## Home & Building Automation

Session 2

### Content

- Introduction (IoT & H&B Automation)
- MQTT
- Build your own lock
- NFC

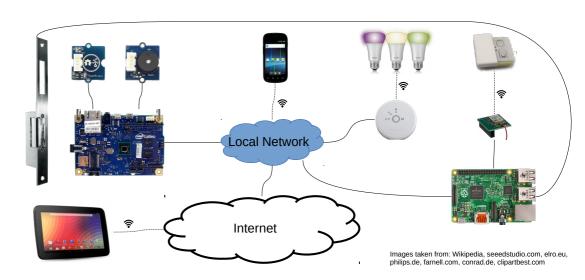
# Internet of Things (IoT)

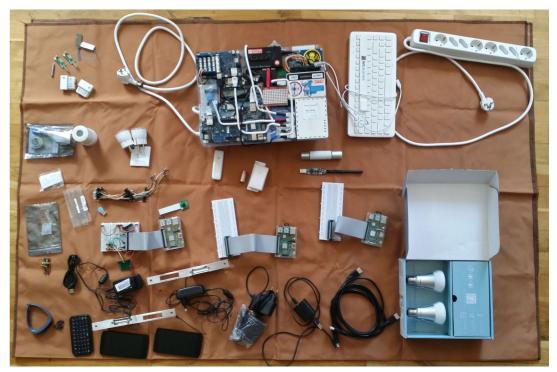
#### Cloud Computing

- Client/Server
- Distributed computing
- Grid computing
- Software as a network service

#### IoT

- Ubiquitous Computing (Pervasive Computing)
- Home automation
- Urban Computing/Smart Cities
- Embedded Computing
- Actor/Sensor Networks
- M2M Communication
- Mobile Computing,
   Wearable Computing
- (Hacking/Making)
- Big/Actionable Data
- → Connectivity and data





What does the term entail?

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- Answers: Security, Privacy, Protection, Configurability, Flexibility, Stability, Connectivity/Networking, Automation, Efficiency (Energy, Work, Convenience), Synergy, Integrability, Pervasiveness, Comfort, Transparency
- Services: Lighting, Switches, Heating, Physical Access, Entertainment, HVAC, Traffic Control/Guidance, Information, Backups, Monitoring, Remote Access

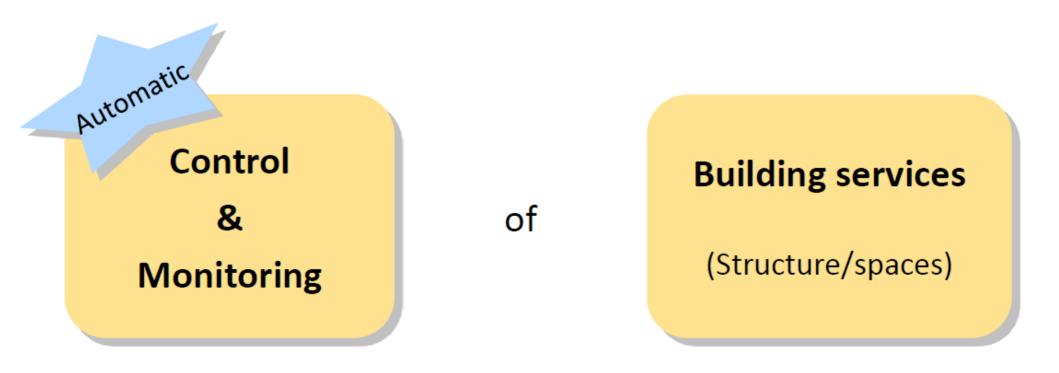
Residential and commercial buildings should provide an ideal environment for all activities in them ...

Comfort Protection

... at minimal expense!

Efficiency

This and following slides taken from previous H&B Automation class



Direct interaction with the environment

Goal: More and more "intelligent" buildings!

## Homes vs. Buildings

- Fundamental tasks are identical
- Larger uniform units in functional buildings
  - Increased mechanization and automation becomes economical
  - Automation technology applied more comprehensively
- Differences regarding motivation
  - Users "at home" more likely to consider financial impact of their actions
  - Choose individual level of comfort/peace of mind (security/safety)
- Challenges in construction/operation of small residential buildings
  - Organization, skills, cost

## Requirements for Building

- Provide an ideal environment
  - For various activities
  - Varies according to purpose
  - Office, factory, swimming pool, ...
- Appropriate environmental conditions
  - Humans: Comfortable (productive/relaxing)
  - Machines/goods: Temperature, humidity, avoid condensation, solar radiation
- Supporting structure and facilities
  - Stairways, corridors, sanitary facilities, ...
- Protection against hazards and threats

## **Building services**

List from Uniformat D - Services

= "Catalogue" of functional elements in a building(e.g., for cost estimations)

- Conveying
   Elevators, escalators, moving walks, ...
- Plumbing
   Domestic water distribution, sanitary waste, rainwater, natural gas, ...
- HVAC

Heat generation, refrigeration, HVAC distribution, instrumentation and controls, ...

Fire protection
 Sprinklers, ...

Electrical

Service and distribution, interior/exterior lighting, communciation and security, ...

cf. DIN 276-1 cf. ÖNORM B1801-1 (building costs)

### Heating, Ventilation, Air Conditioning (HVAC)

Supply and remove heat

Ventilation

Free or mechanical

Humidify / dehumidify
Clean / filter

Centralised / decentralised handling

Different requirements: room/stairs, sunny/shady side, occupied/not occupied, ... > zones

# Lighting and Shading

Blinds: protect against glare, brightness, heat

Switching/dimming; drive motors

Motion detectors, presence detectors; Lux sensors, wind sensors

Daylighting

Switchable (translucent/transparent) and electrochromic glazing ("smart windows")







## Security and Safety

#### Protect people and property

- Access control, danger alarms, fire-fighting measures
- Local alarms (klaxons, pre-recorded announcements, evacuation routing, ...) and remote alarm

#### Protect against malevolence (security)

- Glass breakage detectors, motion sensors
- Turnstiles /revolving doors, authentication
- Surveillance cameras (CCTV)
- Guard tour systems

#### Protect against negligence/force of nature (safety)

- Fire protection/alarms (smoke, heat)
- Fire dampers/doors, smoke extraction, sprinklers
- Gas sensors (CO), water detectors (in raised floors)
- Emergency lighting
- Social alarms







## Security and Alarms

- Ability to
  - 1)detect intrusion/threat (sensors)
  - 2)raise alarm (actors)
  - 3)open/lock access (actors+sensors) for doors and windows
  - 4)interact remotely

## Security and Alarms

#### Sensors

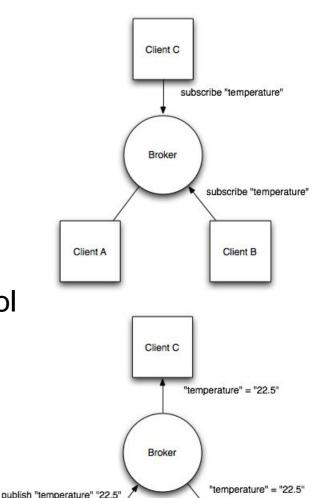
 Motion, Light Gate, Camera, Microphone, Pressure, Temperature, Light Intensity, Humidity, Wifi/Bluetooth Strength Analysis, Smoke, Presence, Acceleration, Gyroscope, (Kinect – 3D Presence)

#### Actors

 Lights, Speakers, Motors (Windows, blinds), Locks, AC/Ventilation Units, Sprinklers, SMS Sender, Screens (for messages)

## MQTT – M2M Communication

- MQ Telemetry Transport or Message Queue Telemetry Transport
- MQTT Gateway/Broker, star topology
- Publish Subscribe (Listener, Observer Pattern)
- ISO standard, Invented in 1999
- Runs over TCP/ any other stream-based protocol
- Very lightweight
  - → runs even on slow Pis and routers
- Many implementations
- Built in security
  - Allows layered security/stacked gateways
  - User access management
  - End to end encryption possible



Client B

from https://eclipse.org/community/eclipse\_newsletter/2014/february/article2.php

Client A

### Connect Lock To Wemos D1 Mini

- Wemos → gpio-port → relais
  - define output
  - challenge: do with servo motor
- 12V power adapter → lock → relais
- Use node-red (mqtt nodes) to control

## Finish challenges from last time