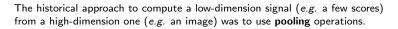
EE-559 - Deep learning

4.5. Pooling

François Fleuret https://fleuret.org/ee559/ Shell escape disabled





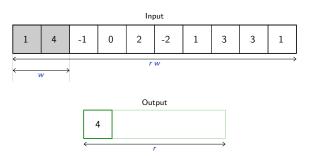


Such an operation aims at grouping several activations into a single "more meaningful" one.

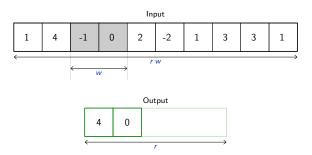
For instance in 1d with a kernel of size 2:

Input									
1	4	-1	0	2	-2	1	3	3	1
<i>rw</i> →									

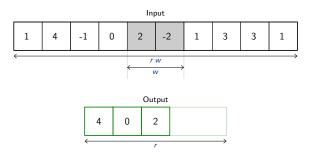
For instance in 1d with a kernel of size 2:



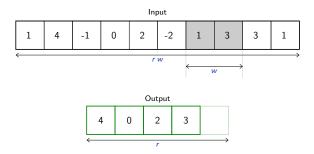
For instance in 1d with a kernel of size 2:



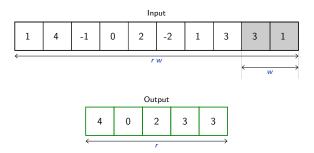
For instance in 1d with a kernel of size 2:



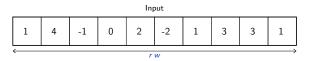
For instance in 1d with a kernel of size 2:



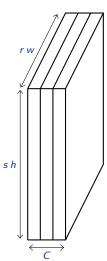
For instance in 1d with a kernel of size 2:

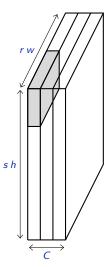


For instance in 1d with a kernel of size 2:

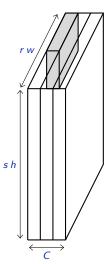


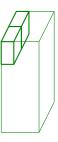


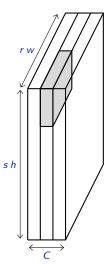


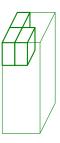


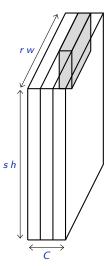




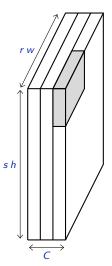


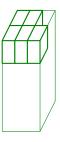


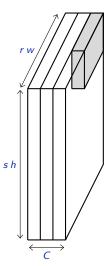


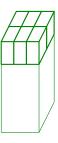


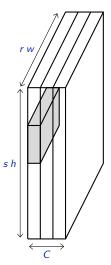




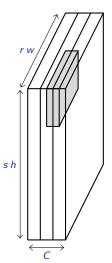




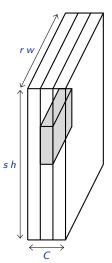


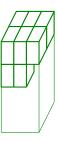


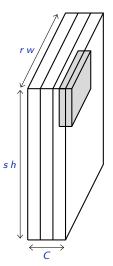


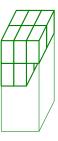


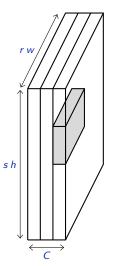


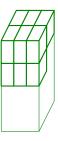


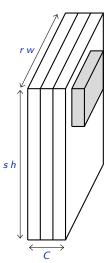


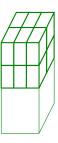


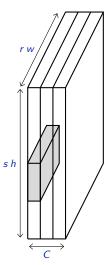




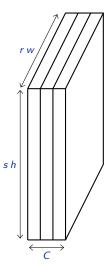


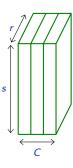


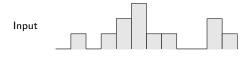


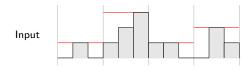




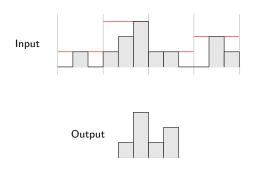




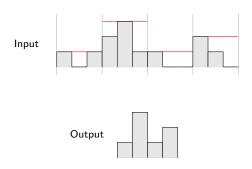


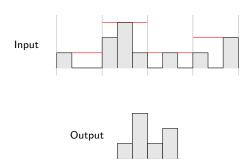


More practically, it provides a pseudo-invariance to deformations that result into local translations.



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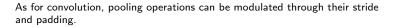
```
torch.nn.functional.max_pool2d(input, kernel_size,
                   stride=None, padding=0, dilation=1,
                   ceil_mode=False, return_indices=False)
```

takes as input a $N \times C \times H \times W$ tensor, and a kernel size (h, w) or kinterpreted as (k, k), applies the max-pooling on each channel of each sample separately, and produce if the padding is 0 a $N \times C \times |H/h| \times |W/w|$ output.

takes as input a $N \times C \times H \times W$ tensor, and a kernel size (h, w) or k interpreted as (k, k), applies the max-pooling on each channel of each sample separately, and produce if the padding is 0 a $N \times C \times \lfloor H/h \rfloor \times \lfloor W/w \rfloor$ output.

takes as input a $N \times C \times H \times W$ tensor, and a kernel size (h, w) or k interpreted as (k, k), applies the max-pooling on each channel of each sample separately, and produce if the padding is 0 a $N \times C \times \lfloor H/h \rfloor \times \lfloor W/w \rfloor$ output.

Similar functions implements 1d and 3d max-pooling, and average pooling.



While for convolution the default stride is 1, for pooling it is equal to the kernel size, but this not obligatory.

Default padding is zero.

Wraps the max-pooling operation into a Module.

As for convolutions, the kernel size is either a pair (h, w) or a single value k interpreted as (k, k).

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