															
- -14															
-															
- 15	GRAVE	EL /////	CLAY	ROCK	AF	BBBF					BED SA	MPLE		Scal	e:V1:100
	SAND		FILLIN	NGS MURUM			W UI	OS	:U	ASH SA NDISTU	JRBED S	AMPLE			H NTS
	BOULD			SILT			N	I.E	: N		COUNTE	RED TRATION TES	er.		elog No.1 VN BY:-JBK
							S.P V.S		VA	ANE SH	RD PENE EAR TES xploratior	T	51		KD BY :- BNJ
					1		ע	OL	. υ	ate OI E.	APIOLATIOL	1		1	

## 5. <u>LABORATORY TESTS</u> CHARACTERISTICS OF SOIL

(AS PER IS: 1498 – 1970) (Reaffirmed in 1997)

1. Grain Size Analysis: - (IS:2720 Part:-IV) Grain Size Analysis

Depth of	Gravel	Sand	Silt & Clay	Engg.
Sample (m)				Classification
0.00 to 1.50				

Depth of Water Table : NA

- **2. Determination of water content :-** (IS:2720 Part 2). Determination of water content
- 3. Specific gravity: (IS:2720 Part 3) Determination of specific gravity

Section 1- Fine Grained Soils

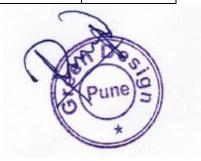
Section 2- Fine, medium and coarse grained soils.

**4. Dry & Bulk Density** : - (IS:2720 Part:-XXIX) Determination of Dry Density of Soils In-place by the Core-cutter Method

Depth of	Moisture	Specific	Bulk Density	Dry Density
Sample (m)	Content	Gravity	(gm/cc)	(gm/cc)
0.00 to 1.50				

- **5. Liquid and Plastic Limit :-**(IS: 2720 Part:-5) Determination of Liquid and Plastic Limit
- **6. Shrinkage Factors:-** (IS:2720 Part:- 6) Determination of shrinkage factors
- 7. Free Swell Index: (IS: 2720 Part:-XL) Determination of Free Swell Index of Soils
- 8. Swelling pressure :- (IS:2720 Part:-XLI) Measurement of Swelling Pressure of Soils

Depth of Sample (m)	Liquid Limit (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Plasticity Index	Shrinkage Limit (%)	Free Swell Index
0.00 to 1.50					



- **9. Triaxial Shear Test:-** (IS: 2720 Part:-11) Determination of the Shear Strength Parameters of a specimen tested in Triaxial compression .
- **10. Shear Strength Test:-** (IS:2720 Part:-10) Determination of unconfined compressive strength

Depth of Sample	Direct Shear Tes	Unconfined	
(m)	Undrained Cohesion	Angle of Internal	Compressive
	$(C_u) kN/m^2$	Friction (\phi)	Strength (kN/m <sup>2</sup> )
0.00 to 1.50			

### **Chemical Properties of Soil**

Sample Depth Below EGL	Chloride Content	Sulphate Content	$P^{H}$
	g/l	g/l	
0.00 to 1.50			

From above results site can be classified under class 1 as per IS-456, therefore attack of sulphates and chlorides to O.P.C. is negligible. Hence O.P.C. construction can be made consideration to foundation and underground works.



ROCK CORE LAB TEST RESULTS								
Hole No.								
Sample Depth (m)	3.0 to 4.5	4.5 to 6.0	6.0 to 7.5	7.5 to 9.0	9.0 to 10.0			
Sample No.	12	19	28	40	49			
Sample Length (cm)	10.85	10.82	10.748	10.770	10.840			
Sample Diameter (cm)	5.42	5.43	5.426	5.423	5.433			
L/D Ratio	2.00	1.99	1.981	1.986	1.995			
Oven Dry Density (gm/cc)	2.31	2.53	2.648	2.664	2.626			
Saturated Density (gm/cc)	2.42	2.60	2.700	2.741	2.715			
Water Absorption (%)	2.62	2.50	1.870	1.525	2.835			
Porosity (%)	10.72	6.79	5.206	7.780	8.858			
Specific Gravity	2.59	2.71	2.793	2.888	2.882			
Strength (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	126	147	294	281	207			
Saturation Period (Day)	1	1	1	1	1			



### 6. RECOMMENDATIONS

#### ESTIMATE OF SAFE BEARING CAPACITY

### 1) SBC at 2.00m depth

Assume Density of Soil/Murum/Rock = 1.70 t/m<sup>3</sup>

$$q_d = cN_c \; S_c * d_c * i_c + q(N_q - 1)S_q * d_q * i_q + 0.5B * \gamma * \; N_\gamma * \; d_\gamma * \; s_\gamma * \; i_\gamma * \; W' \; ( \; \textit{IS:6403:1981 Cl.5.1.2} )$$

q= Effective surcharge at the base of foundation

 $d_c$ ,  $d_q$ ,  $d_\gamma$  = Depth factors=1

 $i_c$ ,  $i_q$ ,  $i_\gamma$  = Inclination factors=1

 $N_c$ ,  $N_q$ ,  $N_{\gamma}$  = Bearing capacity factors

 $s_c$ ,  $s_q$ ,  $s_\gamma$  = Shape factors

W' = Correction factor for location of water table =0.5

N=40 consider  $\phi=35^0$  c=0.0 kN/m<sup>2</sup>

 $N_c=46.12 N_q=33.3 N_{\gamma}=48.03$ 

 $S_c=1.3$   $S_q=1.2$   $S_{\gamma}=0.6$   $d_c=d_q=d_{\gamma}=1$   $i_c=i_q=i_{\gamma}=1$ 

 $q_d = cN_c S_c * d_c * i_c + q(N_q-1)S_q * d_q * i_q + 0.5B * \gamma * N_\gamma * d_\gamma * s_\gamma * i_\gamma * W'$ 

B = 1.50 m

Take overburden Pressure q=17\*2.0=34  $kN/m^2$ 

 $q_d = 34*(33.3-1)*1.2*1*1+0.5*1.5*17*48.03*1*0.6*1*0.5$ 

=1501.55kN/m<sup>2</sup>

Take Factor of safety (F.S) = 3.0

SBC=  $q_d / 3.0 = 1501.55 / 3.0 = 500.52 \text{kN/m}^2 = 50.05 \text{ T/m}^2$ 

SBC is conservatively Restricted to 25 T/m<sup>2</sup>



### **Settlement Analysis:-**

SPT(N) = 40 No.s

<u>Settlement Analysis: -</u> (IS 8009 : ( Part-I)-1976 Cl.9.1.4)

Take Allowable settlement = 40 mm

 $SPT (N_{avg}) = 40$ 

Assume width of foundation B= 3m

Settlement per unit pressure for  $(1 \text{kg/cm}^2) = 0.0078 \text{m}$ 

 $SBC = 25T/m^2 = 2.5kg/cm^2$ 

Water table correction = 0.5

 $Total \ Settlement = (2.5*0.0078)/0.5 = 0.039 = 39.0 mm < 40 mm \ ........ok$ 

### So Allowable Net bearing capacity may take 25 T/m<sup>2</sup> at 2.0m depth



### **ALLOWABLE BEARING PRESSURE**

Sr.	BH	Footing	Type of strata	Recommended Bearing Capacity					
No	No.	Depth		UB	FS	SBC	Allowable Bearing		
		(m)		Capacity		(T/Sq.m)	Capacity		
				(T/Sq.m)			(T/Sq.m)		
01	01	2.0		150.16	3.00	50.05	25.00		
			Highly to						
02	01	2.5	Completely	183.10	3.00	61.03	28.00		
03	01	3.0	Weathered Rock	216.05	3.00	72.02	30.00		

### **Type of Foundations:**

The following open types of Foundations are recommended.

# i) RCC Isolated / Strip Footing Additional Recommendations:

- · The recommended minimum depth of foundation shall be 2.0m below NGL.
- · All the columns are to be connected by an RCC Tie Beam at plinth level

#### Note:-

- 1. The foundation should be anchored into the preferred strata at least 300mm.
- 2. The report submitted as per actual site investigation as well as laboratory test results on soil samples collected during SPT and bore hole drilling.
- 3. Designing of foundation should be done with considering all the loads and combination of loads as per relevant IS Codes.



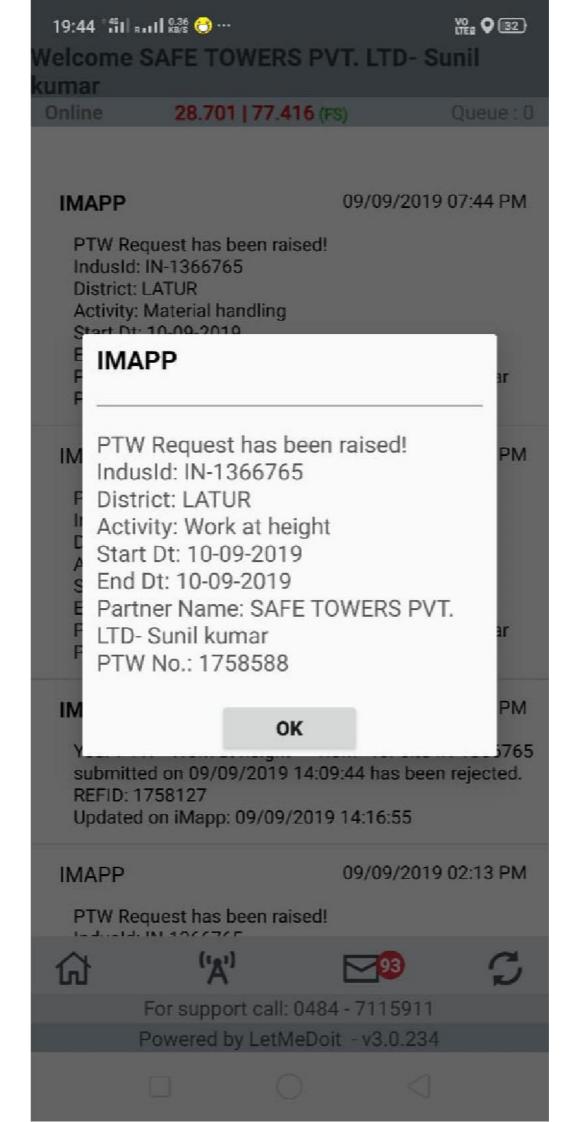
### PHOTOS OF LONI MIDC SITE











# **IMAPP**

# 13/09/2019 09:36 pm

PTW Request has been raised!

IndusId: IN-1366765

District: LATUR

Activity: Electrical

Start Dt: 14-09-2019 End Dt: 14-09-2019

Partner Name: OSPS Telecom Services Pvt Ltd -

**Bhaskar Shende** 

PTW No.: 1765374

# **IMAPP**

13/09/2019 09:35 pm

PTW Request has been raised!

IndusId: IN-1366765

District: LATUR

Activity: Work at height

Start Dt: 14-09-2019 End Dt: 14-09-2019

Partner Name: OSPS Telecom Services Pvt Ltd -

**Bhaskar Shende** 

PTW No.: 1765372

INDUSTOWERS LTD.

Spear Logistics Private Limited

C/O Indus Towers Limited, BEHIND INDIAN OIL PETROL PUMP, PUNE NAGAR ROAD, LONIKAND PUNE 412216 MAHARASHTRA

								1	
		Not For Sale. Material To Be Delivered At Site						_	
		STN					RECE	WED	
							INDIE TO	112700	
STN	2020640		DATE:	Monday 10	August 2040	-	INDUS TO	ENS LID.	
MRF NO	19150082847 / 1914565373		Req. Date :	Monday, 19	August, 2019	-	The Contract		
Contact Person :	Mir Sultan		Vehicle No. :	MH17	AN2343		1	Zummered	
MOBILE NO	•		GRN NO					3	
SITE ADDRESS	LONI MIDC UDGIR		Tpt_Name:	OSPS	to ECOM S		Date 19 19 .	EFFER	
SITE ID	IN-1366765		LR No		115/				-
Delivery location	Indus Towers Limited, BEHIND INDIAN OIL PETROL PUMP, PUNE NAGAR ROAD, LONIKAND PUNE 412216		Escort:		(S)		IME/TSP Name	3 meso	
CONSIGNEE :	Indus Towers Limited		Contact no				1	1	
S.No.	Item	Particulars	Unit RATE	QTY	011	Amount Rs.	Remarks		
1		Flange Foundation Bolts : 8.8 Grade:-Size M27X1050- 30 M GBM & 30 M Unicam+	1013.62	24	24	24326.88	Not for Sale		
2		Tower Template Set, 30M GBM Flange Monopole w/o Camouflage 180 KMPH Normal Wt. 149.4 Kgs, Version -1.0	8057.04	1	1	8057.04		•	
3	12-440000-0-01-ZZ-ZZ-000	Earthing, Maintenance Free Chemical Earthing, Version 1.0	0.01	,	,	0.02		*	
4		Cable Harness for Tamperproof Alarm of SMPS with D25 Pin Male Connector and 15M Alarm Cable, 0.5 MM Dia, 12			2	499			
5		Pair, Solid Annealed Tinned Copper (ATC) HRFR  EMF Signage, Sticker Type Version 1.0, (Size, Description, Color & font as per DOT Guidelines, Weather Resistant, Fade Proof - for installation in Monopole sites only)	499	1	1	31			•
	18-642000-C-01-ZZ-ZZ-000	Version 1.0, - Capex Fall Protection System, Monopole (GBM/RTM), Without	31	1	1	•			
6	18-521500-0-01-ZZ-ZZ-000	Brackets - 30m	2300	1	1	2800			
7		Supply of Pipe Mount Generic - single GSM antenna mount (For angular & Tubular towers)vertical/sloped portion of tower, JQ942-MW-GENMOUNT - Supply to ware				6768	•	C/o. FM In	S TOWERS Supply Chain Pyt. Cusing, Survey
	14-900000-0-00-ZZ-ZZ-318	house, Version - 5.0 WT. = 44.29 kg.	3384	2	2			Unique	Supply Chain a
8	11-894900-0-02-08-ZZ-000	Battery Bank, VRLA+ 48V, 600 Ah, Make- HBL, Version 2.0	170094.44	1	1	170094.44		Onika Wareh	ousing S.
9		Battery Bank cabinet, Outdoor IP55, Space For Battery Bank 600 Ah, with provision for Next GEN OD SMPS Mounting, Make- MAK Engineers, Version 1.0	23603	1	1	23603		and. ral.Ha	aveli. Dice D
10	•	SMPS,Outdoor IP54 -48V,Total Capacity 24KW,Loading Capacity 12 KW (4X3),4000W, Make- Emerson,Version	•			70897.78	Dat	19.2.10	TAKU
		2.1, with space for 2 cartridge(1 cartridge=3X4000W Rectifier) & loaded with 1 cartridge	70897.78	1	1		Entr	V 010.	
11	18-236000-C-01-ZZ-ZZ-000	Fire Extinguisher, ABC Type, 4kg, Version 1.0, Capex	1300	1	1	1300	GRIM	No	13720
12		TX RACK, 19", Outdoor IP55, 21U, Floor mount, 48V DC		•		21756	SAC	110	
	11-D21D22-0-01-17-ZZ-000	Fan, Make- Maxbros, Version 1.0	21756			0	JUIS N	ame & Sign:	DATE:
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ORDS: Value Mentioned for asportation Purpose Material not for sale				TOTAL VALUE		330133.16	N SERV	42	2/2/2
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Prepared By :		Authorized By : Mr. Amol Natiagande	Verfied By: Mr.	Mr. Vikas Pachkude		Received	MADU (A)	70/	181397
Signature :		Signature	Signature :	- Alleo		Signatura			
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ESIC Page 1 of 1





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Monthly Contribution > Online Challan Form

Transaction Details	*R(	equired Fields
Transaction status:	Completed Successfully	
Employer's Code No:	52000202200001099	
Employer's Name:	O S P S TELECOM SERVICES	
Challan Period:	Nov-2019	
Challan Number :	05219141747533	
Challan Created Date	13-12-2019 14:36:38	
Challan Submitted Date	13-12-2019 14:59:49	
Amount Paid:	13075.00	
Transaction Number:	193474810951	
	Print Close	

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### कर्मचारी भविष्य निधि संगठन Employees' Provident Fund Organization

भविष्य निधि भवन, १४, भीकाजी कामा प्लेस, नई दिल्ली - ११००६६ Bhavishya Nidhi Bhawan, 14, Bhikaji Cama Place, New Delhi - 110066

Generated On 13/12/2019 12:51:

# **Payment Confirmation Receipt**

TRRN No :	1201912014544
Challan Status :	Payment Confirmed
Challan Generated On :	12-DEC-2019 19:59:03
Establishment ID :	APHYD0042194000
Establishment Name :	OSPS TELECOM SERVICES PVT. LTD.
Challan Type :	Monthly Contribution Challan
Total Members :	51
Wage Month :	NOV-2019
Total Amount (Rs) :	99,403
Account-1 Amount (Rs) :	66,785
Account-2 Amount (Rs) :	1,734
Account-10 Amount (Rs) :	28,891
Account-21 Amount (Rs) :	1,993
Account-22 Amount (Rs) :	0
Payment Confirmation Bank :	HDFC Bank
CRN:	240131219004970
Payment Date :	13-DEC-2019
Payment Confirmation Date :	13-DEC-2019
Total PMRPY Benefit :	0

