OpenCL (Open Computing Language) is a multi-vendor open standard for general-purpose parallel programming of heterogeneous systems that include CPUs, GPUs, and other processors. OpenCL provides a uniform programming environment for software developers to write efficient, portable code for highperformance compute servers, desktop computer systems, and handheld devices.

Specification documents and online reference are available at www.khronos.org/opencl.





[n.n.n] and purple text: sections and text in the OpenCL API 2.1 Spec. [n.n.n] and green text: sections and text in the OpenCL C 2.0 Spec. [n.n.n] and blue text: sections and text in the OpenCL Extension 2.1 Spec.

OpenCL API Reference

Section and table references are to the OpenCL API 2.1 specification.

The OpenCL Platform Layer

The OpenCL platform layer implements platform-specific features that allow applications to query OpenCL devices, device configuration information, and to create OpenCL contexts using one or more devices. Items in blue apply when the appropriate extension is supported.

Querying Platform Info & Devices [4.1-2] [9.16.9]

- cl_int clGetPlatformIDs (cl_uint num_entries, cl_platform_id *platforms, cl_uint *num_platforms)
- cl_int clicdGetPlatformIDsKHR (cl_uint num_entries, cl_platform_id * platfoms, cl_uint *num_platforms)
- cl_int clGetPlatformInfo (cl_platform_id platform, cl_platform_info param_name, size_t param_value_size, void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)
- param_name: CL_PLATFORM_{PROFILE, VERSION}, CL_PLATFORM_{NAME, VENDOR, EXTENSIONS}, CL_PLATFORM_HOST_TIMER_RESOLUTION, CL_PLATFORM_ICD_SUFFIX_KHR [Table 4.1]
- cl_int clGetDeviceIDs (cl_platform_id platform, cl_device_type device_type, cl_uint num_entries, cl_device_id *devices, cl_uint *num_devices)

device type: [Table 4.2]

CL DEVICE TYPE {ACCELERATOR, ALL, CPU}, CL_DEVICE_TYPE_{CUSTOM, DEFAULT, GPU}

cl_int clGetDeviceInfo (cl_device_id device, cl_device_info param_name, size_t param_value_size, void *param_value,

size_t *param_value_size_ret) param_name: [Table 4.3]
CL_DEVICE_ADDRESS_BITS, CL_DEVICE_AVAILABLE, CL_DEVICE_BUILT_IN_KERNELS, CL_DEVICE_COMPILER_AVAILABLE, CL_DEVICE_COMPILER_AVAILABLE,
CL_DEVICE_{DOUBLE, HALF, SINGLE}_FP_CONFIG,
CL_DEVICE_ENDIAN_LITTLE, CL_DEVICE_EXTENSIONS,
CL_DEVICE_ERROR_CORRECTION_SUPPORT,
CL_DEVICE_EXECUTION_CAPABILITIES,
CL_DEVICE_GLOBAL_MEM_CACHE_{SIZE, TYPE},
CL_DEVICE_GLOBAL_VARIABLE_PREFERRED_TOTAL_SIZE,
CL_DEVICE_IL_VERSION,
CL_DEVICE_IMAGE_MAY_(ARRAY DIJECTOR)

CL_DEVICE_IMAGE_MAX_{ARRAY, BUFFER}_SIZE, CL_DEVICE_IMAGE_SUPPORT,

CL_DEVICE_IMAGE_SUPPORI,
CL_DEVICE_IMAGEZD_MAX_{WIDTH, HEIGHT},
CL_DEVICE_IMAGE3D_MAX_{WIDTH, HEIGHT, DEPTH},
CL_DEVICE_IMAGE_BASE_ADDRESS_ALIGNMENT,
CL_DEVICE_IMAGE_PITCH_ALIGNMENT,
CL_DEVICE_LINKER_AVAILABLE,
CL_DEVICE_LOCAL_MEM_{TYPE, SIZE},
CL_DEVICE_MAX_{CLOCK_FREQUENCY, PIPE_ARGS},
CL_DEVICE_MAX_{COMPLITE_LINUTS_SAMPLEDS},

CL_DEVICE_MAX_{CLOCK_FREQUENCY, PIPE_ARGS},
CL_DEVICE_MAX_{COMPUTE_UNITS, SAMPLERS},
CL_DEVICE_MAX_CONSTANT_{ARGS, BUFFER_SIZE},
CL_DEVICE_MAX_GLOBAL_VARIABLE_SIZE,
CL_DEVICE_MAX_{MEM_ALLOC, PARAMETER}_SIZE,
CL_DEVICE_MAX_NUM_SUB_GROUPS,
CL_DEVICE_MAX_ON_DEVICE_{QUEUES, EVENTS},
CL_DEVICE_MAX_READ_WRITE}_IMAGE_ARGS,
CL_DEVICE_MAX_READ_WRITE_IMAGE_ARGS,
CL_DEVICE_MAX_SUB_GROUPS,
CL_DEVICE_MAX_WORK_GROUP_SIZE,
CL_DEVICE_MAX_WORK_ITEM_{DIMENSIONS, SIZES},
CL_DEVICE_MEM_BASE_ADDR_ALIGN,
CL_DEVICE_NAME,

CL DEVICE NAME

CL DEVICE NATIVE VECTOR WIDTH X (where X may be CHAR, INT, DOUBLE, HALF, LONG, SHORT, FLOAT),

CL DEVICE NATIVE VECTOR WIDTH FLOAT,

CL_DEVICE_{OPENCL_C_VERSION, PARENT_DEVICE}, CL_DEVICE_PARTITION_AFFINITY_DOMAIN, CL_DEVICE_PARTITION_MAX_SUB_DEVICES
CL_DEVICE_PARTITION_{PROPERTIES, TYPE} CL_DEVICE_PIPE_MAX_ACTIVE_RESERVATIONS,
CL_DEVICE_PIPE_MAX_PACKET_SIZE,
CL_DEVICE_PIPE_MAX_PACKET_SIZE,
CL_DEVICE_PREFERRED_Y_ATOMIC_ALIGNMENT_
Twhere Y may be LOCAL, GLOBAL, PLATFORM), DEVICE_PREFERRED_VECTOR_WIDTH_Z

where \overline{Z} may be CHAR, INT, DOUBLE, HALF, LONG,

SHORT, FLOAT),
CL_DEVICE_PREFERRED_INTEROP_USER_SYNC,
CL_DEVICE_PROFILE,
CL_DEVICE_PROFILING_TIMER_RESOLUTION,

CL_DEVICE_SPIR_VERSIONS, CL_DEVICE_SUBGROUP_INDEPENDENT_FORWARD_-

PROGRESS

PROGRESS
CL_DEVICE_QUEUE_ON_{DEVICE, HOST}_PROPERTIES,
CL_DEVICE QUEUE_ON_DEVICE_MAX_SIZE,
CL_DEVICE_QUEUE_ON_DEVICE_PREFERRED_SIZE,
CL_DEVICE_{REFERENCE_COUNT, VENDOR_ID},
CL_DEVICE_SYM_CAPABILITIES,
CL_DEVICE_TERMINATE_CAPABILITY_KHR,
CL_DEVICE_{TYPE, VENDOR},
CL_DEVICE_VENDOR_ID,
CL_{DEVICE, DRIVER}_VERSION

cl_int clGetDeviceAndHostTimer (cl_device_id device, cl_ulong *device_timestamp, cl_ulong *host_timestamp)

cl int clGetHostTimer (cl device id device, cl_ulong *host_timestamp)

Partitioning a Device [4.3]

cl_int clCreateSubDevices (cl_device_id in_device, const cl_device_partition_property *properties, cl_uint num_devices, cl_device_id *out_devices, cl_uint *num_devices_ret)

properties: [Table 4.4] CL_DEVICE_PARTITION_EQUALLY, CL_DEVICE_PARTITION_BY_COUNTS, CL_DEVICE_PARTITION_BY_AFFINITY_DOMAIN

cl_int clRetainDevice (cl_device_id device) cl_int clReleaseDevice (cl_device_id device)

Contexts [4.4]

cl_context clCreateContext (

const cl_context_properties *properties, cl_uint num_devices, const cl_device_id *devices,

properties: [Table 4.5]

voperties: [Table 4.5]

NULL or CL_CONTEXT_PLATFORM,
CL_CONTEXT_INTEROP_USER_SYNC,
CL_CONTEXT_INTEROP_USER_SYNC,
CL_CONTEXT_{D3D10, D3D11}_DEVICE_KHR,
CL_CONTEXT_ADAPTER_{D3D9, D3D9EX}_KHR,
CL_CONTEXT_ADAPTER_DXVA_KHR,
CL_CONTEXT_MEMORY_INITIALIZE_KHR,
CL_CONTEXT_TERMINATE_KHR,
CL_GL_CONTEXT_KHR, CL_GL_SHAREGROUP_KHR,
CL_{EGL, GLX}_DISPLAY_KHR, CL_WGL_HDC_KHR

cl_context clCreateContextFromType (const cl_context_properties *properties, cl_device_type device_type, void (CL_CALLBACK * pfn_notify) (const char *errinfo, const void *private_info, size_t cb, void *user_data), void *user_data, cl_int *errcode_ret)

properties: See clCreateContext device_type: See clGetDeviceIDs

cl_int clRetainContext (cl_context context)

cl_int clReleaseContext (cl_context context)

cl_int clGetContextInfo (cl_context context, cl_context_info param_name, size_t param_value_size, void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)

param_name: CL_CONTEXT_REFERENCE_COUNT, CL_CONTEXT_{DEVICES, NUM_DEVICES, PROPERTIES}, CL_CONTEXT_{D3D10, D3D11}_-PREFER_SHARED_RESOURCES_KHR [Table 4.6]

cl_int clTerminateContextKHR (cl_context context)

Get CL Extension Function Pointers [9.2] void* clGetExtensionFunctionAddressForPlatform (cl_platform_id platform, const char *funcname)

The OpenCL Runtime

API calls that manage OpenCL objects such as command-queues, memory objects, program objects, kernel objects for __kernel functions in a program and calls that allow you to enqueue commands to a command-queue such as executing a kernel, reading, or writing a memory object.

Command Queues [5.1]

cl command queue

clCreateCommandQueueWithProperties (cl_context context, cl_device_id device, const cl_command_queue_properties *properties, cl_int *errcode_ret)

properties: [Table 5.1] CL QUEUE SIZE,

CL_QUEUE_PROPERTIES (bitfield which may be set to an OR of CL_QUEUE_* where * may be: OUT_OF_ORDER_EXEC_MODE_ENABLE, PROFILING_ENABLE, ON_DEVICE[_DEFAULT]) CL_QUEUE_THROTTLE_{HIGH, MED, LOW}_KHR (requires the cl_khr_throttle_hint extension), CL QUEUE PRIORITY KHR (bitfield which may be one of CL QUEUE PRIORITY HIGH KHR, CL_QUEUE_PRIORITY_MED_KHR, CL_QUEUE_PRIORITY_LOW_KHR (requires the cl_khr_priority_hints extension))

cl_int clSetDefaultDeviceCommandQueue (

cl_context context, cl_device_id device, cl_command_queue command_queue)

cl_int clRetainCommandQueue (cl_command_queue command_queue)

cl int clReleaseCommandQueue (

cl command queue command queue)

cl int clGetCommandQueueInfo (

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_command_queue_info param_name, size_t param_value_size, void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)

param_name: [Table 5.2]

CL_QUEUE_CONTEXT, CL_QUEUE_DEVICE[_DEFAULT], CL_QUEUE_SIZE,

CL_QUEUE_REFERENCE_COUNT,

CL_QUEUE_PROPERTIES

Buffer Objects

Elements of buffer objects are stored sequentially and accessed using a pointer by a kernel executing on a device.

Create Buffer Objects [5.2.1]

cl mem clCreateBuffer (cl context context, cl mem flags flags, size t size, void *host ptr, cl_int *errcode ret)

flags: [Table 5.3] CL_MEM_READ_WRITE, CL_MEM_{WRITE, READ}_ONLY, CL_MEM_HOST_NO_ACCESS, CL_MEM_HOST_{READ, WRITE}_ONLY, CL_MEM_{USE, ALLOC, COPY}_HOST_PTR

cl mem clCreateSubBuffer (

cl_mem buffer, cl_mem_flags flags, cl_buffer_create_type buffer_create_type, const void *buffer_create_info, cl_int *errcode_ret)

flags: See clCreateBuffer

buffer_create_type: CL_BUFFER_CREATE_TYPE_REGION

Read, Write, Copy, Fill Buffer Objects [5.2.2-3]

cl_int clEnqueueReadBuffer (

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_mem buffer, cl_bool blocking_read, size_t offset, size_t size, void *ptr, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

cl int clEnqueueReadBufferRect (

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_mem buffer, cl_bool blocking_read, const size_t *buffer_origin, const size_t *fost_origin, const size_t *region, size t buffer_row_pitch, size t buffer_slice_pitch, size_t host_row_pitch, size_t host_slice_pitch, void *ptr, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

cl int clEnqueueWriteBuffer (

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_mem buffer, cl_bool blocking_write, size_t offset, size_t size, const void *ptr, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

cl int clEnqueueWriteBufferRect (

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_mem buffer, cl_bool blocking_write, const size_t *buffer_origin, const size_t *host_origin, const size_t *region, size_t buffer_row_pitch, size_t buffer_slice_pitch, size_t host_slice_pitch, const void *ptr, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

cl int clEnqueueFillBuffer (

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_mem buffer, const void *pattern, size_t pattern_size, size_t offset, size_t size, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

cl_int clEnqueueCopyBuffer (

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_mem src_buffer, cl_mem dst_buffer, size_t src_offset, size_t dst_offset, size_t size, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event wait_list, cl_event *event)

cl_int clEnqueueCopyBufferRect (

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_mem src_buffer, cl_mem dst_buffer, const size_t *src_origin, const size_t *dst_origin, const size_t *region, size_t src_row_pitch, size_t src_slice_pitch, size_t dst_row_pitch, size t dst_slice_pitch, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

Map Buffer Objects [5.2.4]

void * clEnqueueMapBuffer (

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_mem buffer, cl_bool blocking_map, cl_map_flags map_flags, size_t offset, size_t size,

cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event, cl_int *errcode_ret)

map_flags: CL_MAP_{READ, WRITE}, CL_MAP_WRITE_INVALIDATE_REGION

Memory Objects

A memory object is a handle to a reference counted region of global memory. Includes Buffer Objects, Image Objects, and Pipe Objects. Items in blue apply when the appropriate extension is supported.

Memory Objects [5.5.1, 5.5.2]

cl_int clRetainMemObject (cl_mem memobj)

cl_int clReleaseMemObject (cl_mem memobj)

cl_int clSetMemObjectDestructorCallback (cl_mem memobj,

void (CL_CALLBACK *pfn_notify) (cl_mem memobj, void *user_data),

void *user data)

cl_int clEnqueueUnmapMemObject (cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_mem memobj, void *mapped_ptr, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl event *event wait list, cl event *event)

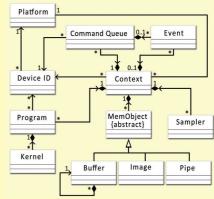
Migrate Memory Objects [5.5.4]

cl_int clEnqueueMigrateMemObjects (cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_uint num_mem_objects, const cl_mem *mem_objects, cl_mem_migration_flags flags, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

OpenCL Class Diagram

The figure below describes the OpenCL specification as a class diagram using the Unified Modeling Language¹ (UML) notation. The diagram shows both nodes and edges which are classes and their relationships. As a simplification it shows only classes, and no attributes or operations.





¹ Unified Modeling Language (http://www.uml.org/) is a trademark of Object Management Group (OMG).

OpenCL Device Architecture Diagram

The table below shows memory regions with allocation and memory access capabilities. R=Read, W=Write

	Host	Kernel	The conceptual OpenCL device architecture diagram shows processing elements (PE), compute units							
Global	Dynamic allocation R/W access	No allocation R/W access	(CU), and devices. The host is not shown. Compute Device CUI Private Private CUM Private Private							
Constant	Dynamic allocation R/W access	Static allocation R-only access	PE I PE M PE I Docal mem N Local mem N Loc							
Local	Dynamic allocation No access	Static allocation R/W access	Global/Constant Memory Data Cache Compute Device Memory							
Private	No allocation No access	Static allocation R/W access	Global Memory ConstantMemory ✓							

Conversions and Type Casting Examples [6.2]

Ta = (T)b; // Scalar to scalar, // or scalar to vector $Ta = convert_T(b);$ $Ta = convert_T_R(b);$ Ta = as T(b);

Ta = convert T sat R(b);

R: one of the following rounding modes: rte to nearest even

rtz toward zero

_rtp toward + infinity

_rtn toward - infinity

A pipe is a memory object that stores data organized as a FIFO. Pipe objects can only be accessed using built-in functions that read from and write to a pipe. Pipe objects are not accessible from the host.

Create Pipe Objects [5.4.1]

cl_mem clCreatePipe (cl_context context, cl_mem_flags flags, cl_uint pipe_packet_size, cl_uint pipe_max_packets, const cl_pipe_properties *properties, cl_int *errcode_ret)

flags: 0 or CL_MEM_READ_WRITE, CL_MEM_{READ, WRITE}_ONLY, CL_MEM_HOST_NO_ACCESS

Pipe Object Queries [5.4.2]

cl_int clGetPipeInfo (cl_mem pipe, cl_pipe_info param_name, size_t param_value_size,
 void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)

naram name

CL_PIPE_PACKET_SIZE, CL_PIPE_MAX_PACKETS

flags: CL MIGRATE MEM OBJECT HOST, CL_MIGRATE_MEM_OBJECT_CONTENT_UNDEFINED

Query Memory Object [5.5.5]

cl_int clGetMemObjectInfo (cl_mem memobj, cl_mem_info param_name, size_t param_value_size, void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)

param_name: CL_MEM_{TYPE, FLAGS, SIZE, HOST_PTR}, CL_MEM_OFFSET, CL_MEM_{MAP, REFERENCE}_COUNT, CL_MEM_ASSOCIATED_MEMOBJECT, CL_MEM_CONTEXT, CL_MEM_USES_SVM_POINTER,

CL_MEM_{D3D10, D3D11}_RESOURCE_KHR,

CL_MEM_DX9_MEDIA_{ADAPTER_TYPE, SURFACE_INFO}_KHR [Table 5.13]

Shared Virtual Memory

Shared Virtual Memory (SVM) allows the host and kernels executing on devices to directly share complex, pointercontaining data structures such as trees and linked lists. See more on SVM on page 4 of this reference guide.

SVM Sharing Granularity [5.6.1]

void* clSVMAlloc (

cl_context context, cl_svm_mem_flags flags, size_t size, cl_uint alignment)

[Table 5.14]

CL_MEM_READ_WRITE,

Program Objects

CL_MEM_{WRITE, READ}_ONLY,

CL_MEM_SVM_FINE_GRAIN_BUFFER,

CL MEM SVM ATOMICS

void clSVMFree (cl_context context, void *svm_pointer)

An OpenCL program consists of a set of kernels that are identified as functions declared with the __kernel

Enqueuing SVM Operations [5.6.2]

cl_int clEnqueueSVMFree (

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_uint num_svm_pointers, void *sym_pointers[], void (CL_CALLBACK*pfn_free_func)(

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_uint num_svm_pointers, void *sym_pointers[], void *user_data), void *user_data, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

cl_int clEnqueueSVMMemcpy (

cl command queue command queue, cl_bool blocking_copy, void *dst_ptr, const void *src_ptr, size_t size, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

cl_program clLinkProgram (cl_context context, cl_uint num_devices, const cl_device_id *device_list,

(cl_program program, void *user_data),

Create Program Objects [5.8.1]

qualifier in the program source.

cl_program clCreateProgramWithSource (

cl_context context, cl_uint count, const char **strings, const size_t *lengths, cl_int *errcode_ret)

cl program clCreateProgramWithIL (

cl_context context, const void *il, size_t length, cl_int *errcode_ret)

cl_program clCreateProgramWithBinary (

cl_context context, cl_uint num_devices, const cl_device_id *device_list, const size_t *lengths, const unsigned char **binaries, cl_int *binary_status, cl_int *errcode_ret)

cl_program clCreateProgramWithBuiltInKernels (

cl_context context, cl_uint num_devices, const cl_device_id *device_list, const char *kernel_names, cl_int *errcode_ret)

cl_int clRetainProgram (cl_program program)

cl_int clReleaseProgram (cl_program program)

Building Program Executables [5.8.2]

cl_int clBuildProgram (cl_program program, cl_uint num_devices, const cl_device_id *device_list, const char *options, void (CL_CALLBACK*pfn_notify) (cl_program program, void *user_data), void *user_data)

Separate Compilation and Linking [5.8.3]

cl_int clCompileProgram (cl_program program,

cl_uint num_devices, const cl_device_id *device_list,
const char *options, cl_uint num_input_headers,
const cl_program *input_headers,
const char **header_include_names,
void (CL_CALLBACK*pfn_notify)

(cl_program program, void *user_data), void *user_data)

const char *options, cl_uint num_input_programs, const cl_program *input_programs, void (CL_CALLBACK*pfn_notify)

void *user_data, cl_int *errcode_ret)

Unload the OpenCL Compiler [5.8.6]

cl int clUnloadPlatformCompiler (cl_platform_id platform)

Query Program Objects [5.8.7]

cl_int clGetProgramInfo (cl_program program,

cl program info param name

size_t param_value_size, void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)

param name: [Table 5.17]

CL_PROGRAM_REFERENCE_COUNT,

CL_PROGRAM_{CONTEXT, NUM_DEVICES, DEVICES},

CL_PROGRAM_{SOURCE, BINARY_SIZES, BINARIES}, CL_PROGRAM_{NUM_KERNELS, KERNEL_NAMES},

CL PROGRAM IL

cl_int clGetProgramBuildInfo (

cl_program program, cl_device_id device,

cl_program_build_info param_name,

size_t param_value_size, void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)

param name: [Table 5.18]

CL_PROGRAM_BINARY_TYPE,
CL_PROGRAM_BUILD_{STATUS, OPTIONS, LOG},

CL PROGRAM BUILD GLOBAL VARIABLE TOTAL SIZE

Compiler Options [5.8.4]

SPIR options require the cl_khr_spir extension.

Preprocessor: (-D processed in order for clBuildProgram or clCompileProgram) -D name -D name=definition -I dir

Math intrinsics:

-cl-single-precision-constant -cl-denorms-are-zero

-cl-fp32-correctly-rounded-divide-sqrt

cl int clEnqueueSVMMemFill (

cl_command_queue command_queue, void *svm_ptr, const void *pattern, size_t pattern_size, size_t size, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

cl_int clEnqueueSVMMap (

cl_command_queue, cl_bool blocking_map, cl_map_flags map_flags, void *svm_ptr, size_t size, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

cl int clEnqueueSVMUnmap (

cl_command_queue command_queue, void *svm_ptr, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

cl_int clEnqueueSVMMigrateMem (

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_uint num_svm_pointers, const void **svm_pointers, const size_t *sizes, cl_mem_migration_flags flags, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl event *event wait list, cl event *event)

Optimization options: -cl-opt-disable -cl-mad-enable -cl-no-signed-zeros -cl-finite-math-only -cl-unsafe-math-optimizations -cl-fast-relaxed-math

-cl-uniform-work-group-size

Warning request/suppress:

Control OpenCL C language version:

-cl-std=CL1.1 // OpenCL 1.1 specification // OpenCL 1.2 specification -cl-std=CL1.2 -cl-std=CL2.0 // OpenCL 2.0 specification

Query kernel argument information:

-cl-kernel-arg-info

Debugging options:

// generate additional errors for built-in -g // functions that allow you to enqueue // commands on a device

SPIR binary options:

-x spir // indicate that binary is in SPIR format -spir-std=x //x is SPIR spec version, e.g.: 1.2

Linker Options [5.8.5]

Library linking options:

-enable-link-options -create-library

Program linking options:

-cl-no-signed-zeroes -cl-denorms-are-zero -cl-finite-math-only -cl-fast-relaxed-math

-cl-unsafe-math-optimizations

Flush and Finish [5.15]

cl_int clFlush (cl_command_queue command_queue) cl_int clFinish (cl_command_queue command_queue)

Kernel Objects

A kernel object encapsulates the specific __kernel function and the argument values to be used when executing it. Items in blue apply when the appropriate extension is supported.

Create Kernel Objects [5.9.1]

- cl_kernel clCreateKernel (cl_program program, const char *kernel_name, cl_int *errcode_ret)
- cl_int clCreateKernelsInProgram (cl_program program, cl_uint num_kernels, cl_kernel *kernels, cl_uint *num_kernels_ret)
- cl_int clRetainKernel (cl_kernel kernel)
- cl int clReleaseKernel (cl kernel kernel)

Kernel Arguments and Queries [5.9.2-4]

cl_int clSetKernelArg (cl_kernel kernel, cl_uint arg_index, size t arg size, const void *arg value)

- cl_int clSetKernelArgSVMPointer (cl_kernel kernel, cl_uint arg_index, const void *arg_value)
- cl_int clSetKernelExecInfo (cl kernel kernel, cl_kernel_exec_info param_name,
- size_t param_value_size, const void *param_value) param_name: CL_KERNEL_EXEC_INFO_SVM_PTRS,
- CL_KERNEL_EXEC_INFO_SVM_FINE_GRAIN_SYSTEM cl_kernel clCloneKernel (cl_kernel source_kernel,

cl int clGetKernelInfo (cl kernel kernel,

cl_kernel_info param_name, size_t param_value_size, void *param value, size t *param value size ret)

param_name: [Table 5.20]

cl_int *errcode_ret)

CL_KERNEL_FUNCTION_NAME,
CL_KERNEL_NUM_ARGS,

CL_KERNEL_REFERENCE_COUNT,

CL_KERNEL_{ATTRIBUTES, CONTEXT, PROGRAM}

cl_int clGetKernelWorkGroupInfo (cl_kernel kernel,

cl_device_id device,

cl_kernel_work_group_info param_name, size_t param_value_size, void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)

param_name: CL_KERNEL_GLOBAL_WORK_SIZE,

CL_KERNEL_[COMPILE_]WORK_GROUP_SIZE,
CL_KERNEL_{COMPILE, MAX}_NUM_SUB_GROUPS, CL_KERNEL_{LOCAL, PRIVATE}_MEM_SIZE CL_KERNEL_PREFERRED_WORK_GROUP_SIZE_MULTIPLE

cl_int clGetKernelArgInfo (cl_kernel kernel,

cl_uint arg_indx, cl_kernel_arg_info param_name, size_t param_value_size, void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)

[Table 5.21]

param_name: [Table 5.23]
CL_KERNEL_ARG_{ACCESS, ADDRESS}_QUALIFIER,
CL_KERNEL_ARG_NAME,
CL_KERNEL_ARG_TYPE_{NAME, QUALIFIER}

(Continued on next page >)

Kernel Objects (continued)

cl int clGetKernelSubGroupInfo (

cl_kernel kernel, cl_device_id device, cl_kernel_sub_group_info param_name, size_t input_value_size, const void *input_value, size_t param_value_size, void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)

param_name: [Table 5.22]

CL_KERNEL_LOCAL_SIZE_FOR_SUB_GROUP_COUNT,
CL_KERNEL_MAX_SUB_GROUP_SIZE_FOR_

CL_KERNEL_SUB_GROUP_COUNT_FOR_NDRANGE

Event Objects

Event objects can be used to refer to a kernel execution command, and read, write, map, and copy commands on memory objects or user events.

Event Objects [5.11]

- cl event clCreateUserEvent (cl context context, cl int *errcode ret)
- cl_int clSetUserEventStatus (cl_event event, cl_int execution_status)
- cl_int clWaitForEvents (cl_uint num_events, const cl_event *event_Tist)

Execute Kernels [5.10]

cl_int clEnqueueNDRangeKernel (cl_command_queue command_queue, cl kernel kernel, cl uint work dim, const size_t *global_work_offset, const size_t *global_work_size, const size_t *local_work_size, cl_uint num_events in_wait_list, const cl event *event wait list, cl event *event)

cl_int clGetEventInfo (cl_event event,

cl_event_info param_name, size_t param_value_size, void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret) param_name: CL_EVENT_COMMAND_{QUEUE, TYPE}, CL_EVENT_{CONTEXT, REFERENCE_COUNT}, CL_EVENT_COMMAND_EXECUTION_STATUS [Table 5.24]

cl_int clRetainEvent (cl_event event)

cl_int clReleaseEvent (cl_event event)

cl int clSetEventCallback (cl_event event, cl_int command_exec_callback_type, void (CL_CALLBACK *pfn_event_notify) (cl event event,

cl_int_event_command_exec_status, void *user_data), void *user_data) cl int clEngueueNativeKernel (

cl command queue command queue void (CL_CALLBACK *user_func)(void *), void *args, size_t cb_args, cl_uint num_mem_objects, constcl_mem*mem_list, constvoid **args_mem_loc, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

Markers, Barriers, Waiting for Events [5.12]

cl_int clEnqueueMarkerWithWaitList (

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

cl_int clEnqueueBarrierWithWaitList (

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

Profiling Operations [5.14]

cl int clGetEventProfilingInfo (cl event event, cl_profiling_info param_name size_t param_value_size, void *param_value, size_t *param_value size_ret)

param_name: [Table 5.25]
 CL_PROFILING_COMMAND_{COMPLETE, QUEUED}, CL_PROFILING_COMMAND_{SUBMIT, START, END}

Memory Model: Shared Virtual Memory [3.3.3]

OpenCL extends the global memory region into the host memory region through a shared virtual memory (SVM) mechanism. There are three types of SVM in OpenCL

- Coarse-Grained buffer SVM: Sharing occurs at the granularity of regions of OpenCL buffer memory objects. Consistency is enforced at synchronization points and with map/unmap commands to drive updates between the host and the device. This form of SVM is similar to the use of cl_mem buffers, with two differences. First, it lets kernel-instances share pointer-based data structures (such as linked-lists) with the host program. Second, concurrent access by multiple kernels on the same device is valid as long as the set of concurrently executing kernels is bounded by synchronization points. Concurrent access by multiple kernels on the same device is valid as long as the set of kernels is bounded by synchronization points. This form of SVM is similar to non-SVM use of memory; however, it lets kernel-instances share pointer-based data structures (such as linked-lists) with the host program. Program scope global variables are treated as per-device coarse-grained SVM for addressing and sharing purposes.
- Fine-Grained buffer SVM: Sharing occurs at the granularity of individual loads/ stores into bytes within OpenCL buffer memory objects. Loads and stores may be cached. This means consistency is guaranteed at synchronization points. If the optional OpenCL atomics are supported, they can be used to provide fine-grained control of memory consistency.
- Fine-Grained system SVM: Sharing occurs at the granularity of individual loads/ stores into bytes occurring anywhere within the host memory. Loads and stores may be cached so consistency is guaranteed at synchronization points. If the optional OpenCL atomics are supported, they can be used to provide fine-grained control of memory consistency.

Coarse-Grained buffer SVM is required in the core OpenCL specification. The two finer grained approaches are optional features in OpenCL. The various SVM mechanisms to access host memory from the work-items associated with a kernel instance are summarized in table 3-2 below.

Summary of SVM Options in OpenCL [3.3.3, Table 3-2]

SVM	Granularity of sharing	Memory allocation	Mechanisms to enforce consistency	Explicit updates between host and device?
Non-SVM buffers	OpenCL Memory objects (buffer)	clCreateBuffer	Host synchronization points on the same or between devices.	Yes, through Map and Unmap commands.
Coarse-Grained buffer SVM	OpenCL Memory objects (buffer)	clSVMAlloc	Host synchronization points between devices	Yes, through Map and Unmap commands.
Fine Grained buffer SVM	Bytes within OpenCL Memory objects (buffer)	clSVMAlloc	Synchronization points plus atomics (if supported)	No
Fine-Grained system SVM	Bytes within Host memory (system)	Host memory allocation mechanisms (e.g. malloc)	Synchronization points plus atomics (if supported)	No

lotes	

OpenCL C Language Reference

Section and table references are to the OpenCL C Language 2.0 specification.

Supported Data Types

The optional double scalar and vector types are supported if CL DEVICE DOUBLE FP CONFIG is not zero.

Built-in Scalar Data Types [6.1.1]

OpenCL Type	API Type	Description
bool		true (1) or false (0)
char	cl_char	8-bit signed
unsigned char, uchar	cl_uchar	8-bit unsigned
short	cl_short	16-bit signed
unsigned short, ushort	cl_ushort	16-bit unsigned
int	cl_int	32-bit signed
unsigned int, uint	cl_uint	32-bit unsigned
long	cl_long	64-bit signed
unsigned long, ulong	cl_ulong	64-bit unsigned
float	cl_float	32-bit float
double OPTIONAL	cl_double	64-bit IEEE 754
half	cl_half	16-bit float (storage only)
size_t		32- or 64-bit unsigned integer
ptrdiff_t		32- or 64-bit signed integer
intptr_t		32- or 64-bit signed integer
uintptr_t		32- or 64-bit unsigned integer
void	void	void

Built-in Vector Data Types [6.1.2]

OpenCL Type	API Type	Description
charn	cl_charn	8-bit signed
uchar <i>n</i>	cl_ucharn	8-bit unsigned
shortn	cl_short <i>n</i>	16-bit signed
ushort <i>n</i>	cl_ushort <i>n</i>	16-bit unsigned
intn	cl_intn	32-bit signed
uint <i>n</i>	cl_uintn	32-bit unsigned
longn	cl_longn	64-bit signed
ulong <i>n</i>	cl_ulongn	64-bit unsigned
floatn	cl_floatn	32-bit float
doublen OPTIONAL	cl_doublen	64-bit float
halfn	Requires the cl	_khr_fp16 extension

Other Built-in Data Types [6.1.3]

The **OPTIONAL** types shown below are only defined if CL DEVICE IMAGE SUPPORT is CL TRUE. API type for application shown in italics where applicable. Items in blue require the cl_khr_gl_msaa_sharing extension.

OpenCL Type		Description
image2d_[msaa_]t	OPTIONAL	2D image handle
image3d_t	OPTIONAL	3D image handle
image2d_array_ [msaa_]t	OPTIONAL	2D image array
image1d_t	OPTIONAL	1D image handle
image1d_buffer_t	OPTIONAL	1D image buffer

image1d_array_t	OPTIONAL	1D image array
image2d_ [msaa_]depth_t	OPTIONAL	2D depth image
image2d_array_ [msaa_]depth_t	OPTIONAL	2D depth image array
sampler_t	OPTIONAL	sampler handle
queue_t		
ndrange_t		
clk_event_t		
reserve_id_t		
event_t		event handle
cl_mem_fence_flags		

Reserved Data Types [6.1.4]

OpenCL Type	Description
booln	boolean vector
halfn	16-bit, vector
quad, quadn	128-bit float, vector
complex half, complex halfn imaginary half, imaginary half,	16-bit complex, vector
complex float, complex floatn imaginary float, imaginary float	32-bit complex, vector
complex double, complex doublen imaginary double, imaginary double	64-bit complex, vector
complex quad, complex quadn imaginary quad, imaginary quadn	128-bit complex, vector
floatnxm	n*m matrix of 32-bit floats
doublenxm	n*m matrix of 64-bit floats

Vector Component Addressing [6.1.7]

Vector Components

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
float2 v;	v.x, v.s0	v.y, v.s1														
float3 v;	v.x, v.s0	v.y, v.s1	v.z, v.s2													
float4 v;	v.x, v.s0	v.y, v.s1	v.z, v.s2	v.w, v.s3												
float8 v;	v.s0	v.s1	v.s2	v.s3	v.s4	v.s5	v.s6	v.s7								
float16 v;	v.s0	v.s1	v.s2	v.s3	v.s4	v.s5	v.s6	v.s7	v.s8	v.s9	v.sa, v.sA	v.sb, v.sB	v.sc, v.sC	v.sd, v.sD	v.se, v.sE	v.sf, v.sF

Vector Addressing Equivalences

Numeric indices are preceded by the letter s or S, e.g.: s1. Swizzling, duplication, and nesting are allowed, e.g.: v.yx,

	v.lo	v.hi	v.odd	v.even
float2	v.x, v.s0	v.y, v.s1	v.y, v.s1	v.x, v.s0
float3 *	v.s01, v.xy	v.s23, v.zw	v.s13, v.yw	v.s02, v.xz
float4	v.s01, v.xy	v.s23, v.zw	v.s13, v.yw	v.s02, v.xz

	v.lo	v.hi	v.odd	v.even				
float8	v.s0123	v.s4567	v.s1357	v.s0246				
float16	v.s01234567	v.s89abcdef	ef v.s13579bdf v.s02468a					
*When using .lo or .hi with a 3-component vector, the .w component is undefined.								

Operators [6.3] These operators behave similarly as in C99 except onerands may include vector types when possible.

operando			c, p co	icii poooii	0.0.
+	-	*	%	/	
++	==	!=	&	~	٨
>	<	>=	<=		!

?: && Ш

Address Space Qualifiers [6.5]

Operators and Qualifiers

__global, global ___local, local __constant, constant ___private, private __global, global

sizeof

Function Qualifiers [6.7]

op=

__kernel, kernel

__attribute__((vec_type_hint(type)))

//type defaults to int

_attribute__((work_group_size_hint(X, Y, Z)))

_attribute__((reqd_work_group_size(X, Y, Z)))

Attribute Qualifiers [6.11]

Use to specify special attributes of enum, struct, and union types.

__attribute__((aligned(n))) __attribute__((endian(host))) __attribute__((aligned)) __attribute__((endian(device))) __attribute__((endian)) attribute ((packed))

Use to specify special attributes of variables or structure fields.

__attribute__((aligned(alignment))) __attribute__((nosvm))

Use to specify basic blocks and control-flow-statements. __attribute__(((attr1)) {...}

Use to specify that a loop (for, while, and do loops) can be unrolled. (Must appear immediately before the loop to be affected.)

__attribute__((opencl_unroll_hint(n))) __attribute__((opencl_unroll_hint))

Preprocessor Directives & Macros [6.10]

#pragma OPENCL FP CONTRACT on-off-switch on-off-switch: ON, OFF, DEFAULT

FILE	Current source file
func	Current function name
LINE	Integer line number
OPENCL_VERSION	Integer version number, e.g: 200
CL_VERSION_1_0	Substitutes integer 100 for 1.0
CL_VERSION_1_1	Substitutes integer 110 for 1.1
CL_VERSION_1_2	Substitutes integer 120 for 1.2
CL_VERSION_2_0	Substitutes integer 200 for 2.0
OPENCL_C_VERSION	Sub. integer for OpenCL C version
ENDIAN_LITTLE	1 if device is little endian
IMAGE_SUPPORT	1 if images are supported
FAST_RELAXED_MATH	1 if —cl-fast-relaxed-math optimization option is specified
FP_FAST_FMA	Defined if double fma is fast
FP_FAST_FMAF	Defined if float fma is fast
FP_FAST_FMA_HALF	Defined if half fma is fast
kernel_exec (X, typen) Same as: kernelattribute((work_group_size_hint(X, 1, 1))) attribute((vec_type_hint(typen)))	

Blocks [6.12]

A result value type with a list of parameter types, similar to a function type. In this example:

- 1. The ^ declares variable "myBlock" is a Block.
- 2. The return type for the Block "myBlock" is int.
- 3. myBlock takes a single argument of type int.
- 4. The argument is named "num."
- 5. Multiplier captured from block's environment.

Work-Item Built-in Functions [6.13.1]

Query the number of dimensions, global, and local work size specified to clEnqueueNDRangeKernel, and global and local identifier of each work-item when this kernel is executed on a device. Sub-groups require the cl_khr_subgroups extension.

uint get_work_dim ()	Number of	dimensions in use
size_t get_global_size (uint <i>dimindx</i>)	Number of	global work-items
size_t get_global_id (uint <i>dimindx</i>)	Global worl	k-item ID value
size_t get_local_size (uint <i>dimindx</i>)		local work-items if kernel ith uniform work-group size
size_t get_enqueued_local_size (uint dimindx)		Number of local work- items
size_t get_local_id (uint dimindx)		Local work-item ID
size_t get_num_groups (uint dimindx)		Number of work-groups

size_t get_group_id (uint <i>dimindx</i>)	Work-group ID
size_t get_global_offset (uint dimindx)	Global offset
size_t get_global_linear_id ()	Work-items 1-dimensional global ID
size_t get_local_linear_id ()	Work-items 1-dimensional local ID
uint get_sub_group_size ()	Number of work-items in the subgroup
uint get_max_sub_group_size ()	Maximum size of a subgroup
uint get_num_sub_groups ()	Number of subgroups
uint get_enqueued_num_sub_groups ()	
uint get_sub_group_id ()	Sub-group ID
uint get_sub_group_local_id ()	Unique work-item ID

Math Built-in Functions [6.13.2] [9.4.2]

Ts is type float, optionally double, or half if the cl_khr_fp16 extension is enabled. *Tn* is the vector form of *Ts*, where *n* is 2, 3, 4, 8, or 16. *T* is *Ts* and *Tn*. All angles are in radians.

HN indicates that half and native variants are available using only the float or float*n* types by prepending "half_" or "native_" to the function name. Prototypes shown in brown text are available in half_ and native_ forms only using the float or float*n* types.

using the hoat of hoath types.		
T acos (T)	Arc cosine	
T acosh (T)	Inverse hyperbolic cosine	
T acospi (Tx)	acos (x) / π	
T asin (T)	Arc sine	
T asinh (T)	Inverse hyperbolic sine	
T asinpi (T x)	asin (x) / π	
Tatan (Ty_over_x)	Arc tangent	
T atan2 (T y , T x)	Arc tangent of y / x	
T atanh (T)	Hyperbolic arc tangent	
Tatanpi (Tx)	atan (x) / π	
Tatan2pi (Tx, Ty)	atan2 (y, x) / π	
T cbrt (T)	Cube root	
⊤ ceil (T)	Round to integer toward + infinity	
T copysign (Tx, Ty)	x with sign changed to sign of y	
$T\cos(T)$	Cosine	
T cosh (T)	Hyperbolic cosine	
⊤ cospi (⊤x)	cos (π x)	
T half_divide (T x, T y) T native_divide (T x, T y)	x/y (T may only be float or float n)	
T erfc (T)	Complementary error function	
<i>T</i> erf (<i>T</i>)	Calculates error function of T	
$T \exp(T x)$ HN	Exponential base e	
<i>T</i> exp2 (<i>T</i>) HN	Exponential base 2	
<i>T</i> exp10 (<i>T</i>) HN	Exponential base 10	
T expm1 (T x)	e ^x -1.0	
T fabs (T)	Absolute value	
T fdim (T x, T y)	Positive difference between x and y	
⊤ floor (⊺)	Round to integer toward infinity	
Т fma (Т а, Т b, Т с)	Multiply and add, then round	
T fmax (T x, T y) Tn fmax (Tn x, Ts y)	Return <i>y</i> if <i>x</i> < <i>y</i> , otherwise it returns <i>x</i>	

T fmin (T x, T y) Tn fmin (Tn x, Ts y)	Return <i>y</i> if <i>y</i> < <i>x</i> , otherwise it returns <i>x</i>
$T \operatorname{fmod} (Tx, Ty)$	Modulus. Returns $x - y * trunc(x/y)$
T fract (T x, T *iptr)	Fractional value in x
Ts frexp (T x, int *exp) Tn frexp (T x, intn *exp)	Extract mantissa and exponent
T hypot (Tx, Ty)	Square root of $x^2 + y^2$
int[n] ilogb (Tx)	Return exponent as an integer value
Ts Idexp (T x, int n) Tn Idexp (T x, intn n)	x * 2 ⁿ
T Igamma (T x) Ts Igamma_r (Ts x, int *signp) Tn Igamma_r (Tn x, intn *signp)	Log gamma function
$T \log (T)$ HN	Natural logarithm
7 log2 (₹) HN	Base 2 logarithm
7 log10 (₹) HN	Base 10 logarithm
T log1p (T x)	In (1.0 + x)
T logb (T x)	Exponent of x
T mad (T a, T b, T c)	Approximates a * b + c
T maxmag (Tx , Ty)	Maximum magnitude of x and y
T minmag (T x, T y)	Minimum magnitude of x and y
T modf (T x, T *iptr)	Decompose floating-point number
float[n] nan (uint[n] nancode)	Quiet NaN (Return is scalar when nancode is scalar)
half[n] nan (ushort[n] nancode) double[n] nan (ulong[n] nancode)	Quiet NaN (Return is scalar when <i>nancode</i> is scalar)
T nextafter (Tx, Ty)	Next representable floating-point value after x in the direction of y
T pow (T x, T y)	Compute x to the power of y
Ts pown (T x, int y) Tn pown (T x, intn y)	Compute x^y , where y is an integer
T powr (Tx, Ty) HN	Compute x^y , where x is >= 0
T half_recip (Tx) T native_recip (Tx)	1/x (T may only be float or float n)
T remainder (T x, T y)	Floating point remainder
Ts remquo (Ts x, Ts y, int *quo) Tn remquo (Tn x, Tn y, intn *quo)	Remainder and quotient
<i>T</i> rint (<i>T</i>)	Round to nearest even integer
Ts rootn (T x, int y) Tn rootn (T x, intn y)	Compute x to the power of 1/y

T round (Tx)	Integral value nearest to x rounding
T rsqrt (T) HN	Inverse square root
$T \sin(T)$ HN	Sine
T sincos (T x, T *cosval)	Sine and cosine of <i>x</i>
T sinh (T)	Hyperbolic sine
T sinpi (T x)	sin (π x)
T sqrt (T) HN	Square root
$T \tan (T)$ HN	Tangent
T tanh (T)	Hyperbolic tangent
⊤tanpi (⊤x)	tan (π x)
T tgamma (T)	Gamma function
T trunc (T)	Round to integer toward zero

Math Constants [6.13.2] [9.4.2]

The values of the following symbolic constants are single-precision float.

MAXFLOAT	Value of maximum non-infinite single-precision floating-point number
HUGE_VALF	Positive float expression, evaluates to +infinity
HUGE_VAL	Positive double expression, evals. to +infinity OPTIONAL
INFINITY	Constant float expression, positive or unsigned infinity
NAN	Constant float expression, quiet NaN

When double precision is supported, macros ending in _F are available in type double by removing _F from the macro name, and in type half when the cl_khr_fp16 extension is enabled by replacing _F with _H.

M_E_F	Value of e
M_LOG2E_F	Value of log ₂ e
M_LOG10E_F	Value of log ₁₀ e
M_LN2_F	Value of log _e 2
M_LN10_F	Value of log _e 10
M_PI_F	Value of π
M_PI_2_F	Value of π / 2
M_PI_4_F	Value of π / 4
M_1_PI_F	Value of 1 / π
M_2_PI_F	Value of 2 / π
M_2_SQRTPI_F	Value of 2 / √π
M_SQRT2_F	Value of √2
M_SQRT1_2_F	Value of 1 / V2

Integer Built-in Functions [6.13.3]

T is type char, charn, uchar, ucharn, short, shortn, ushort, ushortn, int, intn, uint, uintn, long, longn, ulong, or ulongn, where n is 2, 3, 4, 8, or 16. *Tu* is the unsigned version of *T*. *Tsc* is the scalar version of *T*.

Tu abs (T x)	x
Tu abs_diff (T x, T y)	x – y without modulo overflow
T add_sat (Tx , Ty)	x + y and saturates the result
T hadd (Tx, Ty)	(x + y) >> 1 without mod. overflow
T rhadd (Tx, Ty)	(x + y + 1) >> 1
T clamp (T x, T min, T max) T clamp (T x, Tsc min, Tsc max)	min(max(x, minval), maxval)
T clz (T x)	number of leading 0-bits in x
T ctz (T x)	number of trailing 0-bits in x
T mad_hi (T α, T b, T c)	mul_hi(a, b) + c
T mad_sat (T a, T b, T c)	a * b + c and saturates the result
T max (T x, T y) T max (T x, Tsc y)	y if $x < y$, otherwise it returns x
T min (T x, T y) T min (T x, Tsc y)	y if $y < x$, otherwise it returns x
$T \text{ mul_hi } (Tx, Ty)$	high half of the product of x and y
T rotate (T v, T i)	result[indx] = v[indx] << i[indx]

T sub_sat (T x, T y)	x - y and saturates the result
T popcount (Tx)	Number of non-zero bits in x

For upsample , return type is scalar when the parameters are scalar.		
short[n] upsample (char[n] hi, uchar[n] lo)	result[i]= ((short)hi[i]<< 8) lo[i]	
ushort[n] upsample (uchar[n] hi, uchar[n] lo)	result[i]=((ushort)hi[i]<< 8) lo[i]	
<pre>int[n] upsample (short[n] hi, ushort[n] lo)</pre>	result[i]=((int)hi[i]<< 16) lo[i]	
uint[n] upsample (ushort[n] hi, ushort[n] lo)	result[i]=((uint)hi[i]<< 16) /o[i]	

The following fast integer functions optimize the performance of kernels. In these functions, *T* is type int, uint, int*n* or int*n*,where *n* is 2, 3, 4, 8, or 16.

result[i]=((long)hi[i] << 32) | lo[i]

result[i]=((ulong)hi[i] << 32) | lo[i]

long[n] upsample (int[n] hi, uint[n] lo)

ulong[n] **upsample** (uint[n] hi, uint[n] lo)

T mad24 (T x, T y, T z)	Multiply 24-bit integer values x, y, add 32-bit int. result to 32-bit integer z
T mul24 (T x. T v)	Multiply 24-bit integer values x and v

Common Built-in Functions [6.13.4] [9.4.3]

These functions operate component-wise and use round to nearest even rounding mode. *Ts* is type float, optionally double, or half if cl_khr_fp16 is enabled. *Tn* is the vector form of *Ts*, where *n* is 2, 3, 4, 8, or 16. *T* is *Ts* and *Tn*.

T clamp (T x, T min, T max) Tn clamp (Tn x, Ts min, Ts max)	Clamp x to range given by min, max
T degrees (T radians)	radians to degrees
T max (T x, T y) Tn max (Tn x, Ts y)	Max of x and y
T min (T x, T y) Tn min (Tn x, Ts y)	Min of x and y
T mix (T x, T y, T a) Tn mix (Tn x, Tn y, Ts a)	Linear blend of x and y
T radians (T degrees)	degrees to radians
T step (T edge, T x) Tn step (Ts edge, Tn x)	0.0 if <i>x</i> < <i>edge</i> , else 1.0
T smoothstep (T edge0, T edge1, T x) T smoothstep (Ts edge0, Ts edge1, T x)	Step and interpolate
T sign (T x)	Sign of x

Relational Built-in Functions [6.13.6]

These functions can be used with built-in scalar or vector types as arguments and return a scalar or vector integer result. *T* is type float, floatn, char, charn, uchar, ucharn, short, shortn, ushortn, int, intn, uint, uintn, long, longn, ulong, ulongn, or optionally double or doublen. *Ti* is type char, charn, short, shortn, int, intn, long, or longn. *Tu* is type uchar, ucharn, ushort, ushortn, uint, uintn, ulong, or ulongn. n is 2, 3, 4, 8, or 16. half and halfn types require the cl_khr_fp16 extension [9.4.5].

int isequal (float x, float y) intn isequal (floatn x, floatn y) int isequal (double x, double y) longn isequal (doublen x, doublen y) int isequal (half x, half y) shortn isequal (halfn x, halfn y)	Compare of x == y
int isnotequal (float x, float y) intn isnotequal (floatn x, floatn y) int isnotequal (double x, double y) longn isnotequal (doublen x, doublen y) int isnotequal (half x, half y) shortn isnotequal (halfn x, halfn y)	Compare of x != y
int isgreater (float x, float y) intn isgreater (floatn x, floatn y) int isgreater (double x, double y) longn isgreater (doublen x, doublen y) int isgreater (half x, half y) shortn isgreater (halfn x, halfn y)	Compare of x > y
int isgreaterequal (float x, float y) intn isgreaterequal (floatn x, floatn y) int isgreaterequal (double x, double y)	Compare of x >= y
longn isgreaterequal (doublen x, doublen y) int isgreaterequal (half x, half y) shortn isgreaterequal (halfn x, halfn y)	Compare of x >= y
int isless (float x, float y) intn isless (floatn x, floatn y)	Compare of x < y

longn isless (doublen x, doublen y) int isless (half x, half y) shortn isless (halfn x, halfn y)	Compare of x < y
int islessequal (float x, float y) intn islessequal (floatn x, floatn y) int islessequal (double x, double y) longn islessequal (doublen x, doublen y) int islessequal (half x, half y) shortn islessequal (halfn x, halfn y)	Compare of x <= y
int islessgreater (float x, float y) intn islessgreater (floatn x, floatn y) int islessgreater (double x, double y) longn islessgreater (doublen x, doublen y) int islessgreater (half x, half y) shortn islessgreater (halfn x, halfn y)	Compare of (x < y) (x > y)
int isfinite (float) intn isfinite (floatn) int isfinite (double) longn isfinite (doublen) int isfinite (half) shortn isfinite (halfn)	Test for finite value
int isinf (float) intn isinf (floatn) int isinf (double) longn isinf (doublen) int isinf (half) shortn isinf (halfn)	Test for + or — infinity
int isnan (float) int <i>n</i> isnan (float <i>n</i>)	Test for a NaN
int isnan (double) longn isnan (doublen) int isnan (half) shortn isnan (halfn)	Test for a NaN
int isnormal (float) intn isnormal (floatn) int isnormal (double)	Test for a normal value

longn isnormal (doublen) int isnormal (half) shortn isnormal (halfn)	Test for a normal value
int isordered (float x, float y) intn isordered (floatn x, floatn y) int isordered (double x, double y) longn isordered (doublen x, doublen y) int isordered (half x, half y) shortn isordered (halfn x, halfn y)	Test if arguments are ordered
int isunordered (float x, float y) intn isunordered (floatn x, floatn y) int isunordered (double x, double y) longn isunordered (doublen x, doublen y) int isunordered (half x, half y) shortn isunordered (halfn x, halfn y)	Test if arguments are unordered
int signbit (float) intn signbit (floatn) int signbit (double) longn signbit (doublen) int signbit (halfn) shortn signbit (halfn)	Test for sign bit
int any (Ti x)	1 if MSB in componen of x is set; else 0
int all (Ti x)	1 if MSB in all components of x are set; else 0
T bitselect (T a, T b, T c) half bitselect (half a, half b, half c) halfn bitselect (halfn a, halfn b, halfn c)	Each bit of result is corresponding bit of a if corresponding bit of c is 0
T select (T a, T b, Ti c) T select (T a, T b, Tu c) halfn select (halfn a, halfn b, shortn c) half select (half a, half b, short c) halfn select (halfn a, halfn b, ushortn c) half select (half a, half b, ushort c)	For each component of a vector type, result[i] = if MSB of c[i] is set? b[i]: a[i] For scalar type, result = c?b:a

Geometric Built-in Functions [6.13.5] [9.4.4]

Ts is scalar type float, optionally double, or half if the half extension is enabled. T is Ts and the 2-, 3-, or 4-component vector forms of Ts.

float{3,4} cross (float{3,4} p0, float{3,4} p1)	
double{3,4} cross (double{3,4} p0, double{3,4} p1)	Cross product
half{3,4} cross (half{3,4} p0, half{3,4} p1)	

Ts distance (T p0, T p1)	Vector distance
Ts dot (T p0, T p1)	Dot product
Ts length (T p)	Vector length
T normalize $(T p)$	Normal vector length 1

int isnormal (double)

float fast_distance (float $p0$, float $p1$) float fast_distance (float $p0$, float $p1$)	Vector distance
float fast_length (float p) float fast_length (float n p)	Vector length
float fast_normalize (float p) float n fast_normalize (float n p)	Normal vector length 1

int isless (double x, double y)

Vector Data Load/Store [6.13.7] [9.4.6] void vstore half (float data, Write a half vector to address void vstore halfn R (doublen size_t offset, half *p) data, size_t offset, half *p) (p + (offset * n))T is type char, uchar, short, ushort, int, uint, long, ulong, void vstore half R (float data, Write a half to address or float, optionally double, or half if the cl khr fp16 size_t offset, half *p) (p + offset)Read half vector data from (p extension is enabled. Tn refers to the vector form of type T, floatn vloada halfn (size t offset, + (offset * n)). For half3, read void vstore_half (double data, where n is 2, 3, 4, 8, or 16. R defaults to current rounding const [constant] half *p) size_t offset, half *p) from (p + (offset * 4)). mode, or is one of the rounding modes listed in 6.2.3.2. void vstore_half_R (double data, Write a half to address void vstorea_halfn (floatn data, Tn vloadn (size_t offset, Read vector data from size_t offset, half *p) size_t offset, half *p) const [constant] T * p) address (p + (offset * n)) void vstore_halfn (floatn data, void vstorea_halfn_R (floatn data, Write vector data to address void vstoren (Tn data, Write half vector data to (p + size_t offset, half *p) size_t offset, half *p) (p + (offset * n)size t offset, T*p) (offset * n)). For half3, write void vstorea_halfn (doublen data, void vstore_halfn_R (floatn data, Write a half vector to address to (p + (offset * 4)). float vload_half (size_t offset, Read a half from address size_t offset, half *p) size_t offset, half *p) (p + (offset * n))

void vstore_halfn (doublen data,

size t offset, half *p)

Synchronization & Memory Fence Functions [6.13.8]

(p + offset)

(p + (offset * n))

flags argument is the memory address space, set to a 0 or an OR'd combination of CLK_X_MEM_FENCE where X may be LOCAL, GLOBAL, or IMAGE. Memory fence functions provide ordering between memory operations of a work-item. Sub-groups require the cl_khr_subgroups extension.

Read a halfn from address

void work_group_barrier (cl_mem_fence_flags flags[, memory_scope scope])	Work-items in a work-group must execute this before any can continue
void atomic_work_item_fence (cl_mem_fence_flags flags [, memory_scope scope])	Orders loads and stores of a work- item executing a kernel
void sub_group_barrier (cl_mem_fence_flags <i>flags</i> [, memory scope <i>scope</i>])	Work-items in a sub-group must execute this before any can continue

Atomic Functions [6.13.11]

const [constant] half *p)

const [constant] half *p)

floatn vload_halfn (size_t offset,

OpenCL C implements a subset of the C11 atomics (see section 7.17 of the C11 specification) and synchronization operations.

In the following tables, A refers to an atomic * type (not including atomic_flag). C refers to its corresponding non-atomic type. M refers to the type of the other argument for arithmetic operations. For atomic integer types, M is C. For atomic pointer types, M is ptrdiff t.

The type atomic_* is a 32-bit integer. atomic_long and atomic_ulong require extension cl_khr_int64_base_atomics or cl_khr_int64_extended_atomics. The atomic_double type requires double precision support. The default scope is work_group for local atomics and all_sym_devices for global atomics. The extensions cl_khr_int64_base_atomics and cl khr int64 extended atomics implement atomic operations on 64-bit signed and unsigned integers to locations in __global and __local memory.

See the table under Atomic Types and Enum Constants for information about

parameter types memory_order, memory_sc	
void atomic_init(volatile A *obj, C value)	Initializes the atomic object pointed to by <i>obj</i> to the value <i>value</i> .
<pre>void atomic_work_item_fence(cl_mem_fence_flags flags, memory_order order, memory_scope scope)</pre>	Effects based on value of <i>order. flags</i> must be CLK_{GLOBAL, LOCAL, IMAGE}_MEM_FENCE or a combination of these.
void atomic_store(volatile A *object, C desired) void atomic_store_explicit(volatile A *object, C desired, memory_order order[, memory_scope scope])	Atomically replace the value pointed to by <i>object</i> with the value of <i>desired</i> . Memory is affected according to the value of <i>order</i> .
C atomic_load(volatile A *object) C atomic_load_explicit(volatile A *object, memory_order order[, memory_scope scope])	Atomically returns the value pointed to by object. Memory is affected according to the value of order.
C atomic_exchange(volatile A *object, C desired) C atomic_exchange_explicit(volatile A *object, C desired, memory_order order[, memory_scope scope])	Atomically replace the value pointed to by <i>object</i> with <i>desired</i> . Memory is affected according to the value of <i>order</i> .
bool atomic_compare_exchange_strong(volatile A *object, C *expected, C desired) bool atomic_compare_exchange_strong_explicit(volatile A *object, C *expected, C desired, memory_order success, memory_order failure[, memory_scope scope]) bool atomic_compare_exchange_weak(volatile A *object,	Atomically compares the value pointed to by object for equality with that in expected, and if true, replaces the value pointed to by object with desired, and if false, updates the value in expected with the value pointed to by object. IThese operations are atomic read-modifywrite operations.
volatile A * object, C * expected, C desired, memory_order success,	

Atomically replaces the value pointed to by

applied to the value pointed to by object and

object with the result of the computation

the given operand.

Async Copies and Prefetch [6.13.10] [9.4.7]

event_t async_work_group_copy (__local T *dst,

T is type char, charn, uchar, ucharn, short, shortn, ushort, ushortn, int, intn, uint, uintn, long, longn, ulongn, ulongn, float, floatn, optionally double or doublen, or half or halfn if the cl_khr_fp16 extension is enabled.

void vstorea_halfn_R (doublen

data, size_t offset, half *p)

constglobal T*src, size_t num_gentypes, event_t event) event_t async_work_group_copy (global T*dst, constlocal T*src, size_t num_gentypes, event_t event)		Copies num gentypes
event_t async_work_group_strided_copy(_local T *dst, constglobal T *src, size_t num_gentypes, size_t src_stride, event_t event) event_t async_work_group_strided_copy(global T *dst, constlocal T *src, size_t num_gentypes, size_t dst_stride, event_t event)		T elements from src to dst
void wait_group_events (int num_events, event_t *event_list)	Wait for completion of async_work_group_co	ру
void prefetch (constglobal T *p, size_t num_gentypes)	Prefetch num_gentypes * sizeof(T) bytes into global cache	

bool atomic_flag_test_and_set(volatile atomic_flag *object) bool atomic_flag_test_and_set_explicit(volatile atomic_flag *object, memory_order order[, memory_scope scope])

Atomically sets the value pointed to by object to true. Memory is affected according to the value of order. Returns atomically, the value of the object immediately before the effects.

void atomic_flag_clear(volatile atomic_flag *object) void atomic_flag_clear_explicit(volatile atomic_flag *object, memory_order order[, memory_scope scope])

Atomically sets the value pointed to by object to false. The order argument shall not be memory_order_acquire nor memory_order_acq_rel. Memory is affected according to the value of order.

Values for key for atomic_fetch and modify functions

key	ор	computation	key	ор	computation
add	+	addition	and	&	bitwise and
sub	-	subtraction	min	min	compute min
or	1	bitwise inclusive or	max	max	compute max
xor	۸	bitwise exclusive or			

Atomic Types and Enum Constants

memory_scope_sub_group requires the cl_khr_subgroups extension.

Parameter Type	Values
memory_order	memory_order_relaxed memory_order_acquire memory_order_release memory_order_acq_cst
memory_scope	memory_scope_work_item memory_scope_work_group memory_scope_sub_group memory_scope_all_svm_devices memory_scope_device (default for functions that do not take a memory_scope argument)

Atomic integer and floating-point types

† indicates types supported by a limited subset of atomic operations

‡ indicates size depends on whether implemented on 64-bit or 32-bit architecture. § indicates types supported only if both 64-bit extensions are supported.

atomic_int	atomic_long §	atomic_float †	atomic_intptr_t ‡§	atomic_size_t ‡§
atomic_uint	atomic_ulong §	atomic_double †§	atomic_uintptr_t ‡§	atomic_ptrdiff_t ‡§
atomic_flag				

Atomic Macros

#define ATOMIC_VAR_INIT(C value)	Expands to a token sequence to initialize an atomic object of a type that is initialization-compatible with <i>value</i> .
#define ATOMIC_FLAG_INIT	Initialize an atomic_flag to the clear state.

memory_scope scope])

M operand, memory_order order[,

memory_order failure[, memory_scope scope])

C atomic_fetch_<key>(volatile A *object, M operand)

C atomic_fetch_<key>_explicit(volatile A *object,

Address Space Qualifier Functions [6.13.9]

T refers to any of the built-in data types supported by OpenCL C or a user-defined type.

[const] global T * to_global ([const] T * <i>ptr</i>)	global address space
[const] local T * to_local ([const] T * <i>ptr</i>)	local address space
[const] private T * to_private ([const] T *ptr)	private address space
[const] cl_mem_fence_flags get_fence([const] T*ptr)	Memory fence value: CLK_GLOBAL_MEM_FENCE, CLK_LOCAL_MEM_FENCE

printf Function [6.13.13]

Writes output to an implementation-defined stream.

int printf (constant char * restrict format, ...)

printf output synchronizationWhen the event associated with a particular kernel invocation completes, the output of applicable **printf** calls is flushed to the implementation-defined output stream.

printf format string

The format string follows C99 conventions and supports an optional vector specifier:

%[flags][width][.precision][vector][length] conversion

Examples:

The following examples show the use of the vector specifier in the **printf** format string.

float4 f = (float4)(1.0f, 2.0f, 3.0f, 4.0f); printf("f4 = %2.2v4f\n", f);

Output: f4 = 1.00.2.00.3.00.4.00 uchar4 uc = (uchar4)(0xFA, 0xFB, 0xFC, 0xFD);

printf("uc = %#v4x\n", uc);

Output: uc = 0xfa,0xfb,0xfc,0xfd

uint2 ui = (uint2)(0x12345678, 0x87654321); printf("unsigned short value = (%#v2hx)\n", ui); Output: unsigned short value = (0x5678,0x4321)

Miscellaneous Vector Functions [6.13.12]

Tm and Tn are type charn, ucharn, shortn, ushortn, intn, uintn, longn, ulongn, floatn, optionally doublen, or halfn if the cl_khr_fp16 extension is supported, where n is 2,4,8, or 16 except in vec_step it may also be 3. TUn is ucharn, ushortn, uintn, or ulongn.

int vec_step (<i>Tn a</i>)
int vec_step (typename)

Takes built-in scalar or vector data type argument. Returns 1 for scalar, 4 for 3-component vector, else number of elements in the specified type.

Construct permutation of elements

from one or two input vectors, return

Tn shuffle (Tm x, TUn mask)

a vector with same element type as Tn shuffle2 (Tm x, Tm y, input and length that is the same as TUn mask) the shuffle mask

Workgroup Functions [6.13.15] [9.17.3.4]

T is type int, uint, long, ulong, or float, optionally double, or half if the cl_khr_fp16 extension is supported. Subgroups require the cl_khr_subgroups extension. Double and vector types require double precision support.

Returns a non-zero value if predicate evaluates to non-zero for all or any workitems in the work-group or sub-group.

int work group all (int predicate)

int work group any (int predicate)

int sub_group_all (int predicate)

int sub group any (int predicate)

Return result of reduction operation specified by <op> for all values of x specified by workitems in work-group or sub_group. <op> may be min, max, or add.

T work_group_reduce_<op> (Tx)

T sub group reduce $\langle op \rangle (Tx)$

Broadcast the value of a to all work-items in the work-group or sub_group. local_id must be the same value for all workitems in the work-group. n may be 2 or 3.

T work_group_broadcast (T a, size_t local_id)

Twork_group_broadcast (Ta, size_t local_id_x,

T work_group_broadcast (T a, size_t $local_id_x$, size_t local_id_y, size_t local_id_z)

T sub_group_broadcast (T x, size_t local_id)

Do an exclusive or inclusive scan operation specified by <op> of all values specified by work-items in the work-group or subgroup. The scan results are returned for each work-item. <op> may be min, max, or add.

T work_group_scan_exclusive_<op> (Tx)

T work_group_scan_inclusive_<op> (Tx)

T sub_group_scan_exclusive_<op> (T x)

T sub_group_scan_inclusive_<op> (T x)

Pipe Built-in Functions [6.13.16.2-4]

Trepresents the built-in OpenCL C scalar or vector integer or floating-point data types or any user defined type built from these scalar and vector data types. Half scalar and vector types require the cl_khr_fp16 extension. Subgroups require the cl_khr_subgroups extension. Double or vector double types require double precision support. The macro CLK_NULL_RESERVE_ID refers to an invalid reservation ID.

int read_pipe (read_only pipe T p, T *ptr)	Read packet from <i>p</i> into <i>ptr</i> .
int read_pipe (read_only pipe T p, reserve_id_t reserve_id, uint index, T *ptr)	Read packet from reserved area of the pipe reserve_id and index into ptr.
int write_pipe (write_only pipe T p, const T *ptr)	Write packet specified by <i>ptr</i> to <i>p</i> .
int write_pipe (write_only pipe T p, reserve_id_t reserve_id,	Write packet specified by ptr to reserved area

Ť		
	bool is_valid_reserve_id (reserve_id_t reserve_id)	Return true if reserve_ id is a valid reservation ID and false otherwise.
	reserve_id_t reserve_read_pipe (read_only pipe T p, uint num_packets) reserve_id_t reserve_write_pipe (write_only pipe T p, uint num_packets)	Reserve $num_packets$ entries for reading from or writing to p .
	void commit_read_pipe (read_only pipe T p, reserve_id_t reserve_id) void commit_write_pipe (write_only pipe T p, reserve_id_t reserve_id)	Indicates that all reads and writes to num_packets associated with reservation reserve_id are completed.
	uint get_pipe_max_packets (pipe <i>T ρ</i>)	Returns maximum number of packets specified when p was created.
	uint get_pipe_num_packets (pipe $T p$)	Returns the number of available entries in p .

void work_group_commit_read_pipe (pipe T p, reserve_id_t reserve_id) Indicates that all reads and writes void work_group_commit_write_pipe (pipe T p, reserve_id_t reserve_id) to num_packets associated with void sub_group_commit_read_pipe (pipe T p, reserve_id_t reserve_id) reservation reserve_id are completed. void **sub group commit write pipe** (pipe T p, reserve id t reserve id) reserve id t work group reserve read pipe (pipe T p, uint num packets) Reserve num_packets entries for reserve id t work group reserve write pipe (pipe T p, uint num packets) reading from or writing to p. Returns a valid reservation ID if the reservation reserve id t sub group reserve read pipe (pipe T p, uint num packets) is successful. reserve_id_t sub_group_reserve_write_pipe (pipe T p, uint num_packets)

reserve_id and index.

Enqueuing and Kernel Query Built-in Functions [6.13.17] [9.17.3.6]

A kernel may enqueue code represented by Block syntax, and control execution order with event dependencies including user events and markers. There are several advantages to using the Block syntax: it is more compact; it does not require a cl_kernel object; and enqueuing can be done as a single semantic step. Sub-groups require the cl_khr_subgroups extension. The macro CLK_NULL_EVENT refers to an invalid device event. The macro CLK NULL QUEUE refers to an invalid device queue

int enqueue_kernel (queue_t queue, kernel_enqueue_flags_t flags, const ndrange_t ndrange, void (^block)(void))

int enqueue_kernel (queue_t queue, kernel_enqueue_flags_t flags, const ndrange t ndrange, uint num events in wait list, const clk_event_t *event_wait_list, clk_event_t *event_ret, void (^block)(void))

int enqueue_kernel (queue_t queue, kernel_enqueue_flags_t flags, const ndrange t ndrange, void (^block)(local void *, ...), uint size0, ...)

int enqueue_kernel (queue_t queue, kernel_ enqueue_flags_t flags, const ndrange_t ndrange, uint num events in wait list, const clk event t *event wait list, clk_event_t *event_ret, void (^block)(local void *, ...), uint size0, ...) Allows a work-item to enqueue a block for execution to aueue. Work-items can enqueue multiple blocks to a device aueue(s).

uint index, const T*ptr)

flags may be one of CLK_ENQUEUE_FLAGS_ {NO WAIT, WAIT KERNEL. WAIT WORK GROUP}

Query the maximum workuint get_kernel_work_group_size (void (^block)(void)) group size that can be uint get kernel work group size (void (^block)(local void *, ...)) used to execute a block uint get_kernel_preferred_work_group_size_multiple (Returns the preferred void (^block)(void)) multiple of work-group size for launch.

uint get_kernel_preferred_work_group_size_multiple (void (^block)(local void *, ...))

int enqueue_marker (queue_t queue, uint num_events_in_wait_list, const clk_event_t *event_wait_list, clk_event_t *event_ret)

uint get_kernel_sub_group_count_for_ndrange (const ndrange t ndrange, void (^block)(void))

uint get_kernel_sub_group_count_for_ndrange (const ndrange_t ndrange, void (^block)(local void *, ...))

uint get_kernel_max_sub_group_size_for_ndrange (const ndrange_t ndrange, void (^block)(void))

uint get_kernel_max_sub_group_size_for_ndrange (const ndrange_t ndrange, void (^block) (local void *, ...)

Returns number of subgroups in each workgroup of the dispatch.

Enqueue a marker

command to queue.

Returns the maximum sub-group size for a block.

Event Built-in Functions [6.13.17.8] T is type int, uint, long, ulong, or float, optionally double, or half if the cl_khr_fp16 extension is enabled.		
void retain_event (clk_event_t event)	Increments event reference count.	
void release_event (clk_event_t event)	Decrements event reference count.	
clk_event_t create_user_event ()	Create a user event.	
bool is_valid_event (clk_event_t event)	True for valid event.	
void set_user_event_status (clk_event_t event, int status)	Sets the execution status of a user event. status: CL_COMPLETE or a negative error value.	
void capture_event_profiling_info (clk_event_t <i>event</i> , clk_profiling_info <i>name</i> , global void *value)	Captures profiling information for command associated with <i>event</i> in value.	

Helper Built-in Functions [6.13.17.9]		
queue_t get_default_queue (void)	Default queue or CLK_NULL_QUEUE	
ndrange_t ndrange_1D (size_t global_work_size) ndrange_t ndrange_1D (size_t global_work_size, size_t local_work_size) ndrange_t ndrange_1D (size_t global_work_offset, size_t global_work_size, size_t local_work_size)	Builds a 1D ND-range descriptor.	
ndrange_t ndrange_nD (const size_t global_work_size[n]) ndrange_t ndrange_nD (size_t global_work_size,	Builds a 2D or 3D ND-range descriptor. <i>n</i> may be 2 or 3.	

OpenCL Image Processing Reference

A subset of the OpenCL API 2.1 and C Language 2.0 specifications pertaining to image processing and graphics.

Image Objects

Items in blue apply when the appropriate extension is supported.

Create Image Objects [5.3.1]

cl_mem clCreateImage (cl_context context, cl_mem_flags flags, const cl_image_format *image_format, const cl_image_desc *image_desc, void *host_ptr, cl_int *errcode_ret) flags: See clCreateBuffer

Query List of Supported Image Formats [5.3.2]

cl_int clGetSupportedImageFormats (
 cl_context context, cl_mem_flags flags,
 cl_mem_object_type image_type,
 cl_uint num_entries, cl_image_format *image_formats, cl_uint *num_image_formats)

flags: See clCreateBuffer

image_type: CL_MEM_OBJECT_IMAGE{1D, 2D, 3D}, CL_MEM_OBJECT_IMAGE1D_BUFFER, CL_MEM_OBJECT_IMAGE{1D, 2D}_ARRAY

Read, Write, Copy, Fill Image Objects [5.3.3-4]

cl_int clEnqueueReadImage (

cl_command_queue.command_queue,
cl_command_queue command_queue,
cl_mem image, cl_bool blocking_read,
const size_t *origin, const size_t *region,
size_t row_pitch, size_t slice_pitch, void *ptr,
cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list,
const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

cl_int clEnqueueWriteImage (

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_mem image, cl_bool blocking_write, const size_t *origin, const size_t *region, size_t input_row_pitch, size_t input_slice_pitch, const void *ptr, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

cl_int clEnqueueFillImage (

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_mem image, const void *fill_color, const size_t *origin, const size_t *region, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

cl_int clEnqueueCopyImage (

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_mem src_image, cl_mem dst_image, const size_t *src_origin, const size_t *dst_origin, const size_t *region, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

Copy Between Image, Buffer Objects [5.3.5]

cl_int clEnqueueCopyImageToBuffer (

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_mem src_image, cl_mem dst_buffer, const size_t *src_origin, const size_t *region, size t dst_offset, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event) cl_int clEnqueueCopyBufferToImage (

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_mem src_buffer, cl_mem dst_image, d_mem size_ujjet, cl_mem us_minge, size_t src_offset, const size_t *dst_origin, const size_t *region, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

Map and Unmap Image Objects [5.3.6]

void * clEnqueueMapImage (cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_command_queue command_queue,
cl_mage, cl_bool blocking_map,
cl_map flags map flags, const size_t *origin,
const size_t *region, size_t *image_row_pitch,
size_t *image_slice_pitch,
cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list,
const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event,
cl_int *errode_rot) cl_int *errcode_ret)

map_flags: CL_MAP_{READ, WRITE}, CL_MAP_WRITE_INVALIDATE_REGION

Query Image Objects [5.3.7]

cl_int clGetImageInfo (cl_mem image, cl_image_info param_name, size_t param_value_size, void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)

param_name: [Table 5.10] CL_IMAGE_FORMAT,
CL_IMAGE_{ARRAY, ELEMENT}_SIZE,
CL_IMAGE_{ROW, SLICE}_PITCH, CL_IMAGE_{HEIGHT, WIDTH, DEPTH},
CL_IMAGE_NUM_{SAMPLES, MIP_LEVELS},
CL_IMAGE_DX9_MEDIA_PLANE_KHR,
CL_IMAGE_{D3D10, D3D11}_SUBRESOURCE_KHR

Image Formats [5.3.1.1]

Supported image formats: image_channel_order with image_channel_data_type.

Built-in support [Table 5.8]

CL_R (read or write): CL_HALF_FLOAT, CL_FLOAT, CL_UNORM_INT{8,16}, CL_SNORM_INT{8,16}, CL_SIGNED_INT{8,16,32}, CL_UNSIGNED_INT{8,16,32}

CL_DEPTH (read or write): CL_FLOAT, CL_UNORM_INT16

CL_DEPTH_STENCIL (read only): CL_FLOAT, CL UNORM INT24

(Requires the extension cl_khr_gl_depth_images)

CL_RG (read or write): CL_HALF_FLOAT, CL_FLOAT, CL_UNORM_INT{8,16}, CL_SNORM_INT{8,16}, CL SIGNED INT{8,16,32}, CL UNSIGNED INT{8,16,32}

CL_RGBA (read or write): CL_HALF_FLOAT, CL_FLOAT, CL_UNORM_INT{8,16}, CL_SNORM_INT{8,16}, CL_SIGNED_INT{8,16,32}, CL_UNSIGNED_INT{8,16,32}

CL_BGRA (read or write): CL_UNORM_INT8

CL_sRGBA (read only): CL_UNORM_INT8 (Requires the extension cl_khr_srgb_image_writes)

Optional support [Table 5.6]

CL_R, CL_A (read and write): CL_HALF_FLOAT, CL_FLOAT, CL_UNORM_INT{8,16},

CL_SIGNED_INT{8,16,32}, CL_UNSIGNED_INT{8,16,32}, CL_SNORM_INT{8,16}

CL_INTENSITY: CL_HALF_FLOAT, CL_FLOAT, CL_UNORM_INT{8,16}, CL_SNORM_INT{8 | 16}

CL_DEPTH_STENCIL: Only used if extension cl_khr_gl_depth_images is enabled and channel data type = CL_UNORM_INT24 or CL_FLOAT

CL_LUMINANCE: CL_UNORM_INT{8,16}, CL_HALF_FLOAT, CL_FLOAT, CL_SNORM_INT{8,16}

CL_RG, CL_RA: CL_HALF_FLOAT, CL_FLOAT, CL_UNORM_INT{8,16}, CL_SIGNED_INT{8,16, 32} CL_UNSIGNED_INT{8,16,32}, CL_SNORM_INT{8,16}

CL_RGB: CL_UNORM_SHORT_{555,565}, CL_UNORM_INT_101010

CL_ARGB: CL_UNORM_INT8, CL_SIGNED_INT8, CL_UNSIGNED_INT8, CL_SNORM_INT8

CL_BGRA: CL_{SIGNED, UNSIGNED}_INT8, CL_SNORM_INT8

Notes	

Image Read and Write Functions [6.13.14]

The built-in functions defined in this section can only be used with image memory objects created with clCreateImage. sampler specifies the addressing and filtering mode to use. aQual refers to one of the access qualifiers. For samplerless read functions this may be read_only or read_write.

- Writes to images with sRGB channel orders requires device support of the cl_khr_srgb_image_writes extension.
- read_imageh and write_imageh require the cl_khr_fp16 extension.
- MSAA images require the cl_khr_gl_msaa_sharing extension.
- Image 3D writes require the extension cl_khr_3d_image_writes. [9.4.8]

Read and write functions for 2D images
Read an element from a 2D image, or write a color value
to a location in a 2D image.

float4 read_imagef (read_only image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, {int2, float2} coord)

int4 read_imagei (read_only image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, {int2, float2} coord)

uint4 read_imageui (read_only image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, {int2, float2} coord)

float4 read_imagef (read_only image2d_array_t image, sampler t sampler, {int4, float4} coord)

int4 read_imagei (read_only image2d_array_t image, sampler_t sampler, {int4, float4} coord)

uint4 read_imageui (read_only image2d_array_t image, sampler_t sampler, {int4, float4} coord)

float read_imagef (read_only image2d_depth_t image, sampler_t sampler, {int2, float2} coord)

float read_imagef (read_only image2d_array_depth_t image, sampler_t sampler, {int4, float4} coord)

float4 read_imagef (aQual image2d_t image, int2 coord)

int4 read_imagei (aQual image2d_t image, int2 coord)

uint4 read_imageui (aQual image2d_t image, int2 coord)

float4 read imagef (aQual image2d array t image, int4 coord)

int4 read_imagei (aQual image2d_array_t image, int4 coord)

uint4 read_imageui (aQual image2d_array_t image, int4 coord)

float **read imagef** (aQual image2d depth t image, int2 coord)

float **read_imagef** (aQual image2d_array_depth_t image, int4 coord)

half4 **read_imageh** (read_only image2d_t *image*, sampler_t *sampler*, {int2, float2} *coord*)

half4 read_imageh (aQual image2d_t image, int2 coord)

half4 read_imageh (read_only image2d_array_t image, sampler_t sampler, {int4, float4} coord)

half4 read_imageh (aQual image2d_array_t image, int4 coord)

void write_imagef (aQual image2d_t image, int2 coord, float4 color)

void write_imagei (aQual image2d_t image, int2 coord, int4 color)

void write_imageui (aQual image2d_t image, int2 coord, uint4 color)

void write_imageh (aQual image2d_t image, int2 coord, half4 color)

void write_imagef (aQual image2d_array_t image, int4 coord, float4 color)

void write_imagei (aQual image2d_array_t image, int4 coord, int4 color)

void write_imageui (aQual image2d_array_t image, int4 coord, uint4 color) void write_imagef (aQual image2d_depth_t image, int2 coord, float depth)

void write_imagef (aQual image2d_array_depth_t image, int4 coord, float depth)

void write_imageh (aQual image2d_array_t image, int4 coord, half4 color)

Read and write functions for 1D images
Read an element from a 1D image, or write a color value
to a location in a 1D image.

float4 read_imagef (read_only image1d_t image, sampler t sampler, {int, float} coord)

int4 read_imagei (read_only image1d_t image, sampler_t sampler, {int, float} coord)

uint4 read_imageui (read_only image1d_t image, sampler_t sampler, {int, float} coord)

float4 read_imagef (read_only image1d_array_t image, sampler_t sampler, {int2, float4} coord)

int4 read_imagei (read_only image1d_array_t image, sampler_t sampler, {int2, float2} coord)

uint4 read_imageui (read_only image1d_array_t image, sampler_t sampler, {int2, float2} coord)

float4 read_imagef (aQual image1d_t image, int coord)

float4 read_imagef (aQual image1d_buffer_t image, int coord)

int4 read_imagei (aQual image1d_t image, int coord)

uint4 read_imageui (aQual image1d_t image, int coord)

int4 read_imagei (aQual image1d_buffer_t image, int coord)

uint4 read_imageui (aQual image1d_buffer_t image, int coord)

float4 read_imagef (aQual image1d_array_t image, int2 coord)

int4 read_imagei (aQual image1d_array_t image, int2 coord)

uint4 read_imageui (aQual image1d_array_t image, int2 coord)

half4 read_imageh (read_only image1d_t image, sampler_t sampler, {int, float} coord)

half4 read_imageh (aQual image1d_t image, int coord)

half4 read_imageh (read_only image1d_array_t image, sampler_t sampler, {int2, float4} coord)

half4 read_imageh (aQual image1d_array_t image, int2 coord)

half4 read_imageh (aQual image1d_buffer_t image, int coord)

void write_imagef (aQual image1d_t image, int coord, float4 color)

void write_imagei (aQual image1d_t image, int coord, int4 color)

void write_imageui (aQual image1d_t image, int coord, uint4 color)

void write_imageh (aQual image1d_t image, int coord, half4 color)

void write_imagef (aQual image1d_buffer_t image, int coord, float4 color)

void write_imagei (aQual image1d_buffer_t image, int coord, int4 color)

void write_imageui (aQual image1d_buffer_t image, int coord, uint4 color)

void write_imageh (aQual image1d_buffer_t image, int coord, half4 color)

void write_imagef (aQual image1d_array_t image, int2 coord, float4 color)

void write_imagei (aQual image1d_array_t image, int2 coord, int4 color)

void write_imageui (aQual image1d_array_t image, int2 coord, uint4 color)

void write_imageh (aQual image1d_array_t image, int2 coord, half4 color) Read and write functions for 3D images
Read an element from a 3D image, or write a color value
to a location in a 3D image. Writing to 3D images requires
the cl khr 3d image writes extension [9.4.8].

float4 read_imagef (read_only image3d_t image, sampler t sampler, {int4, float4} coord)

int4 read_imagei (read_only image3d_t image, sampler t sampler, int4 coord)

int4 read_imagei (read_only image3d_t image, sampler t sampler, float4 coord)

uint4 read_imageui (read_only image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, {int4, float4} coord)

float4 read_imagef (aQual image3d_t image, int4 coord)

int4 read_imagei (aQual image3d_t image, int4 coord)

uint4 read_imageui (aQual image3d_t image, int4 coord)

half4 read_imageh (read_only image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, {int4, float4} coord)

half4 read_imageh (aQual image3d_t image, int4 coord)

void write_imagef (aQual image3d_t image, int4 coord, float4 color)

void write_imagei (aQual image3d_t image, int4 coord, int4 color)

void write_imageui (aQual image3d_t image, int4 coord, uint4 color)

void write_imageh (aQual image3d_t image, int4 coord, half4 color)

Extended mipmap read and write functions [9.17.2.1] These functions require the cl_khr_mipmap_image and cl_khr_mipmap_image_writes extensions.

float read_imagef (read_only image2d_[depth_]t image, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord, float lod)

int4 read_imagei (read_only image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord, float lod)

uint4 read_imageui (read_only image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord, float lod)

float read_imagef (read_only image2d_ [depth_]t image, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord, float2 gradient_x, float2 gradient_y)

int4 read_imagei (read_only image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord, float2 gradient_x, float2 gradient_y)

uint4 read_imageui (read_only image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord, float2 gradient_x, float2 gradient_y)

float4 read_imagef (read_only image1d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float coord, float lod)

int4 read_imagei (read_only image1d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float coord, float lod)

uint4 read_imageui(read_only image1d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float coord, float lod)

float4 read_imagef (read_only image1d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float coord, float gradient_x, float gradient_y)

int4 read_imagei (read_only image1d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float coord, float gradient_x, float gradient_y)

uint4 read_imageui(read_only image1d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float coord, float gradient_x, float gradient_y)

float4 read_imagef (read_only image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float4 coord, float lod)

int4 read_imagei(read_only image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float4 coord, float lod)

uint4 read_imageui(read_only image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float4 coord, float lod)

float4 read_imagef (read_only image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float4 coord, float4 gradient_x, float4 gradient_y)

(Continued on next page >)

Image Read and Write (continued)

Extended mipmap read and write functions (cont'd)

int4 read_imagei(read_only image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float4 coord, float4 gradient_x, float4 gradient v)

uint4 read_imageui(read_only image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float4 coord, float4 gradient_x, float4 gradient_y)

float4 read_imagef (read_only image1d_array_t image, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord, float lod)

int4 read imagei (read only image1d array timage, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord, float lod)

uint4 read_imageui(read_only image1d_array_t image, sampler t sampler, float2 coord, float lod)

float4 read_imagef (read_only image1d_array_t image, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord, float gradient_x, float gradient_y)

int4 read_imagei (read_only image1d_array_t image, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord, float gradient_x, float gradient_y)

uint4 read_imageui(read_only image1d_array_t image, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord, float gradient_x, float gradient_y)

float read_imagef (read_only image2d_array_ [depth_]t image, sampler_t sampler, float4 coord, float lod)

int4 read_imagei (read_only image2d_array_t image, sampler_t sampler, float4 coord, float lod)

uint4 read imageui (read only image2d array timage. sampler_t sampler, float4 coord, float lod)

float read imagef (

read_only image2d_array_ [depth_]t image, sampler t sampler, float4 coord, float2 gradient x, float2 gradient_y)

int4 read_imagei (read_only image2d_array_t image, sampler_t sampler, float4 coord, float2 gradient_x, float2 gradient y)

uint4 read_imageui (read_only image2d_array_t image, sampler t sampler, float4 coord, float2 gradient x, float2 gradient_y)

void write_imagef (aQual image2d_ [depth_]t image, int2 coord, int lod, float4 color)

void write_imagei (aQual image2d_t image, int2 coord, int lod,

void write_imageui (aQual image2d_t image, int2 coord, int lod, uint4 color)

void write_imagef (aQual image1d_t image, int coord, int lod, float4 color)

void write_imagei (aQual image1d_t image, int coord, int lod, int4 color)

void write_imageui (aQual image1d_t image, int coord, int lod, uint4 color)

void write_imagef (aQual image1d_array_t image, int2 coord, int lod, float4 color

void write_imagei (aQual image1d_array_t image, int2 coord, int lod, int4 color)

void write_imageui (aQual image1d_array_t image, int2 coord, int lod, uint4 color)

void write_imagef (aQual image2d_array_ [depth_]t image, int4 coord, int lod, float4 color)

void write_imagei (aQual image2d_array_t image, int4 coord, int lod, int4 color)

void write_imageui (aQual image2d_array_t image, int4 coord, int lod, uint4 color)

void write_imagef (aQual image3d_t image, int4 coord, int lod,

void write_imagei (aQual image3d_t image, int4 coord, int lod, int4 color)

void write_imageui (aQual image3d_t image, int4 coord, int lod, uint4 color)

Extended multi-sample image read functions [9.12.3]

The extension cl khr gl msaa sharing adds the following

float read_imagef (aQual image2d_msaa_depth_t image, int2 coord, int sample)

float read_imagef (aQual image2d_array_depth_msaa_t image, int4 coord, int sample)

float4 read_image{f, i, ui} (image2d_msaa_t image, int2 coord, int sample)

float4 read_image{f, i, ui} (image2d_array_msaa_t image, int4 coord, int sample)

Image Query Functions [6.13.14.5] [9.12]

The MSAA forms require the extension

cl_khr_gl_msaa_sharing. Mipmap requires the extension cl_khr_mipmap_image.

Query image width, height, and depth in pixels

int get_image_width (aQual image{1,2,3}d_t image)

int get_image_width (aQual image1d_buffer_t image)

int get_image_width (aQual image{1,2}d_array_t image)

int get image width (

aQual image2d_[array_]depth_t image)

int **get_image_width** (aQual image2d_[array_]msaa_t image)

int get_image_width (

aQual image2d_ [array_]msaa_depth_t image)

int get_image_height (aQual image{2,3}d_t image)

int get image height (aQual image2d array timage)

int get_image_height (

aQual image2d_[array_]depth_t image)

int get_image_height (

aQual image2d_[array_]msaa_t image)

int get_image_height (

aQual image2d_[array_]msaa_depth_t image)

int get_image_depth (image3d_t image)

Query image array size

size_t get_image_array_size (aQual image1d_array_t image) size_t get_image_array_size (aQual image2d_array_t image)

size_t get_image_array_size (aQual image2d_array_depth_t image)

size_t get_image_array_size (

aQual image2d_array_msaa_depth_t image)

Query image dimensions

int2 get image dim (aQual image2d t image)

int2 get_image_dim (aQual image2d_array_t image)

int4 get_image_dim (aQual image3d_t image)

int2 get_image_dim (aQual image2d_[array_]depth_t image)

int2 get_image_dim (aQual image2d_[array_]msaa_t image)

int2 get_image_dim (

aQual image2d_[array_]msaa_depth_t image)

Query image Channel data type and order

int get_image_channel_data_type (aQual image{1,2,3}d_t image)

int get_image_channel_data_type (aQual image1d buffer t image)

int get_image_channel_data_type (aQual image{1,2}d_array_t image)

 $int \ {\bf get_image_channel_data_type} \ (aQual$ image2d_[array_]depth_t image)

int get_image_channel_data_type (aQual image2d_[array_]msaa_t image)

int get_image_channel_data_type (aQual image2d_[array_]msaa_depth_t image)

int get image channel order (aQual image{1,2,3}d timage)

int get_image_channel_order (aQual image1d buffer t image)

int get image channel order (aQual image{1,2}d_array_t image)

int get_image_channel_order (aQual image2d_[array_]depth_t image)

int get_image_channel_order (aQual image2d_[array_]msaa_t image)

int get_image_channel_order(aQual image2d_[array_]msaa_depth_t image)

Extended query functions [9.18.2.1]

These functions require the cl khr mipmap image extension.

int get_image_num_mip_levels (aQual image1d_t image)

int get image num mip levels (aQual image2d_ [depth_]t image)

int $get_image_num_mip_levels$ (aQual image3d_t image)

int get_image_num_mip_levels (aQual image1d_array_t image)

int get_image_num_mip_levels (aQual image2d_array_[depth_]t image)

int get_image_num_samples (aQual image2d_[array_]msaa_t image)

int get_image_num_samples (

aQual image2d_[array_]msaa_depth_t image)

Access Qualifiers [6.6]

Apply to 2D and 3D image types to declare if the image memory object is being read or written by a kernel.

_read_only, read_only __write_only, write_only

Sampler Objects [5.7]

Items in blue require the cl_khr_mipmap_image extension.

cl_sampler clCreateSamplerWithProperties

(cl context context,

const cl_sampler_properties *sampler_properties, cl_int *errcode_ret)

sampler_properties: [Table 5.15]

CL_SAMPLER_NORMALIZED COORDS,

CL_SAMPLER_{ADDRESSING, FILTER}_MODE, CL_SAMPLER_MIP_FILTER_MODE,

CL_SAMPLER_LOD_{MIN, MAX}

cl int clRetainSampler (cl sampler sampler) cl_int clReleaseSampler (cl_sampler sampler)

cl int clGetSamplerInfo (cl sampler sampler,

cl sampler_info param_name size_t param_value_size, void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)

param_name: CL_SAMPLER_REFERENCE_COUNT,

CL_SAMPLER_{CONTEXT, FILTER_MODE},
CL_SAMPLER_ADDRESSING_MODE,

Sampler Declaration Fields [6.13.14.1]

CL_SAMPLER_NORMALIZED_COORDS [Table 5.16]

The sampler can be passed as an argument to the kernel using clSetKernelArg, or can be declared in the outermost scope of kernel functions, or it can be a constant variable of type sampler_t declared in the program source.

const sampler t <sampler-name> =

<normalized-mode> | <address-mode> | <filtermode>

normalized-mode:

CLK_NORMALIZED_COORDS_{TRUE, FALSE}

CLK_ADDRESS_X, whereX may be NONE, REPEAT, CLAMP, CLAMP_TO_EDGE, MIRRORED_REPEAT

filter-mode: CLK_FILTER_NEAREST, CLK_FILTER_LINEAR

OpenCL Extensions Reference

Section and table references are to the OpenCL Extensions 2.1 specification.

Using OpenCL Extensions [9]

The following extensions extend the OpenCL API. Extensions shown in italics provide core features.

To control an extension: #pragma OPENCL EXTENSION extension_name: {enable | disable}

To test if an extension is supported, use clGetPlatformInfo() or clGetDeviceInfo()

To get the address of the extension function: clGetExtensionFunctionAddressForPlatform()

· ·	
cl_apple_gl_sharing (see cl_khr_gl_sharing)	
cl_khr_3d_image_writes	
cl_khr_byte_addressable_store	
cl khr context abort	

cl_khr_d3d11_sharing	cl_khr_image2d_from_buffer
cl_khr_depth_images	cl_khr_initialize_memory
cl_khr_device_enqueue_local_arg_types	cl_khr_int64_base_atomics - atom_*()
cl_khr_dx9_media_sharing	cl_khr_int64_extended_atomics - atom_*()
cl_khr_egl_event	cl_khr_local_int32_base_atomics - atomic_*()
cl_khr_egl_image	cl khr local int32 extended atomics - atomic *()
cl_khr_fp16	cl khr mipmap image
cl_khr_fp64	cl khr mipmap image writes
cl_khr_gl_depth_images	cl khr priority hints
cl_khr_gl_event	cl khr srgb image writes
cl_khr_gl_msaa_sharing	
cl_khr_gl_sharing	cl_khr_spir
cl_khr_global_int32_base_atomics - atomic_*()	cl_khr_subgroups
cl_khr_global_int32_extended_atomics - atomic_*()	cl_khr_terminate_context
cl_khr_icd	cl_khr_throttle_hints

OpenGL Sharing [9.5 - 9.7]

cl_khr_d3d10_sharing

These functions require the cl_khr_gl_sharing or cl_apple_gl_sharing extension.

CL Context > GL Context, Sharegroup [9.5.5]

cl int clGetGLContextInfoKHR context_properties *properties, cl_gl_context_info param_name, size_t param_value_size, void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)

param_name: CL_DEVICES_FOR_GL_CONTEXT_KHR, CL_CURRENT_DEVICE_FOR_GL_CONTEXT_KHR

CL Buffer Objects > GL Buffer Objects [9.6.2]

cl_mem clCreateFromGLBuffer (cl_context context, cl_mem_flags flags, GLuint bufobj, cl_int *errcode_ret) flags: CL_MEM_{READ_ONLY, WRITE_ONLY, READ_WRITE}

CL Image Objects > GL Textures [9.6.3]

cl_mem_clCreateFromGLTexture (cl_context context, cl_mem_flags flags, GLenum texture_target, GLint miplevel, GLuint texture, cl_int *errcode_ret) flags: See clCreateFromGLBuffer

texture target: GL_TEXTURE_{1D, 2D}[_ARRAY],
GL_TEXTURE_{3D, BUFFER, RECTANGLE},
GL_TEXTURE_CUBE_MAP_POSITIVE_{X, Y, Z},
GL_TEXTURE_CUBE_MAP_NEGATIVE_{X, Y, Z},
GL_TEXTURE_2D_MULTISAMPLE[_ARRAY] (Requires extension cl_khr_gl_msaa_sharing)

DX9 Media Surface Sharing [9.9]

The header file is cl_dx9_media_sharing.h. Enable the extension cl_khr_dx9_media_sharing.

cl_int clGetDeviceIDsFromDX9MediaAdapterKHR (

cl_platform_id_platform, cl_uint_num_media_adapters, cl_dx9_media_adapter_type_khr*media_adapters_type, void *media_adapters,

cl_dx9_media_adapter_set_khr media_adapter_set, cl_uint num_entries, cl_device_id *devices, cl_int *num_devices)

media_adapter_type: CL_ADAPTER_{D3D9, D3D9EX, DXVA}_KHR media_adapter_set: CL_{ALL, PREFERRED}_DEVICES_-FOR_DX9_MEDIA_ADAPTER_KHR

cl mem clCreateFromDX9MediaSurfaceKHR (

cl_context context, cl_mem_flags flags, cl_dx9_media_adapter_type_khr adapter_type, void *surface_info, cl_uint plane, cl_int *errcode_ret)

flags: See clCreateFromGLBuffer adapter_type: CL_ADAPTER_{D3D9, D3D9EX, DXVA}_KHR

cl_int clEnqueue{Acquire, Release}DX9MediaSurfacesKHR(

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_uint num_objects, const cl_mem * mem_objects, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list,

const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

CL Image Objects > GL Renderbuffers [9.6.4]

cl mem clCreateFromGLRenderbuffer (cl_context context, cl_mem_flags flags, GLuint renderbuffer, cl_int *errcode_ret)

flags: See clCreateFromGLBuffer

Query Information [9.6.5]

cl_int clGetGLObjectInfo (cl_mem memobj, cl_gl_object_type *gl_object_type, GLuint *gl_object_name)

*gl_object_type returns:
CL_GL_OBJECT_TEXTURE_BUFFER,
CL_GL_OBJECT_TEXTURE{1D, 2D, 3D},
CL_GL_OBJECT_TEXTURE{1D, 2D}_ARRAY,
CL_GL_OBJECT_{BUFFER, RENDERBUFFER}

cl_int clGetGLTextureInfo (cl_mem memobj, cl_gl_texture_info param_name, size_t param_value_size, void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)

param_name: CL_GL_{TEXTURE_TARGET, MIPMAP_LEVEL}, CL_GL_NUM_SAMPLES (Requires extension cl_khr_gl_msaa_sharing)

Share Objects [9.6.6]

cl int clEnqueue{Acquire, Release}GLObjects (cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_uint num_objects, const cl_mem *mem_objects, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

CL Event Objects > GL Sync Objects [9.7.4]

cl_event clCreateEventFromGLsyncKHR (cl_context context, GLsync sync, cl_int *errcode_ret) Requires the cl_khr_gl_event extension.

Direct3D 10 Sharing [9.8.7]

These functions require the cl_khr_d3d10_sharing extension. The associated header file is cl_d3d10.h.

cl int clGetDeviceIDsFromD3D10KHR (

cl platform id platform, cl_d3d10_device_source_khr d3d_device_source, void *d3d_object, cl_d3d10_device_set_khr d3d_device_set, cl_uint num_entries, cl_device_id *devices,

cl_uint *num_devices) d3d_device_source: CL_D3D10_{DEVICE, DXGI_ADAPTER}_KHR

d3d_device_set: CL_{ALL, PREFERRED}_DEVICES_FOR_D3D10_KHR

cl mem clCreateFromD3D10BufferKHR (

cl_context context, cl_mem_flags flags, ID3D10Buffer *resource, cl_int *errcode_ret) flags: See clCreateFromGLBuffer

cl mem clCreateFromD3D10Texture2DKHR (

cl_context context, cl_mem_flags flags, ID3D10Texture2D *resource, UINT subresource, cl_int *errcode_ret)

flags: See clCreateFromD3D10BufferKHR

cl mem clCreateFromD3D10Texture3DKHR (

cl_context context, cl_mem_flags flags, ID3D10Texture3D *resource, UINT subresource, cl_int *errcode_ret)

flags: See clCreateFromGLBuffer

cl_int clEnqueue{Acquire, Release}D3D10ObjectsKHR (

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_uint num_objects, const cl_mem *mem_objects, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

Direct3D 11 Sharing [9.10.7.3 - 9.10.7.6]

These functions require the cl_khr_d3d11_sharing extension. Associated header file is cl_d3d11.h.

cl int clGetDeviceIDsFromD3D11KHR (

cl_platform_id platform, cl_d3d11_device_source_khr d3d_device_source, void *d3d_object, cl_d3d11_device_set_khr d3d_device_set,

cl_uint num_entries, cl_device_id *devices, cl_uint *num_devices)

d3d_device_source: CL_D3D11_DEVICE_KHR, CL D3D11 DXGI ADAPTER KHR

d3d_device_set: CL_ALL_DEVICES_FOR_D3D11_KHR, CL_PREFERRED_DEVICES_FOR_D3D11_KHR

cl_mem clCreateFromD3D11BufferKHR (

cl_context context, cl_mem_flags flags, ID3D11Buffer *resource, cl_int *errcode_ret)

flags: See clCreateFromGLBuffer

cl_mem clCreateFromD3D11Texture3DKHR (

cl_context context, cl_mem_flags flags, ID3D11Texture3D *resource, UINT subresource, cl int *errcode ret)

flags: See clCreateFromGLBuffer

cl_mem clCreateFromD3D11Texture2DKHR (

cl_context context, cl_mem_flags flags, ID3D11Texture2D *resource, UINT subresource, cl_int *errcode_ret)

flags: See clCreateFromGLBuffer

cl int clEnqueue{Acquire, Release}D3D11ObjectsKHR (

cl command queue command queue, cl_uint num_objects, const cl_mem *mem_objects, cl uint num events in wait list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)

EGL Interoperability [9.18, 9.19]

Create CL Image Objects from EGLThese functions require the extension cl_khr_egl_image.

cl mem clCreateFromEGLImageKHR (

cl_context context, CLeglDisplayKHR display, CLeglimageKHR image, cl_mem_flags flags, const cl_egl_image_properties_khr *properties, cl_int *errcode_ret)

cl_int clEnqueue{Acquire, Release}EGLObjectsKHR (

cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_uint num_objects, const cl_mem *mem_objects, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl event *event)

Create CL Event Objects from EGL This function requires the extension cl_khr_egl_event.

cl event clCreateEventFromEGLsyncKHR (

cl_context context, CLegISyncKHR sync, CLegIDisplayKHR display, cl_int *errcode_ret)

Example of Enqueuing Kernels

Arguments that are a pointer type to local address space [6.13.17.2]

A block passed to enqueue_kernel can have arguments declared to be a pointer to local memory. The enqueue_kernel built-in function variants allow blocks to be enqueued with a variable number of arguments. Each argument must be declared to be a void pointer to local memory. These enqueue_kernel built-in function variants also have a corresponding number of arguments each of type uint that follow the block argument. These arguments specify the size of each local memory pointer argument of the enqueued block.

```
kernel void
my_func_A_local_arg1(global int *a, local int *lptr, ...)
kernel void
my_func_A_local_arg2(global int *a,
   local int *lptr1, local float4 *lptr2, ...)
}
kernel void
my_func_B(global int *a, ...)
   ndrange_t ndrange = ndrange_1d(...);
   uint local_mem_size = compute_local_mem_size();
   enqueue_kernel(get_default_queue(),
       CLK_ENQUEUE_FLAGS_WAIT_KERNEL,
       ndrange,
       ^(local void *p){
          my_func_A_local_arg1(a, (local int *)p, ...);},
       local_mem_size);
}
kernel void
my_func_C(global int *a, ...)
   ndrange_t ndrange = ndrange_1d(...);
   void (^my_blk_A)(local void *, local void *) =
       ^(local void *lptr1, local void *lptr2){
          my_func_A_local_arg2(
             (local int *)lptr1,
             (local float4 *) lptr2, ...);};
   // calculate local memory size for lptr
   // argument in local address space for my_blk_A
   uint local_mem_size = compute_local_mem_size();
   enqueue_kernel(get_default_queue(),
       CLK_ENQUEUE_FLAGS_WAIT_KERNEL,
       ndrange,
       my_b1k_A,
       local_mem_size, local_mem_size * 4);
}
```

A Complete Example [6.13.17.3]

The example below shows how to implement an iterative algorithm where the host enqueues the first instance of the nd-range kernel (dp_func_A). The kernel dp_func_A will launch a kernel (evaluate_dp_work_A) that will determine if new nd-range work needs to be performed. If new nd-range work does need to be performed, then evaluate_dp_work_A will enqueue a new instance of dp_func_A. This process is repeated until all the work is completed.

```
kernel void
dp_func_A(queue_t q, ...)
  // queue a single instance of evaluate_dp_work_A to
  // device queue q. queued kernel begins execution after
   // kernel dp_func_A finishes
  if (get_global_id(0) == 0)
       enqueue_kernel(q,
                      CLK_ENQUEUE_FLAGS_WAIT_KERNEL,
                      ndrange_1d(1),
                      ^{evaluate_dp_work_A(q, ...);});
  }
}
kernel void
evaluate_dp_work_A(queue_t q,...)
   // check if more work needs to be performed
   bool more_work = check_new_work(...);
  if (more_work)
       size_t global_work_size = compute_global_size(...);
       void (^dp_func_A_blk)(void) =
          ^{dp_func_A(q, ...});
       // get local WG-size for kernel dp_func_A
       size_t local_work_size =
          get_kernel_work_group_size(dp_func_A_blk);
       // build nd-range descriptor
       ndrange_t ndrange = ndrange_1D(global_work_size,
                                       local_work_size);
       // enqueue dp_func_A
       enqueue_kernel(q,
                      CLK_ENQUEUE_FLAGS_WAIT_KERNEL,
                      ndrange,
                      dp_func_A_blk);
  }
   . . .
}
```

Notes

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