Semantic Proxy

Semantic Interoperability Demonstration using OneDM SDF, iotschema RDF, and W3C WoT TD November 15, 2019

Semantic Proxy

- A Proxy for Semantic Interoperability
 - Proxy to enable translation from device protocol to application protocol
 - Provides for many-to-many mapping of application protocols to device protocols
 - many-to-one and one-to-many through a common semantic model
 - Could implement a "universal" IoT gateway

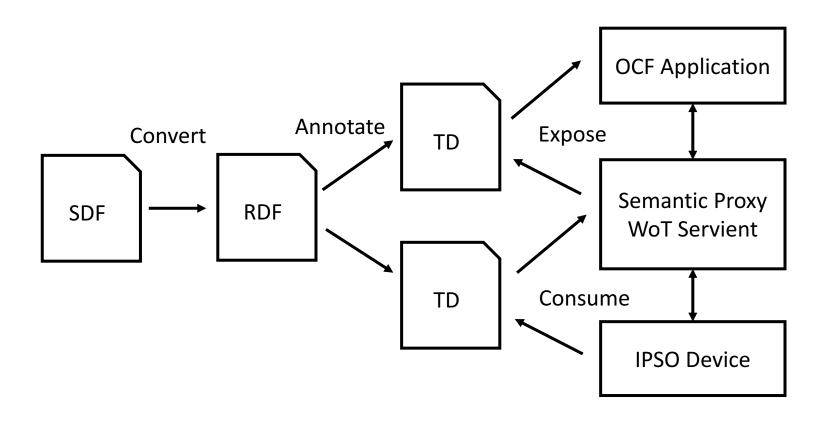
Semantic Proxy – Protocol Binding

- Uses a common semantic model to connect applications to things over diverse network protocols and communication patterns
- Proxy maps the meta-model operations to network messages in the target protocol using protocol bindings
- Flavors of REST, Pub/Sub, RPC messages
- Example using W3C Web of Things Architecture

Protocol Binding – Meta Operations

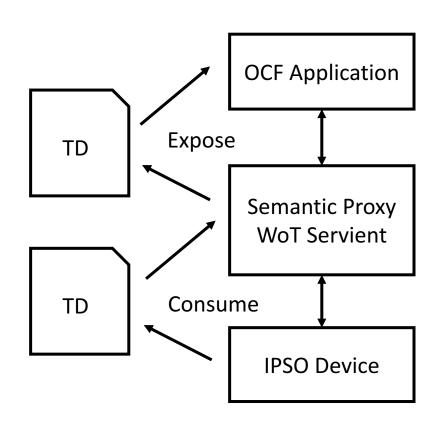
- Property
 - value = Read(), Write(value)
- Action
 - status response(s) = Invoke(parameters)
- Event
 - event occurrence responses = Subscribe()

Semantic Proxy - Schematic



Semantic Proxy - Schematic

- Exposed Thing TDs have OCF protocol binding
- Consumed Thing TDs have IPSO protocol binding
- Both TDs have the same meta interactions and operations defined in OneDM models



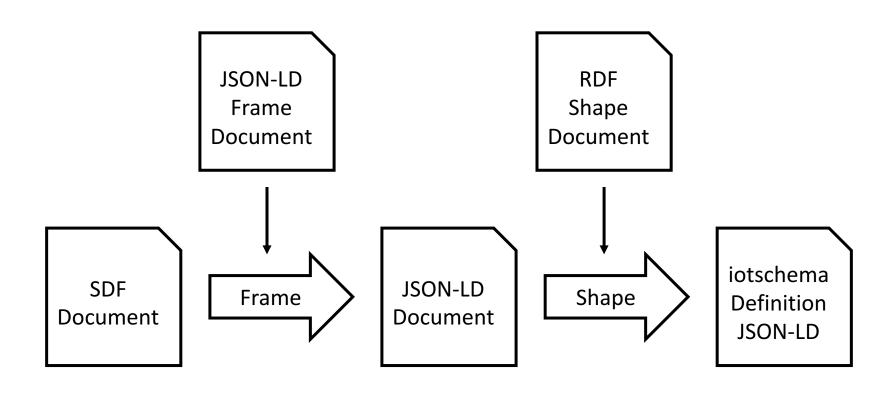
Semantic Proxy – W3C Web of Things Integration

- "Thing Description" associates semantic identifiers for Properties, Actions, and Events with affordance descriptions consisting of data schemas and protocol bindings
- Protocol bindings associate network operations with meta-operations in the semantic model
- "Incoming" Consumed TD and "Outgoing" Exposed TD have the same affordances in the semantic model, and customized data schemas and protocol bindings

Semantic Proxy — RDF Converter

- WoT Thing Description can use iotschema definitions for annotation
 - WoT TD only has Thing and affordance (P/A/E) classes
- iotschema style RDF definitions are aligned with the OneDM SDF meta-model
- Create RDF statements from OneDM definitions for use in semantic tooling
- odmObject maps to iotschema Capability
- odmThing and odmView don't directly map but can extend iotschema Capability

Convert SDF Documents to an iotschema style Definitions



OneDM SDF Example Mapping

```
"namespace": {
  JSON-LD Context → "iot": "http://iotschema.org/#"
                   "defaultnamespace": "iot",
iotschema Capability → "odmObject": {
                     "Switch": {
   iotschema Property → "odmProperty": {
                       "State": {
                       "type": "string",
                       "enum": ["on", "off"]
    iotschema Action → "odmAction": {
                       "On": {},
                       "Off": {}
```

Expected Result (1)

```
"@id": "iot:SwitchCapability",
"@type": "rdfs:Class",
"rdfs:label": "SwitchCapability",
"rdfs:subClassOf": {
  "@id": "iot:Capability"
},
"iot:providesInteractionPattern": [
  "@id": "iot:SwitchStateProperty",
  "@id": "iot:SwitchOnAction",
  "@id": "iot:SwitchOffAction"
```

Result (2)

```
"@id": "iot:SwitchStateProperty",
"@type": "rdfs:Class",
"rdfs:label": "SwitchStateProperty",
"rdfs:subClassOf": {
  "@id": "iot:Property"
},
"iot:providesOutputData": {
  "@id": "iot:SwitchStateData"
"@id": "iot:SwitchStateData",
"@type": "rdfs:Class",
"rdfs:label": "SwitchStateData",
"rdfs:subClassOf": {
  "@id": "schema:PropertyValue"
},
"schema:propertyType": {
  "@id": "schema:String"
```

Result (3)

```
"@id": "iot:SwitchOnAction",
"@type": "rdfs:Class",
"rdfs:label": "SwitchOnAction",
"rdfs:subClassOf": {
  "@id": "iot:Action"
"@id": "iot:SwitchOffAction",
"@type": "rdfs:Class",
"rdfs:label": "SwitchOffAction",
"rdfs:subClassOf": {
  "@id": "iot:Action"
```

Result(4)

 How do we describe the enum in iotschema style RDF?

Semantic Proxy – WoT TD

```
"@context": [
  "https://www.w3.org/2019/wot/td/v1",
  {"iot": "http://iotschema.org/"}
],
"@type": [ "Thing", "iot:SwitchCapability" ],
"properties": {
  "switchState": {
    "@type": ["iot:SwitchStateProperty", "iot:SwitchStateData"],
    "type": "string",
    "enum": ["on", "off"],
    "writeOnly": false,
    "readOnly": false,
    "observable": false,
    "forms": [
       "href": "/example/switch/state",
       "op": ["readproperty", "writeproperty"],
       "contentType": "application/json"
```

Semantic Proxy – WoT TD

```
"actions": {
  "switchOn": {
    "@type": ["iot:SwitchOnAction"],
    "input": {},
    "forms": [
        "href": "/example/switch/on",
        "op": ["invokeaction"],
        "contentType": "application/json"
  "switchOff": {
    "@type": ["iot:SwitchOffAction"],
    "input": {},
    "forms": [
        "href": "/example/switch/off",
        "op": ["invokeaction"],
        "contentType": "application/json"
```

Semantic Proxy – Semantic API

- Names of affordances are resolved through Semantic Discovery
 - PropertyName=discover(FilterParameters)
- Applications use meta-model affordances and operations
 - data=readProperty(PropertyName)
 - writeProperty(PropertyName, data)
 - result=invokeAction(ActionName, parameters)
 - data=subscribeEvent(EventName)
- Supports modular, declarative programming models – Node-RED

References

One Data Model SDF and Model work in progress

- https://github.com/one-data-model/language
- https://github.com/one-data-model/playground

Semantic Proxy and W3C WoT

- https://github.com/tum-ei-esi/virtual-thing
- https://www.w3.org/TR/2019/CR-wot-thingdescription-20191106/
- https://www.w3.org/TR/2019/CR-wot-architecture-20191106/