

# **XALT: Job-Level Usage Data on Today's Supercomputers.**

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# XALT: Outline



# XALT

- ▶ What is XALT and what it is not?
- ▶ Brief History
- ▶ How it works: Three Parts
- ▶ What can you do with it?
- ▶ How can I help you?

# Understanding what your users are doing

- ▶ What programs, libraries are your users using?
- ▶ What imports from R, MATLAB, Python?
- ▶ What are the top programs by core-hours? by counts? by users?
- ▶ System, User or Built by Other executables?
- ▶ Are Executables implemented in C/C++/Fortran?
- ▶ Track MPI task and/or Threading (\$OMP\_NUMTHREADS)
- ▶ Function Tracking
- ▶ Census Taker, Not a performance tool!

# Brief History

- ▶ XALT was an U.S. NSF funded project (M. Fahey & R. McLay)
- ▶ Work continued at TACC: too useful
- ▶ Originally only tracked MPI execution.

# Design Goals

- ▶ Be extremely light-weight
- ▶ How many use a library or application?
- ▶ What functions are users calling in system modules
- ▶ Collect Data into a Database for analysis.

# How does XALT work?

- ▶ LD Wrapper
- ▶ ELF Trick to track execution
- ▶ Signal handling
- ▶ Generate Json records
- ▶ Transport to DB
- ▶ Analyze database.

# Design: LD Wrapper

- ▶ XALT wraps the linker to enable tracking of exec's
- ▶ The linker (ld) wrapper intercepts the user link line.
- ▶ Generate assembly code: key-value pairs
- ▶ Capture tracemap output from ld
- ▶ Transmit collected data in \*.json format
- ▶ Optionally add codes that executes before main() and after main() completes for static builds.

# Signal handling

- ▶ XALT registers signal handlers before `main()`
- ▶ `SIGSEGV`, `SIGFPE`, `SIGTERM`, etc
- ▶ User code can override with their own.



# Elf Trick (I)

- ▶ ELF is the binary format for Linux
- ▶ ELF has many hooks
- ▶ XALT uses two hooks to run before/after main()

## ELF Trick (II)

```
#include <stdio.h>
void myinit(int argc, char **argv)
{ fprintf(stderr, "This is run before main()\n"); }
void myfini()
{ fprintf(stderr, "This is run after main()\n"); }
static __attribute__((section(".init_array")))
    typeof(myinit) *__init = myinit;
static __attribute__((section(".fini_array")))
    typeof(myfini) *__fini = myfini;
```

# ELF Trick (III)

```
% ./hello  
Hello World!
```

```
% LD_PRELOAD=./libxalt.so ./hello  
This is run before main()  
Hello World!  
This is run after main()
```

# Transmission to DB

- ▶ File: collect nightly/hourly/...
- ▶ Syslog: Use Syslog filtering (or ELK)
- ▶ Curl: send directly

# Lmod to XALT connection (I)

- ▶ Optional support to connect paths to modules
- ▶ Lmod spider walks entire module tree.
- ▶ Can build a reverse map from paths to modules
- ▶ Can map program & libraries to modules.
- ▶ `/opt/apps/i15/mv2_2_1/phdf5/1.8.14/lib/libhdf5.so.9`  $\Rightarrow$  `phdf5/1.8.14(intel/15.02:mvapich2/2.1)`
- ▶ Also helps with function tracking.
- ▶ Tmod Sites can still use Lmod to build the reverse map.

# Lmod to XALT connection (II)

- ▶ Need XALT's ld before compiler's ld
- ▶ User loads a new compiler module?
- ▶ Lmod support path priority:
- ▶ `prepend_path{"PATH", ".../xalt/bin",  
priority = 100}`

# Lmod path priority (I)

```
$ type -a ld  
ld is /opt/apps/xalt/xalt/bin/ld  
ld is /opt/apps/gcc/8.3.0/bin/ld  
ld is /bin/ld
```

# Lmod path priority (II)

```
$ module load gcc/9.1.0; type -a ld  
ld is /opt/apps/xalt/xalt/bin/ld  
ld is /opt/apps/gcc/9.1.0/bin/ld  
ld is /bin/ld
```



# XALT LD Wrapper Support w/o Lmod

- ▶ Move Compiler's ld to ld.x
- ▶ Small change in XALT's ld to find ld.x
- ▶ Must do this for every new compiler install.
- ▶ Or put xalt's bin path before compiler path in module
- ▶ Or treat every executable like ls or ABAQUS

# Installing XALT

- ▶ Easy: `./configure ...; make install`
- ▶ Harder: Reverse Map from Lmod?
- ▶ Harder: Site config.py file
- ▶ Harder: Setup Transport Json records
- ▶ Harder: Setup VM to hold database
- ▶ Or: Setup your own way to handle the data

# Site config.py (I)

- ▶ Each site must configure to match their setup
- ▶ Compute node names?
- ▶ What executables to track or ignore?
- ▶ What python packages to track or ignore?
- ▶ What sampling rules to use?

# Site config.py (II)

- ▶ XALT use config.py to create \*.h, \*.lex \*.py files during build.
- ▶ Provides xalt\_configuration\_report C++ program to know how configured.
- ▶ Config.py file only used when building XALT.
- ▶ Any changes to Config.py require a re-install of XALT.

# Hostname, Path and Env Filtering

- ▶ Uses FLEX to compile in patterns
- ▶ Use regex expression to control what to keep and ignore.
- ▶ These Flex  $\Rightarrow$  C routine provide fast regex parsing.

# TACC\_config.py

```
hostname_patterns = [  
    ['KEEP', '^c[0-9][0-9][0-9]-[0-9][0-9][0-9]\\..*'],  
    ['KEEP', '^nid[0-9][0-9][0-9][0-9][0-9].*'],  
]  
path_patterns = [  
    ['PKGS', r'.*/python[0-9.]*'],  
    ['PKGS', r'.*/R'],  
    ['KEEP', r'^/usr/bin/ddt'],  
    ['SKIP', r'^/bin/.*'],  
]  
env_patterns = [  
    ['SKIP', r'^MKLROOT=.*'],  
    ['SKIP', r'^MKL_DIR=.*'],  
    ['KEEP', r'^I_MPI_INFO_NUMA_NODE_NUM=.*'],  
]
```

# How sampling works

- ▶ Changed design to deal with the overload of XALT data
- ▶ Only generate records if plan to save.
- ▶ All Non-mpi executions only produce end records.
- ▶ Small MPI execution sample, Large MPI executions record.

# Sampling Non-MPI programs

- ▶ XALT has sampling rules (site configurable!)
- ▶ TACC rules are:
  - ▶  $0 \text{ mins} < 30 \text{ mins} \Rightarrow 0.01\% \text{ recorded}$
  - ▶  $30 \text{ mins} < 120 \text{ mins} \Rightarrow 1\% \text{ recorded}$
  - ▶  $120 \text{ mins} < \infty \Rightarrow 100\% \text{ recorded}$
- ▶ Can now track/sample perl, awk, sed, gzip etc



# Sampling MPI programs

- ▶ Some users are using many short MPI programs to train Deep Learning engine
- ▶ TACC rules are:
- ▶ Task counts  $< 128$  tasks are sampled
  - ▶  $0 \text{ mins} < 15 \text{ mins} \Rightarrow 0.01\%$  recorded
  - ▶  $15 \text{ mins} < 30 \text{ mins} \Rightarrow 1\%$  recorded
  - ▶  $30 \text{ mins} < \infty \Rightarrow 100\%$  recorded
- ▶ Task counts  $\geq 128$  task are always recorded independent of runtime.
- ▶ Need to Capture long running MPI progs that never end.

# Using XALT Data

- ▶ Targeted Outreach: Who will be affected
- ▶ Largemem Queue Overuse
- ▶ XALT and TACC-Stats
- ▶ Who is running NWChem or ...?
- ▶ Function Tracking: Who or What is using MPI-3?

# Who is using MPI-3: MPI\_I\*

What codes link in MPI-3 routines. (Not necessarily Run)

Function Name	N Users	N Progs
MPI_Ibarrier	8	4
MPI_Ialltoall	24	4
MPI_Ineighbor_alltoall	4	3

# What is new with XALT?

- ▶ Tracking R, Python, MATLAB
- ▶ Signal handler
- ▶ Optionally Track GPU Usage
- ▶ Track Singularity Container Usage
- ▶ Removed three system calls for improved speed
- ▶ `xalt_configuration_report`

# Tracking R packages

- ▶ XALT can now track R package usage
- ▶ James McComb & Michael Scott from IU developed the R part
- ▶ They do this by intercepting the “imports”

# Tracking Python packages

- ▶ Help from Riccardo Murri
- ▶ `sitecustomize.py`
- ▶ It is run by any Python if found.
- ▶ All Pythons uses `sys.meta_path` to locate files to import
- ▶ Can register object to capture imports.
- ▶ Just add location to `PYTHONPATH`

# Filtering python packages

```
{ 'k_s': 'SKIP', 'kind': 'path', 'patt': r"^[^/]" },  
{ 'k_s': 'SKIP', 'kind': 'name', 'patt': r"^_" },  
{ 'k_s': 'SKIP', 'kind': 'name', 'patt': r".*\." },  
{ 'k_s': 'KEEP', 'kind': 'path', 'patt': r".*/.local/" },
```

# New program: xalt\_extract\_record

- ▶ This program reads the watermark.
- ▶ Find out who built this program on what machine
- ▶ Find out what modules were used.
- ▶ Where was it built.



# Example of xalt\_extract\_record output

\*\*\*\*\*

XALT Watermark: hello

\*\*\*\*\*

Build_CWD	/home/user/t/hello
Build_EPOCH	1510257139.4624
Build_LMFILES	/apps/mfiles/intel/17.0.4.lua:...
Build_LOADEDMODULES	intel/18.0.4:impi/18.0.3:TACC:..
Build_OS	Linux 3.10.0-514.26.2.el7.x86_64
Build_Syshost	stampede2
Build_UUID	586d5943-67eb-480b-a2fe-35e87a1f22c7
Build_User	mclay
Build_compiler	icc
Build_date	Fri Jun 09 13:52:19 2019
Build_host	c455-011.stampede2.tacc.utexas.edu
XALT_Version	2.7

# New Feature: Track GPU usage

- ▶ Optionally, XALT can know if a GPU was used.
- ▶ XALT will only know if one or more GPU's were accessed
- ▶ No performance data
- ▶ Thanks to Scott McMillan from NVIDIA for the contribution.

# New Feature: Track Singularity Container Usage

- ▶ Sites can configure their Singularity script to include XALT
- ▶ It works well with syslog, file or curl transfer of data
- ▶ Thanks to Scott McMillan from NVIDIA for the contribution.

# Debugging XALT

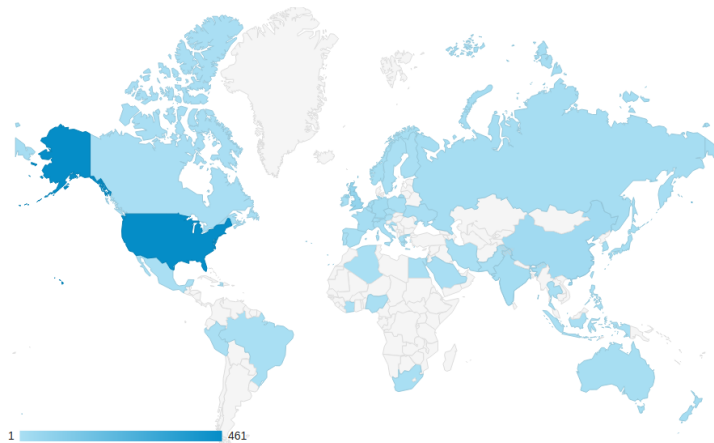
```
$ XALT_TRACING=yes XALT_SAMPLING=no ./hello
```

```
myinit(0/1,LD_PRELOAD,/path/to/hello){  
    -> Setting up signals  
    -> Leaving myinit  
}
```

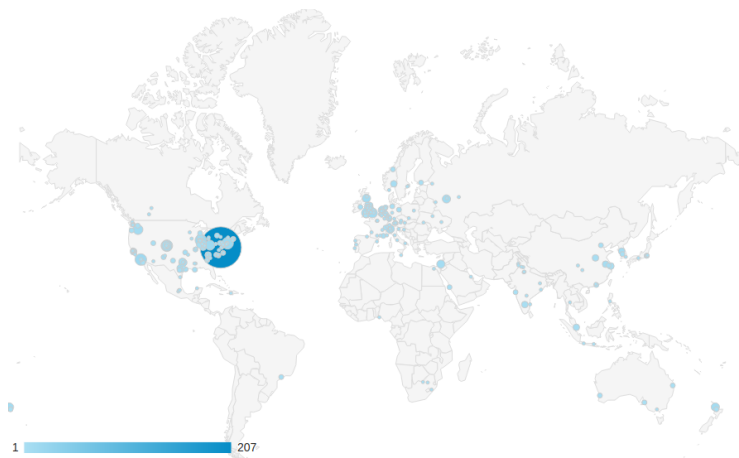
Hello World!

```
myfini(0/1,LD_PRELOAD,/path/to/hello){  
    -> XALT_SAMPLING = "no" All programs tracked!  
    Recording State at end of scalar user program:  
    XALT_EXECUTABLE_TRACKING=no /path/to/xalt_run_submission ...  
  
    xalt_run_submission(.zzz) {  
        building UUID: ...  
        Extracted recordT from executable  
        Built userT, userDT, scheduler: SLURM  
        Using XALT_TRANSMISSION_STYLE: file  
        cmdlineA: ["/hello"]  
        Built json string  
    }  
    -> leaving myfini  
}
```

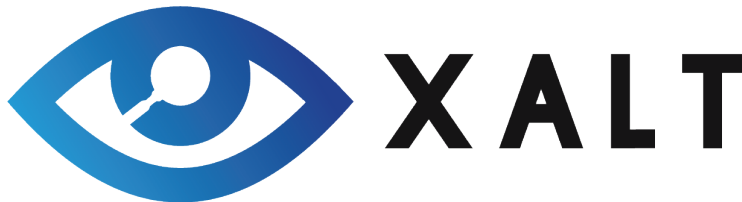
# XALT Doc usage by Country



# XALT Doc usage by City



# Conclusion



- ▶ Lmod:
  - ▶ Source: [github.com/TACC/lmod.git](https://github.com/TACC/lmod.git), [lmod.sf.net](https://lmod.sf.net)
  - ▶ Documentation: [lmod.readthedocs.org](https://lmod.readthedocs.org)
- ▶ XALT:
  - ▶ Source: [github.com/xalt/xalt.git](https://github.com/xalt/xalt.git), [xalt.sf.net](https://xalt.sf.net)
  - ▶ Documentation: XALT 2  $\Rightarrow$  [xalt.readthedocs.org](https://xalt.readthedocs.org)
  - ▶ Join mailing list:  
<https://sourceforge.net/projects/xalt/lists/xalt-users>