



Loops and Iteration

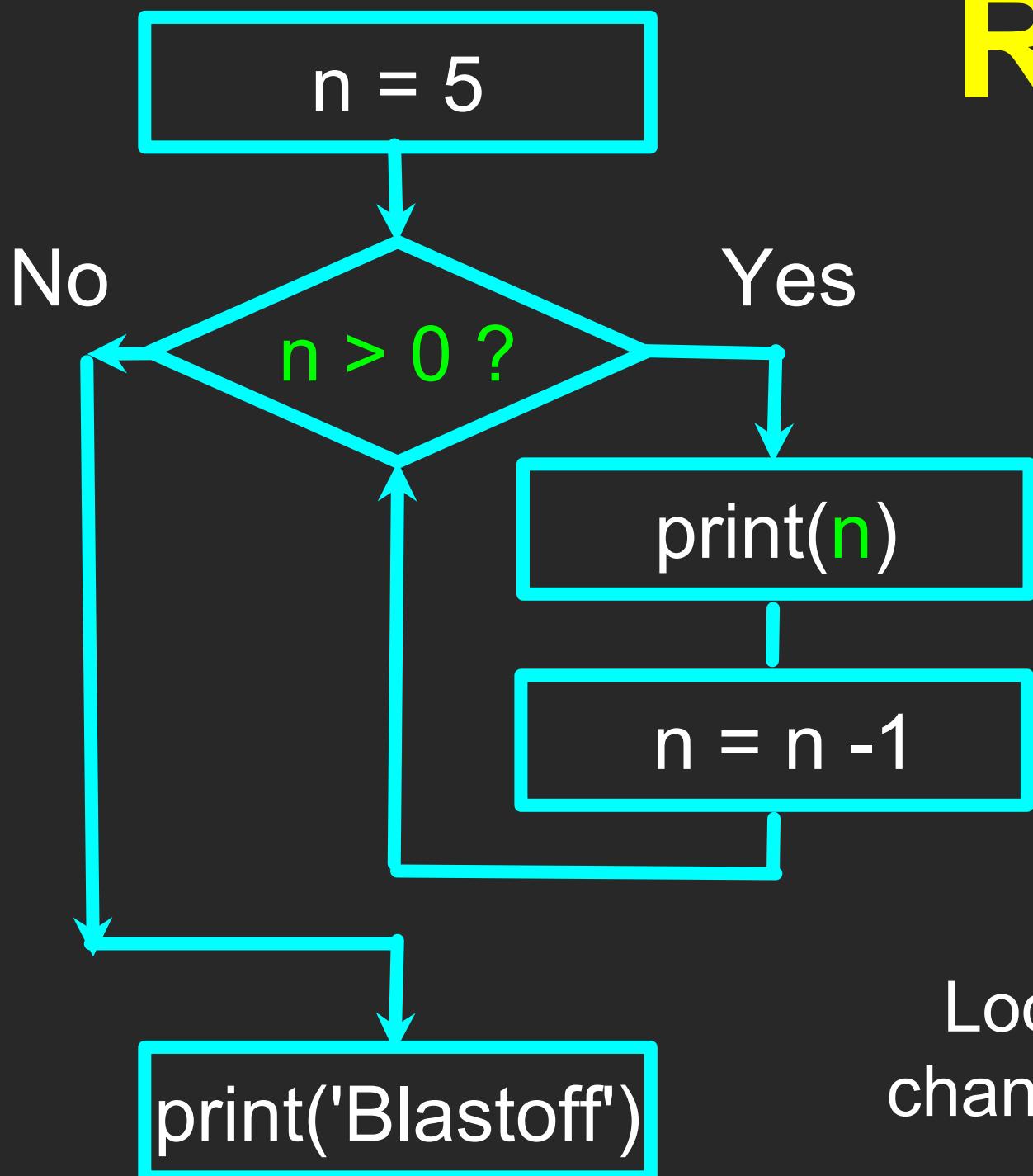
Chapter 5



Python for Everybody
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Repeated Steps



Program:

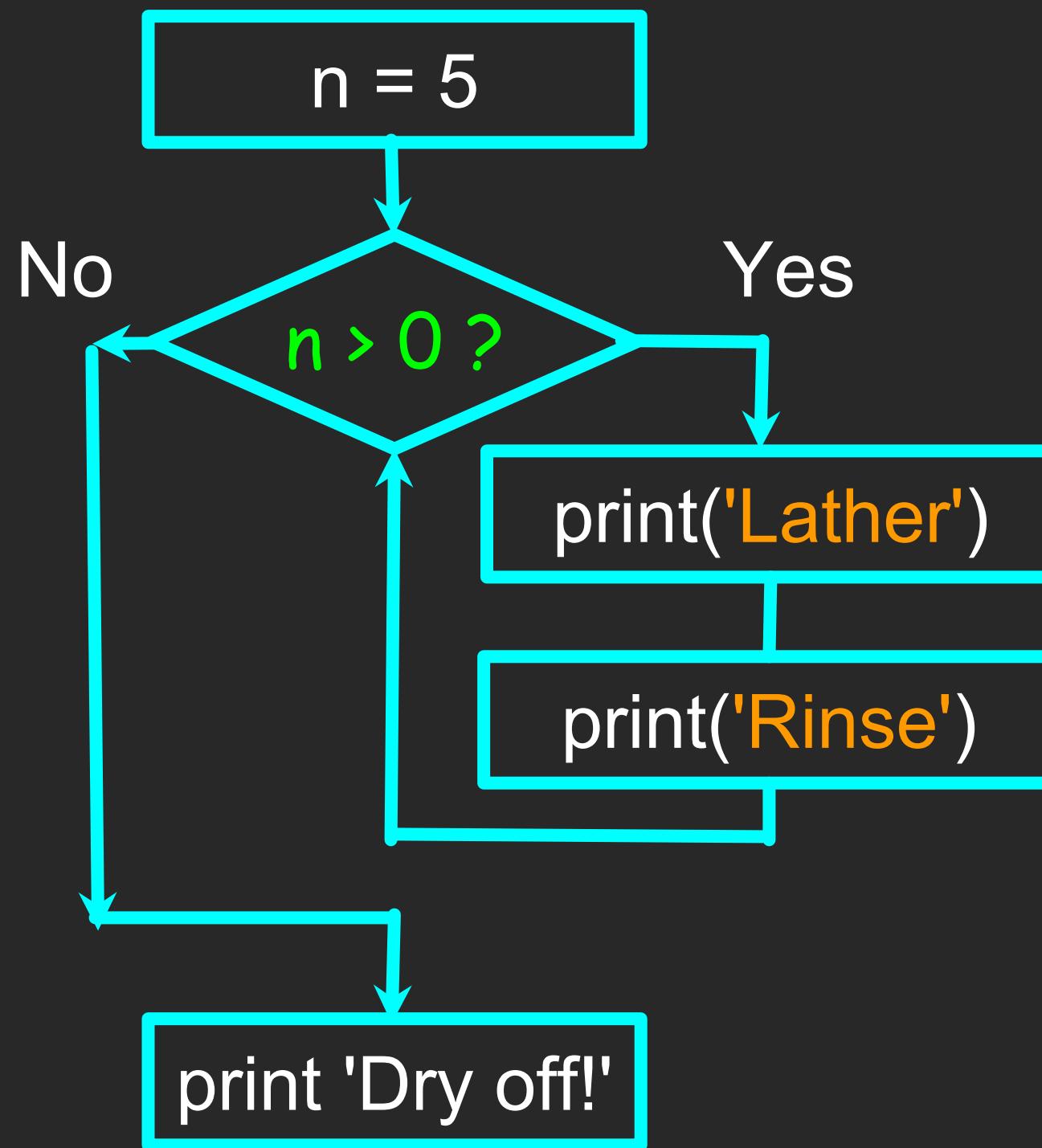
```
n = 5
while n > 0 :
    print(n)
    n = n - 1
print('Blastoff!')
print(n)
```

Output:

```
5
4
3
2
1
Blastoff!
0
```

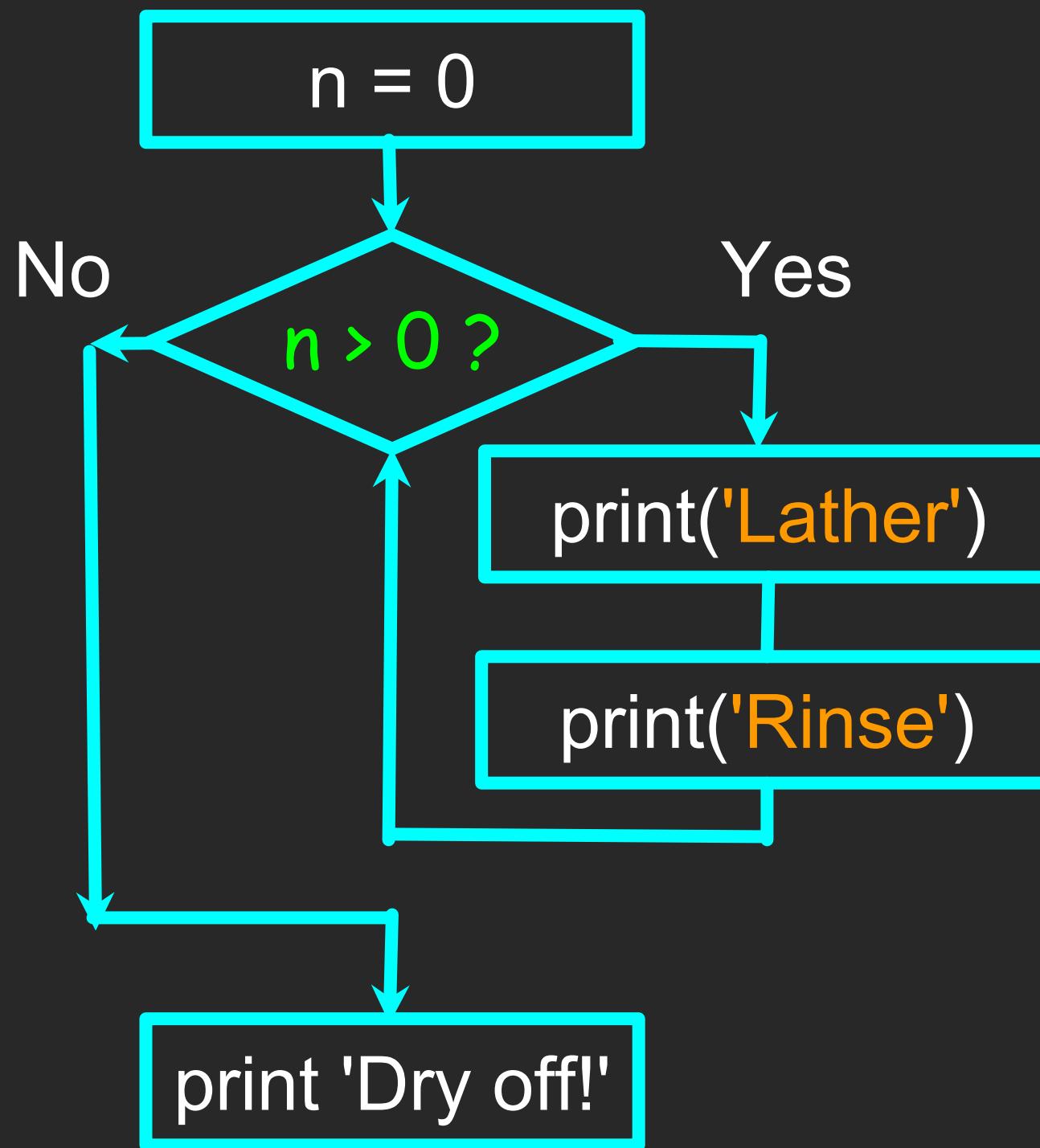
Loops (repeated steps) have **iteration variables** that change each time through a loop. Often these **iteration variables** go through a sequence of numbers.

An Infinite Loop



```
n = 5
while n > 0 :
    print('Lather')
    print('Rinse')
    print('Dry off!')
```

What is wrong with this loop?



Another Loop

```
n = 0
while n > 0 :
    print('Lather')
    print('Rinse')
    print('Dry off!')
```

What is this loop doing?



Breaking Out of a Loop

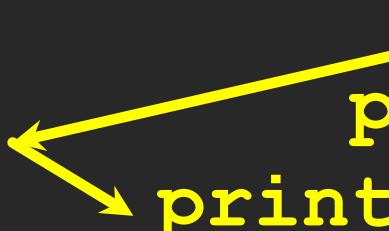
- The **break** statement ends the current loop and jumps to the statement immediately following the loop
- It is like a loop test that can happen anywhere in the body of the loop

```
while True:  
    line = input('> ')  
    if line == 'done' :  
        break  
    print(line)  
print('Done!')  
  
> hello there  
hello there  
> finished  
finished  
> done  
Done!
```

Breaking Out of a Loop

- The **break** statement ends the current loop and jumps to the statement immediately following the loop
- It is like a loop test that can happen anywhere in the body of the loop

```
while True:  
    line = input('> ')  
    if line == 'done' :  
        break  
    print(line)  
print('Done!')
```

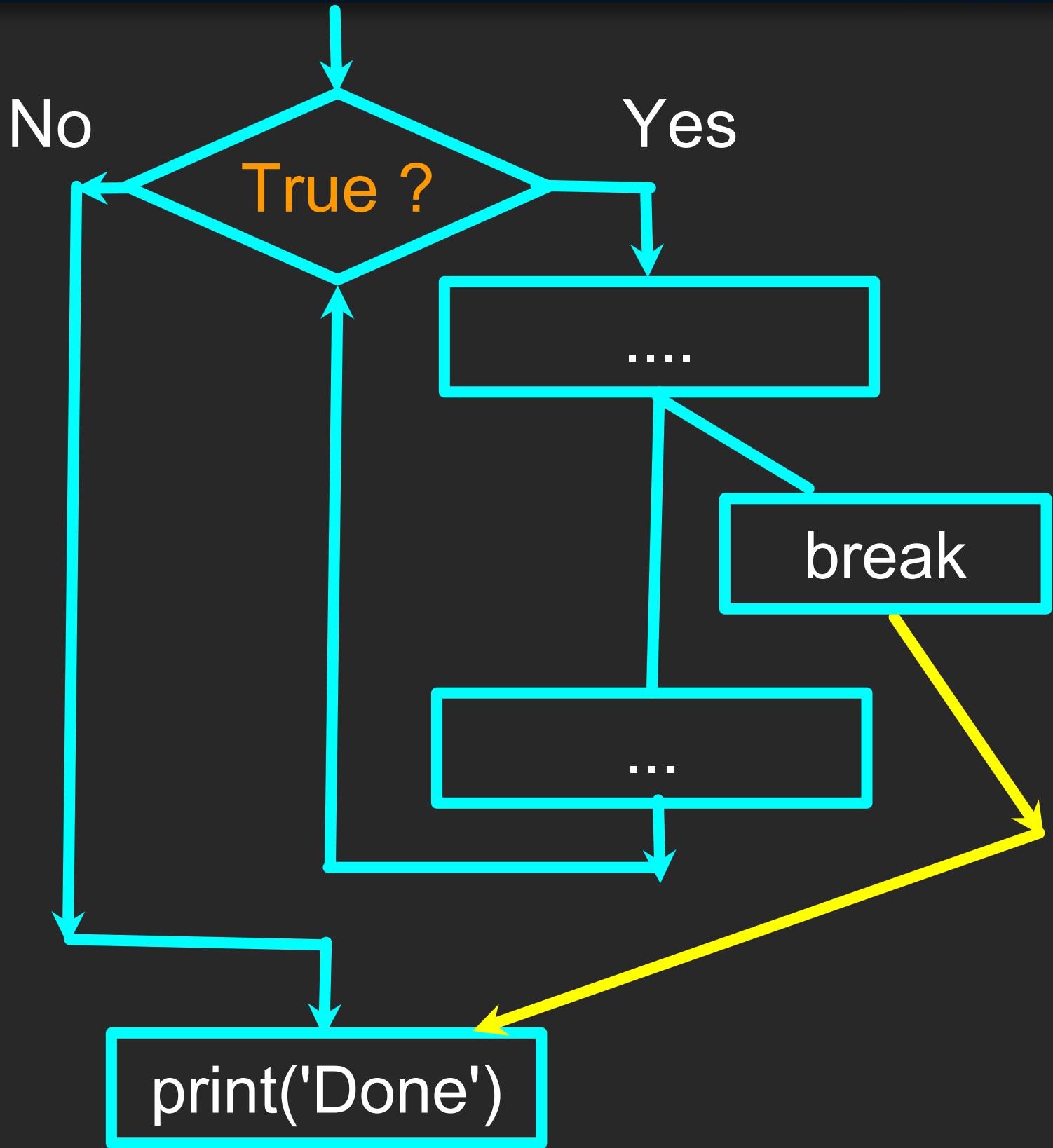


> hello there
hello there
> finished
finished
> done
Done!

```
while True:  
    line = input('> ')  
    if line == 'done' :  
        break  
    print(line)  
print('Done! ')
```



[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Transporter_\(Star_Trek\)](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Transporter_(Star_Trek))



Finishing an Iteration with Continue

The `continue` statement ends the current iteration and jumps to the top of the loop and starts the next iteration

```
while True:  
    line = input('> ')                      > hello there  
    if line[0] == '#':  
        continue                                hello there  
    if line == 'done':  
        break                                    > # don't print this  
    print(line)                                 > print this!  
print('Done!')                                print this!  
                                            > done  
                                            Done!
```

Finishing an Iteration with Continue

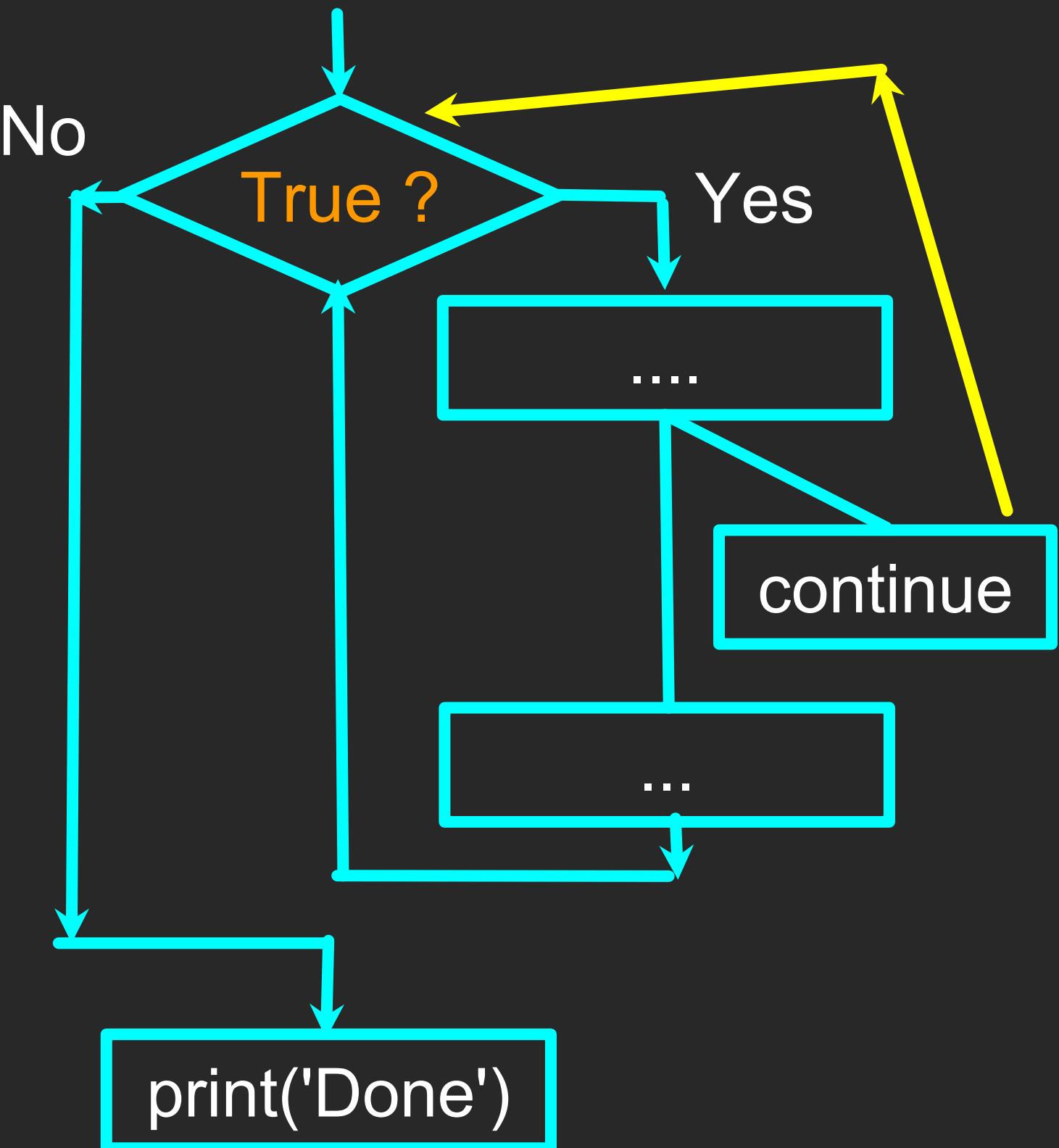
The `continue` statement ends the `current iteration` and jumps to the top of the loop and starts the next iteration

```
while True:  
    line = input('> ')  
    if line[0] == '#':  
        continue  
    if line == 'done':  
        break  
    print(line)  
print('Done!')
```



> hello there
hello there
> # don't print this
> print this!
print this!
> done
Done!

```
while True:  
    line = raw_input('> ')  
    if line[0] == '#':  
        continue  
    if line == 'done' :  
        break  
    print(line)  
print('Done! ')
```





Indefinite Loops

- While loops are called “**indefinite loops**” because they keep going until a logical condition becomes **False**
- The loops we have seen so far are pretty easy to examine to see if they will terminate or if they will be “**infinite loops**”
- Sometimes it is a little harder to be sure if a loop will terminate



Definite Loops



Acknowledgements / Contributions



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