TIPS ON FLOWCHARTS AND DRAW.IO

CONTENTS

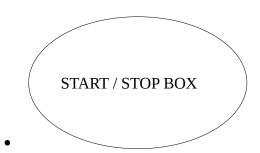
FLOWCHARTS

- <u>Introduction</u>
- Basic Notations And Simple Flowcharts
- Modulus and more
- Variables and Decision Boxes
- Largest of 3 Numbers
- Introduction to Loops
- More on Loops
- <u>Fibonacci Series</u>
- Sum of Digits of a Number
- Connectors

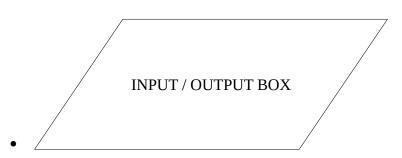
INTRODUCTION

- A flowchart is a drawn or graphical representation of any algorithm
- An algorithm is a sequence to solving a problem
- A flowchart is so called because of the flow of the chart in order of the sequence of the algorithm
- flowcharts has it's own rules and notations

BASIC NOTATIONS AND SIMPLE FLOWCHARTS



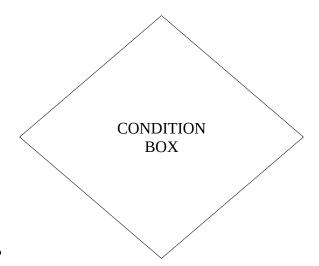
• It denotes the start and end of the flowchart



o it's used when an input is needed from the user and also to display an output to the user



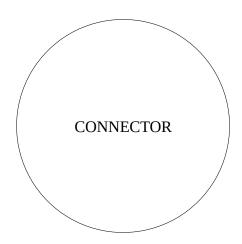
• this is for any mathematical calcualtions in your flowchart



 \circ this is needed for checking conditions

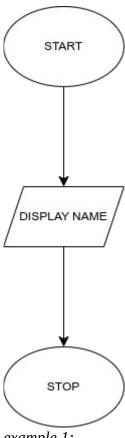


 $\circ\quad$ this is used for connecting all the shapes in the flowchart to show the flow of logic



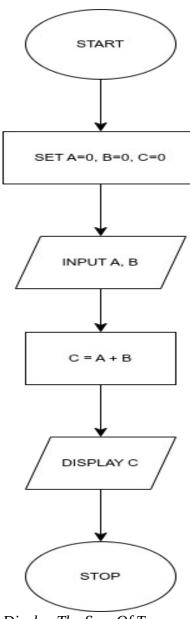
 $\circ\quad$ this is used for connecting one point of the flowchart to another

example 1:



example 1: displays a name

example 2:

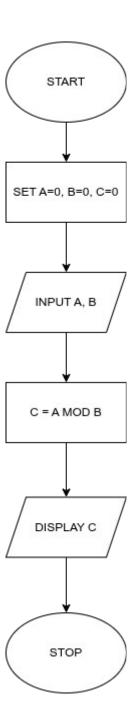


Display The Sum Of Two Numbers

MODULUS AND MORE

- When working on other mathematical operations, all you need to change is the process box
- modulus is denoted as MOD
- modulus gives you the remainder after division in integerss

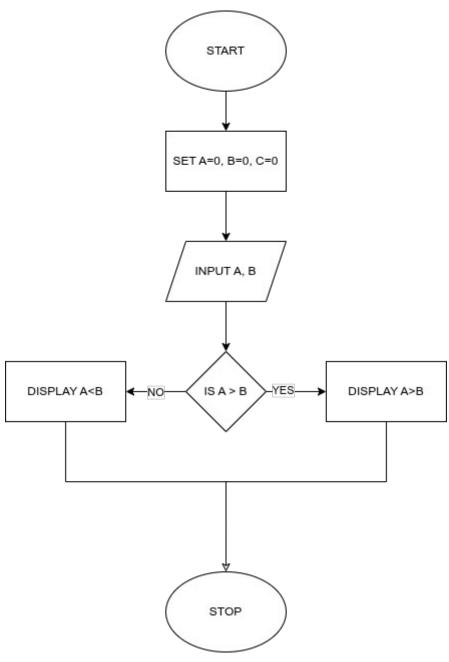
example 3:



VARIABLES AND DECISION BOX

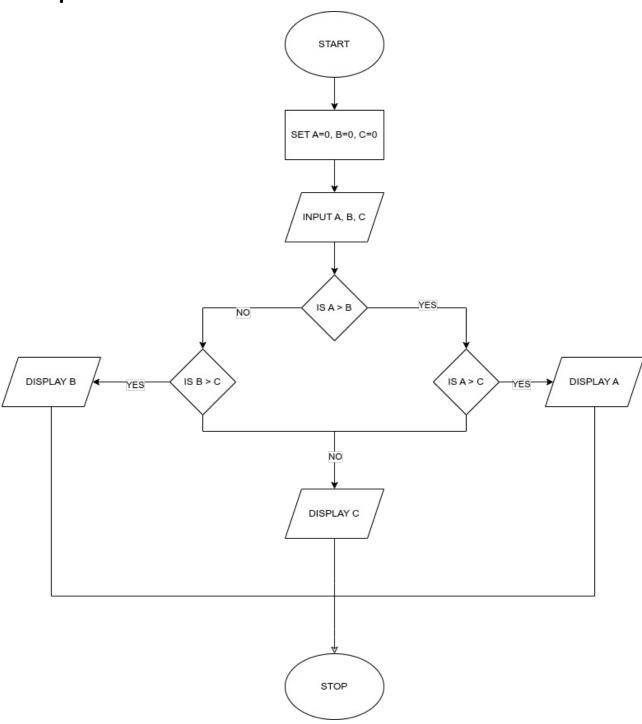
• A variable is a placeholder for data

example 4:



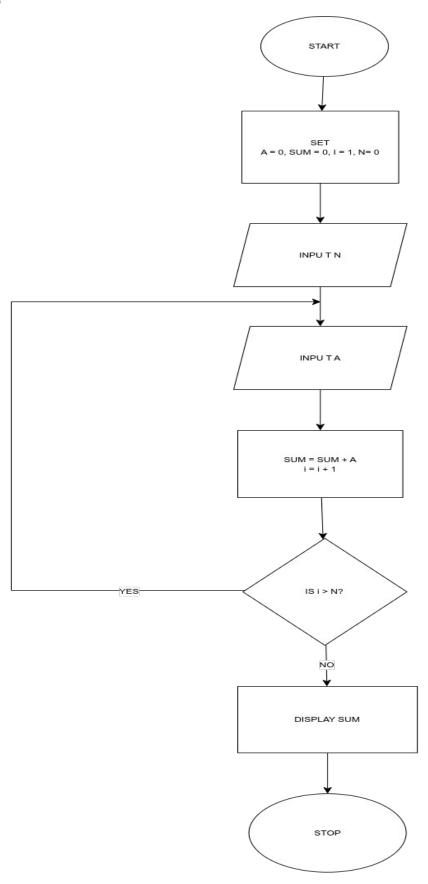
LARGEST OF 3 NUMBERS

Example 5:



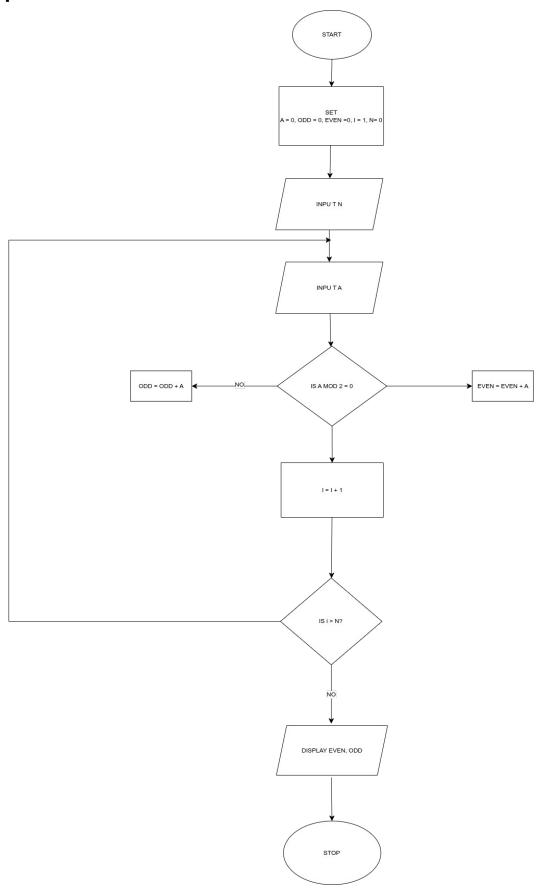
INTRODUCTION TO LOOPS

Example 6:

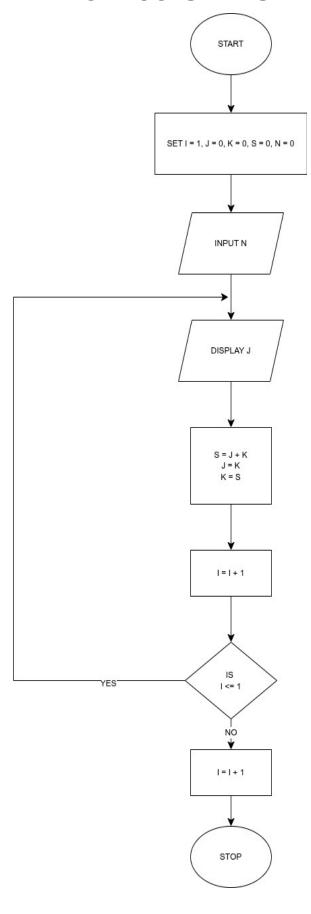


MORE ON LOOPS

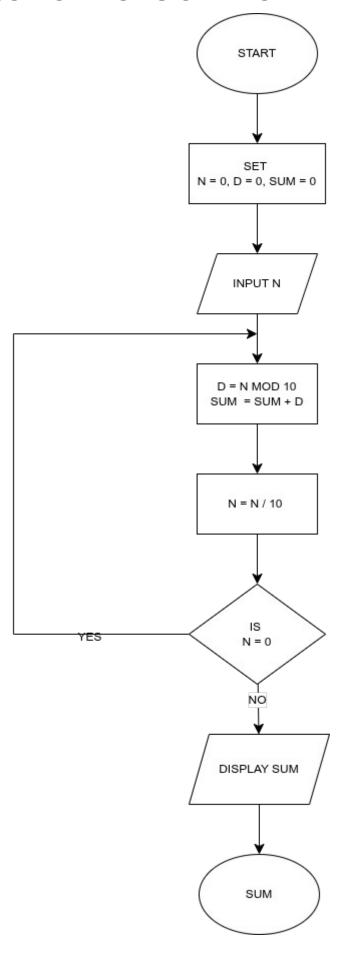
Example 7:



FIBONACCI SERIES



SUM OF DIGITS OF A NUMBER



CONNECTORS

