

Ace Cassidy-HW3-CPTS451-Spring'20

Write the following queries in Relational Algebra

Q1

π σ ρ \leftarrow τ γ \wedge \vee \neg $=$ \geq \leq \cap \cup $+$ $-$ \times \bowtie \ltimes \ltimes \ltimes \ltimes \ltimes \ltimes \triangleright $=$ $--$ $/*$ $\{\}$

```

1 /*Find all courses offered in Fall 2019. Give the courseNum, major, title, and level of those courses*/
2
3  $\pi$  major, courseNum, title ( $\sigma$  semester='Fall'  $\wedge$  year=2019 (Course  $\bowtie$  Class))

```

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π major, courseNum, title
 \downarrow
 σ semester = 'Fall' and year = 2019
 \downarrow
 \bowtie
 \swarrow \searrow
 Course Class

π major, courseNum, title (σ semester = 'Fall' and year = 2019 (Course \bowtie Class))

Course.major	Course.courseNum	Course.title
CptS	321	Object-Oriented Software Principles
CptS	322	Software Engineering Principles I
CptS	355	Programming Language Design
CptS	215	Data Analytics Systems and Algorithms
STAT	360	Probability and Statistics
CptS	581	Software Maintenance
CptS	415	Big Data

Q2

π σ ρ \leftarrow τ γ \wedge \vee \neg $=$ \neq \geq \leq \cap \cup $+$ $-$ \times \div \bowtie \lt \gt $=$ $--$ $/*$ $\{\}$

```

1 /*Find the pair of courses that have the same courseNum but are offered by different majors. Return the
   majors, courseNums , and titles of those courses*/
2
3 cc = Course  $\bowtie$  Course.major < C.major  $\wedge$  Course.courseNum = C.courseNum (  $\rho$  C (Course))
4  $\pi$  C.major, Course.major, Course.courseNum, Course.title, C.title cc

```

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π C.major, Course.major, Course.courseNum, Course.title, C.title

|

$cc =$ \bowtie Course.major < C.major and Course.courseNum = C.courseNum

|

Course

ρ C

|

Course

π C.major, Course.major, Course.courseNum, Course.title, C.title (Course \bowtie Course.major < C.major and Course.courseNum = C.courseNum (ρ C (Course)))

C.major	Course.major	Course.courseNum	Course.title	C.title
STAT	CptS	360	Systems Programming	Probability and Statistics
MATH	CptS	415	Big Data	Intermediate Differential Equations

Q3

```

π classNum, major, courseNum, numStudents
1 /*Find the courses which don't have an instructor but have students enrolled init. Return the classNum,
2 major, courseNum of those courses and the number of students enrolled in them(call this numStudents)*/
3 t = σ Teach.userID=null (Class ⋈ Teach)
4 n = γ courseNum, major, classNum; count(userID)->numStudents (Class ⋈ EnrollIn )
5 π classNum, major, courseNum, numStudents (n ⋈ t)

```

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The diagram illustrates the logical plan for the SQL query. At the top is the final projection: $\pi_{\text{classNum}, \text{major}, \text{courseNum}, \text{numStudents}}$. This branches into two main components joined by a join operator (\Join). The left component is a selection ($n = \gamma$) followed by a join (\Join) of Class and EnrollIn tables. The right component is a selection ($t = \sigma$) followed by a join (\Join) of Class and Teach tables.

SQL Query:

```

π classNum, major, courseNum, numStudents ((γ courseNum, major, classNum; COUNT(userID)→numStudents (Class ⋈ EnrollIn)) ⋈ (σ Teach.userID = null (Class ⋈ Teach)))

```

Class.classNum	Class.major	Class.courseNum	numStudents
2019S01	STAT	360	2
2020S01	CptS	582	3

Q4

π σ ρ \leftarrow τ γ \wedge \vee \neg $=$ \neq \geq \leq \cap \cup $+$ $-$ \times \div \bowtie \lt \gt $=$ $--$ $/*$ $\{\}$

```

1 /*Find the instructors who teach at least 2 classes with enrollment limit greater than 10. Give the
   userIDs, first and lastnames, and emails of those instructors and the number of such classes they teach
   (callthis attribute numClasses)*/
2
3 e10 =  $\sigma$  enrollmentlimit > 10 (Class  $\bowtie$  Teach)
4 t2 =  $\sigma$  numClasses > 1 ( $\gamma$  userID; count(courseNum)->numClasses (e10))
5 t2  $\bowtie$  User

```

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```

graph TD
    A[ $\bowtie$ ] --- B[t2 =  $\sigma$  numClasses > 1]
    A --- C[User]
    B --- D[" $\gamma$  userID; COUNT(courseNum)→numClasses"]
    D --- E[e10 =  $\sigma$  enrollmentlimit > 10]
    E --- F[ $\bowtie$ ]
    F --- G[Class]
    F --- H[Teach]

```

(σ numClasses > 1 (γ userID; COUNT(courseNum)→numClasses (σ enrollmentlimit > 10 (Class \bowtie Teach)))) \bowtie User

Teach.userID	numClasses	User.email	User.firstName	User.lastName
1	2	arslanay@wsu.edu	Sakire	ArslanAy
4	2	rahman@wsu.edu	Tazin	Rahman
11	2	arnaoudova@wsu.edu	Venera	Arnaoudova

Q5

π σ ρ \leftarrow τ γ \wedge \vee \neg $=$ \neq \geq \leq \cap \cup $+$ $-$ \times \bowtie \lt \gt \triangleright $=$ $--$ $/*$ $\{\}$

```

1 /*Find the assignments which have submissions but don't have any posts about them. Return the classNum,
2 major, and courseNum of the courses and the titles and deadlines of the assignments*/
3 a = (Assignment  $\bowtie$  Submit)
4 b =  $\gamma$  assignmentID; count(postID)->postCount (Post)
5  $\pi$  classNum, major, courseNum, title, deadline ( $\sigma$  postCount=null (a  $\bowtie$  b))

```

▶ execute query

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```

graph TD
    A[" $\pi$  classNum, major, courseNum, title, deadline"] --> B[" $\sigma$  postCount = null"]
    B --> C[" $\bowtie$ "]
    C --> D["a =  $\bowtie$ "]
    C --> E["b =  $\gamma$  assignmentID; COUNT(postID)→postCount"]
    D --> F["Assignment"]
    D --> G["Submit"]
    E --> H["Post"]

```

π classNum, major, courseNum, title, deadline (σ postCount = null (((Assignment \bowtie Submit) \bowtie (γ assignmentID; COUNT(postID)→postCount (Post)))))

Assignment.classNum	Assignment.major	Assignment.courseNum	Assignment.title	Assignment.deadline
2019S01	CptS	451	Homework 5	2019-03-15

Q7

π σ ρ \leftarrow τ γ \wedge \vee \neg $=$ \neq \geq \leq \cap \cup \div $-$ \times \bowtie \lt \gt \triangleright $=$ $--$ $/*$ $\{\}$ \square \square

```

1 /*Find the classes that are full(i.e., class enrollment is equal to the enrollment limit). Return
   classNumber, major,courseNum, semester, year, enrollmentlimit of the classesand the number of students
   enrolled(call this numStudents)*/
2
3 n =  $\gamma$  courseNum, major, classNum; count(userID)->numStudents (Class  $\bowtie$  EnrollIn)
4  $\sigma$  numStudents=Class.enrollmentlimit (n  $\bowtie$  Class)

```

▶ execute query
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```

graph TD
    A[" $\sigma$  numStudents = Class.enrollmentlimit"] --> B[" $\bowtie$ "]
    B --> C["n =  $\gamma$  courseNum, major, classNum; COUNT(userID)->numStudents"]
    B --> D["Class"]
    C --> E[" $\bowtie$ "]
    E --> F["Class"]
    E --> G["EnrollIn"]

```

σ numStudents = Class.enrollmentlimit ((γ courseNum, major, classNum; COUNT(userID)->numStudents (Class \bowtie EnrollIn)) \bowtie Class)

Class.courseNum	Class.major	Class.classNum	numStudents	Class.semester	Class.year	Class.enrollmentlimit
451	CptS	2019S01	11	Spring	2019	11

Q8

```

1  /*Find the post with the most number of likes.Return the postID, number of likes(call this numLikes) and
2  the content of the post*/
3  n = (γ postID; count(userID)→numLikes (Likes))
4  m = (ρ A n) ⋈ A.numLikes>B.numLikes (ρ B n)
5  π postID, numLikes, content ((n - π B.postID, B.numLikes (m)) ⋈ Post)

```

▶ execute query

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history ▼

```

graph TD
    Root["π postID, numLikes, content"] --> Join1["⋈"]
    Join1 --> Sub1["n = γ postID; COUNT(userID)→numLikes"]
    Join1 --> Sub2["π B.postID, B.numLikes"]
    Sub1 --> Likes1["Likes"]
    Sub2 --> Join2["m = ⋈ A.numLikes > B.numLikes"]
    Likes1 --> Join2
    Join2 --> Sub3["ρ A"]
    Join2 --> Sub4["ρ B"]
    Sub3 --> Sub5["n = γ postID; COUNT(userID)→numLikes"]
    Sub4 --> Sub6["n = γ postID; COUNT(userID)→numLikes"]
    Sub5 --> Likes2["Likes"]
    Sub6 --> Likes3["Likes"]
    Likes2 --> Post["Post"]
    Likes3 --> Post

```

$\pi_{\text{postID, numLikes, content}}(((\gamma_{\text{postID; COUNT(userID)→numLikes}}(\text{Likes})) - \pi_{\text{B.postID, B.numLikes}}((\rho_A(\gamma_{\text{postID; COUNT(userID)→numLikes}}(\text{Likes}))) \bowtie_{\text{A.numLikes} > \text{B.numLikes}} (\rho_B(\gamma_{\text{postID; COUNT(userID)→numLikes}}(\text{Likes})))))) \bowtie \text{Post})$

Likes.postID	numLikes	Post.content
11	10	Snow day - class is cancelled!