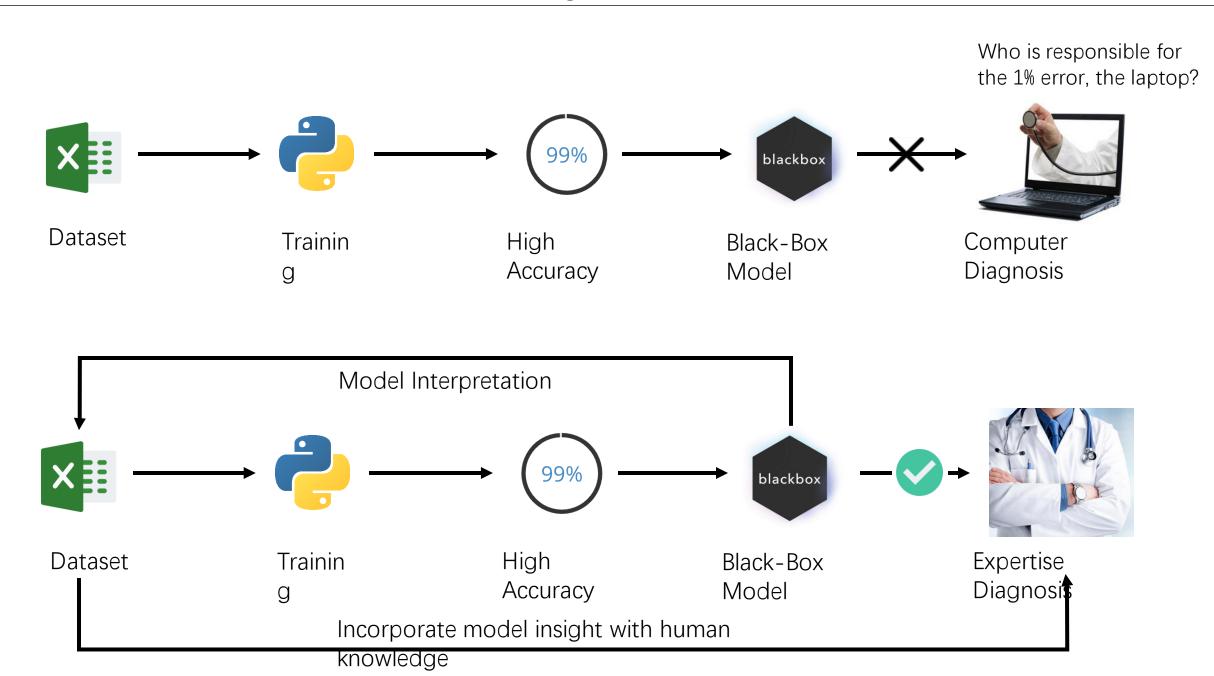
Interpretable Machine Learning for COVID-19:

An Empirical Study on Severity Prediction Task

- Background
- Dataset & Models
- Interpretation
- Conclusion

Background

Background



Dataset & Models

Dataset & Models

Dataset Description

Source Code

https://covid.wuhanstudio.cc/hy-features.html

https://github.com/wuhanstudio/interpretable-ml-covid-19

Preprocessing

- 1. Remove clinical irrelevant columns ['MedNum', 'No']
- 2. Remove columns that have no data ['LVEF', 'SO2', 'PO2', 'YHZS', 'RML', 'RUL', 'RLL', 'LUL', 'LLL']
- 3. Remove columns with fewer records ['Onset2Admi', 'Onset2CT1', 'Onset2CTPositive1', 'Onset2CTPeak']
- 4. Remove patients that have incomplete records. [Height == "", cTnl == ""]

Train Test Split (86 patients, 21 severe, 65 normal, with 55 features)

- 1. 90% as Training Set, 10% as Testing Set
- 2. Five folds Cross Validation

In this research, we focus on model **interpretation**. **Interpretation** gives us valuable insights even if these are not 99% perfect

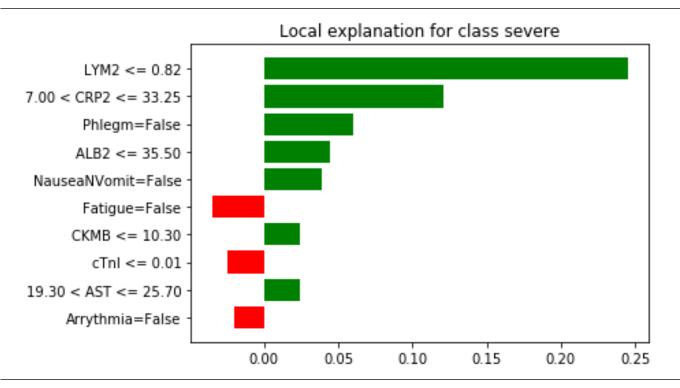
Classifier	Cross Validation	Test Set			95% confidence ^{gels.} interval
	F1	Precision	Recall	F1	
Decision Tree	0.56	0.67	0.50	0.57	0.307
Random Forest	0.64	0.56	0.25	0.33	0.324
XGBoost	0.62	0.78	1.00	0.80	0.271

Interpretation

Correct Predictions

病人 7 - Severe

Correct



Feature	Value
LYM2	0.46
CRP2	22.20
Phlegm=False	True
ALB2	35.30
NauseaNVomit=Fa	lse True
Fatigue=False	True
CKMB	8.30
cTnI	0.01
AST	19.70
Arrythmia=False	True

Prediction probabilities			
normal	0.02		
severe		0.98	

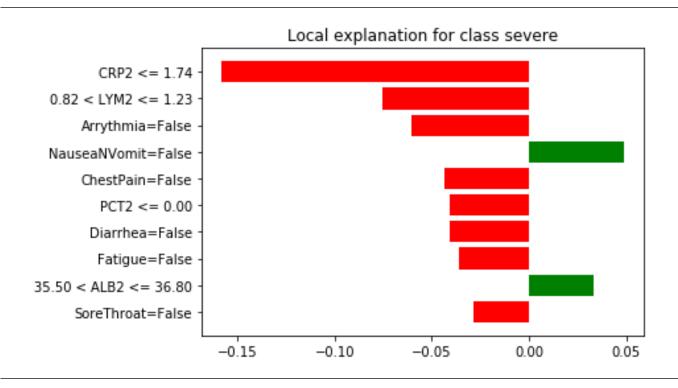
病情加重依据	病人数据	正常区间	结论
LYM <= 0.82	0.46	(1.1, 3.2)	偏低
CRP (7.00, 33.25)	22.20	(0, 5)	偏高
No Phlegm	不咯痰	X	
ALB <= 35.50	35.30	(35, 55)	正常
No NauseNVomit	不恶心呕吐	X	
CKMB <= 10.30	8.30	(0, 18)	正常
AST (19.30, 25.70)	19.70	(29, 35)	偏低

病人因为没有恶心呕吐,咯痰,判断会发展为重症是不是咯痰,恶心呕吐可以帮助排毒?

病情正常依据	病人数据	正常区间	结论
No Fatigue	不乏力	X	正常
cTnl <= 0.1	0.01		
No Arrythmia	无心率失常	X	正常

病人 0 - Normal

Correct



Feature	Value
CRP2	0.46
LYM2	0.84
Arrythmia=False	True
NauseaNVomit=Fal	se True
ChestPain=False	True
PCT2	0.00
Diarrhea=False	True
Fatigue=False	True
ALB2	36.50
SoreThroat=False	True

Prediction probabilities				
normal severe]0.97]		

患病的人淋巴细胞都会降低?

病情加重依据	病人数据	正常区间	结论
No NauseNVomit	不恶心呕吐	X	
ALB (35.50, 36.80)	36.50	(35, 55)	

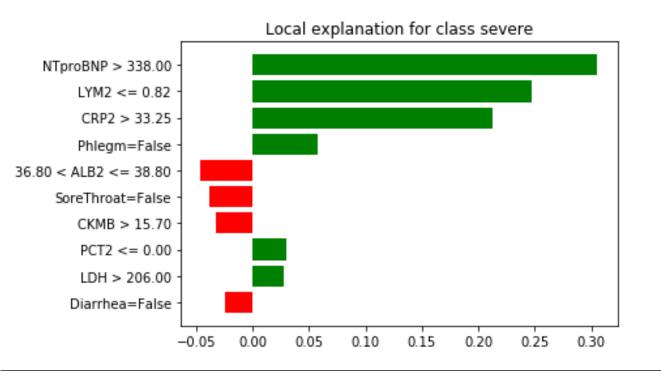
病人因为没有恶心呕吐,判断会发展为重症是不是恶心呕吐可以帮助排毒?

病情正常依据	病人数据	正常区间	结论
CRP <= 1.74	0.46	(0, 5)	正常
LYM (0.82, 1.23)	0.84	(1.1, 3.2)	偏低
No Arrythmia	无心率失常	Χ	
No ChestPain	无胸痛	Χ	
PCT <= 0.00	0.00	(0, 0.5)	正常
No Diarrhea	无腹泻	Χ	
No Fatigue	不乏力	X	
No SoreThroat	无喉咙痛	Χ	

Wrong Predictions

病人 3 - Severe

Wrong



Feature	Value
NTproBNP	475.00
LYM2	0.81
CRP2	78.76
Phlegm=False	True
ALB2	37.60
SoreThroat=Fals	e True
CKMB	17.90
PCT2	0.00
LDH	263.00
Diarrhea=False	True

Prediction probabilities			
0.42			
0.58			

病情加重依据	病人数据	正常区间	结论
NTproBNP > 338.00	475.00	(0, 300)	偏高
LYM <= 0.82	0.81	(1.1, 3.2)	偏低
CRP > 33.25	78.76	(0, 5)	偏高
No Phlegm	不咯痰	X	
PCT	0.00	(0, 0.5)	正常
LDH	263.00	(109, 245)	偏高

病情正常依据	病人数据	正常区间	结论
ALB (36.80, 38.80)	37.60	(35, 55)	正常
No SoreThroat	无喉咙痛	X	正常
CKMB > 15.70	17.90	(0, 18)	正常
No Diarrhea	无腹泻	Χ	正常

Conclusion

Conclusion

✓ 年龄越大, 越容易成为重症

严重程度 0-3, 年龄平均值: 36.8, 47.5, 54.3, 69.4

✓ 增加症状总数,以及基础疾病总数后,预测精度 略有提升

- 影响较大的症状: 不咯痰, 不腹泻呕吐, 更容易重症
- 影响较大的血常规指标: LYM 减少
- 影响较大的生化指标: LDH 增加(肝功能受损, 心功能) ALB 偏小
- 影响较大的炎症指标: CRP 偏高 (病毒感染)