

# Placement/Internship Class - 4

Topics: Two pointers and Contribution technique



# Binary Search?

Question - 1(Standard) :

<https://leetcode.com/problems/two-sum/>

Given an array of integers `nums` and an integer `target`, return *indices of the two numbers such that they add up to* `target`.

You may assume that each input would have **exactly one solution**, and you may not use the *same* element twice.

You can return the answer in any order.

#### Example 1:

**Input:** `nums = [2,7,11,15]`, `target = 9`

**Output:** `[0,1]`

**Explanation:** Because `nums[0] + nums[1] == 9`, we return `[0, 1]`.

#### Example 2:

**Input:** `nums = [3,2,4]`, `target = 6`

**Output:** `[1,2]`

## Question - 2 (Standard)

Given an array  $A$  of size  $n$ . Find the maximum value of  $\min(A[i], A[j]) * (i - j)$ ?

Link: <https://leetcode.com/problems/container-with-most-water/description/>

# Question - 3 (Homework)

<https://leetcode.com/problems/trapping-rain-water/>

Contribution  
Technique?

## Question - 4 (Standard)

Given an array  $A$  of size  $n$ . Find the sum of values of all subarrays.

$$1 \leq n \leq 1e5$$

$$0 \leq A[i] \leq 1e9$$



# Question - 5 (Standard)

Given an array  $A$  of size  $n$ . Find the sum of values of all subsequences.

$$1 \leq n \leq 1e5$$

$$0 \leq A[i] \leq 1e9$$

# Question - 5 (Standard)

Find the sum of ORs of all subarrays of array A of size n.

$1 \leq n \leq 1e5$

$0 \leq A[i] \leq 1e9$

## Question - 6

Given an array  $A$  of size  $n$ , you create all possible subsequences of it. Now, for each subsequence you find difference of maximum and minimum of that subsequence. Find the sum.

$$1 \leq n \leq 1e5$$

$$0 \leq A[i] \leq 1e9$$

# Question - 7

Find the sum of paths of every ordered pair of nodes in a tree with  $n$  nodes.

$1 \leq n \leq 1e5$