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Good luck on your exam!



Introduction to GitHub Actions

- **GitHub Actions:** CI/CD pipeline integrated with GitHub repo
- Automates: Testing, building, deploying, etc.
- **Templates:** Available for getting started
- YAML Files: Located in `.github/workflow` folder
- History: Shows workflow run success/failure and duration

Types of GitHub Actions

- Pushes: Trigger on any push
- Pull Requests: Trigger on PR events
- **Issues**: Trigger on issue activities
- **Releases**: Trigger on new releases
- Scheduled Events: Cron expressions for scheduling
- Manual Triggers: Trigger manually via GitHub UI/CLI

Workflows

- **Definition**: Configurable automated process with one or more jobs
- Location: `.github/workflows` directory
- Triggers: Events, external triggers, schedules, manual
- Name Property: Identifies workflows



Workflow Components

- Actions: Reusable tasks in a workflow
- Workflows: Automated processes coordinating jobs
- Jobs: Groups of steps executed on the same runner
- Steps: Individual tasks within jobs
- Runners: Servers hosting job environments (GitHub-hosted or self-hosted)

Runner Types

- **GitHub-Hosted**: Predefined environments, various OS options
- **Self-Hosted**: Custom configurations, higher control

Workflow Commands

- **Set Env Vars**: Available for subsequent steps
- Add to System Path: Add directories to PATH
- **Set Output Parameters**: Outputs for other jobs
- Debugging Messages: Debug logs
- Grouping Logs: Easier to read logs
- Masking Values: Hide sensitive info in logs
- Stopping/Failing Actions: Force workflow stop/failure

Encrypted Secrets

- Usage: Pass sensitive information securely
- **Levels**: Organization, repository, environment
- Access: Via secrets context (e.g., `\${{ secrets.MY_SECRET }}`)



Service Containers

- Usage: Host services in Docker containers
- Configuration: Defined in workflow for job steps
- Communication: Steps can communicate within the job

GitHub-Hosted vs Self-Hosted Runners

- **Setup**: GitHub-hosted requires no setup; self-hosted needs manual setup
- **Cost**: GitHub-hosted has free usage limits; self-hosted incurs infrastructure costs
- Scalability: GitHub-hosted auto-scales; self-hosted is manual
- Environment Control: Limited in GitHub-hosted; full in self-hosted
- Security: GitHub-hosted shared environment; self-hosted isolated
- Customization: Limited in GitHub-hosted; full in self-hosted

Workflow Caching

- Purpose: Speed up workflows by caching dependencies/files
- Packages: Supported managers (npm, Yarn, pip, etc.)
- Cache Actions: Save/restore caches using actions

Default and Custom Env Vars

- **Default Vars**: Provided by GitHub (e.g., `GITHUB_ACTION`, `GITHUB_REF`)
- Custom Vars: Set at workflow, job, or step level
- Dynamic Setting: Use \(\frac{\\$GITHUB_ENV\}{\}\) for runtime setting

GITHUB TOKEN

- **Purpose**: Auto-generated for authenticating within workflows
- Usage: Authenticate API requests, perform repo actions



Workflow Status Badges

- **Display:** Indicate workflow status in repo
- Accessibility: Not accessible externally for private repos

Protecting Environments

- **Environment**: Jobs reference a single environment
- Protection Rules: Must pass before sending job to runner
- **Secrets Access**: Only after job is sent to runner

Job Matrix Configuration

Matrix Strategy: Create multiple job runs based on variable combinations

Manual and Webhook Events

- Manual: Trigger via GitHub UI, CLI, REST API
- Webhooks: Public URL triggering events from external sources

External Webhook Events

- Usage: Trigger workflows via external HTTP endpoint
- Requirements: POST request, authorization, event type