Discover asyncio event loop



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- Python core developer since 2010
- github.com/haypo/
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- Working for eNovance





Disclamer



- How asyncio is implemented
- Simplified code snippets close to asyncio, but different
- No error handling nor optimization
- (asyncio handles errors and is optimized)





Agenda



- 1. Callbacks
 - 2. Timers
- 3. Selectors
- 4. Generator and yield from
 - 5. Coroutine
 - 6. Task







```
class CallbackEventLoop:
    def __init__(self):
        self.callbacks = []
    def call_soon(self, func):
        self.callbacks.append(func)
    def execute_callbacks(self):
        callbacks = self.callbacks
        self.callbacks = []
        for cb in callbacks:
            cb()
```









.call_soon(hello_world)

call_soon Callbacks hello_world()







Code

.call_soon(hello_world)
.execute_callbacks()

call_soon Callbacks hello_world()

Output

Hello World!







Code

.call_soon(hello_world)
.execute_callbacks()

Callbacks call_soon

Output

Hello World!







class TimerEventLoop(CallbackEventLoop):

```
def ___init___(self):
    super().__init___()
    self.timers = []

def call_at(self, when, func):
    timer = (when, func)
    self.timers.append(timer)
```







```
class TimerEventLoop(CallbackEventLoop):
    def execute_timers(self):
        now = time.time()
        new_timers = []
        for when, func in self.timers:
            if when <= now:</pre>
                 self.call_soon(func)
            else:
                 new_timers.append((when, func))
        self.timers = new_timers
        self.execute_callback()
```







Timers call_at (1, hello_world)

.call_at(1, hello_world)

Code

call_soon

Callbacks







call_at

Timers

(1, hello_world)

(5, exit)

call_soon

Callbacks

Code

.call_at(1, hello_world)

 $.call_at(5, exit)$







call_at

Timers

(1, hello_world)

(5, exit)

(2, good_bye)

Callbacks

call_soon

Code

.call_at(1, hello_world)

.call_at(5, exit)

.call_at(2, good_bye)







call_at

Timers

(1, hello_world)

(5, exit)

(2, good_bye)

call_soon

Callbacks

hello_world()

good_bye()

Code

.call_at(1, hello_world)

.call_at(5, exit)

.call_at(2, good_bye)

.execute_timers()







call_at

Timers

(5, exit)

call_soon

Callbacks

hello_world()

good_bye()

Code

.call_at(1, hello_world)

.call_at(5, exit)

.call_at(2, good_bye)

.execute_timers()

Output

Hello World! Good bye.







Timers
(5, exit)

Call_soon

Callbacks

Code

.call_at(1, hello_world)
.call_at(5, exit)

.call_at(2, good_bye)

.execute_timers()

Output

Hello World! Good bye.







class SelectorEventLoop(TimerEventLoop):









```
class SelectorEventLoop(TimerEventLoop):
    def select(self):
        timeout = self.compute_timeout()
        events = self.selector.select(timeout)
        for key, mask in events:
            func = key.data
            self.call_soon(func, key.fileobj)
        self.execute_timers()
```







```
class SelectorEventLoop(TimerEventLoop):
    def compute_timeout(self):
        if self.callbacks:
            # already something to do
            return 0
        elif self.timers:
            next_timer = min(self.timers)[0]
            timeout = next_timer - time.time()
            return max(timeout, 0.0)
        else:
            # blocking call
            return None
```







Selector

s: idle

Callbacks

Code

.add_reader(s, reader)

Output







Selector

s: read event

Callbacks

call_soon

Code

.add_reader(s, reader)
s.send(b'abc')







Selector

s: read event

Callbacks

reader()

Code

.add_reader(s, reader)
s.send(b'abc')
.select()

Output







Selector

s: idle

Callbacks

reader()

Code

.add_reader(s, reader)
s.send(b'abc')
.select()

Output

Received: b'abc'







Selector

s: idle

Callbacks

Code

.add_reader(s, reader)
s.send(b'abc')
.select()

Output

Received: b'abc'





Thanks David Malcom for the LibreOffice model

http://dmalcolm.livejournal.com/