Creating Web Sites with Django and Bing Maps

Overview

In this hands-on lab we will walk you through how to create a Microsoft Azure Web Site with Django. We will also show you how to create a simple page to monitor the latest 20 major earthquakes with Django and check all big earthquakes nearby! We will use an FTP client to manage the web site.

Objectives

In this hands-on lab, you will learn how to:

- · Create a new Web Site on Microsoft Azure by using Django.
- Create a Django website to show the latest earthquakes.
- Create a webjob to show all big earthquakes nearby.

Prerequisites

The following is required to complete this hands-on lab:

- A Microsoft Azure subscription sign up for a free trial
- Install FileZilla from SourceForge. You may also use your favorite FTP client.
- You must use one of the following browsers: Latest version of Firefox or Chrome, IE 9, 10, 11. Browsers like Safari, 360 may have issues
 with IPython or RDP download.

Exercises

This hands-on lab includes the following exercises:

- 1. Exercise 1: Create a Django web site on Microsoft Azure.
- 2. Exercise 2: Display earthquake locations on your Django web site.
- 3. Exercise 3: Show earthquakes nearby with a webjob.

Estimated time to complete this lab: 45 minutes.

Exercise 1: Create a Django web site on Microsoft Azure.

1. Go to the Microsoft Azure Management Portal and sign in using the Microsoft credentials associated with your subscription.



Microsoft Azure

Type the email address of the account you want to sign in with

someone@example.com

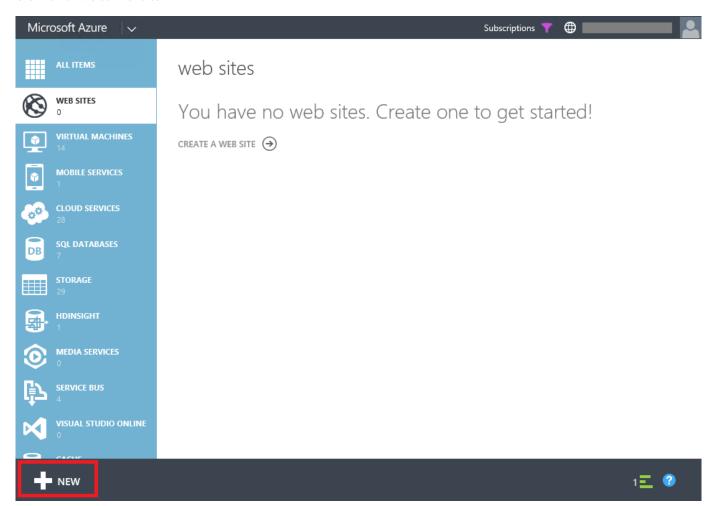
Continue



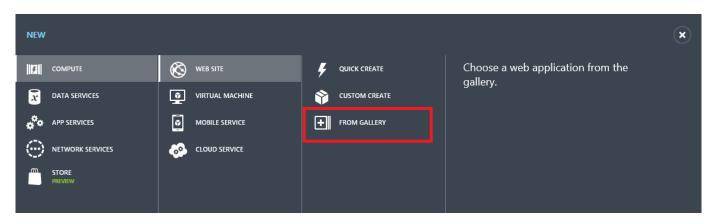
Organizational accounts that work here can be used anywhere you see this icon. © 2014 Microsoft Legal Privacy statement Give Us Feedback

Log on to Microsoft Azure Management Portal

2. Click New on the command bar.



3. Click Web Site and then FROM GALLERY.

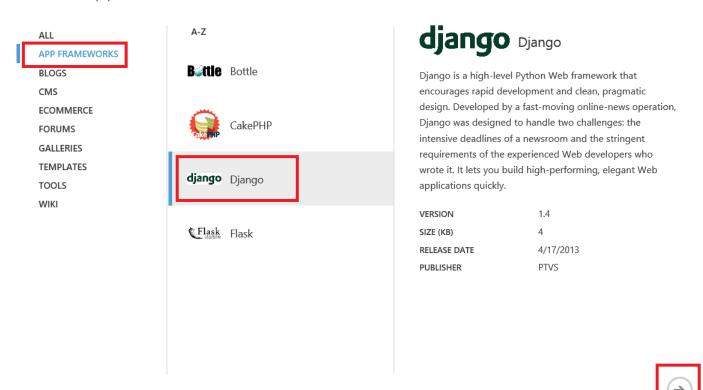


Creating a new web site From Gallery

4. Choose App Frameworks category and then select Django. Click on the Next arrow.

ADD WEB APP

Find Apps for Windows Azure



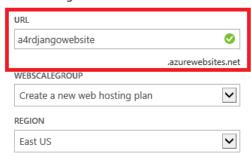
Creating Django Webs

5. Enter a site name, such as *a4rdjangowebsite*, and select the region. Click on the check mark to complete the wizard. Your Django web site is now being created and deployed.

×

Configure Your App

Site Settings



LEGAL TERMS

By clicking the Next button, I acknowledge that I am getting this software from PTVS and that PTVS's legal terms apply to it. Microsoft does not provide rights for third-party software.

django Django

Django is a high-level Python Web framework that encourages rapid development and clean, pragmatic design. Developed by a fast-moving online-news operation, Django was designed to handle two challenges: the intensive deadlines of a newsroom and the stringent requirements of the experienced Web developers who wrote it. It lets you build high-performing, elegant Web applications quickly.

 VERSION
 1.4

 SIZE (KB)
 4

 RELEASE DATE
 4/17/2013

PUBLISHER PTVS



Set Django Website Information

6. You can get the status of the deployment on the portal. The status message is updated once completed:



View Website Deployment Status

7. From the list of web sites displayed in the portal, select your site by clicking on its name. This will take you to its dashboard:

a4rdjangowebsite



DASHBOARD

MONITOR

OR WEBJOBS PREVIEW

CONFIGURE

SCALE

LINKED RESOURCES

BACKUPS PREVIEW



Your site has been created! Here are a few options to get you started

Skip Quick Start the next time I visit



Get the tools @



Publish your app. 0

Download the publish profile Reset your deployment credentials Add a new deployment slot Learn about staged publishing



Set up deployment from source control

View Django Dashboard

8. From the toolbar at the bottom of the dashboard, click on the Browse button to browse the newly created site:

It worked!

Congratulations on your first Django-powered page.

Of course, you haven't actually done any work yet. Here's what to do next:

- If you plan to use a database, edit the DATABASES setting in DjangoApplication/settings.py.
- Start your first app by running python manage.py startapp [appname].

You're seeing this message because you have DEBUG = True in your Django settings file and you haven't configured any URLs. Get to work!

View Django Site

9. Next, you need to setup your website's credential for use with FTP. If you need to reset the credential later after an initial setup, you will see a reset link instead. Web Site credentials are separated from the Microsoft ID associated with your Microsoft Azure subscription. Web Site credentials are valid for use with all Microsoft Azure web sites associated with your subscription. It is the administrator password for the site that you are creating, this way you don't have to give co-admin of the website your portal password. If you do forget your deployment credentials you can easily reset them again using the management portal. Open the web site Dashboard page and click the Reset deployment credentials link. Provide a new password and click Ok.

Wiew Applicable Add-ons View connection strings Download the publish profile Reset your deployment credentials Reset your publish profile credentials Set up deployment from source control

Add a new deployment slot PREVIEW

quick glance

Click on Reset deployment credentials on the right hand side of your web site dashboard

Sit and FTP cannot use your Windows account to authenticate, so this dialog lets you specify a user name and password that can be used when using those technologies.

This user name and password can be used to deploy to any web site in your subscription. You do not need to set credentials for every web site that you create.

USER NAME

trainingwebsiteuser

NEW PASSWORD

CONFIRM PASSWORD



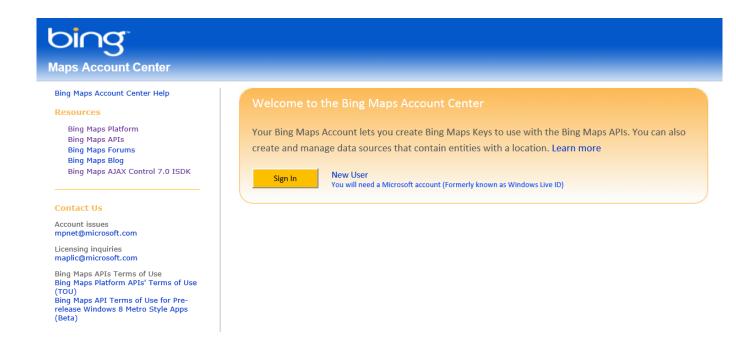
Entering the username and password

Note: Don't forget to write your username and password on a paper. If you forget the password, you have to reset the credential again.

Exercise 2 - Display earthquake locations on your Django web site.

Next, we are going to create a Django website and show data of the latest earthquakes around the world on a map using Bing Maps. First we need to install Python and Django on your local machine. If you are not familiar with Django, it is a "High-level Python Web framework that encourages rapid development and clean, pragmatic design." You may learn more about using it for web development from its website.

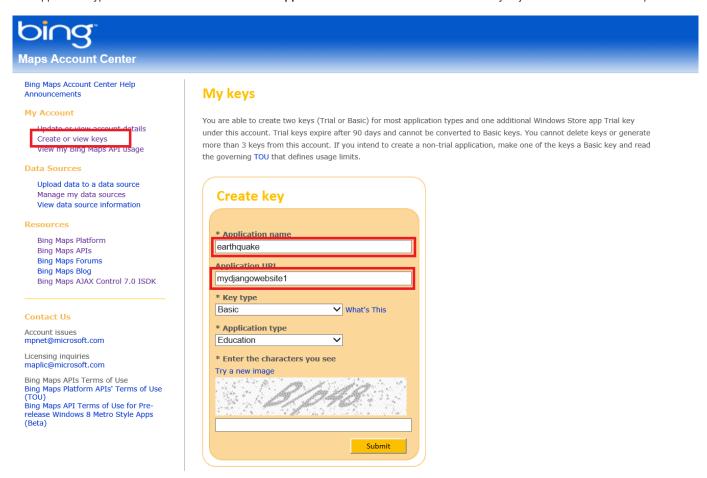
- 1. Open the folder *Azure-training-course\Day 1\2. HOL Microsoft Azure Web Sites\Source\DjangoApplication*, There is an existing Django project. All code are ready for you. It creates a view called **earthquake** to show all earthquakes on Bing map.
- 2. In order to use Bing Map SDK, we will also need to apply for a key. Just visit the Bing Maps Portal.



Bing Map Portal

You can use the same Microsoft account you used to login to the Microsoft Azure portal, or you can click New User to register a new one.

1. Click **Create or view keys** to create your own key. Input your application name, Url, key type and application type. Set the Key type to **Basic** and Application type to **Education**. Please ensure the **Application URL** is the same as the web site you just created in the last step.



Create Bing Map Keys

2. You will get your key after you submit your information. You will use the key in your html page.



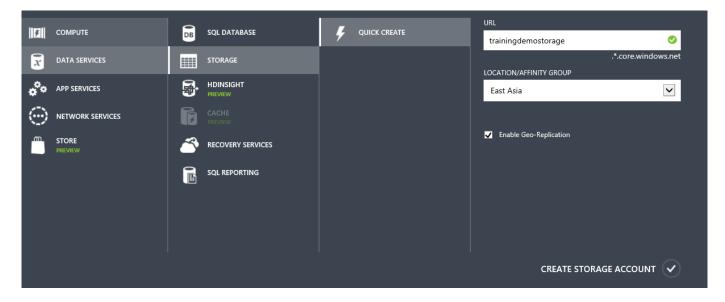
Bing Map Key

3. Open the file in templates\earthquake.html in text editor, replace the Your Bing Maps Key with your own application key and save the file.

```
''....function'getMap() {
''....functio
```

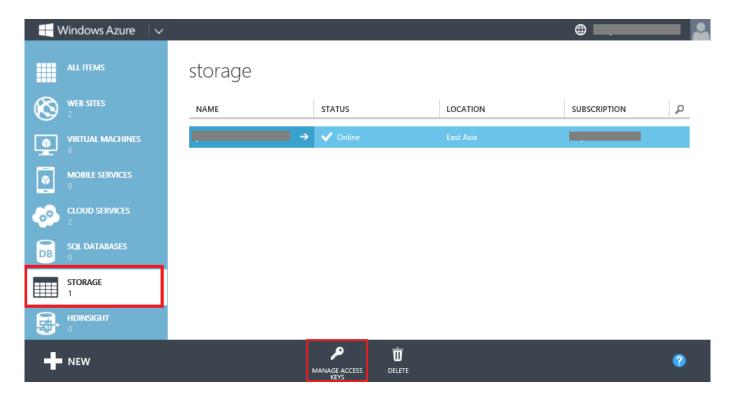
Change Application Key

4. In order to use webjobs in Exercise 3, you will also need a storage account. Storage account is a place where we can save blob files, no sql data or queue data. You don't need to worry too much about it because we will explain it more in the coming sessions. In the management portal, just click New -> Data Service -> Storage -> Quick Create to create one. You can select your nearest region and a global unique name for the url.



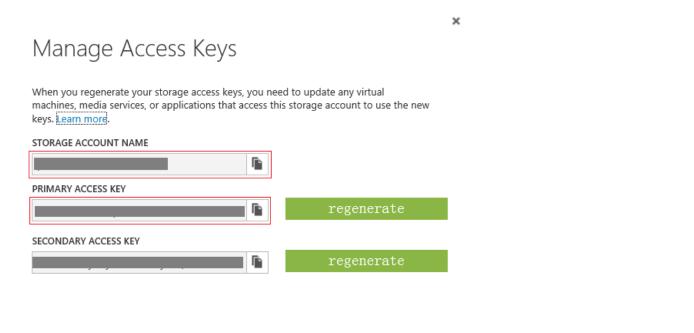
Create A Storage Account

5. You need to know your storage account's name add access key. You can find your storage account name and access key in your Microsoft Azure Management Portal.



Microsoft Azure Storage Account

Click the "Manage Access Keys" button under the page to display the storage account name and access keys for the currently selected storage account.



Manage Access Key

6. Replace the storage account name and storage account key at the end the python code file settings.py

```
# SAVE Storage Account Name and Key Name

AZURE ACCOUNT NAME = '<storage account name>'

AZURE ACCOUNT KEY = '<storage account key>'

AZURE_QUEUE_NAME = 'webjobsqueue'

AZURE_CONTAINER_NAME = 'earthquake'

AZURE_BLOB_NAME = 'locations.txt'
```

Update storage account info

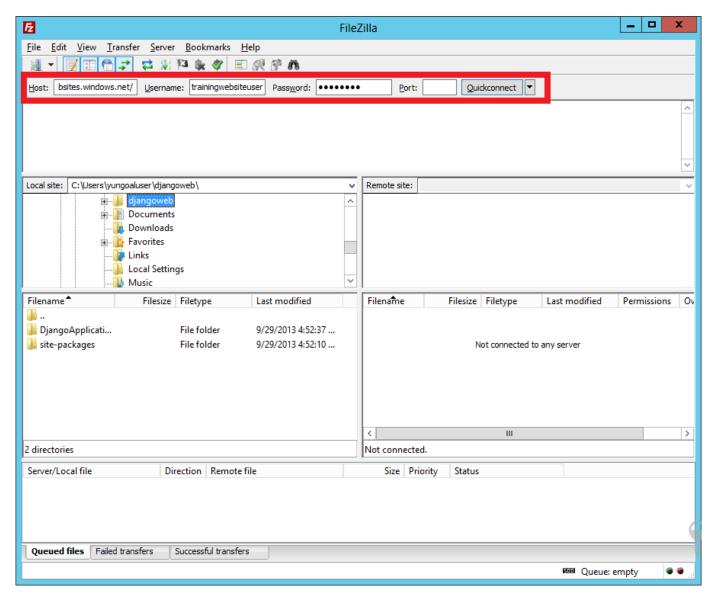
7. Connect to the FTP publishing service by FileZilla. You can download and install FileZilla to manage all your folders. FileZilla is a free ftp solution. The client version can be downloaded from here. It has Windows and Mac version. The UI is almost exactly the same.

Provide the **Host Name**, **User Name** and **Password** of your deployment credentials. The **Host Name** is available from the Dashboard in the portal under FTP HOST NAME (or FTPS HOST NAME) and will look something like *ftp://waws-prod-blu-001.ftp.azurewebsites.windows.net*. Make sure that the **User Name** is prefixed by the **Web Site** name (e.g. **mydiangowebsite1\trainingwebsiteuser**). The password is you wrote down in the Exercise 1.

MANAGEMENT SERVICES Operation Logs VIRTUAL IP ADDRESS No IP-based SSL binding is configured SITE URL a4rdjangowebsite.azurewebsites.net COMPUTE MODE Free FTP HOST NAME ftp://waws-prod-blu-003.ftp.azurewebsites.windows.net FTPS HOST NAME ftps://waws-prod-blu-003.ftp.azurewebsites.windows.net DEPLOYMENT / FTP USER a4rdjangowebsite\trainingwebsiteuser FTP DIAGNOSTIC LOGS ftp://waws-prod-blu-

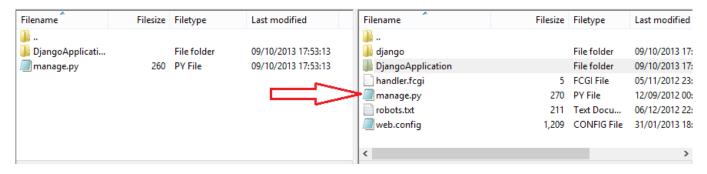
003.ftp.azurewebsites.windows.net/LogFiles

Above is an example of the Dash board, on the right hand side you will find the ftp host and the user name you should use for Filezilla.



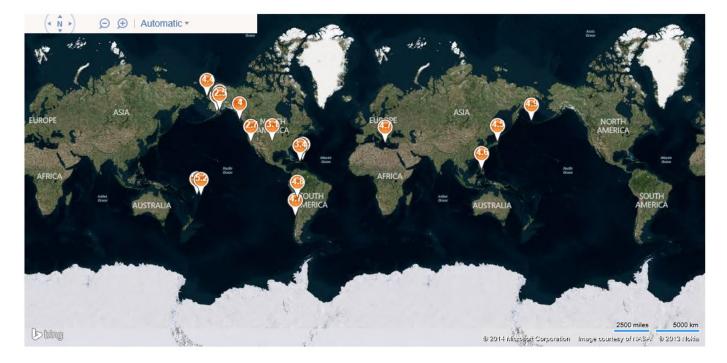
Use FileZilla

8. Click Quick Connect and Upload all files using the FileZilla. Use FileZilla to upload the subfolder Azure-training-course\Day 1\2. HOL Microsoft Azure Web Sites\Source\DjangoApplication\DjangoApplication\DjangoApplication to site/wwwroot folder. You can overwrite the server files.



Upload Django Website

- 9. Browse the new web site http://[yourwebsite].azurewebsites.net/earthquake, for example, http://django.azurewebsites.net/earthquake.
- 10. You can see the earthquake locations on your website.



Earthquake Locations

If you get the following error **No module named azure.storage**, you can upload the folder **Azure-training-course\Day 1\2. HOL Microsoft Azure Web Sites\Source\azure** to /site/wwwroot so as to enable the azure sdk for python.

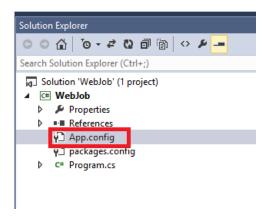
```
ImportError at /
No module named azure.storage
       Request Method: GET
          Request URL: http://a4rdjangowebsite.azurewebsites.net/
        Django Version: 1.4
        Exception Type: ImportError
       Exception Value: No module named azure.storage
    Exception Location: D:\home\site\wwwroot\DjangoApplication\views.py in <module>, line 5
     Python Executable: D:\Python27\python.exe
        Python Version: 2.7.3
           Python Path: ['D:\\Python27\\Scripts',
                         D:\\Windows\\SYSTEM32\\python27.zip',
                        'D:\\Python27\\DLLs',
                         'D:\\Python27\\lib'
                        'D:\\Python27\\lib\\plat-win',
                        'D:\\Python27\\lib\\lib-tk',
                         D:\\Python27'
                         'D:\\Python27\\lib\\site-packages',
                        u'D:\\home\\site\\wwwroot']
            Server time: Fri, 25 Apr 2014 08:23:25 +0000
```

11. If you are having issues with the ftp server, close Filezilla and try again, make sure you have used the correct user name and password. Also note that username is in the format of: [YOURWEBSITE/USERNAME] not user name you created via reset deployment credential.

Excerise 3 - Create a webjob to show all big earthquakes nearby.

Next, we are going to create a webjob to download all big earthquakes from 2000 to now. The magnitude is larger than 6 and we are looking for the circle with 1000 km inside radius and 1200 km outside radius. A .NET executable is running continuously. If you click the pushpin on the map, the job will get the location of the pushpin and check all earthquakes.

1. Open the project file under Azure-training-course\Day 1\2. HOL Microsoft Azure Web Sites\Source\WebJob\Shob\Sho with Visual Studio 2013. It is a console application to download all earthquake data from USGS. We will upload the console application to the website and run a background job to get all big earthquakes near a certain location. All code is ready but we need to modify some configurations in the file app.config. Double click the file in the solution explore.



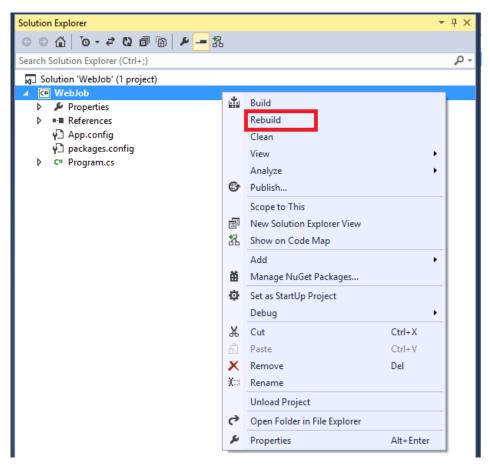
Update app config

We have two connection strings, **AzureJobRuntime** and **AzureJobsData**, we need to replace the storage account name and key in the connection string.

Replace the connection string

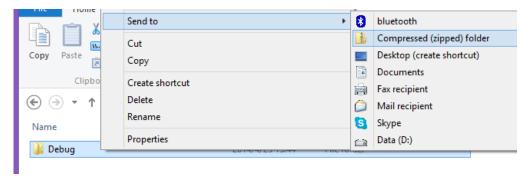
Save the file after you modify.

2. Then we need to rebuild the project by right click the WebJob node in the Solution Explorer and click Rebuild



Rebuild

Right click the **WebJob** node in the *Solution Explorer* and click **Open Folder In File Exploere**, Navigate to **bin/Debug** folder. Right click the folder, select **Send To -> Compressed (zipped) folder** to create a zip file.



Create a zip file

if you are using Mac OS or Linux and you don't have a visual studio installed. We have already build the file for you. You can directly open the folder Azure-training-course\Day 1\2. HOL Microsoft Azure Web Sites\Source\WebJob\WebJob\bin\Debug and open the file WebJob.exe.config. Just do the same modification and create a zip file from the Debug folder.

1. In your website dashboard, click Configuration tab.



Website Configure

Scroll down to connection strings section, add a new connection string. Don't forget to replace storage account name and storage account key with you own data. Click **Save** after you are done.

Website Configure

2. Click WebJob tab in the dashboard. Click ADD A JOB to create a new job.

a4rdjangowebsite



You have no jobs. Add one to get started!



Add WebJobs

3. In the Basic WebJob settings form, input the job name, select the zip file we just created and select Run Continuously.

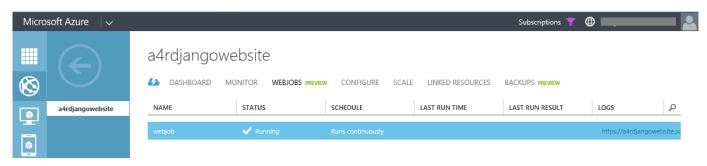
NEW JOB

Basic WebJob settings





Basic WebJob settings



WebJob Created

4. After the job is created, move your mouse to a pushpin and click, you will see the webjob will query all big earthquakes whose magnitude is larger than 6 near the pushpin location from 2000 to now!



Begin to find all >=6 degrees earthquakes in the circle with radius 1000 kms and center 35.4997,21.6771 from year 2000.

There are 2 big earthquakes happened near 35.4997, 21.6771.

Earthquake Locations Nearby

Summary

By completing this hands-on lab you learned the following:

- Create a new Web Site on Microsoft Azure by using Django.
- Create a Django website to show earthquake information.
- Create a webjob to show all big earthquakes nearby.

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