AceWiki Grammar

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Below, the grammar rules of the AceWiki grammar are shown:

Texts and Sentences

'text' stands for a complete text consisting of an arbitrary number of complete sentences (including zero):

- (1) $text \xrightarrow{\sim}$
- (2) $text \xrightarrow{\sim} complete_sentence text$

A complete sentence is represented by the category 'complete_sentence' and is either a declarative sentence that ends with a full stop or a question ending with a question mark:

- $(3) \quad complete_sentence \quad \xrightarrow{:} \quad sentence \quad [\, . \,]$
- $(4) \quad complete_sentence \quad \xrightarrow{:} \quad simple_sentence_2 \begin{pmatrix} \text{whin: -} \\ \text{whout: +} \end{pmatrix} \quad [?]$

General sentences are represented by 'sentence':

- (5) $sentence \xrightarrow{:} sentence_coord_1$
- (6) sentence $\stackrel{\sim}{\longrightarrow}$ // [for every] nc(subj:-) sentence_coord_1
- (7) sentence $\xrightarrow{\sim}$ // [if] sentence_coord_1 [then] sentence_coord_1

Sentences can be coordinated using "or" ('sentence_coord_1') and "and" ('sentence_coord_2'):

- (8) $sentence_coord_1 \xrightarrow{:} sentence_coord_2$
- (9) $sentence_coord_1 \xrightarrow{\sim} // sentence_coord_2$ [or] $sentence_coord_1$
- (10) sentence_coord_2 $\xrightarrow{:}$ simple_sentence_1
- (11) $sentence_coord_2 \xrightarrow{:} simple_sentence_1 [and] sentence_coord_2$

Uncoordinated sentences are represented in two levels by 'simple_sentence_1' and 'simple_sentence_2':

- (12) $simple_sentence_1 \xrightarrow{\sim} // [it is false that] simple_sentence_2(whin: whout: -)$
- (13) $simple_sentence_1 \xrightarrow{:} [there is] np \begin{pmatrix} case: nom \\ def: -exist: + \\ pl: -subj: -whin: -whout: \end{pmatrix}$
- $(14) \quad simple_sentence_1 \quad \stackrel{:}{\longrightarrow} \quad [\text{ there is }] \quad np \begin{pmatrix} \text{case: nom} \\ \text{def: -} \\ \text{exist: +} \\ \text{pl: -} \\ \text{subj: -} \\ \text{whin: -} \\ \text{whout: -} \end{pmatrix} \quad [\text{such that }] \quad simple_sentence_1$
- (15) $simple_sentence_1 : [there are] np \begin{pmatrix} case: nom \\ def: \\ exist: + \\ pl: + \\ subj: \\ whin: \\ whont \end{pmatrix}$
- (16) $simple_sentence_1 \xrightarrow{:} simple_sentence_2\begin{pmatrix} whin: \\ whout: \end{pmatrix}$
- $(17) \quad simple_sentence_2 \begin{pmatrix} \text{whin: } \underline{\mathbb{I}} \\ \text{whout: } \underline{\mathbb{I}} \end{pmatrix} \stackrel{\sim}{\longrightarrow} \quad np \begin{pmatrix} \text{case: nom id: } \underline{\mathbb{I}} \\ \text{id: } \underline{\mathbb{I}} \\ \text{pl: } \underline{\mathbb{I}} \\ \text{subj:: } \underline{\mathbb{I}} \\ \text{whout: } \underline{\mathbb{I}} \end{pmatrix} \\ vp_coord_1 \begin{pmatrix} \text{pl: } \underline{\mathbb{I}} \\ \text{subj: } \underline{\mathbb{I}} \\ \text{whin: } \underline{\mathbb{I}} \\ \text{whout: } \underline{\mathbb{I}} \end{pmatrix}$

Verb Phrases

Like sentences, verb phrases can be coordinated using "or" ('vp_coord_1') and "and" ('vp_coord_2'):

$$(18) \quad vp_coord_1 \begin{pmatrix} \text{pl: 2} \\ \text{subj: 1} \\ \text{whin: 3} \\ \text{whout: 4} \end{pmatrix} \quad \stackrel{:}{\longrightarrow} \quad vp_coord_2 \begin{pmatrix} \text{pl: 2} \\ \text{subj: 1} \\ \text{whin: 3} \\ \text{whout: 4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(19) \quad vp_coord_1 \begin{pmatrix} \text{pl:} \ 2\\ \text{subj:} \ 1\\ \text{whin:} \ 3\\ \text{whout:} \ 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \stackrel{\textstyle \sim}{\longrightarrow} \quad /\!\!/ \quad vp_coord_2 \begin{pmatrix} \text{pl:} \ 2\\ \text{subj:} \ 1\\ \text{whin:} \ 3\\ \text{whout:} \ 5 \end{pmatrix} \quad [\text{ or }] \quad vp_coord_1 \begin{pmatrix} \text{pl:} \ 2\\ \text{subj:} \ 1\\ \text{whin:} \ 5\\ \text{whout:} \ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(20) \quad \textit{vp_coord_2} \begin{pmatrix} \text{pl:} \, 2\\ \text{subj:} \, 1\\ \text{whin:} \, 3\\ \text{whout:} \, 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \stackrel{:}{\longrightarrow} \quad \textit{vp} \begin{pmatrix} \text{pl:} \, 2\\ \text{subj:} \, 1\\ \text{whin:} \, 3\\ \text{whout:} \, 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(21) \quad vp_coord_2 \begin{pmatrix} \text{pl:} \, 2\\ \text{subj:} \, 1\\ \text{whin:} \, 3\\ \text{whout:} \, 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \stackrel{:}{\longrightarrow} \quad vp \begin{pmatrix} \text{pl:} \, 2\\ \text{subj:} \, 1\\ \text{whin:} \, 3\\ \text{whout:} \, 5 \end{pmatrix} \quad [\text{ and }] \quad vp_coord_2 \begin{pmatrix} \text{pl:} \, 2\\ \text{subj:} \, 1\\ \text{whin:} \, 5\\ \text{whout:} \, 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

Uncoordinated verb phrases represented by 'vp' can use an auxiliary verb:

$$(22) \quad vp \begin{pmatrix} \text{exist: 2} \\ \text{pl: [4]} \\ \text{re: [: 3]} \\ \text{subj: 1} \\ \text{whin: 5} \\ \text{whout: 6} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\sim} \quad aux \begin{pmatrix} \text{be: 7} \\ \text{exist: 2} \\ \text{pl: 4} \\ \text{exist: 2} \end{pmatrix} \quad v \begin{pmatrix} \text{be: 7} \\ \text{exist: 2} \\ \text{pl: 4} \\ \text{rel: 3} \\ \text{subj: 1} \\ \text{vform: inf} \\ \text{whin: 5} \\ \text{whout: 6} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(23) \quad vp \begin{pmatrix} \text{exist:} + \\ \text{pl:} [3] \\ \text{rel:} [2] \\ \text{subj:} [1] \\ \text{whout:} [5] \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\sim} v \begin{pmatrix} \text{be:} - \\ \text{exist:} + \\ \text{pl:} [3] \\ \text{rel:} [2] \\ \text{subj:} [1] \\ \text{vform: fin} \\ \text{whout:} [5] \end{pmatrix}$$

The category 'v' represents the main verb or - if "be" is used as a copula verb - the complementing noun phrase or adjective complement:

$$(24) \quad v \begin{vmatrix} \text{be:} & -\\ \text{copula:} -\\ \text{exist:} \boxed{1}\\ \text{pl:} \boxed{2}\\ \text{whin:} \boxed{4}\\ \text{whout:} \boxed{4} \end{vmatrix} \quad \vdots \quad verb \begin{vmatrix} \text{be:} -\\ \text{exist:} \boxed{1}\\ \text{pl:} \boxed{2}\\ \text{veat:} \text{ itr}\\ \text{vform:} \boxed{3} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$(25) \quad v \quad \begin{cases} be: - \\ copula: - \\ embv: [6] \\ exist: [2] \\ pp: [4] \\ rel: [3] \\ subj: 1 \\ vform: [5] \end{cases} \quad verb \quad \begin{cases} be: - \\ exist: [2] \\ pp: [4] \\ vcat: tr \\ vform: [5] \end{cases} \quad np \quad \begin{cases} case: acc \\ embv: [6] \\ rel: [3] \\ subj: 1 \\ vcat: tr \\ whin: [7] \\ whout: [8] \end{cases}$$

$$(26) \quad v \xrightarrow{\text{be: +} \atop \text{copula: -} \atop \text{embv: [3]}} : \rightarrow verb \xrightarrow{\text{be: +} \atop \text{exist: [7]} \atop \text{pl: [6]}} : np \xrightarrow{\text{case: acc} \atop \text{copula: -} \atop \text{embv: [3]}} : whin: [4]$$

$$\text{whout: [5]}$$

$$(27) \quad v \begin{pmatrix} \text{be: } + \\ \text{copula: } + \\ \text{embv: } \boxed{3} \\ \text{rel: } \boxed{2} \\ \text{subj: } \boxed{1} \\ \text{whout: } \boxed{5} \end{pmatrix} \quad \vdots \quad np \begin{pmatrix} \text{case: acc} \\ \text{copula: } + \\ \text{embv: } \boxed{3} \\ \text{of: } + \\ \text{pl: } - \\ \text{rel: } \boxed{2} \\ \text{subj: } \boxed{1} \\ \text{whout: } \boxed{5} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(28) \quad v \begin{pmatrix} \text{be:} + \\ \text{copula:} + \\ \text{embv:} \boxed{3} \\ \text{pl:} - \\ \text{rel:} \boxed{2} \\ \text{subj:} \boxed{4} \\ \text{whout:} \boxed{5} \end{pmatrix} \quad \stackrel{\text{case: acc}}{\longrightarrow} \quad np \begin{pmatrix} \text{case: acc} \\ \text{copula:} + \\ \text{embv:} \boxed{3} \\ \text{of:} - \\ \text{pl:} - \\ \text{rel:} \boxed{2} \\ \text{subj:} \boxed{1} \\ \text{whout:} \boxed{5} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(29) \quad v \begin{pmatrix} \text{be:} + \\ \text{copula:} + \\ \text{embv:} \boxed{3} \\ \text{rel:} \boxed{2} \\ \text{subj:} \boxed{1} \\ \text{whout:} \boxed{5} \end{pmatrix} \quad \stackrel{:}{\longrightarrow} \quad \underbrace{tradj}_{} \quad np \begin{pmatrix} \text{case: acc} \\ \text{copula:} - \\ \text{embv:} \boxed{3} \\ \text{rel:} \boxed{2} \\ \text{subj:} \boxed{1} \\ \text{whout:} \boxed{5} \end{pmatrix}$$

Noun Phrases

Noun phrases are represented by 'np' and can consist of proper names, variables, pronouns, and different noun constructs:

$$(30) \quad np \begin{pmatrix} \text{def:} + \\ \text{embv:} 3 \\ \text{exist:} + \\ \text{id:} \boxed{1} \\ \text{of:} - \\ \text{pl:} - \\ \text{rel:} \boxed{2} \\ \text{whin:} 4 \\ \text{whout:} \boxed{5} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{propername} \begin{pmatrix} \text{gender:} \boxed{7} \\ \text{human:} \boxed{6} \\ \text{text:} \boxed{1} \end{pmatrix} \gg \begin{pmatrix} \text{gender:} \boxed{7} \\ \text{human:} \boxed{6} \\ \text{id:} \boxed{1} \\ \text{type:} \text{prop} \end{pmatrix} relcl \begin{pmatrix} \text{embv:} \boxed{3} \\ \text{human:} \boxed{6} \\ \text{id:} \boxed{1} \\ \text{type:} \text{prop} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(31) \quad np \begin{pmatrix} \operatorname{def:} + \\ \operatorname{exist:} + \\ \operatorname{id:} \square \\ \operatorname{of:} - \\ \operatorname{pl:} - \\ \operatorname{whout:} [2] \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} \quad \#\square \quad newvar \Big(\operatorname{var:} \Im \Big) \ > \begin{pmatrix} \operatorname{hasvar:} + \\ \operatorname{id:} \square \\ \operatorname{type:} \operatorname{var:} \Im \\ \operatorname{var:} \Im \\ \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(32) \quad np \begin{pmatrix} \text{def:} + \\ \text{exist:} + \\ \text{id:} \square \\ \text{of:} - \\ \text{pl:} - \\ \text{whout:} \square \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\vdots} \quad \underline{defnoun} \Big(\text{noun:} \square \Big) \quad \underline{reference} \Big(\text{text:} \square \Big) < \begin{pmatrix} \text{gender:} \square \\ \text{hasvar:} + \\ \text{human:} \square \\ \text{id:} \square \\ \text{noun:} \square \\ \text{type:} \text{noun:} \square \\ \text{type:} \text{ref} \Big) > \begin{pmatrix} \text{gender:} \square \\ \text{hasvar:} - \\ \text{hasvar:} - \\ \text{human:} \square \\ \text{id:} \square \\ \text{type:} \text{ref} \Big)$$

$$(33) \quad np \begin{pmatrix} \operatorname{def:} + \\ \operatorname{exist:} + \\ \operatorname{id:} [1] \\ \operatorname{of:} - \\ \operatorname{pl:} - \\ \operatorname{whin:} [2] \\ \operatorname{whore} (5) \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\vdots} \quad \underline{defnoun} \Big(\operatorname{noun:} 3 \Big) < \begin{pmatrix} \operatorname{gender:} [5] \\ \operatorname{human:} [4] \\ \operatorname{id:} [1] \\ \operatorname{noun:} [3] \\ \operatorname{type:} \operatorname{noun} \Big) > \begin{pmatrix} \operatorname{gender:} [5] \\ \operatorname{hasvar:} - \\ \operatorname{human:} [4] \\ \operatorname{id:} [1] \\ \operatorname{type:} \operatorname{ref} \Big)$$

$$(34) \quad np \begin{pmatrix} \operatorname{def:} + \\ \operatorname{exist:} + \\ \operatorname{id:} \square \\ \operatorname{of:} - \\ \operatorname{pl:} \\ \operatorname{whout:} [2] \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\boldsymbol{reference}} \left(\operatorname{text:} \square \right) < \begin{pmatrix} \operatorname{gender:} \square \\ \operatorname{hasvar:} + \\ \operatorname{human:} [4] \\ \operatorname{id:} \square \\ \operatorname{var:} \square \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} \operatorname{gender:} \square \\ \operatorname{hasvar:} - \\ \operatorname{human:} [4] \\ \operatorname{id:} \square \\ \operatorname{id:} \square \\ \operatorname{type:} \operatorname{ref} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(35) \quad np \begin{pmatrix} \operatorname{embv: 6} \\ \operatorname{exist: [3]} \\ \operatorname{of: [5]} \\ \operatorname{pl: -} \\ \operatorname{rel: [4]} \\ \operatorname{subj: [2]} \\ \operatorname{whin: [7]} \\ \operatorname{whout: [8]} \end{pmatrix} \quad \overrightarrow{=} \quad quant \left(\operatorname{exist: [3]} \right) \quad nc \begin{pmatrix} \operatorname{embv: 6} \\ \operatorname{id: [1]} \\ \operatorname{of: [5]} \\ \operatorname{rel: [4]} \\ \operatorname{subj: [2]} \\ \operatorname{whin: [7]} \\ \operatorname{whout: [8]} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(36) \quad np \begin{pmatrix} \text{embv: 4} \\ \text{exist: 2} \\ \text{id: \square} \\ \text{of: -} \\ \text{pl: -} \\ \text{rel: 3} \\ \text{whin: 5} \end{pmatrix} \quad \#1 \quad ipron \begin{pmatrix} \text{exist: 2} \\ \text{human: 7} \end{pmatrix} \quad opt_newvar \begin{pmatrix} \text{hasvar: 8} \\ \text{var: 9} \end{pmatrix} \\ > \begin{pmatrix} \text{hasvar: 8} \\ \text{human: 7} \\ \text{id: \square} \\ \text{type: ipron} \\ \text{var: 9} \end{pmatrix} \quad relcl \begin{pmatrix} \text{embv: 4} \\ \text{human: 7} \\ \text{rel: 3} \\ \text{subj: 1} \\ \text{whin: 5} \\ \text{whout: 6} \end{pmatrix}$$

(37)
$$np = \begin{pmatrix} \text{copula:} \\ \text{exist:} + \\ \text{id:} \boxed{\ } \\ \text{of:} - \\ \text{pl:} + \\ \text{whin:} \boxed{\ } \boxed{\ } \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{} num_quant \quad \underline{number} \quad \#\boxed{\ } \underbrace{nounpl}$$

$$(38) \quad np \begin{pmatrix} \text{copula: -} \\ \text{exist: +} \\ \text{id: []} \\ \text{of: -} \\ \text{pl: -} \\ \text{whout: [2]} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} \quad num_quant \quad [1] \quad \#\text{[1]} \quad \underbrace{noun}_{\text{buman: [3]}} \begin{pmatrix} \text{gender: 4} \\ \text{human: [3]} \\ \text{text: [5]} \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} \text{gender: 4} \\ \text{hasvar: -} \\ \text{human: [3]} \\ \text{id: []} \\ \text{in: []} \\ \text{type: noun} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(39) \quad np \begin{pmatrix} \text{exist:} + \\ \text{id:} \boxed{\ } \\ \text{of:} - \\ \text{pl:} - \\ \text{whout:} + \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} \quad \# \boxed{\ } \boxed{\ } \text{what} \boxed{\ } > \begin{pmatrix} \text{hasvar:} - \\ \text{human:} - \\ \text{id:} \boxed{\ } \\ \text{type: wh} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(40) \quad np \begin{pmatrix} \text{exist:} + \\ \text{id:} \, \boxed{} \\ \text{of:} - \\ \text{pl:} \\ \text{whout:} + \end{pmatrix} \quad \stackrel{:}{\longrightarrow} \quad \# \boxed{} \quad [\text{ who }] \quad > \begin{pmatrix} \text{hasvar:} - \\ \text{human:} + \\ \text{id:} \, \boxed{} \\ \text{type: wh} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(41) \quad np \begin{pmatrix} \text{embv: } \mathbb{S} \\ \text{exist: } + \\ \text{id: } \mathbb{I} \\ \text{of: } \mathbb{I} \\ \text{pl: } \\ \text{rel: } \mathbb{S} \\ \text{subj: } \mathbb{2} \\ \text{whout: } + \end{pmatrix} \quad \stackrel{:}{\longrightarrow} \quad [\text{ which }] \quad nc \begin{pmatrix} \text{embv: } \mathbb{S} \\ \text{id: } \mathbb{I} \\ \text{of: } \mathbb{4} \\ \text{rel: } \mathbb{S} \\ \text{subj: } \mathbb{2} \\ \text{whout: } + \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(42) \quad np \begin{pmatrix} \text{exist: +} \\ \text{id: } \square \\ \text{of: -} \\ \text{pl: +} \\ \text{whout: +} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} [\text{which }] \quad \# \square \quad \underline{nounpl}$$

The category 'nc' represents nouns optionally followed by variables, relative clauses, and of-constructs:

$$(43) \quad nc \begin{pmatrix} \text{embv: 3} \\ \text{id: \square} \\ \text{of: -} \\ \text{rel: $[2]$} \\ \text{whout: 5} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} \quad n \begin{pmatrix} \text{gender: 7} \\ \text{human: 6} \\ \text{id: \square} \\ \text{text: 8} \end{pmatrix} \quad opt_newvar \begin{pmatrix} \text{hasvar: 9} \\ \text{var: $[0]} \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} \text{gender: 7} \\ \text{hasvar: 9} \\ \text{human: 6} \\ \text{id: \square} \\ \text{noun: 8} \\ \text{type: noun} \end{pmatrix} \quad relcl \begin{pmatrix} \text{embv: 3} \\ \text{human: 6} \\ \text{rel: 2} \\ \text{subi: 1} \\ \text{whout: 5} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(44) \quad nc \begin{pmatrix} \text{embv: } 4 \\ \text{id: } \Pi \\ \text{of: } + \\ \text{rel: } 3 \\ \text{subj: } 2 \\ \text{whout: } 6 \end{pmatrix} \quad \sim \quad nounof \quad np \begin{pmatrix} \text{case: acc} \\ \text{embv: } 4 \\ \text{rel: } 3 \\ \text{subj: } 2 \\ \text{whout: } 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

The category 'n' stands for nouns:

$$(45) \quad n \begin{pmatrix} \operatorname{gender:} \overline{3} \\ \operatorname{human:} \overline{2} \\ \operatorname{id:} \overline{1} \end{pmatrix} \quad \xrightarrow{:} \quad \# \overline{1} \quad \underbrace{noun}_{\text{human:} \overline{2}} \begin{pmatrix} \operatorname{gender:} \overline{3} \\ \operatorname{human:} \overline{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

New variables, optional and mandatory, are represented by 'opt_newvar' and 'newvar', respectively:

(46)
$$opt_newvar(hasvar:-) \xrightarrow{:}$$

$$(47) \quad opt_newvar \begin{pmatrix} \text{hasvar:} + \\ \text{var:} \boxed{\cdot} \end{pmatrix} \quad \stackrel{:}{\longrightarrow} \quad newvar \Big(\text{var:} \boxed{\cdot} \Big)$$

$$(48) \quad newvar(var: \boxed{)} \quad \xrightarrow{:} \quad \underline{variable}(text: \boxed{)} \quad \not < \begin{pmatrix} hasvar: + \\ var: \boxed{1} \end{pmatrix}$$

Relative Clauses

Relative pronouns are represented by 'relpron' and can be either "that", "who" or "which":

$$(49) \quad relcl\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{whin: } \boxed{1} \\ \text{whout: } \boxed{1} \end{array}\right) \stackrel{:}{\longrightarrow}$$

$$(50) \quad relcl \begin{pmatrix} embv: + \\ human: 2 \\ rel: + \\ subj: \boxed{1} \\ whin: \boxed{3} \\ whout: \boxed{4} \end{pmatrix} \quad \stackrel{:}{\longrightarrow} \quad relpron \begin{pmatrix} human: \boxed{2} \\ relpron: \boxed{5} \end{pmatrix} \quad relcl1 \begin{pmatrix} human: \boxed{2} \\ relpron: \boxed{5} \\ subj: \boxed{1} \\ whout: \boxed{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

Like sentences and verb phrases, relative clauses can be coordinated by "or" ('relc11') and "and" ('relc12'):

$$(51) \quad relc11 \begin{pmatrix} \text{human: 2} \\ \text{relpron: 3} \\ \text{subj: 1} \\ \text{whin: 4} \\ \text{whout: 5} \end{pmatrix} \quad \stackrel{\textstyle \sim}{\longrightarrow} \quad \# \quad relc12 \begin{pmatrix} \text{human: 2} \\ \text{relpron: 3} \\ \text{subj: 1} \\ \text{whin: 4} \\ \text{whout: 6} \end{pmatrix} \quad or_relpron \begin{pmatrix} \text{human: 2} \\ \text{relpron: 3} \end{pmatrix} \quad relc11 \begin{pmatrix} \text{human: 2} \\ \text{relpron: 3} \\ \text{subj: 1} \\ \text{whin: 6} \\ \text{whout: 5} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(52) \quad relc11 \begin{pmatrix} \text{human: } \boxed{2} \\ \text{relpron: } \boxed{3} \\ \text{subj: } \boxed{1} \\ \text{whout: } \boxed{5} \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ \text{relcol2} \begin{pmatrix} \text{human: } \boxed{2} \\ \text{relpron: } \boxed{3} \\ \text{subj: } \boxed{1} \\ \text{whott: } \boxed{5} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(53) \quad relcl2 \begin{pmatrix} \text{human: 4} \\ \text{rel: [2]} \\ \text{relpron: 3} \\ \text{subj: [1]} \\ \text{whin: 5} \\ \text{whout: [6]} \end{pmatrix} \quad \overset{:}{\longrightarrow} \quad vp \begin{pmatrix} \text{pl: -} \\ \text{rel: -2} \\ \text{subj: [1]} \\ \text{whin: [5]} \\ \text{whout: [7]} \end{pmatrix} \quad and_relpron \begin{pmatrix} \text{human: 4} \\ \text{relpron: [3]} \end{pmatrix} \quad relcl2 \begin{pmatrix} \text{human: 4} \\ \text{rel: 2} \\ \text{relpron: [3]} \\ \text{subj: [1]} \\ \text{whout: [6]} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(54) \quad relcl2 \begin{pmatrix} rel: 2\\ subj: 1\\ whin: 3\\ whout: 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \stackrel{:}{\longrightarrow} \quad vp \begin{pmatrix} pl: -\\ rel: 2\\ subj: 1\\ whin: 4\\ whout: 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(55) \quad relcl2 \begin{pmatrix} rel: [2] \\ subj: [1] \\ whin: [3] \\ whout: [4] \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\sim} np \begin{pmatrix} case: nom \\ copular - \\ id: [5] \\ pl: [6] \\ reft: - \\ rel: - \\ rel: - \\ rel: - \\ rel: - \\ whin: [3] \\ whout [7] \end{pmatrix} \quad uerb \begin{pmatrix} be: - \\ be: - \\ exist: [7] \\ pl: [6] \\ vcat: tr \\ vform: inf \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(56) \quad relcl2 \begin{pmatrix} \text{subj:} \boxed{1} \\ \text{whin:} \boxed{2} \\ \text{whout:} \boxed{3} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\sim} \quad np \begin{pmatrix} \text{case: nom copula:} \\ \text{id:} \boxed{4} \\ \text{pl:} \boxed{5} \\ \text{ref:} - \\ \text{rel:} - \\ \text{subj:} \boxed{1} \\ \text{whout:} \boxed{3} \end{pmatrix} \quad verb \begin{pmatrix} \text{be:} - \\ \text{exist:} + \\ \text{pl:} \boxed{5} \\ \text{veat: tr} \\ \text{vform: fin} \end{pmatrix}$$

Relative pronouns are represented by 'relpron' and can be either "that", "who" or "which":

(57)
$$relpron(relpron: that) \xrightarrow{:} [that]$$

(58)
$$relpron \begin{pmatrix} \text{human: +} \\ \text{relpron: who} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} [\text{who}]$$

$$(59) \quad relpron \begin{pmatrix} \text{human: -} \\ \text{relpron: which} \end{pmatrix} \stackrel{:}{\longrightarrow} \quad [\text{ which }]$$

The categories 'or_relpron' and 'and_relpron' define shortcuts - like "or that" as one token - for better usability inside of the predictive editor:

$$(60) \quad or_relpron \begin{pmatrix} \text{human: } \boxed{1} \\ \text{relpron: } \boxed{2} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} [\text{ or }] \quad relpron \begin{pmatrix} \text{human: } \boxed{1} \\ \text{relpron: } \boxed{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

(61)
$$or_relpron(relpron: that) \xrightarrow{:} [or that]$$

(62)
$$or_relpron \begin{pmatrix} \text{human: +} \\ \text{relpron: who} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} [\text{ or who }]$$

(63)
$$or_relpron \begin{pmatrix} \text{human:} - \\ \text{relpron: which} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} [or which]$$

$$(64) \quad and_relpron \begin{pmatrix} \text{human:} \\ \text{relpron:} \\ \boxed{2} \end{pmatrix} \stackrel{:}{\longrightarrow} [\text{and}] \quad relpron \begin{pmatrix} \text{human:} \\ \text{relpron:} \\ \boxed{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

(65)
$$and_relpron(relpron: that) \xrightarrow{:} [and that]$$

(66)
$$and_relpron\begin{pmatrix} \text{human:} + \\ \text{relpron: who} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} [and who]$$

(67)
$$and_relpron\begin{pmatrix} \text{human:} - \\ \text{relpron: which} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} [and which]$$

Verbs

The category 'verb' represents main verbs:

(68)
$$verb \begin{pmatrix} be: - \\ pl: - \\ vcat: tr \\ vform: fin \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} \underline{verbsg}$$

(69)
$$verb \begin{pmatrix} be: - \\ pl: + \\ vcat: tr \\ vform: fin \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} \underline{verbinf}$$

$$(70) \quad verb \begin{pmatrix} \text{be:} - \\ \text{vcat: tr} \\ \text{vform: inf} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} \quad \underline{verbinf}$$

$$(71) \quad verb \begin{pmatrix} \text{be: +} \\ \text{vcat: tr} \end{pmatrix} \stackrel{:}{\longrightarrow} \quad \underline{pverb}$$

Auxiliary verbs are represented by 'aux', which includes negation markers:

$$(72) \quad \mathit{aux} \begin{pmatrix} \mathsf{be:} + \\ \mathsf{exist:} + \\ \mathsf{pl:} - \end{pmatrix} \ \stackrel{:}{\longrightarrow} \ \ [\, \mathsf{is} \,]$$

(73)
$$aux \begin{pmatrix} be: + \\ exist: - \\ pl: - \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} /\!\!/ [is not]$$

(74)
$$aux \begin{pmatrix} be: + \\ exist: - \\ pl: - \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} /\!\!/ [is] [not]$$

(75)
$$aux \begin{pmatrix} be: + \\ exist: + \\ pl: + \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} [are]$$

(76)
$$aux\begin{pmatrix} be: + \\ exist: - \\ pl: + \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} /\!\!/ [are not]$$

(77)
$$aux \begin{pmatrix} be: + \\ exist: - \\ pl: + \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} /\!\!/ [are] [not]$$

(78)
$$aux \begin{pmatrix} be: - \\ exist: - \\ pl: - \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} /\!\!/ [does not]$$

(79)
$$aux \begin{pmatrix} be: -\\ exist: -\\ pl: + \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} /\!\!/ [do not]$$

Quantifiers

Existential and universal quantifiers are represented by 'quant':

(80)
$$quant(exist: +) \xrightarrow{:} [a]$$

(81)
$$quant(exist: +) \xrightarrow{:} [an]$$

(82)
$$quant(exist:-) \xrightarrow{:} // [every]$$

(83)
$$quant(exist:-) \xrightarrow{:} // [no]$$

The category 'num_quant' stands for numerical quantifiers:

(84)
$$num_quant \xrightarrow{:} [at least]$$

$$(85) \quad num_quant \quad \stackrel{:}{\longrightarrow} \quad [\text{ at most }]$$

(86)
$$num_quant \stackrel{:}{\longrightarrow} [less than]$$

(87)
$$num_{-}quant \stackrel{:}{\longrightarrow} [more than]$$

(88)
$$num_quant \xrightarrow{:} [exactly]$$

Indefinite Pronouns

Indefinite pronouns are represented by 'ipron':

$$(89) \quad ipron \begin{pmatrix} \text{exist:} + \\ \text{human:} - \end{pmatrix} \quad \vdots \quad [\text{something}]$$

(90)
$$ipron\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{exist: +} \\ \text{human: +} \end{array}\right) \xrightarrow{:} \left[\text{somebody}\right]$$

(91)
$$ipron \begin{pmatrix} exist: - \\ human: - \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} // [everything]$$

$$(92) \quad ipron\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{exist:-} \\ \text{human:+} \end{array}\right) \stackrel{:}{\longrightarrow} /\!\!/ \text{[everybody]}$$

(93)
$$ipron\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{exist:-} \\ \text{human:-} \end{array}\right) \xrightarrow{:} /\!\!/ [\text{nothing}]$$

(94)
$$ipron\begin{pmatrix} exist:-\\ human:+ \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{:} // [nobody]$$