

WISHI

How to integrate IoT with Energy

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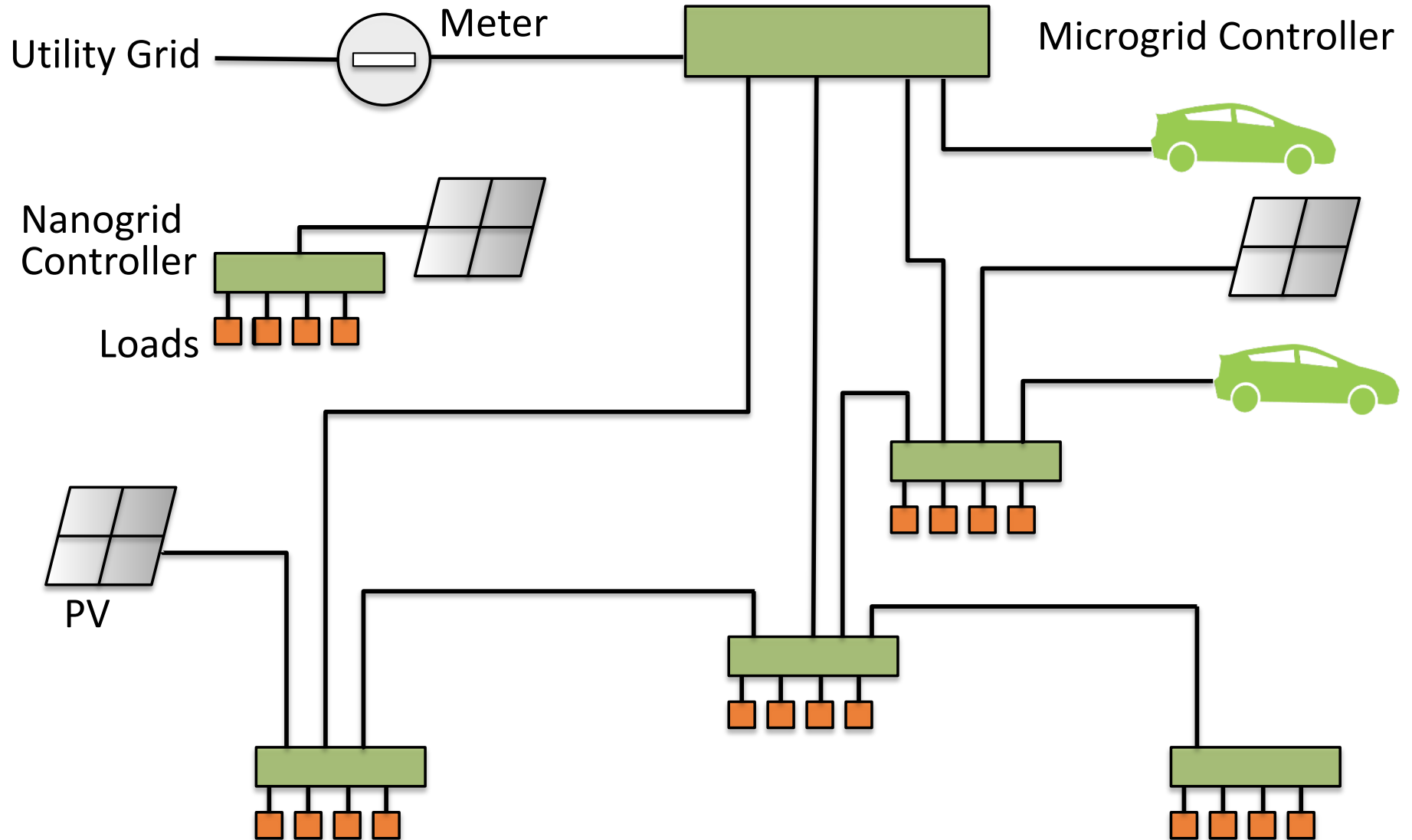


Early 2000s

- *Electronics on way to all being networked*
- *In long run, everything to be networked*
- *IT historically abstracted from physical world*
- What new architectural innovations/principles do we need as networking extends to physical-world devices?
- ... with physicality in part that they consume energy?

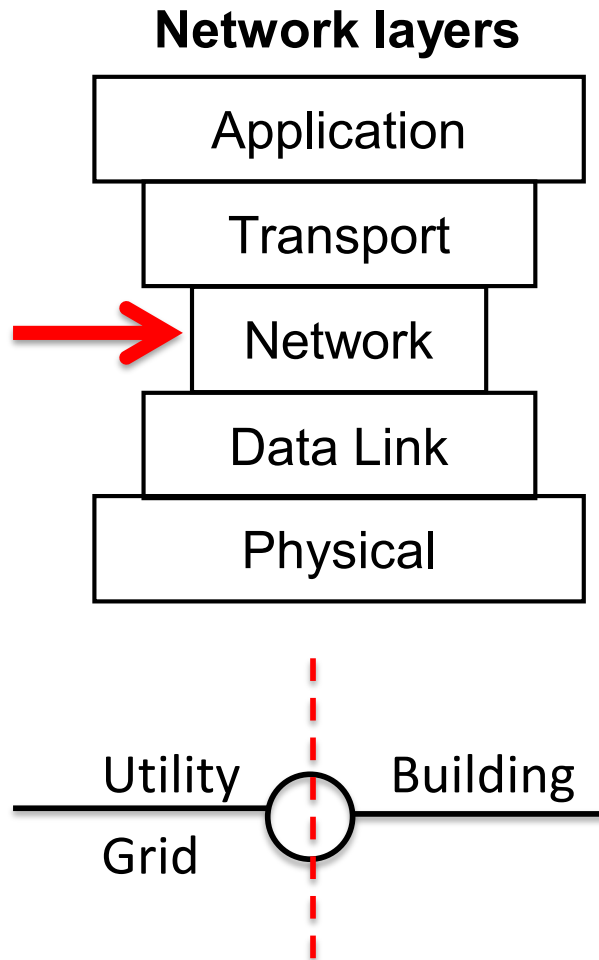
Networked Electricity

(Local Power Distribution)



All connections peer-to-peer and can be changed dynamically
Price is how devices know which way power should flow

Buildings need three Layered Models



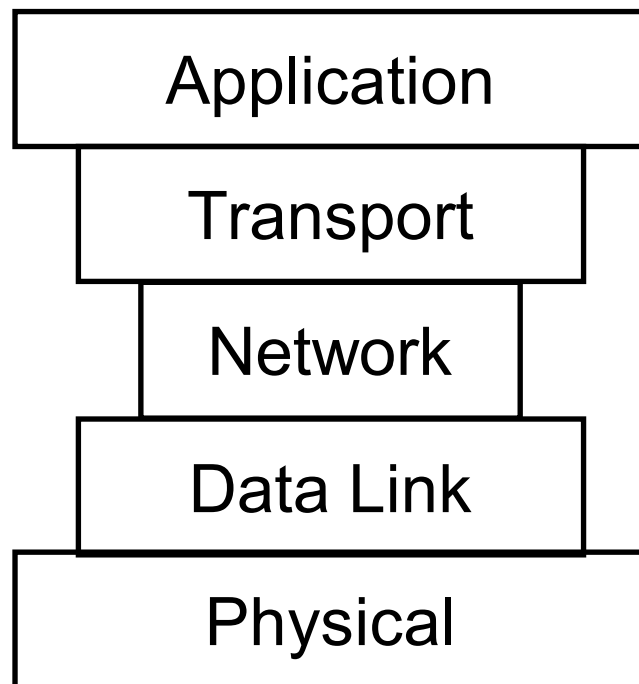
*Narrow waist in layering **isolates complexity** – facilitates interoperability*

- Conventional network communication
 - Application and physical layers
- Electricity / utility meter
 - Separate utility grid from building
 - “Highly dynamic pricing”
 - Use only Price, Quantity
 - Only 1-way communication
- Device internal Network Power Integration

Layered model for device operation for Local Power Distribution

Network Power Integration

Network layers

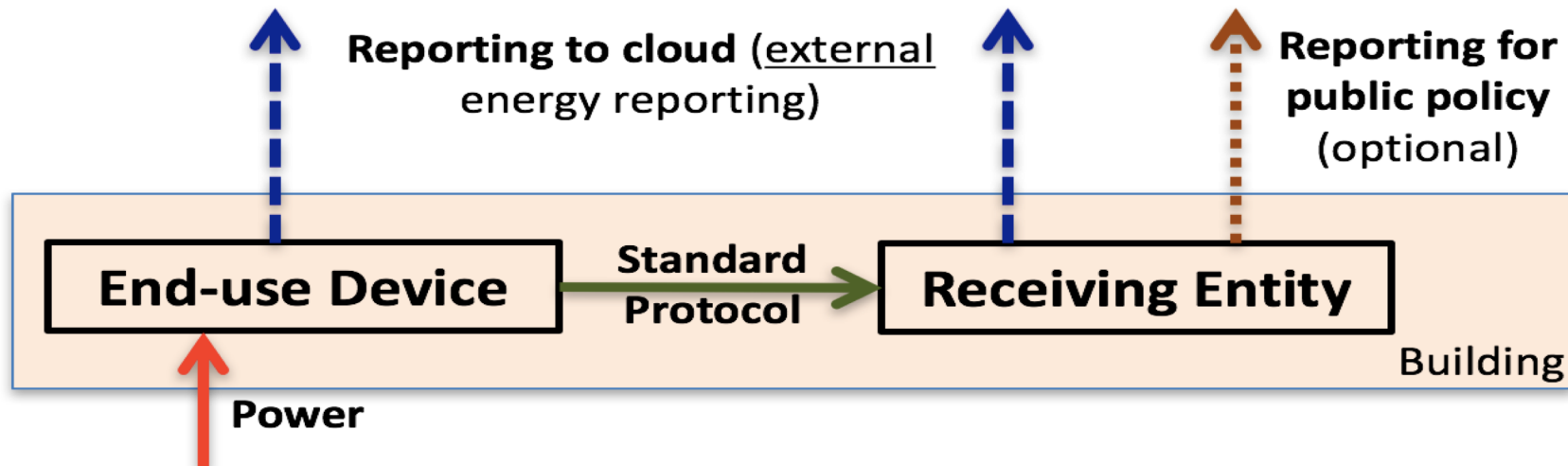
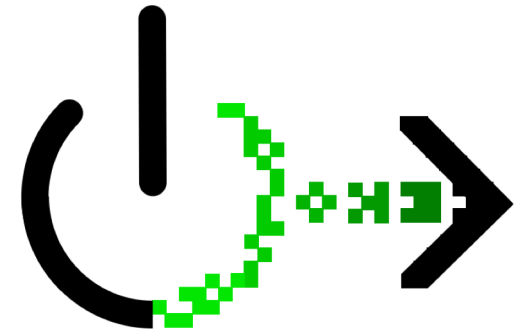


NPI layers

- 5. Functional coordination
- 4. Device discovery and events
- 3. Internal integration — [Quantity
Price
- 2. Exchange within/between grids
- 1. Transport of electrons

Topic 2: Energy Reporting

*The Principle that **All** devices should keep track of their own energy use and be able to report that, and related information, to the local network*



Data Model Issues – General Identity

Manufacturer

**vendor-identifier (a 2-byte numeric value)
and vendor-name (BACnet)**

Vendor (FSGIM)

VendorName (MODbus)

Instrument/Manufacturer (sMAP)

Vendor name (VT)

**ENERGY STAR Manufacturing Partner and
Brand Name (ENERGY STAR)**

Manufacturer and Make (BEDES)

Manufacturer (HPXML)

Manufacturer and Brand (NILM)

Manufacturer (XMPP)

Manufacturer (DMTF)

**deviceManufacturer and deviceVendor
(Haystack)**

MakeModel (CTA 2047)

Model

model-name (BACnet, 70)

Model (FSGIM)

ModelName and ProductCode (MODbus)

Device model number (VT)

Instrument/Model (sMAP)

**Model Name and Model Number (ENERGY
STAR)**

Model (DMF and VT)

ModelNumber (HPXML)

Model (NILM)

**Brand and Product Line / Family Name
(TPEX).**

Name (XMPP)

**Also: SKUs, UPC codes, retail numbers,
descriptions, Global Trade Item
Number and version UPC (Universal
Product Code), Part Number, ...**

(Source: Nordman and Cheung, 2015)

Proposed Reference Data Model

| Item | Data Type | Comment |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Units | Text | UCUM or IEEE 1451 |
| <i>Identification, Unique</i> | | |
| UUID | uuid | 128 bits (16 bytes) |
| LocalIdentity | Text | list of “keyword=value;” |
| <i>Identification, General</i> | | |
| EntityManufacturer | Text | name of Manufacturer, generally without suffix (e.g. Inc.) |
| EntityBrand | Text | name of Brand if different from manufacturer, otherwise empty |
| EntityModel | Text | model number/name |
| EntityIdentityGeneral | Text | list of “keyword=value;” |
| EntityURL | Text | |
| DeviceType | Enumeration (0..92) | Universal Device Classification, B. Nordman and H.Y. Cheung, 2013. |
| <i>Local Data</i> | | |
| LocalName | Text | Locally-determined name |
| LocalOtherInfo | Text | list of “keyword=value;” |
| <i>Location</i> | | |
| LocationLocal | Text | list of “keyword=value;” |
| <i>Power State</i> | Enumeration (0..5) | |
| <i>Energy Reporting</i> | | |
| PowerLevel | Float | current electrical power in W |
| CumulativeEnergy | Float | accumulated energy use in Wh |
| ⁸ TimeStamp | Float or text | Unix time or RFC 3339 time |

Thank you

