1. The probability of a leap year selected at random contain 53					
Sunday is:					
(a) 53/ 366	(b) 1/7	(c) 2/7	(d) 53/365		
•			marble is drawn at		
random. The prob					
(a) 3/5	(b) 2/5	(c) 0/5	(d) 1/5		
3. The probability	y that it will rain	tomorrow is	0.85. What is the		
probability that it					
` '	` '		(d) none of these		
•	•		ted from the numbers		
(1, 2, 3,,15)	_				
	(b) 4/5	• •	* *		
5. What are the					
(a) 4					
-	-	number select	ed at random from the		
numbers (1,2,3,	35) is :				
			(d) none of these		
7. The sum of the					
	(b) 1 (c) 0				
•	•	e given; choo	se the correct answer		
for that which is a	not possible.				
			(d) none of these.		
		Itaneously, th	an the probability of		
getting at least tw	vo heads, is:		(1)		
(a) 1/4	(b) 3/8	(C) ½	(d) 1/8		
10. A letter is ch					
• ASSASSINATIO	DN. The proba	ability that the	e letter chosen has:		
(a) 6/13	(b) //13	(c) 1	(d) none of these.		
44 4 11 1 11	- •				
	-		tting an even number.		
(A) 2/3	(B) 1 (C) 5/6	(D) 1/2		
12. Two coins are thrown at the same time. Find the probability of getting both heads.					
(A) 3/4 (B) 1/4		(D) 0			
13. Two dice are thrown simultaneously. The probability of getting a					

sum of 9 is:

(A) 1/10	(B) 3/10	(C) 1/9	(D) 4	1/9			
14. 100 cards are numbered from 1 to 100. Find the probability of getting a prime number.							
(A) 3/4	(B) 27/50	(C) 1/4	(D) 29/100			
15. A bag contains 5 red balls and some blue balls .If the probability of drawing a blue ball is double that of a red ball, then the number of blue balls in a bag is:							
(A) 5	•	(C) 15	(D) 20				
		this box. The					
mixed thor	ility that the nu	ard is drawn fro	om this box is a perfect	randomly, ther square.	า		
18. What is (A) 1/7	s the probabilit (B) 53/366	ty of getting 53 (C) 2/7		n a leap year? 7/366			
19. A card is drawn from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards. Find the probability of getting a king of red suit. (A) 1/26 (B) 3/26 (C) 7/52 (D) 1/13							
	, ,	,	•				
_	e of chance co ely to come to I	•	•				
1,2,312	,then the prob			an odd number	ˈis:		
21. A game consists of tossing a one rupee coin 3 times and noting its outcome each time. Aryan wins if all the tosses give the same result i.e. three heads or three tails and loses otherwise. Then the probability that Aryan will lose the game. (A) $3/4$ (B) $1/2$ (C) 1 (D) $1/4$							

22. Riya and Kajal are friends. Probability that both will have the same birthday is the same birthday is:							
(A) 364/365	(B) 31/365	(C) 1/365	(D) 1/133225				
23. A number x is chosen at random from the numbers -2, -1, 0, 1, 2. Then the probability that $x^2 < 2$ is? (A) $1/5$ (B) $2/5$ (C) $3/5$ (D) $4/5$							
24. A jar contains 24 marbles. Some are red and others are white. If a marble is drawn at random from the jar, the probability that it is red is 2/3, then the number of white marbles in the jar is: (A) 10 (B) 6 (C) 8 (D) 7							
25. A number is selected at random from first 50 natural numbers. Then the probability that it is a multiple of 3 and 4 is: (A) $7/50$ (B) $4/25$ (C) $1/25$ (D) $2/25$							
26. Consider a dice with the property that that probability of a face with n dots showing up is proportional to n. The probability of face showing 4 dots is?							
a) $\frac{1}{7}$	b) $\frac{5}{42}$	c) $\frac{1}{21}$	d) $\frac{4}{21}$				
			nes are 50, 70, 82,				
	e standard devia b) 25.49	c) 25.29	d) 25.69				
28. Find median and mode of the messages received on 9 consecutive days 15, 11, 9, 5, 18, 4, 18, 13, 17.							
	b) 13, 18		d) 13, 16				
29. A coin is tossed up 4 times. The probability that tails turn up in 3 cases is							
a) $^{1}/_{2}$	b) $^1\!/_3$ ate between 0 an	c) $\frac{1}{4}$ d 3. The value of $\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{d}{6}$ d) $\frac{1}{6}$ E(X ²) is				
31. The random variables X and Y have variances 0.2 and 0.5 respectively. Let Z= 5X-2Y. The variance of Z is?							

a) 3	b) 4	c) 5	d) 7			
32.Out of the following values, which one is not possible in probability?						
a) $P(x) = 1$ c) $P(x) = 0.5$	b) ∑ x 5 d) P(x	P(x) = 3 () = -0.5				
	= 2 and E(z) = 4 b) 6	c) 0		fficient data		
34.The cov	ariance of two	independen	t random variable	e is		
a) 1	b) 0	c) - 1	d) Und	efined		
•) = k² – 8 then, b) 1	the value of		ufficient data		
• •	0.5 and x = 4, b) 0.5	then E(x) = ? c) 4	d) 2			
	crete probabilit	y distributio	n, the sum of all	probabilities		
is always? a) 0	b) Infinite	c) 1	d) Unde	efined		
38.If the probability of hitting the target is 0.4, find mean and variance.						
a) 0.4, 0.24	b) 0.6,	0.24	c) 0.4, 0.16	d) 0.6, 0.16		
39.If the probability that a bomb dropped from a place will strike the target is 60% and if 10 bombs are dropped, find mean and variance? a) 0.6, 0.24 b) 6, 2.4 c) 0.4, 0.16 d) 4, 1.6						
 40. Find the mean of tossing 8 coins. a) 2 b) 4 c) 8 d) 1 41. What is the mean and variance for standard normal distribution? 						

a) Mean is 0 and variance is 1 b) Mean is 1 and variance is 0 c) Mean is 0 and variance is ∞ d) Mean is ∞ and variance is 0								
42. ' a) E	. d) (E(X))2							
	43.Mean of a random variable X is given by a) E(X)							
	44.Mean of a constant 'a' is a) 0							
45.Variance of a constant 'a' is . a) 0								
46.Find the mean and variance of X?								
	Х	0	1	2	3	4		
	f(x)	1/9	2/9	3/9	2/9	1/9		
a) 2	, 4/3	b) 3	, 4/3	(c) 2, 2/3		d) 3, 2/3	

47. Find the expectation of a random variable X?

	х	0	1	2	3	
	f(x)	1/6	2/6	2/6	1/6	
a) ().5		b) 1.5		c) 2.5	d) 3.5

48. In a Binomial Distribution, if p, q and n are probability of success, failure and number of trials respectively then variance is given by



c) np2q

d) npq2

- 49. If 'X' is a random variable, taking values 'x', probability of success and failure being 'p' and 'q' respectively and 'n' trials being conducted, then what is the probability that 'X' takes values 'x'? Use **Binomial Distribution.**
- a) P(X = x) = nCx px qx
- b) P(X = x) = nCx px q(n-x)
- c) P(X = x) = xCn qx p(n-x)
- d) P(x = x) = xCn pn qx
- 50. If 'p', 'q' and 'n' are probability pf success, failure and number of trials respectively in a Binomial Distribution, what is its Standard **Deviation?**

- a) \sqrt{np} b) \sqrt{pq} c) (np)2
- d) \sqrt{npq}