

Bonus Question

AI1110: Probability and Random Variables

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CS22BTECH11001

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Given that a fair coin is marked 1 on one face and 6 on the other and a fair die is rolled. Find the probability that the sum turns up 3 and 12.

Solution. Let X be a random variable which represents the value on the coin.

Let Y be a random variable which represents the value of the die.

The Z-transform of X is defined as

$$M_X(z) = E[z^{-X}] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} p_X(k)z^{-k} \quad (1)$$

$$\therefore M_X(z) = \frac{1}{2} \times (z^{-1}) + \frac{1}{2} \times (z^{-6}) \quad (2)$$

$$= \frac{z^{-1}}{2} + \frac{z^{-6}}{2} \quad (3)$$

Similarly,

$$M_Y(z) = \frac{1}{6} \times (z^{-1}) + \frac{1}{6} \times (z^{-2}) + \frac{1}{6} \times (z^{-3}) \quad (4)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} \times (z^{-4}) + \frac{1}{6} \times (z^{-5}) + \frac{1}{6} \times (z^{-6})$$

$$= \frac{z^{-1}}{6} + \frac{z^{-2}}{6} + \frac{z^{-3}}{6} + \frac{z^{-4}}{6} + \frac{z^{-5}}{6} + \frac{z^{-6}}{6} \quad (5)$$

Now, As X and Y are independent

$$M_{X+Y}(z) = M_Y(z)M_X(z) \quad (6)$$

$$\therefore M_{X+Y}(z) = \left(\frac{z^{-1}}{6} + \frac{z^{-2}}{6} + \frac{z^{-3}}{6} + \frac{z^{-4}}{6} + \frac{z^{-5}}{6} + \frac{z^{-6}}{6} \right) \quad (7)$$

$$\times \left(\frac{z^{-1}}{2} + \frac{z^{-6}}{2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{z^{-2}}{12} + \frac{z^{-3}}{12} + \frac{z^{-4}}{12} + \frac{z^{-5}}{12} + \frac{z^{-6}}{12} + \frac{z^{-7}}{6} \quad (8)$$

$$+ \frac{z^{-8}}{12} + \frac{z^{-9}}{12} + \frac{z^{-10}}{12} + \frac{z^{-11}}{12} + \frac{z^{-12}}{12} \quad (9)$$

Therefore,

By comparing Coefficients,

$$p_{X+Y}(3) = \frac{1}{12} \quad (10)$$

$$p_{X+Y}(12) = \frac{1}{12} \quad (11)$$