TYPESCRIPT LAB

Overview: This lab includes three parts to give you lots of TypeScript practice. Complete the entire lab in one project using one .ts file.

TALLEST MOUNTAIN

- Declare an interface called **Mountain** that contains the following properties:
 - o name string
 - height number
- Declare an array called **mountains** which is an array of type **Mountain**.
- Fill the array with the following mountains:

name	height
Kilimanjaro	19341
Everest	29029
Denali	20310

- Declare a function called **findNameOfTallestMountain**. It takes one parameter, an array of **Mountain** objects. It returns a string, the name of the tallest mountain in the given array. If the array argument is empty, return an empty string ("").
- Call findNameOfTallestMountain, passing it your mountains array as an argument.
- Store the result of the function call (the return value) in a variable and then console.log the variable. (Hint: It will print "Everest".)

PRODUCTS

- Declare an interface called **Product** that contains the following properties:
 - o name string
 - o price number
- Declare an array called **products** which is an array of type **Product**.
- Fill the array with a few products of your own choosing.
- Declare a function called **calcAverageProductPrice**. It takes one parameter, an array of **Product** objects. It returns a number, the average price of all the products provided as an argument. If the array argument is empty, return 0.
- Call calcAverageProductPrice, passing it your products array as an argument.
- Store the result of the function call (the return value) in a variable and then console.log the variable.

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INVENTORY

- Declare an interface called **InventoryItem** that contains the following properties:
 - product Product (from above)
 - o **quantity** number
- Declare an array called **inventory** which is an array of type **InventoryItem**.
- Fill the array with the following information.

product.name	product.price	quantity
motor	10.00	10
sensor	12.50	4
LED	1.00	20

- Declare a function called **calcInventoryValue**. It takes one parameter, an array of **InventoryItem** objects. It returns a number, the total value of all the products in the inventory array provided as an argument. If the array argument is empty, return 0.
 - \circ This is calculated as follows: For each InventoryItem take the product price times the quantity. Add these together for all the items. For the above data, the total will be $10.00 \times 10 + 12.5 \times 4 + 1.00 \times 20 = 170$.
- Call calcInventoryValue, passing it your products array as an argument.
- Store the result of the function call (the return value) in a variable and then console.log the variable. (Hint: It prints 170).

Tests

- 1. **Mountain** interface exists with name (string) and height (number) properties.
- 2. **mountains** array exists with given data.
- 3. **Product** interface exists with name (string) and price (number) properties.
- 4. **products** array exists with several objects of data.
- 5. **InventoryItem** interface exists with product (Product) and quantity (number) properties.
- 6. **inventory** array exists with given data.
- 7. **findNameOfTallestMountain** takes Mountain array parameter and returns correct string.
- 8. **calcAverageProductPrice** takes Product array parameter and returns correct number.
- 9. **calcInventoryValue** takes InventoryItem array parameter and returns correct number.
- 10. All of the functions (findNameOfTallestMountain, calcAverageProductPrice, and/or calcInventoryValue) that have been created are called correctly and the result stored and logged.

