Final Project EC 303P Principles of Communication Systems

Goal of the final project to show the impact of jamming on AM and FM radios.

Part II: Impact of Jamming on AM and FM radios (Due November 10-17th)

- 1. Use the AM and FM radios designed in previous labs.
- 2. Transmit the desired signal (try both music and voice signals) at the frequency band of choice.
- 3. Jam this signal by transmitting one of the two signals (interferer) mentioned below at the same frequency.
 - a. White noise
 - b. AM/FM modulated signal
- 4. Change the power of the interferer w.r.t. the original signal, starting at -5 dB (Interferer weaker than desired signal) to 5 dB (interferer stronger than the original signal) in steps of 3 dB. Estimate the MOS score for each SNR. You will need to design your own MOS definitions here. An example is shown at the end.
- 5. Your results table should look something like this:

Interferer	power/Original	AM Radio		FM Radio	
signal power (in dB)					
		White Noise	AM	White Noise	FM
-5 dB					
-2 dB					
1 dB					
5 dB					

- 6. Write your conclusions on
 - a. Ability of AM and FM to resist jamming. Which one seems to do better? Will changing the modulation index of the FM signal help?
 - b. If you are the jammer, what kind of jamming signal would you choose? Why?

MOS Score for the table. You will need to design your own MOS score. E.g.

- Score 5: Original audio quality same as if without interferer
- Score 4: Some interference but audio is intelligible more than 70-80% of the time
- Score 3: Audio is intelligible for less than 30% of the time
- Score 2: Audio unintelligible
- Score 1: Hearing another signal completely.