# Exploring Ball Recovery Times in Professional Football: Insights and Patterns

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## A.

### Motivation

#### **Problem Statement:**

- Limited understanding of how key match events (e.g., substitutions, injuries) influence ball possession [1-3].
- Coaches still depend on handwritten notes to develop and archive strategies, creating inefficiencies [4].
- The vast volume of raw match data prevents extraction of clear, actionable insights, underscoring the need for a digital, simple, and interactive dashboard [5].

#### **Solution:**

- Interactive visual dashboard that consolidates and displays match events and ball-possession data.
- Delivers novel insights into how ball possession correlates with goals, substitutions, injuries, and other pivotal scenarios.

## B. Research Question

What match key events¹ impact the time required to recover ball possession in elite football?

1. events include goals, own goals, substitutions, yellow/red cards, injuries, and tactical shifts

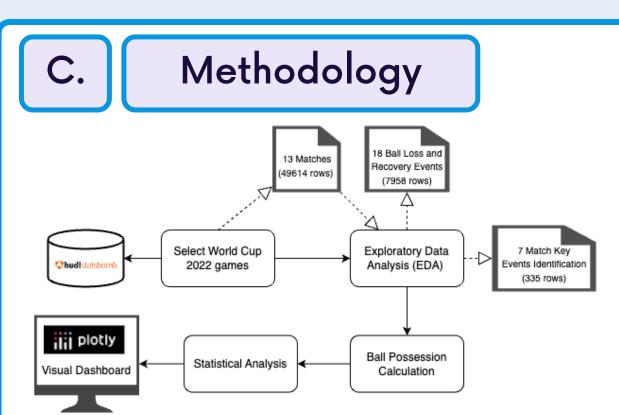


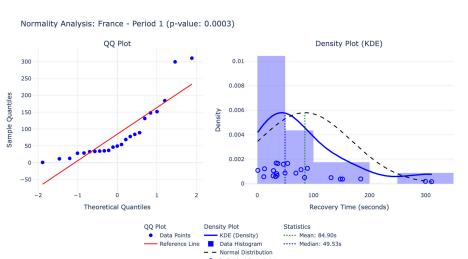
Figure 1. Overview of the research workflow

- 1. Rule-based Event Classification Algorithm
- 2.Statistical Analysis:
  - Shapiro-Wilk (normality)
  - Mann-Whitney U (group difference)
  - Cliff's Delta (effect size and direction)
- 3. Visual Dashboard

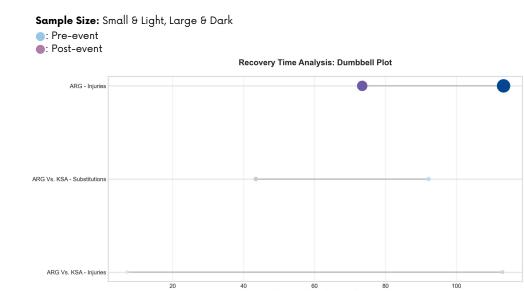


Figure 2. Recovery-game time curve

Argentina - Team Analysis



**Figure 3.** Normality assessment for the time to recover the ball



**Figure 4.** Statistically significant events dumbbell plot

ey r	Findings					
• li	njuries: Recovery times are significantly faster after injuries.					
• 8	Substitutions: Recovery times are significantly faster after substitutions.					
• li	njuries: Recovery times are significantly faster after injuries.					
Detaile	ed Event Analysis (All Matches)					
Al	Il Goals: No significant overall impact found for all goals, though there was a increase in average recovery time (42.31 to 86.46).					
	juries: Across all matches, the team has significantly faster recovery times after injuries with a small effect size (Cliff's Delta: 0.2838). Average recovery time decreased from 113.31 seconds before to 73.44 seconds ter injuries.					
Substitutions: No significant overall impact found for substitutions, though there was a decrease in average recovery time (79.04 to 63.11).						
Tactical Shifts: No significant overall impact found for tactical shifts, though there was a decrease in average recovery time (79.80 to 61.47).						
Ye	ellow Cards: No significant overall impact found for yellow cards, though there was a increase in average recovery time (66.43 to 79.33).					

**Figure 5.** Statistical analysis key findings

	Analysis	N (pre → post)	Δ (mean)	Cliff's 6	95% CI	p(BH)
	ARG – Injuries	79 → 60	-39.9 s	0.28	[0.11, 0.46]	0.021
	ARG Vs. KSA – Substitutions	14 → 18	-48.7 s	0.49	[0.13, 0.79]	0.030
	ARG Vs. KSA – Injuries	12 → 6	-105.9 s	1.00	[1.00, 1.00]	0.003

Statistical Summary: Recovery Time Analysis

Table 1. Events with statistically significant impact

#### References

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- [2] Xiao, Zheng, and Hui Zhang. "More Substitutions Changed Team Substitution Strategy? An Analysis of the FIFA World Cup 2002–2022." BMC Sports Science, Medicine and Rehabilitation, vol. 16, Aug. 2024, p. 165. PubMed Central, https://doi.org/10.1186/s13102-024-00956-9.
- [3] Wang, Si hang, et al. "A Systematic Review about the Performance Indicators Related to Ball Possession." PLOS ONE, vol. 17, no. 3, Mar. 2022, p. e0265540. PLoS Journals, https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0265540.

  [4] Prakoso, Muḥammad Lintu Aji, and Ria Lumintuarso. Analysis of the Use of Statistical Data in the Formulation of Strategies, Tactics and Evaluation of Football Matches: 2021. DOI.org (Crossref),

