# Week1

Lab1

## **Armant Touche**

Class/Instructor: CS430P/ Dr. Wu-Chang Date: 9/30/22

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# Homework #1 (<u>Link</u>)

1.	Linux VM setup									
	☐ Download Ubuntu 20.04 VM									
	i. Link: <a href="https://releases.ubuntu.com/20.04/">https://releases.ubuntu.com/20.04/</a>									
	☐ VirtualBox (VB)									
	i. Install									
	<ol> <li>Link: <a href="https://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Downloads">https://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Downloads</a></li> </ol>									
2.	Slack Account									
	☐ Join									
3.	GitLab Account									
	☐ Signup									
	☐ Add id_rsa.pub key in Preferences -> SSH Keys									
4.	GitLab repo									
	☐ Create Project									
	☐ Invite Instructor and TA									
	☐ Setup local git in VB, clone, and add README									
5.	Git									
	☐ Init notebook									
6.	Docker Hub account									
	☐ Add dockerhub.txt after signing up with @pdx.edu email									
7.	Google Cloud Platform account									
	☐ Get Coupon									
	☐ Create Project									
8.	AWS Academy									
	☐ Wait for Canvas invite (NOTE: did not receive yet)									
9.	AWS via Vora									
10.	AWS CLI									
	☐ Using Option (1)									

## ARP, Wireshark, Netsim (Link)

- 1. ARP #1
  - ☐ Install Wireshark
  - ☐ Perform tasks
    - Use ip cmd to find virtual lo interface address

```
atouche@atouche:~$ ip -br addr show
lo UNKNOWN 127.0.0.1/8 ::1/128
enp0s3 UP 10.0.2.15/24 fe80::a4f3:d7aa:92d9:2e89/64
docker0 DOWN 172.17.0.1/16
```

- 1. enp0s3: 10.0.2.15
- ii. Perform netstat -rn d to find default router's IP address

```
atouche@atouche:~$ netstat -rn
Kernel IP routing table
Destination
                Gateway
                                 Genmask
                                                          MSS Window
                                                                       irtt Iface
                                                  Flags
0.0.0.0
                10.0.2.2
                                 0.0.0.0
                                                            0 0
                                                                          0 enp0s3
                                                  UG
10.0.2.0
                0.0.0.0
                                 255.255.255.0
                                                            0 0
                                                                          0 enp0s3
                                                  U
169.254.0.0
                0.0.0.0
                                                                          0 enp0s3
                                 255.255.0.0
                                                  U
                                                            0 0
                                 255.255.0.0
172.17.0.0
                0.0.0.0
                                                            0 0
                                                                          0 docker0
                                                  U
```

- 1. gateway: 10.0.2.2
- iii. ping default and use arp to find it's hardware address (MAC)

```
atouche@atouche:~$ ping 10.0.2.2

PING 10.0.2.2 (10.0.2.2) 56(84) bytes of data.

64 bytes from 10.0.2.2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.133 ms

64 bytes from 10.0.2.2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.241 ms

^C
--- 10.0.2.2 ping statistics ---

2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1050ms

rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.133/0.187/0.241/0.054 ms

atouche@atouche:~$ arp -a 10.0.2.2

_gateway (10.0.2.2) at 52:54:00:12:35:02 [ether] on enp0s3

atouche@atouche:~$
```

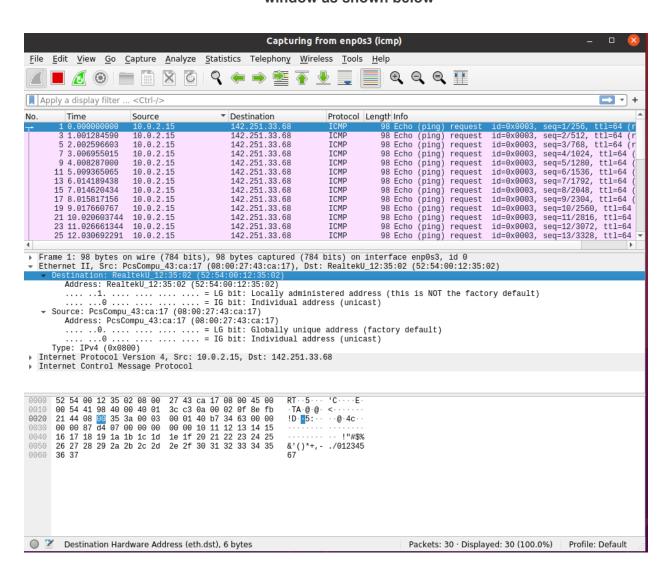
1. MAC: 52:54:00:12:35:02

#### iv. Wireshark

- 1. Add icmp and ping <a href="https://www.google.com">www.google.com</a>
- Answer following questions for request:
  - a. Which hardware manufacturer does the destination hardware address of the packet indicate?

In the data-link layer (L2) packet or frame, the MAC address for destination is 52:54:00:12:35:02 which is the MAC address of the default gateway (10.0.0.2). L2 frame indicates source device is the VM and destination is the router/default gateway.

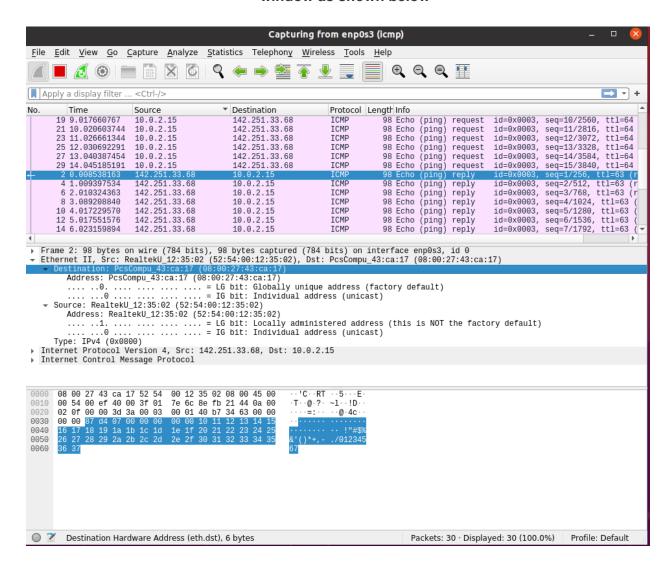
b. Take a screenshot of the bytes in the packet dump window as shown below



- Answer following questions for reply:
  - a. Which hardware manufacturer does the destination hardware address of the packet indicate?

In the data-link layer (L2) packet or frame, the MAC address for destination is 08:00:27:43:ca:17 which is the MAC address of Google's servers (142.251.33.68). L2 frame indicates source device is the default gateway and destination is Google's server.

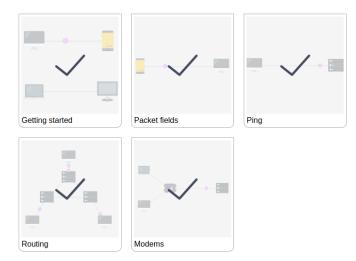
b. Take a screenshot of the bytes in the packet dump window as shown below



# 2. Netsim #2

## ☐ Complete all levels

#### Basics



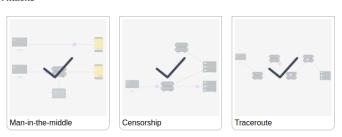
#### Spoofs



#### Denial of Service



#### Attacks



## **Cloud Networking**

- Network scanning (nmap) #1
  - ☐ Create VM
  - ☐ Install nmap
- 2. Launch targets
- 3. Scan targets for services

```
atouche@atouche:~$ nmap 10.138.0.2/24
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-09-30 03:45 UTC
Nmap scan report for atouche.c.cloud-touche-atouche.internal (10.138.0.2)
Host is up (0.00020s latency).
Not shown: 999 closed ports
PORT STATE SERVICE
22/tcp open ssh
Nmap scan report for target-1-vm.c.cloud-touche-atouche.internal (10.138.0.3)
Host is up (0.00056s latency).
Not shown: 997 closed ports
PORT
       STATE SERVICE
22/tcp open ssh
80/tcp open http
443/tcp open https
Nmap scan report for target-2-vm.c.cloud-touche-atouche.internal (10.138.0.4)
Host is up (0.00056s latency).
Not shown: 997 closed ports
PORT
       STATE SERVICE
22/tcp open ssh
80/tcp open http
443/tcp open https
Nmap scan report for target-3-vm.c.cloud-touche-atouche.internal (10.138.0.5)
Host is up (0.00022s latency).
Not shown: 997 closed ports
PORT
       STATE SERVICE
22/tcp open ssh
80/tcp open http
443/tcp open https
Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (4 hosts up) scanned in 3.08 seconds
```

- 4. CIDR and subnets #2
- 5. Navigating default network
  - ☐ Answer following questions:
    - How many subnetworks are created initially on the default network? How many regions does this correspond to? (Use a pipe to pass output to grep in order to return specific lines of output and then another to pass output to wc to count them: | grep default | wc -1)

72 subnetworks are created initially with default.

ii. Given the CIDR prefix associated with each subnetwork, how many hosts does each subnetwork support?

 $2^{(32-20)}-2 = 4094 \text{ host(s)} / \text{subnetwork}$ 

iii. Which CIDR subnetworks are these instances brought up in? Do they correspond to the appropriate region based on the prior commands?

In 10.150.0.0/instance-1 and 10.182.0.0/instance-2. Yes

atouche@instance-1:~\$ ping 10.182.0.2
PING 10.182.0.2 (10.182.0.2) 56(84) bytes of data.

iv. From the figure in the previous step. What facilitates this connectivity: the virtual switch or the VPN Gateway?

Virtual switch

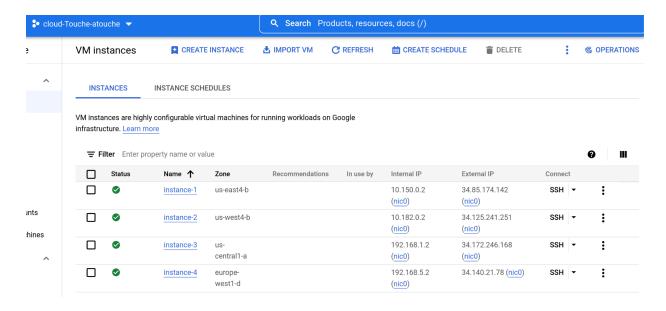
#### 6. Creating custom networks

☐ custom-network1

NAME: subnet-us-central-192 REGION: us-central1 NETWORK: custom-network1 RANGE: 192.168.1.0/24 STACK\_TYPE: IPV4\_ONLY IPV6\_ACCESS\_TYPE: INTERNAL\_IPV6\_PREFIX: EXTERNAL\_IPV6\_PREFIX: NAME: default REGION: europe-west1 NETWORK: default RANGE: 10.132.0.0/20 STACK TYPE: IPV4 ONLY IPV6\_ACCESS\_TYPE: INTERNAL\_IPV6\_PREFIX: EXTERNAL IPV6 PREFIX: NAME: subnet-europe-west-192 REGION: europe-west1 NETWORK: custom-network1 RANGE: 192.168.5.0/24 STACK\_TYPE: IPV4\_ONLY IPV6\_ACCESS\_TYPE: INTERNAL IPV6 PREFIX: EXTERNAL\_IPV6\_PREFIX:

- ☐ Ping instance-3&4 from instance-1
  - i. Cannot ping outside of region since they are not on the same subnet and do not share the same virtual network switch like instance1&2 does.

#### ☐ Take screenshot of all instances



#### ☐ Then visit VPC Network

Name ↑	Region	Subnets	мти 🚱	Mode	Internal IP ranges	External IP ranges	Secondary IPv4 ranges	Gateways	Firewall Rules	Global dynamic routing	Flow
▼ custom-network1		2	1460	Custom	None				0	Off	
	us-central1	subnet-us- central-192			192.168.1.0/24	None	None	192.168.1.1			Off
	europe-west1	subnet- europe- west-192			192.168.5.0/24	None	None	192.168.5.1			Off
▼ default		36	1460	Auto	None				4	Off	
	us-central1	default			10.128.0.0/20	None	None	10.128.0.1			Off
	europe-west1	default			10.132.0.0/20	None	None	10.132.0.1			Off
	us-west1	default			10.138.0.0/20	None	None	10.138.0.1			Off
	asia-east1	default			10.140.0.0/20	None	None	10.140.0.1			Off

#### 7. Clean up