

## **Language to describe Maps and Processes**

## Language for change (useful for maps)

Appearance				
Verb	Noun	Example sentences		
appear construct establish set up build develop plant	appearance construction establishment development -	A number of new shops and a new school appeared in 2003.  A pedestrian bridge was constructed over the highway.  A new gym was established.  A primary school was set up.  A factory was built in the outskirts of the city.  A new residential area was developed in the east.  A row of trees was planted along the main road.		
Disappearance				
Verb	Noun	Example sentences		
disappear remove demolish cut down clear used to (be) no longer exist decrease	disappearance removal demolition - clearance - decrease	The residential area in the south <b>disappeared</b> .  The railway line that ran west-east through the city <b>was removed</b> .  Several small shops <b>were demolished</b> and replaced with a large shopping centre.  The trees along the norther border of the town <b>were cut down</b> .  The forest <b>was cleared</b> for the expansion of the residential area.  The theatre that <b>used to be</b> in the city centre <b>no longer exists</b> in 2019.  The amount of green space in the town <b>decreased</b> significantly.		
Change				
Verb	Noun	Example sentences		
transform convert (into) renovate extend change replace with relocate move (from / to) modernise expand increase develop	transformation conversion renovation extension change replacement relocation - modernisation expansion increase	The town underwent significant transformation over the 15- year period.  The old shops on the main street were converted into high rise buildings.  The museum in the city centre was renovated.  The railway line was extended to the north and west.  The western part of the town saw significant change.  One of the primary schools was replaced with a secondary school.  The industrial area was relocated further south.  The gym was moved from the city centre to the east.  The railway station was modernised.  The leisure centre was expanded to include an outdoor pool.		

development	The number of bus lines increased to reach more parts of the city.  The library was developed, with the addition of two extra levels.
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Much of the vocabulary above is more commonly used with particular features. Have a look at the examples below:

Feature	Common verbs	Example
Trees and forests	Plant, cut down, clear, expand	A new forest was planted to the west of the
		town centre.
Buildings (shops,	Construct, build, establish, set	The town centre was expanded with the
schools, houses,	up, develop, demolish, convert,	<b>development</b> of a new shopping centre.
etc)	renovate, relocate, move	
	(from/to), modernise, expand	
Roads, bridges,	Construct, build, establish,	A new road was constructed that runs
railway lines	extend, relocate, move	north-south through the town centre.
	(from/to)	
All	Remove, replace with, appear,	There used to be a small lake in the north
	disappear, used to be, no	west of the town, but it <b>no longer exists</b> in
	longer exist, increase,	2016.
	decrease	

There are also certain verbs that are useful when describing overall trends or changes

Overall trends	Develop, transform, modernise,	Over the 10-year period, the town <b>changed</b>
	change	dramatically.

Look at the following example sentences describing maps.

- During the period from 2012-2015 the city was <u>transformed</u>, with the <u>establishment</u> of a shopping centre and the construction of two new schools.
- A new restaurant was developed.
- The railway line was extended to the west.
- The forest was cleared and replaced with a new residential area.
- The lake that can be seen on the 2016 map no longer exists on the map in 2018.
- The university was <u>relocated</u> further to the north of the city.

## Verbs to describe a process

Category	Vocabulary	Example sentences
create	generate,	The wind turbines <b>generate</b> electricity
	produce	
move	move	As the bottles <b>move</b> along the conveyer belt, they are purified.
	run, flow	Cold fluid <b>flows</b> up the pipe towards the solar collector.
	continue	The compressed gas <b>continues</b> along the pipe until it reaches the combustion engine.
	travel	The milk <b>travels</b> in a truck from the factory to the supermarket.
change location	transfer	The peanuts are then <b>transferred</b> from the frying tray onto a cooling tray.
	transport	The milk is <b>transported</b> from the farm to the factory.
	take from/to	Subsequently, the bottles are <b>taken</b> from the cleaning factory to the glass factory.
	place (in) (objects)	The glass is <b>placed</b> in a furnace to be melted down.
	pour (into) (liquids)	Following this, the cake mixture is <b>poured</b> into the baking tray.
arrive	reach, arrive	When the bottles <b>reach</b> the factory, they pass through a number of steps.
	enter, go into	The powder then <b>enters</b> a rotating heater.
leave	leave	The water <b>leaves</b> the dam through a valve.
	escape, release	Gases are <b>released</b> into the atmosphere. Gases <b>escape</b> into the atmosphere.
	remove (from), take out (of)	The clay pots are <b>removed</b> from the oven before being dyed.
rotate	rotate, spin, turn	When the wind hits the blades, they <b>rotate</b> .
mix	combine, mix	The cement, water, sand and gravel are <b>combined</b> in the concrete mixer.
collect	collect	The solar energy is <b>collected</b> on the roof.
	store	The water is <b>stored</b> in a tank.