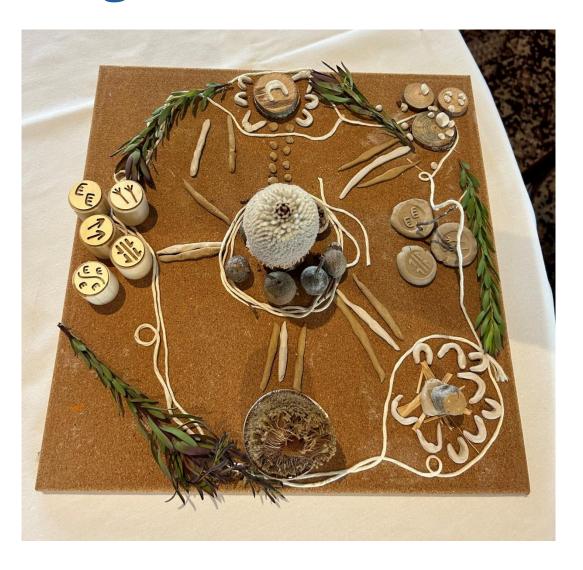
Barkly UMEL Youth Case Study Putting Youth at the Centre



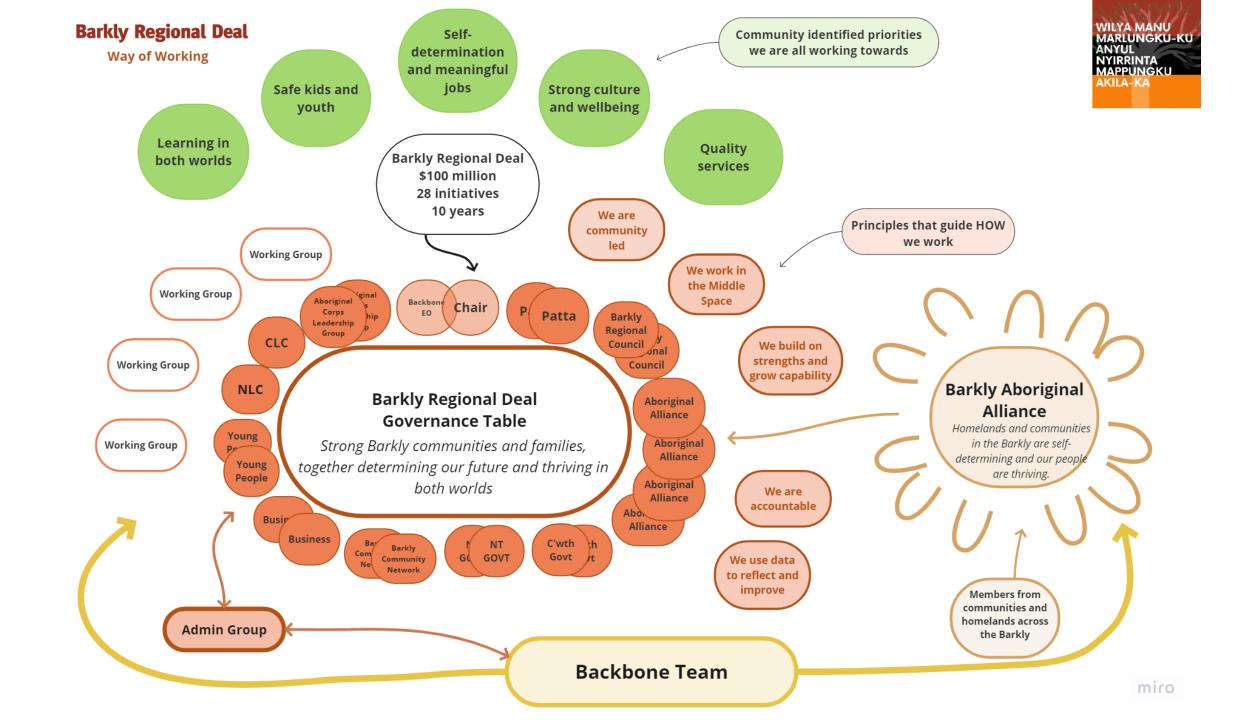
Youth Case Study and the Youth Roundtables

We created this model to remind us all that we are here to support our young people to be strong. It shows our **young people at the centre** and the different groups and types of knowledge that are connected with them.

- At the top you can see a young person sitting and just being, and people listening deeply
- Top right corner are all the past reports and existing research about young people in Tennant Creek
- Below that are the government agencies working with young people
- Bottom right corner is a firepit and young and older people sitting around it yarning and truthtelling
- Bottom centre is the old knowledge from Elders and community members
- Centre left are the youth programs

The string connects everyone together.
The strongest parts are the old knowledge, deep listening and truthtelling, as they are always here in the community. The Government and youth programs change a lot and come and go.





What is Middle Space UMEL?

Understanding, Measurement, Evaluation and Learning

- Mixture of wumpurani and papulanji ways of doing research and evaluation- 'meeting in the middle space'
- Puts Wumpurani knowledge and ways of doing things first
- Has a ripple effect
- Used in Backbones around Australia
- Our team did 'Two Worlds UMEL' Training developed by Kowa



Why a Youth Case Study?

2019 BRD Crisis Youth Support Initiative

TFHC request (thanks Soana!) to include young people in the design and decision making.

Governance Table endorsement June 2024.

Backbone Community Researcher Case study to explore:

- Needs and experiences of youth in Tennant Creek/Barkly
- How to include youth in this process
- Youth programs strengths and gaps

We are in the **Understanding** phase to inform the design of an initiative which we will later measure and evaluate.



UMEL Planning:

The start of the river journey

Who should be part of the UMEL?

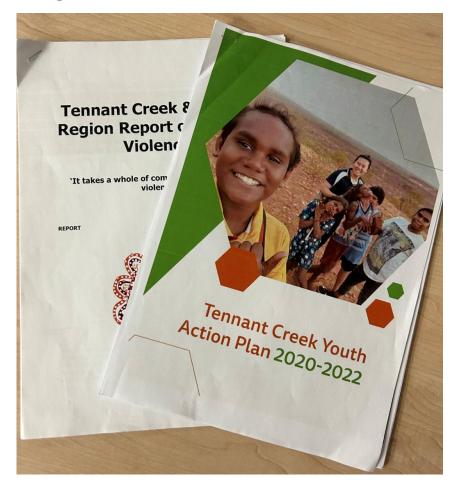
Youth Stakeholder mapping



Understanding Data Source One: What youth consultations and research have taken place recently in the Barkly?

We analysed data from 2018-2024 including:

- 1000 Voices Report (2018)
- Operation Hammond Project (2021-2022)
- Tennant Creek Youth Action Plan 2020-2022
- Youth meeting with Minister Uibo (2022)
- Backbone Crisis Youth Support and Tennant Creek Youth Centre Surveys (2022)
- Story of our Children and Young People (2019-21)
- Barkly Region Report on Family Violence (2023)
- Backbone Youth Meeting (July 2024)
- Tennant Creek Youth Roundtable (Oct 2024)
- Backbone Youth Survey (currently open)



Youth Meeting (23) and Youth Roundtable (17)

We have used a range of data sources and methods to include our UMEL stakeholders

Impact Yarns with 22 community members and services







Youth Survey (cocreated with youth and services) 46 respondents so far)

Program data from Youth services (9)



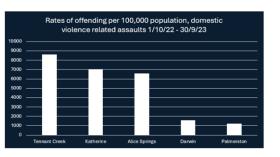








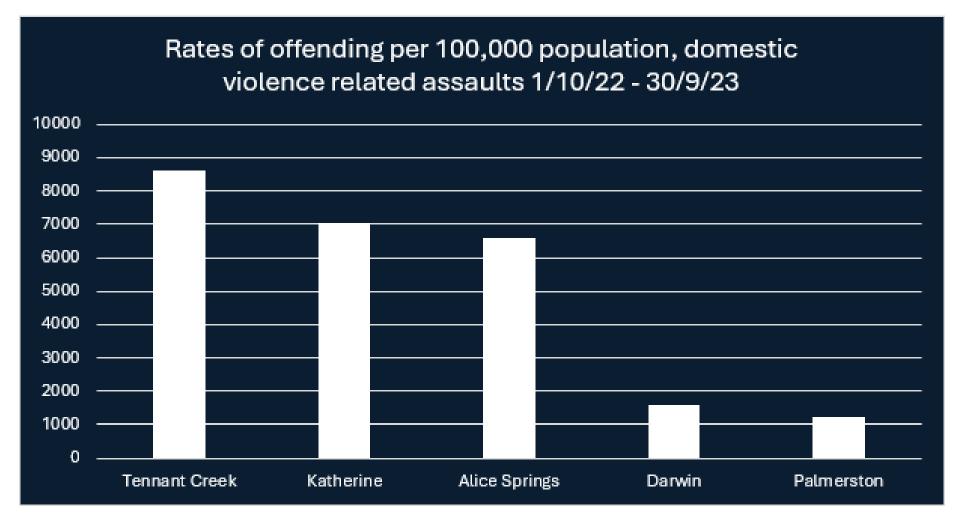
National and Territory data



Understanding Data: What does the 2021 Census tell us about young people in the Tennant Creek?

Age	Population	Living in overcrowded houses	%
0-4	271	Not available	
5-9	217	Not available	
10-14	180	118	66%
15-19	167	126	76%
20-24	185	110	60%

Understanding Data: What does NT data tells us about FDV in TC?



Northern Territory Government and Territory Community Safety. 2023. Mapping of current investment and activity to prevent and respond to domestic, family and sexual violence in the Northern Territory. A report prepared by the Northern Territory Domestic, Family and Sexual Violence Interagency Coordination and Reform Office. Available at: https://tfhc.nt.gov.au/_data/assets/pdf_file/0007/1274038/dfsv-mapping-report.pdf

Youth Roundtable Oct 30







Understanding: Feedback from the July Youth Meeting (23) and Oct Youth Roundtable (17)

'What did they tell us about how to spend the \$3 million?

Safe House: A safe place to rest, get food, laundry, transport home, counselling, experienced staff. Could be at the TCYC or an unused building in town.

Wellbeing: Counsellors and youth workers to talk through stuff and get support.

Education and Work Experience: Alternative learning- two ways, outdoors, VET, work experience, trips, adults supports

Sports: More competitions and events, training and resources, sports for all ages



Good things about TC

Hard things about TC

Its a small community and you feel connected to people

Family and friends are the best thing about living here Drinking and fighting are the worst things about living here

There's not much to do here

What young people say/want (across all the youth data sources)

We want more guidance/mentoring/ support from adults

Somewhere safe to go at night

More of a

voice for

young people

More sports activities and competitions with rules and adults supervising

More counselling and people to talk to about stuff

What

young people

have told us

More activities and programs, at night and for different ages

More opportunities to learn skills and do work experience and have support to get a job

> More ways of learningoutside, two ways, VET programs

Changes the community wants to see

Clear and common stories across the different data sources and stakeholders



Culture

Older people are talking more about culture than young people. Older people worry about loss of cultural practices, authority and identity and want young people to learn culture and language

Young people are talking more about problem drinking and fighting than adults. It is their main worry and challenge

Safety

Some program data shows only one case in 12 months when services could not find a safe place to take a young person at night

Different and opposing stories across the different data sources and stakeholders

Young people want more than cultural guidance. They want adults in their lives as mentors, role models, providing ongoing support for activities and pathways to reach their goals

Different stories in the data

Many respondents to the youth survey say **they feel safe at home**, most, or all of the time

Young people want to have a range of experiences and trips outside Tennant Creek, not just bush and cultural trips The main message from 23 young people at the July 31 meeting was that a **safe house was needed** for young people to have somewhere safe to go at night

The 2023 FDV Report states that 100% of youth surveyed feel unsafe from FDV

Issues we need to understand better before we make decisions

Who, within 'Family' are young people going to for help and safety?

If they have a role model, who is it and why?

What do we know about the **supports adults need** to be the mentors/supports/guides that young people want in their lives?

What exactly do young people mean by a 'safe house?'

Are we talking about the same or different things?

Things we need to understand better

Why are youth asking for a 'safe house' when some service data and many young people say they have safe places to go? Do diverse groups of youth feel safe at home?

People talk about CLA

Community Centres as places for youth activities.

What is happening with those and will youth have a say in how they are used?

This work is ongoing. Next steps include:

Share learnings
Quarterly roundtables
Collect missing data
Define youth
Theory of change

We need to hear more from young people not at school, those involved in the justice system and young parents

We need to
hear more from
young people, families
and programs in small
communities and
homelands across the
Barkly

Data we still need to get

We need data from schools, child protection and the police We need
more
current data from
youth services to map
programs, identify gaps
and understand
outcomes

Thankyou and QUESTIONS...???

For more information contact the Backbone Community Researchers:

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