

Resolution Algorithm

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From form with \vee and \wedge to CNF

1. $\neg\neg G \iff G$

$$\neg(G \wedge H) \iff (\neg G \vee \neg H)$$

$$\neg(G \vee H) \iff (\neg G \wedge \neg H)$$

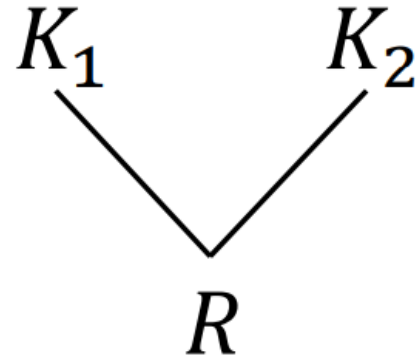
2. $(F \vee (G \wedge H)) \iff ((F \vee G) \wedge (F \vee H))$

$$((F \wedge G) \vee H) \iff ((F \vee H) \wedge (G \vee H))$$

Basics

- Conjunctive Normal Form
 - $\{a, b, \neg c\} == (a \vee b \vee \neg c)$
 - $\{ \} == false$
 - $\{\{a, b\}, \{c\}\} == (a \vee b) \wedge c$

Algorithm



```
while  $F$  does not contain  $\{ \}$  {  
  if  $F$  contains two clauses  $K_1, K_2$  with resolvent  $R$ ,  
  with  $R \notin F$  ( $= R$  is not clause of  $F$ )  
  then add  $R$  as new clause to  $F$ ;  
  else return „fulfillable“;  
}  
return „not fulfillable“;
```

Example

$\{\neg q, s\}$ $\{\neg p, q, s\}$ $\{p\}$ $\{r, \neg s\}$ $\{\neg p, \neg r, \neg s\}$

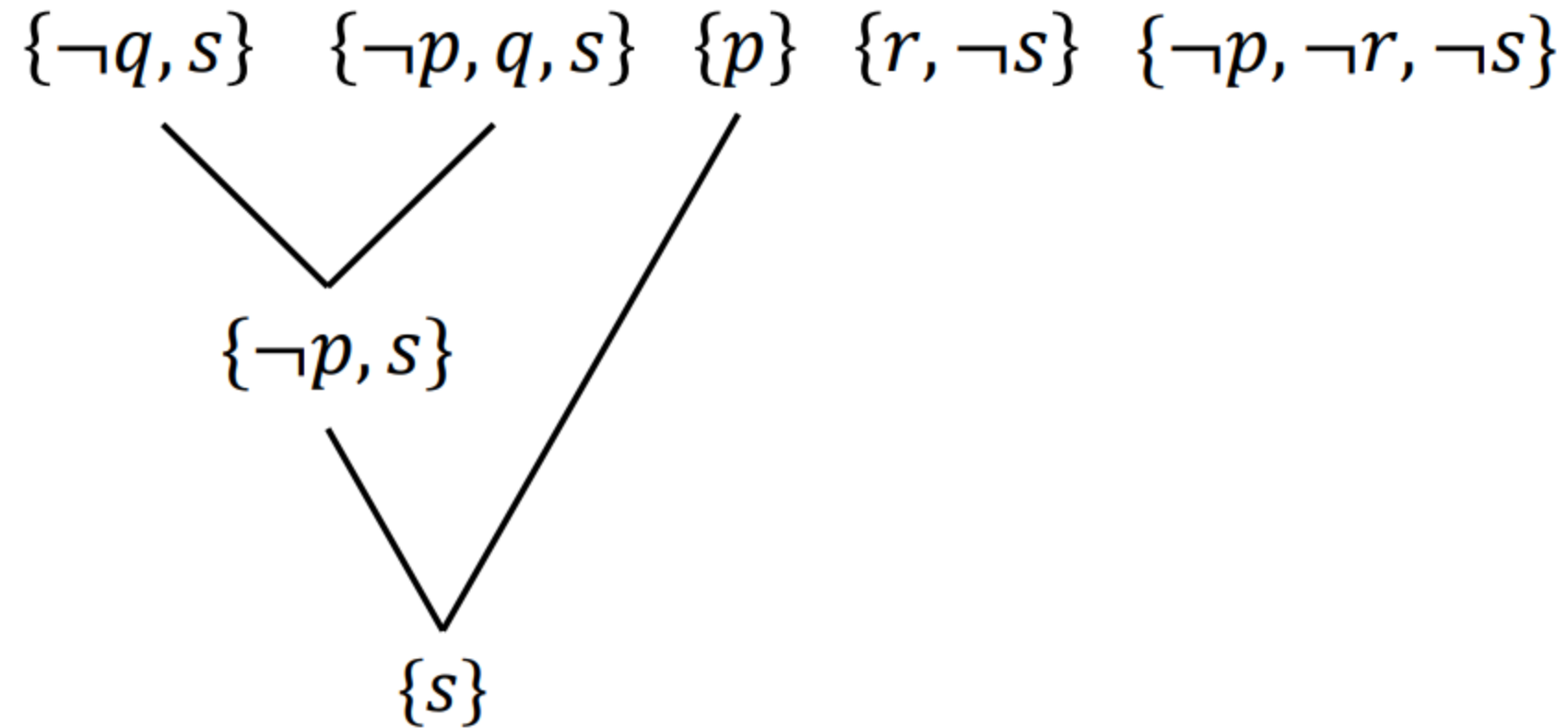
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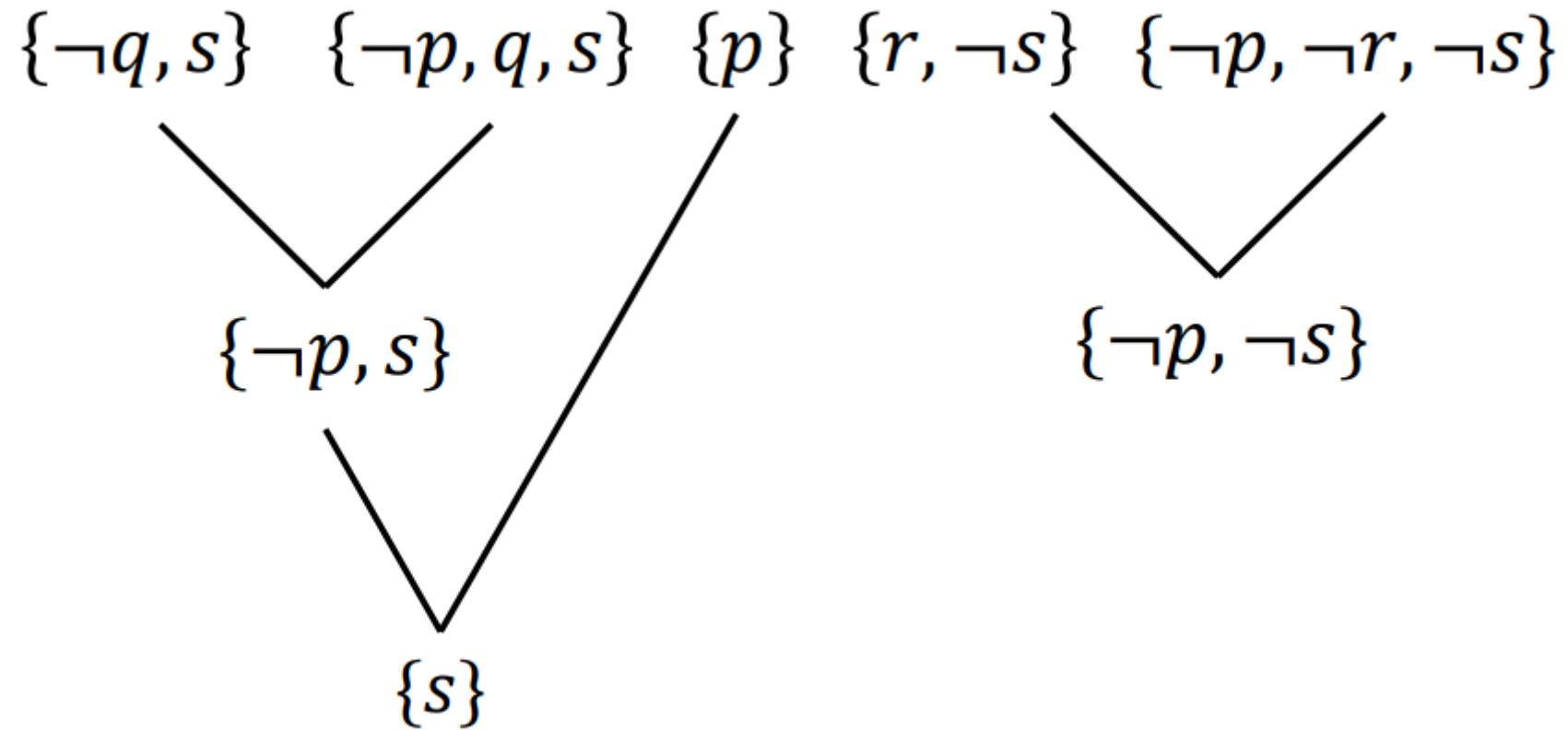


$\{\neg p, s\}$

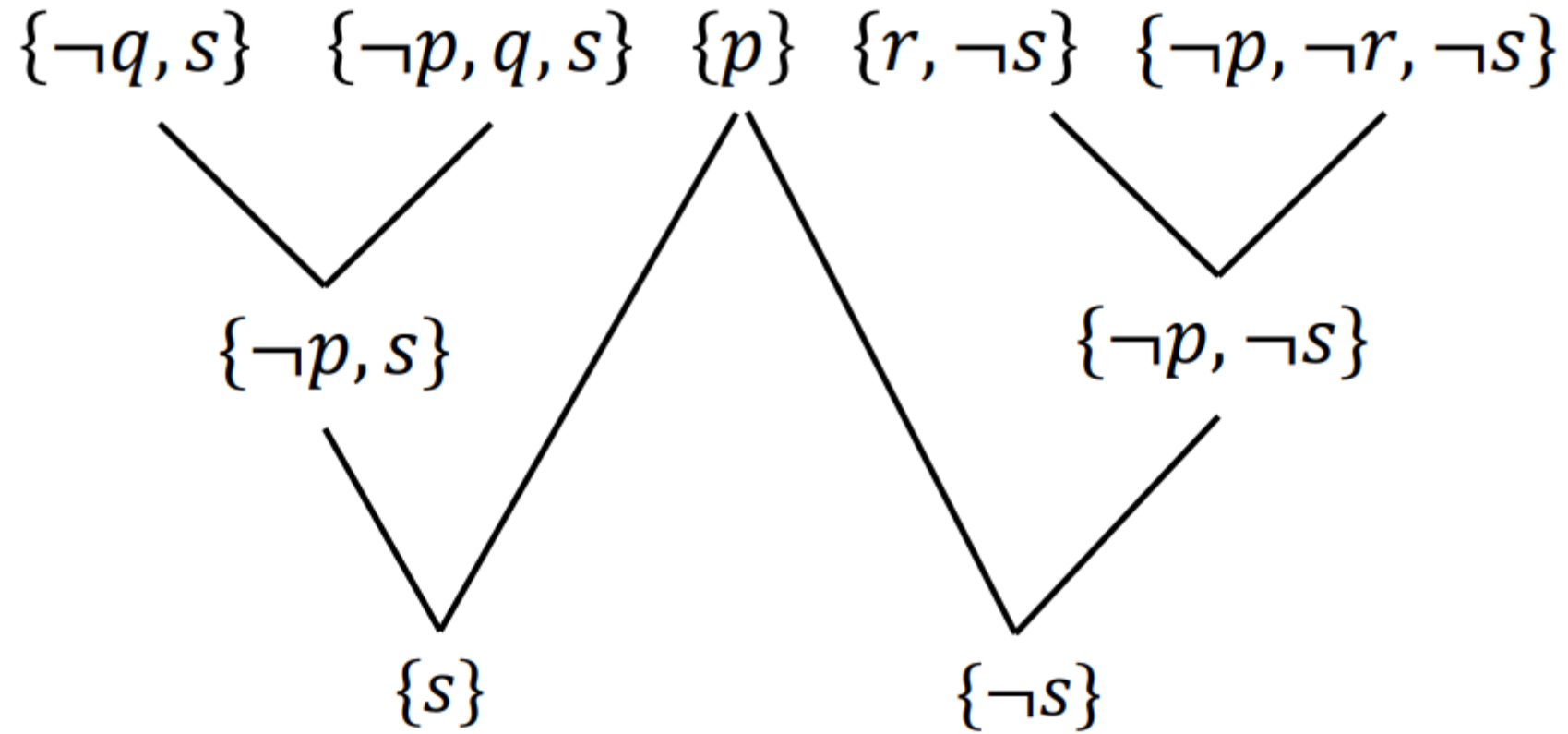
Example



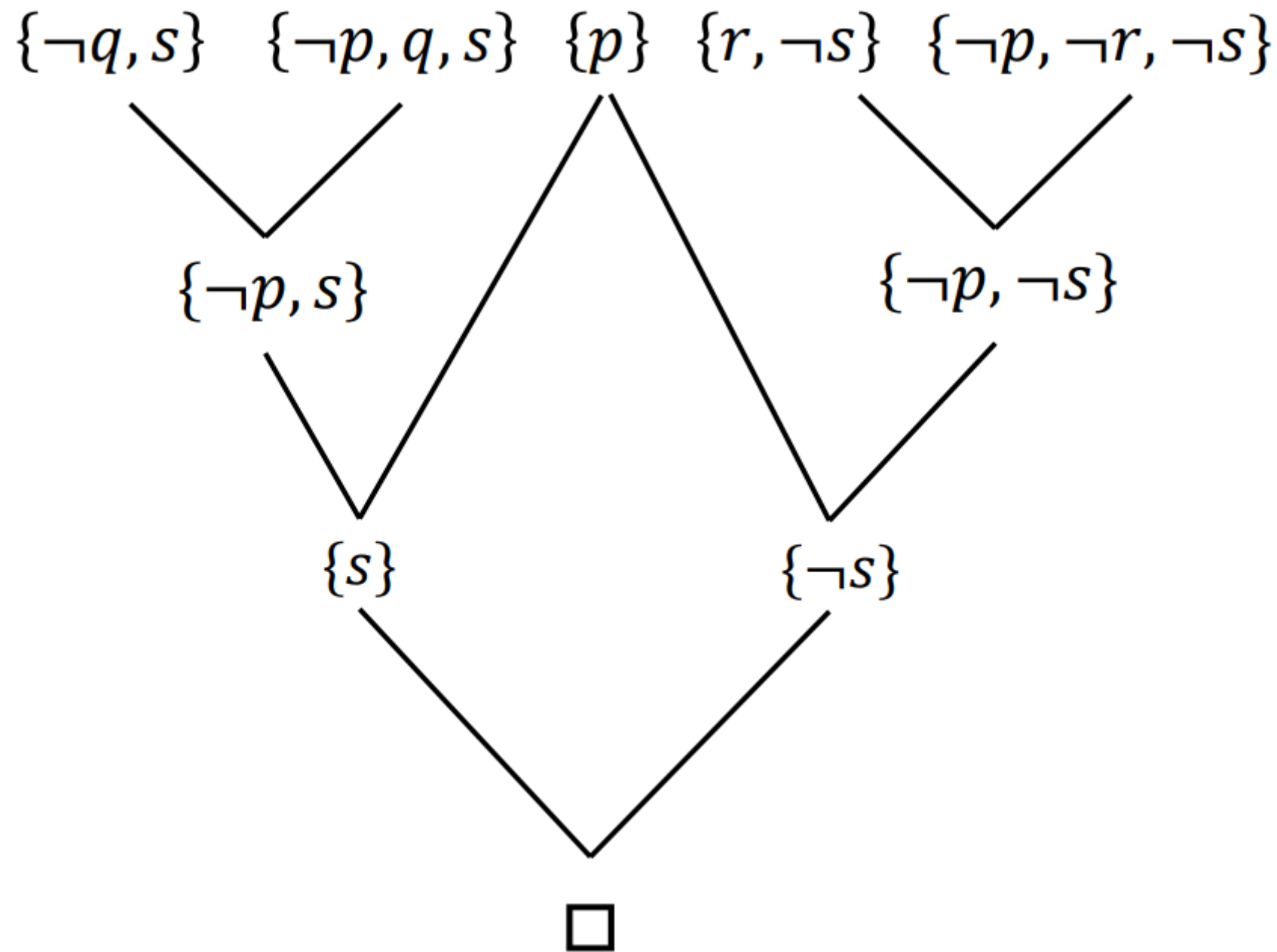
Example



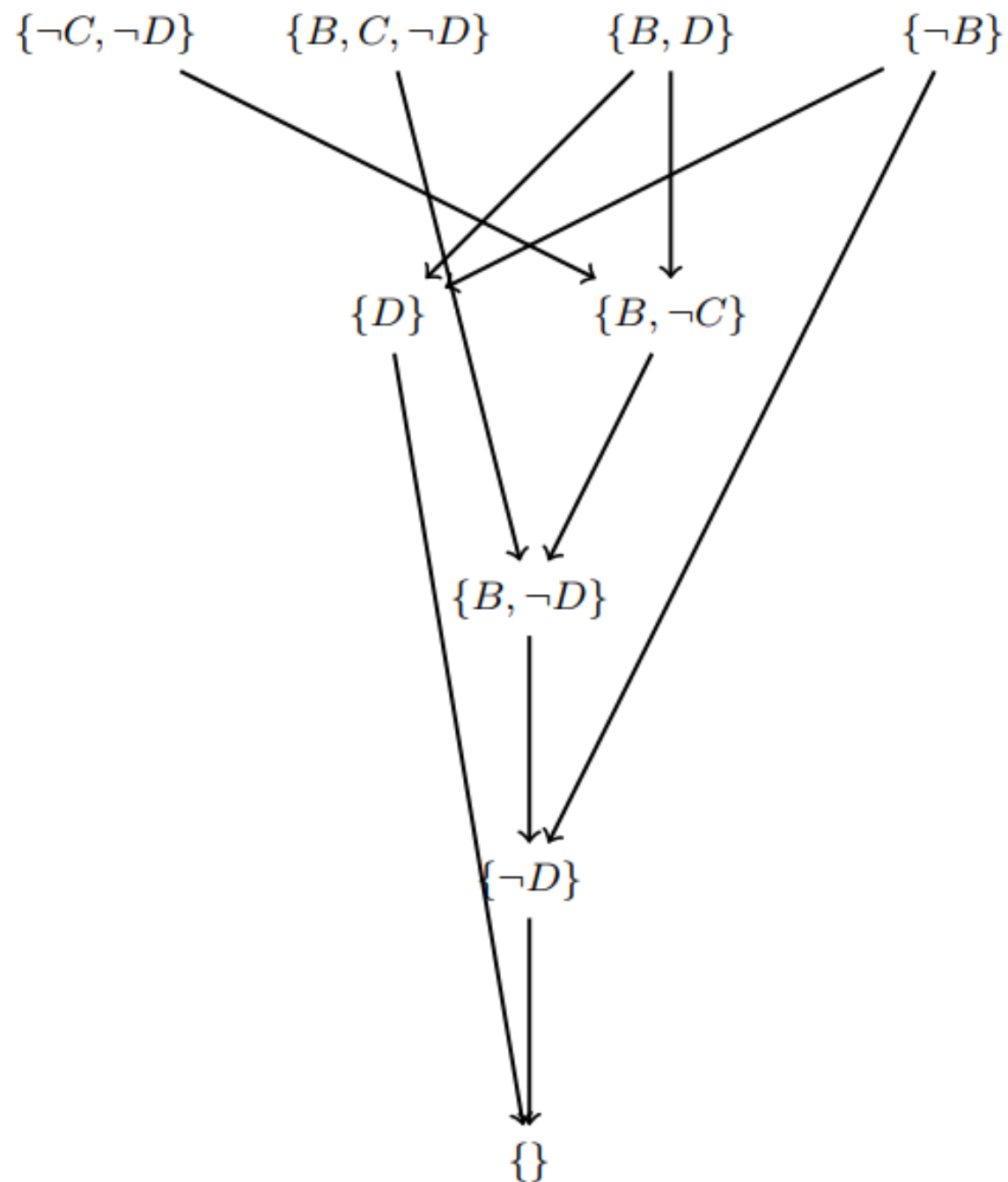
Example



Example



Example



Outcome

1. Terminates for every formular
2. If formular is fulfillable then the algorithm returns „fulfillable“
3. If formular is NOT fulfillable then the algorithm returns „not fulfillable“