

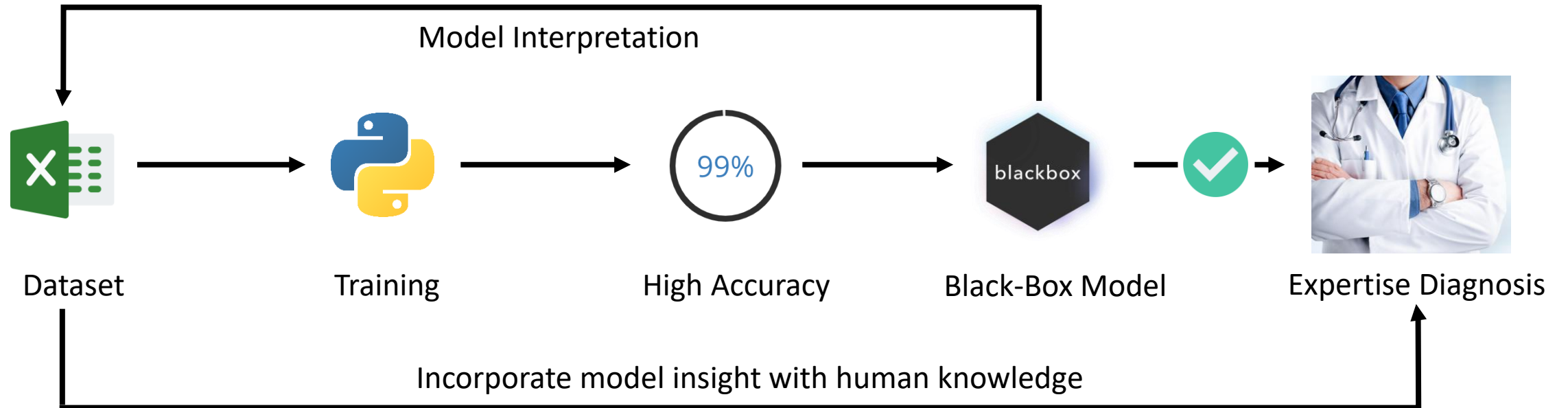
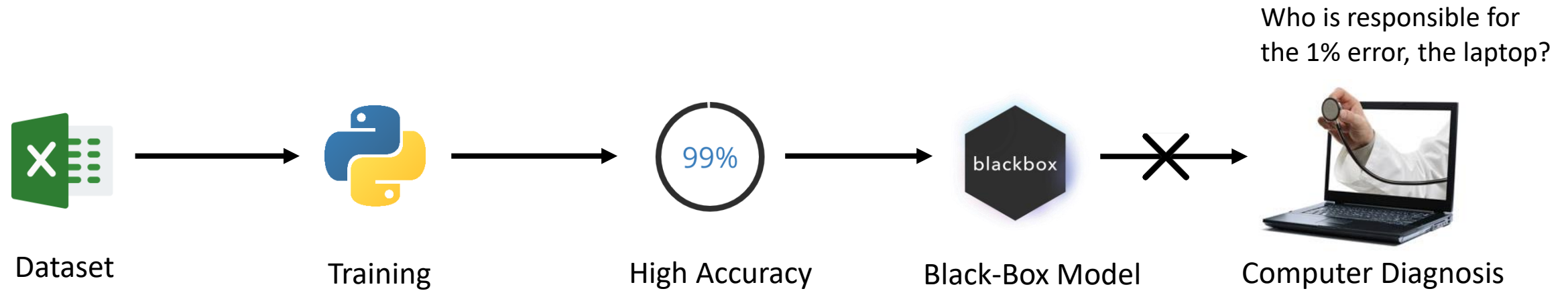
Interpretable Machine Learning for COVID-19:

An Empirical Study on Severity Prediction Task

- Background
- Dataset & Models
- Interpretation
- Conclusion

Background

Background



Dataset & Models

Dataset & Models

Dataset Description

<https://covid.wuhanstudio.cc/hy-features.html>

Source Code

<https://github.com/wuhanstudio/interpretable-ml-covid-19>

Preprocessing

1. Remove clinical irrelevant columns ['MedNum', 'No']
2. Remove columns that have no data ['LVEF', 'SO2', 'PO2', 'YHZS', 'RML', 'RUL', 'RLL', 'LUL', 'LLL']
3. Remove columns with fewer records ['Onset2Admi', 'Onset2CT1', 'Onset2CTPositive1', 'Onset2CTPeak']
4. Remove patients that have incomplete records. [Height == "", cTnl == ""]

Train Test Split (86 patients, 21 severe, 65 normal, with 55 features)

1. 90% as Training Set, 10% as Testing Set
2. Five folds Cross Validation

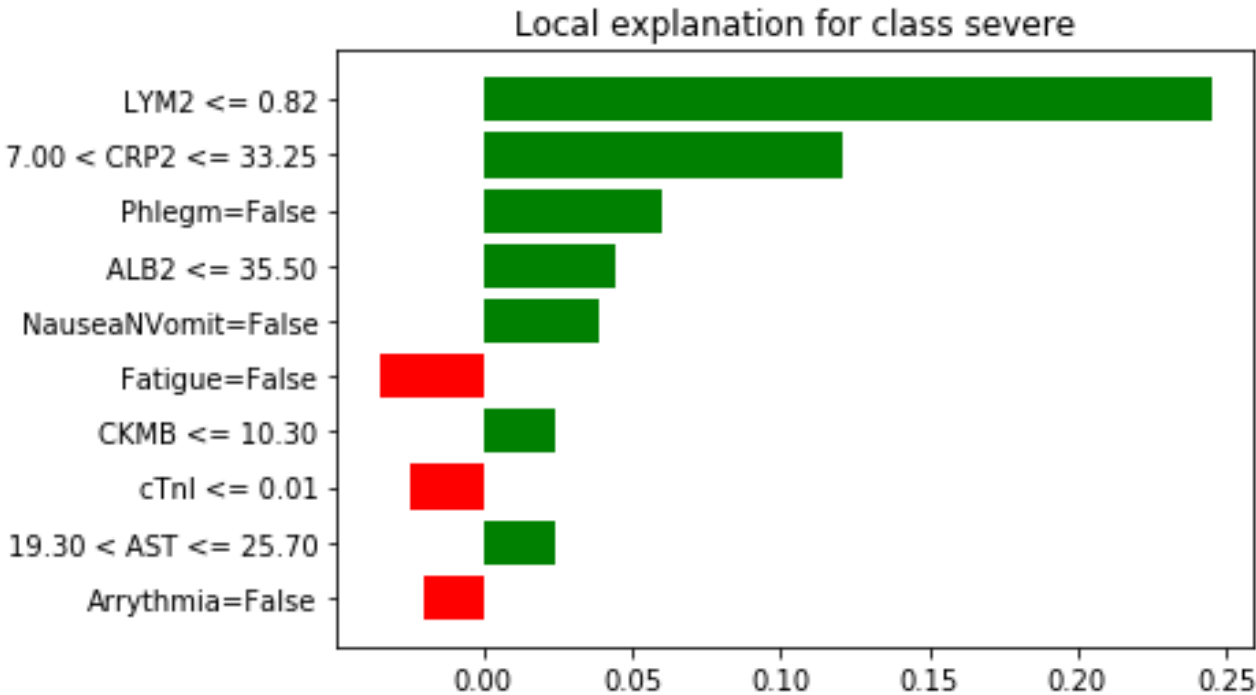
In this research, we focus on model **interpretation**.

Interpretation gives us valuable insights even if these are not 99% perfect models.

Classifier	Cross Validation	Test Set			95% confidence-interval
-----	F1	Precision	Recall	F1	-----
Decision Tree	0.56	0.67	0.50	0.57	0.307
Random Forest	0.64	0.56	0.25	0.33	0.324
XGBoost	0.62	0.78	1.00	0.80	0.271
Neural Network	0.53	0.78	1.00	0.80	0.271

Interpretation

Correct Predictions



Feature	Value	Prediction probabilities	
LYM2	0.46	normal	0.02
CRP2	22.20	severe	0.98
Phlegm=False	True		
ALB2	35.30		
NauseaNVomit=False	True		
Fatigue=False	True		
CKMB	8.30		
cTnl	0.01		
AST	19.70		
Arrythmia=False	True		

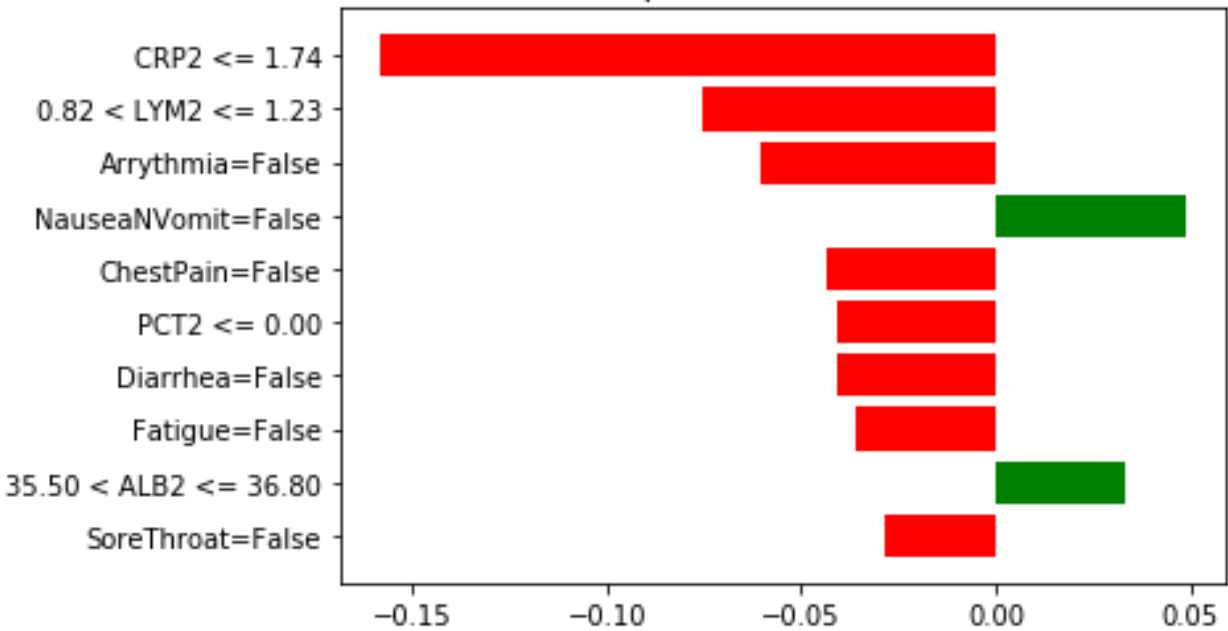
Feature	Patients Data	Normal Range	Conclusion
LYM <= 0.82	0.46	(1.1, 3.2)	↓
CRP (7.00, 33.25)	22.20	(0, 5)	↑
No Phlegm	True	-	No Symptom
ALB <= 35.50	35.30	(35, 55)	Normal
No Nausea and Vomit	True	-	No Symptom
CKMB <= 10.30	8.30	(0, 18)	Normal
AST (19.30, 25.70)	19.70	(29, 35)	↓

Feature	Patients Data	Normal	Conclusion
No Fatigue	True	-	Normal
cTnl <= 0.1	0.01		
No Arrythmia	True	-	Normal

No Phlegm, No Nausea and Vomit is more likely to turn severe?

This is counterintuitive, but corroborated by medical research months later after the outbreak of the pandemic.

Local explanation for class severe



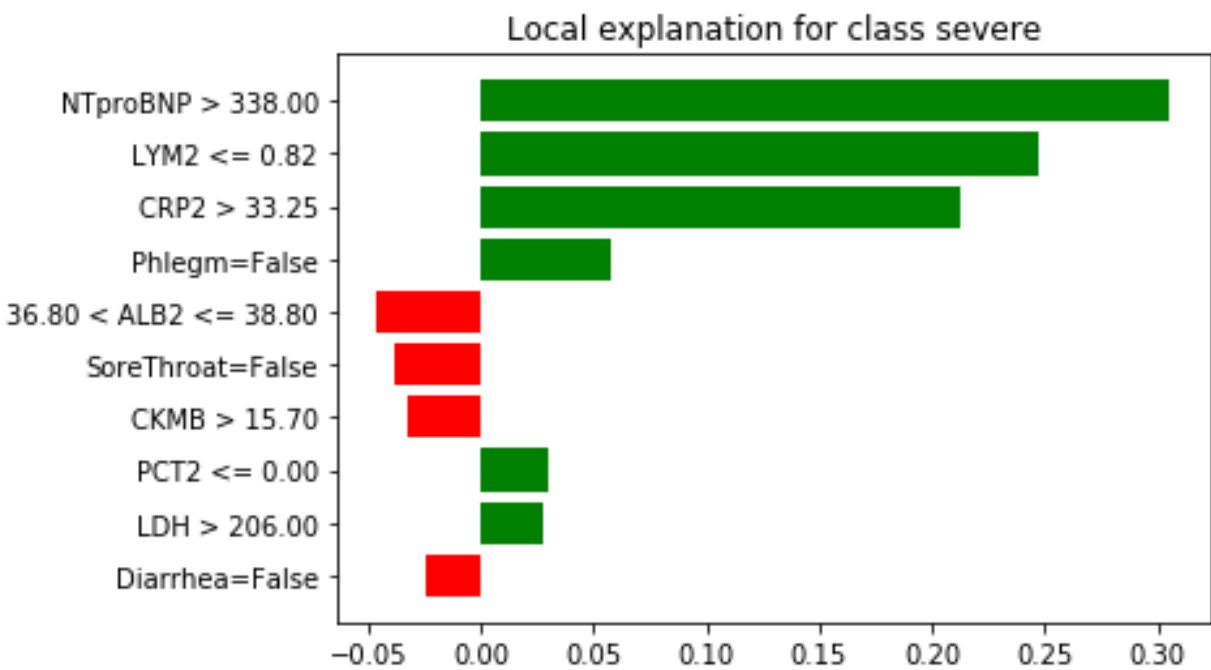
Feature	Value	Prediction probabilities	
CRP2	0.46	normal	0.97
LYM2	0.84	severe	0.03
Arrythmia=False	True		
NauseaNVomit=False	True		
ChestPain=False	True		
PCT2	0.00		
Diarrhea=False	True		
Fatigue=False	True		
ALB2	36.50		
SoreThroat=False	True		

Feature	Patients Data	Normal Range	Conclusion
No Nausea and Vomit	True	-	No Symptom
ALB (35.50, 36.80)	36.50	(35, 55)	Normal

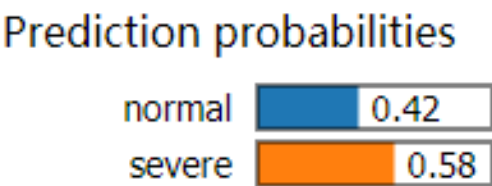
Feature	Patients Data	Normal	Conclusion
CRP <= 1.74	0.46	(0, 5)	Normal
LYM (0.82, 1.23)	0.84	(1.1, 3.2)	↓
No Arrythmia	True	X	
No ChestPain	True	X	
PCT <= 0.00	0.00	(0, 0.5)	Normal
No Diarrhea	True	X	
No Fatigue	True	X	
No SoreThroat	True	X	

Our models notice that without some specific symptoms may indicate a higher probability of turning severe.

Wrong Predictions



Feature	Value
NTproBNP	475.00
LYM2	0.81
CRP2	78.76
Phlegm=False	True
ALB2	37.60
SoreThroat=False	True
CKMB	17.90
PCT2	0.00
LDH	263.00
Diarrhea=False	True



Feature	Patients Data	Normal Range	Conclusion
NTproBNP > 338.00	475.00	(0, 300)	↑
LYM <= 0.82	0.81	(1.1, 3.2)	↓
CRP > 33.25	78.76	(0, 5)	↑
No Phlegm	True	-	
PCT	0.00	(0, 0.5)	Normal
LDH	263.00	(109, 245)	↑

Feature	Patients Data	Normal Range	Conclusion
ALB (36.80, 38.80)	37.60	(35, 55)	Normal
No SoreThroat	True	-	Normal
CKMB > 15.70	17.90	(0, 18)	Normal
No Diarrhea	True	-	Normal

A normal patient is diagnosed as sever by our models.
But actually he is indeed severe from medical tests.

Conclusion

Conclusion

- Elderly people are more likely to turn severe.

The average age of severity level [0 – 3]: 36.8 --> 47.5 --> 54.3 --> 69.4

Interpretation

- Inflammation Indicators: High CRP (Virus Infection)
- Blood Routing Examination: Low LYM
- Biomarker: High LDH, Low ALB
- Symptoms: No Phlegm, No diarrhea, No Nausea and Vomit