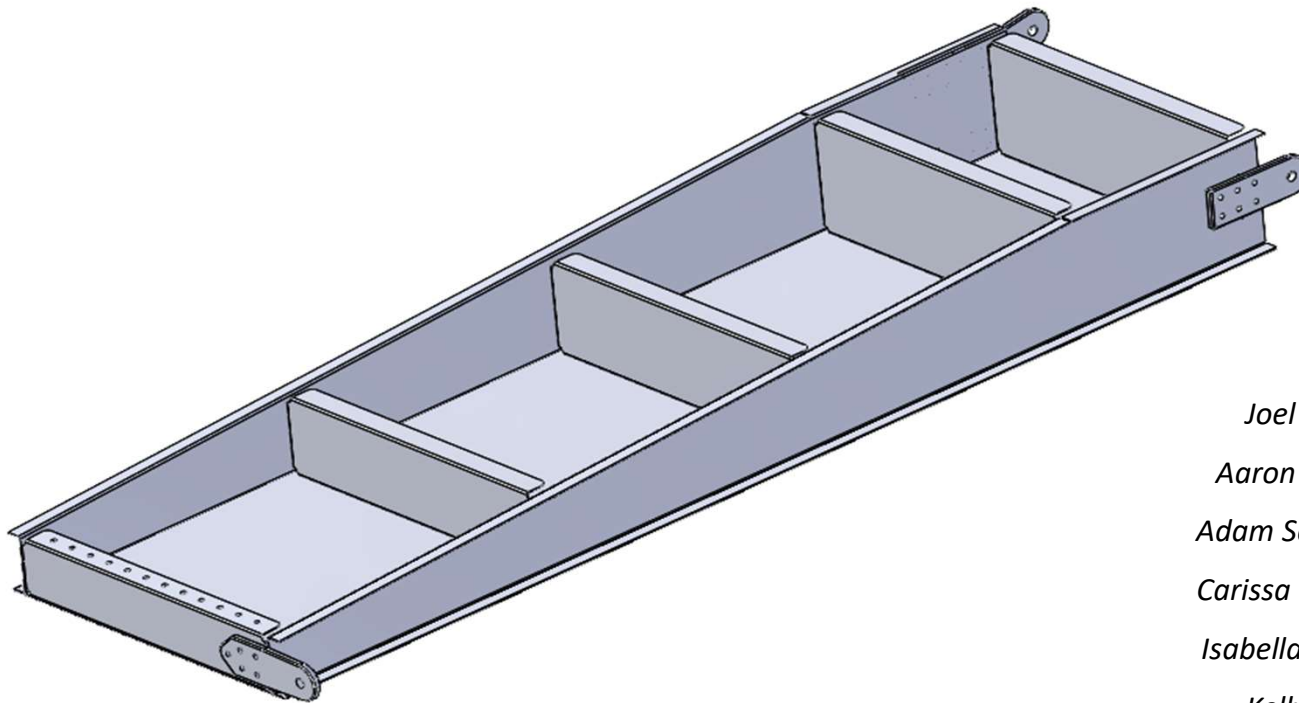


# AERO3465:

## *Group 7 – Preliminary Design Review*



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# Interface Loads

x is positive aft;  
y is positive right;  
z is positive up;

## LIMIT INTERFACE LOADS (N)

<i>Load Case</i>	LUG P			LUG A			LUG B			LUG C		
<i>Component</i>	Px	Py	Pz	Ax	Ay	Az	Bx	By	Bz	Cx	Cy	Cz
1	0	0	-880	0	-11300	-66.0	0	11300	-66.0	0	0	1010
2	0	0	440	0	5650	33.0	0	-5350	33.0	0	0	-506
3	100	0	0	33.0	193	5.00	33.0	193	5.00	33	-385	-10.0
4	0	100	0	0	40.8	0	0	-25.8	0	0	-115	0

## ULTIMATE INTERFACE LOADS (N)

<i>Load Case</i>	LUG P			LUG A			LUG B			LUG C		
<i>Component</i>	Px	Py	Pz	Ax	Ay	Az	Bx	By	Bz	Cx	Cy	Cz
1	0	0	-1320	0	-16940	-99.0	0	16940	-99.0	0	0	1518
2	0	0	660	0	8470	49.5	0	-8470	49.5	0	0	-759
3	150	0	0	50	288	7.5	33.0	288	7.5	49.5	-577.5	-15
4	0	150	0	0	61.2	0	0	-38.7	0	0	-172.5	0

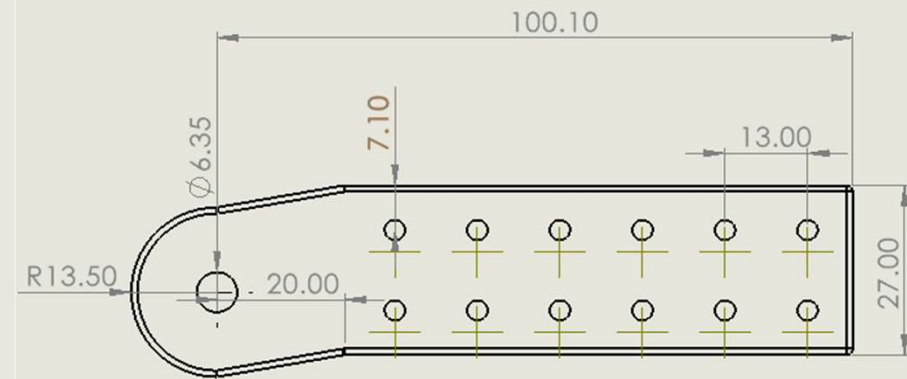
# Determining Minimum Lug Dimensions

- ✓ Allowable loads for shear tear out, tension and transverse failure ( $P_{bru}$ ,  $P_{tu}$ ,  $P_{tru}$ ) for respective efficiency (K) factors --> determine minimum a, width, A3 dimensions
- ✓ Margin of Safety Table Constructed – MoS > 0.05
- ✓ However, minimum rivet spacing requirements governed our preliminary design

[illegible]

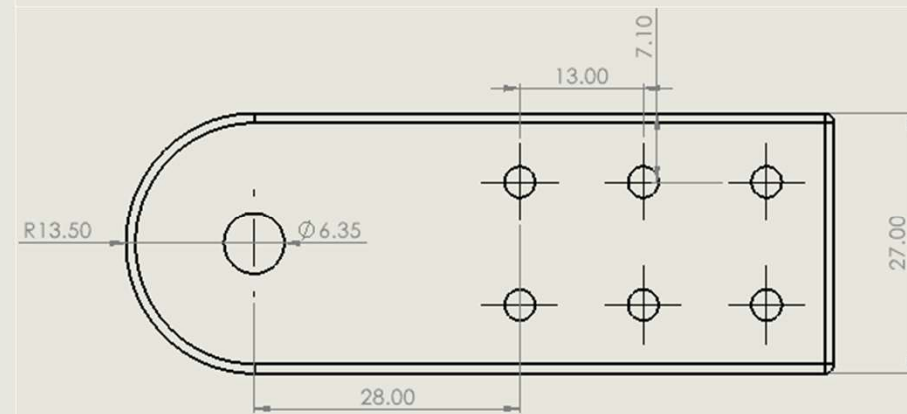
## A & B Lug Design

- 12 Rivets
- 4.83mm thick
- MOS: 0.06 based on axial direct load



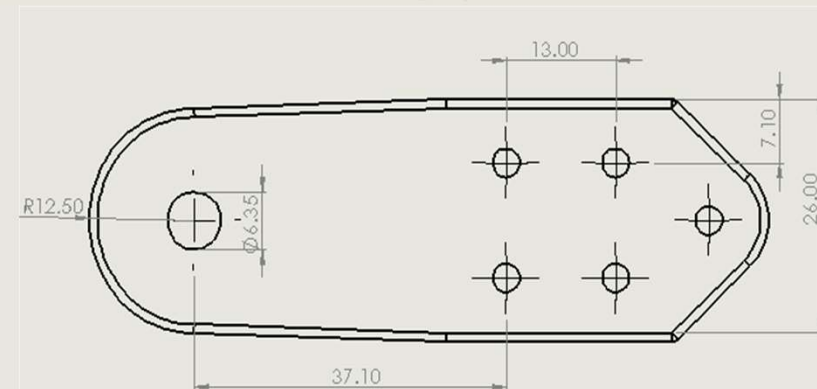
## C Lug Design

- 6 Rivets
- 4.83mm thick
- MOS: 0.8 based on fastener group analysis

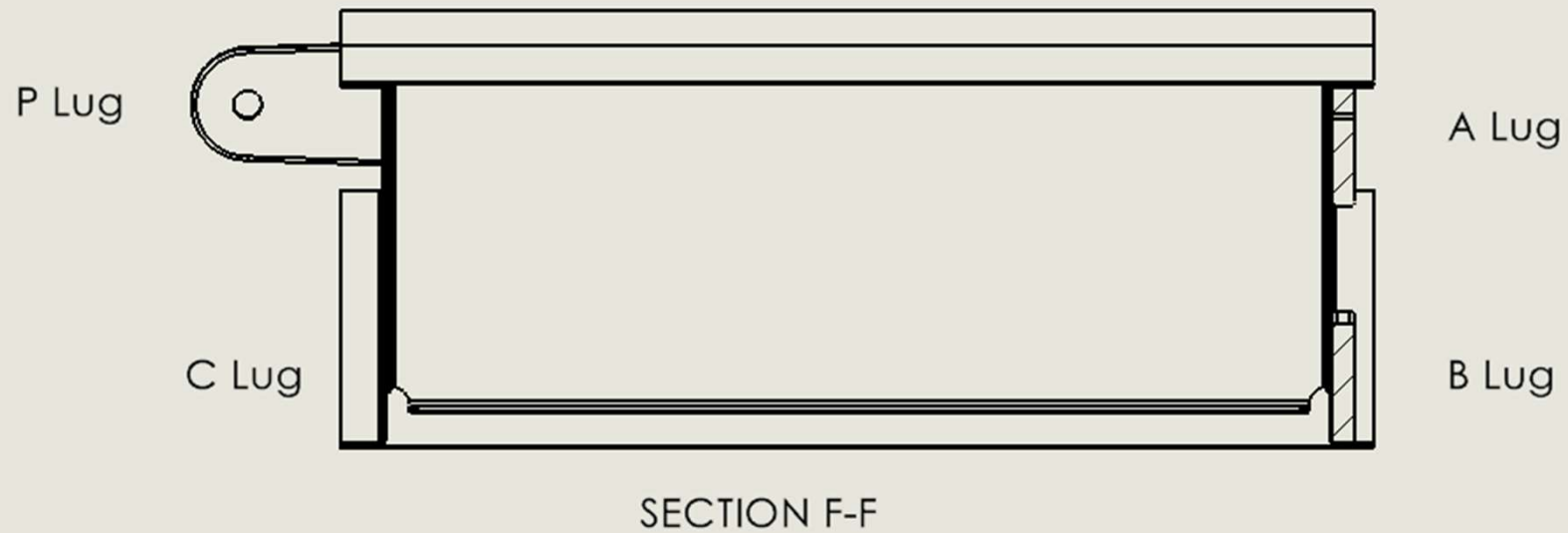


## P Lug Design

- 5 Rivets
- 4.83mm thick
- MOS: 13.9 based on fastener group analysis

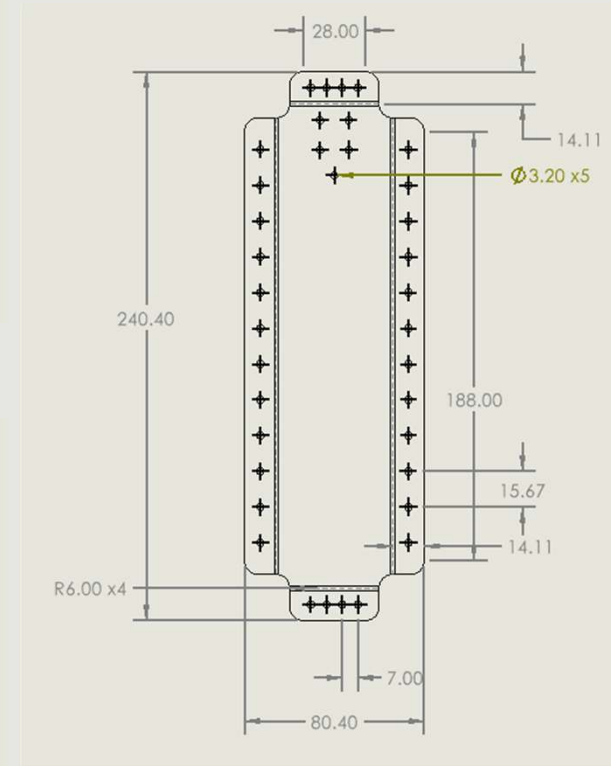
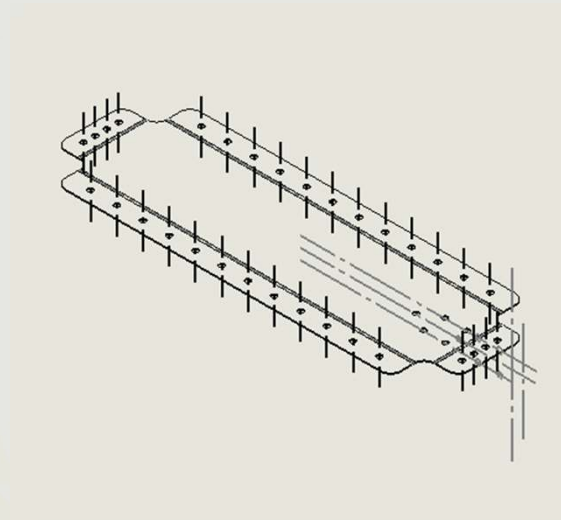
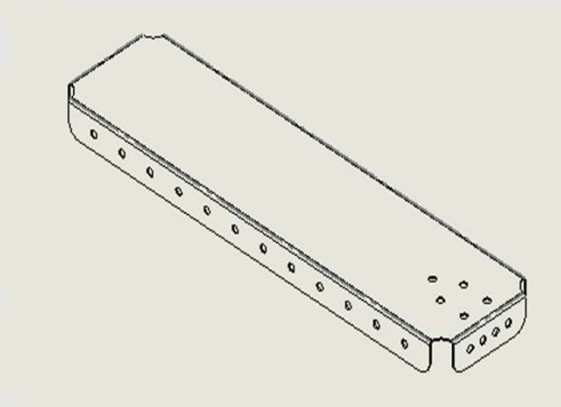


# Cross section BL120



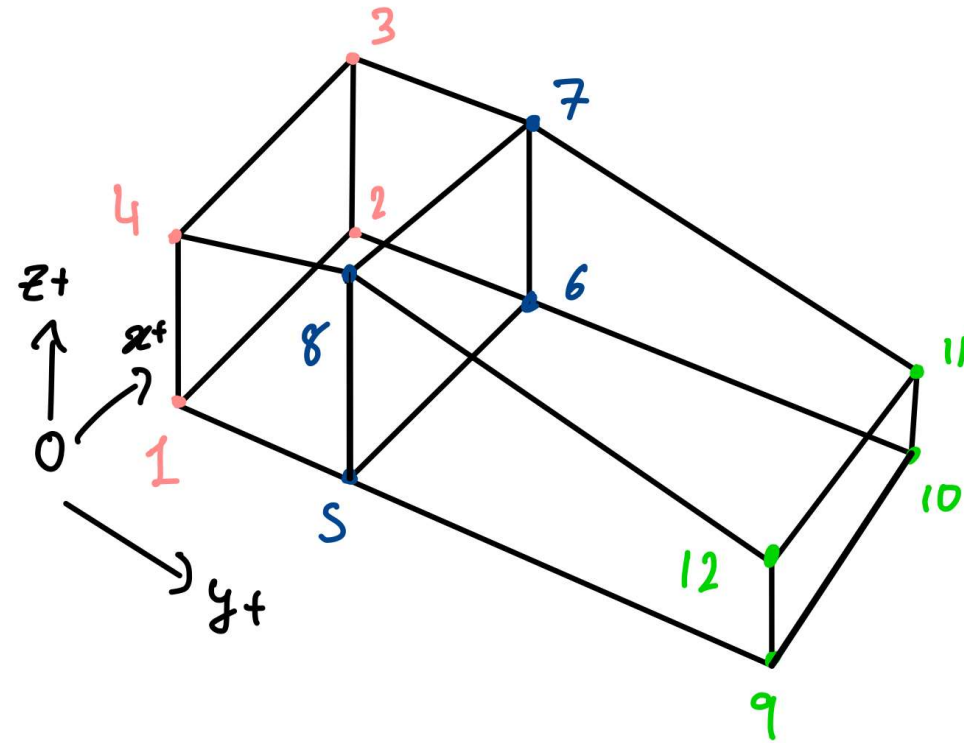
# Layout of tip rib

- Thickness = 0.635mm
- Bend Radii = 1.905 mm
- Bend Allowance = 0.0388 mm
- Fastener Centre lines = 7.055mm
- Flange Width = 14.11 mm
- Number of rivets = 32



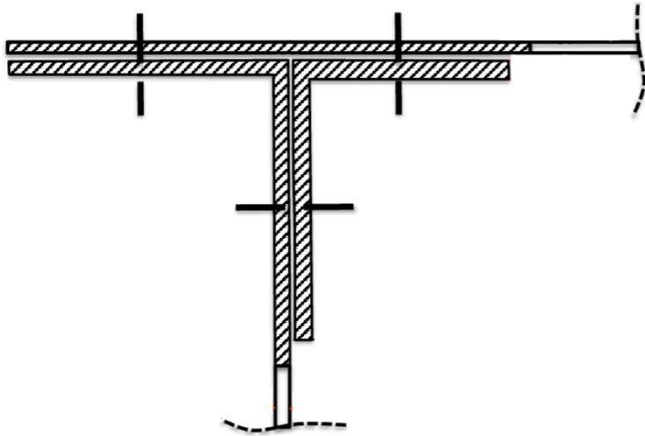
# Structural Idealisation

- Nodes 1, 2, 3, 4 make up the Inboard Rib.
- Nodes 5, 6, 7, 8 make up the Mid Rib.
- Nodes 9, 10, 11, 12 make up the Outboard Rib.
- Nodes 1, 5, 9, 4, 8, 12 make up the Forward Spar.
- Nodes 2, 6, 10, 11, 7, 3 make up the Rear Spar.



# Boom Area Calculated Results

Nodes	Z-axis		Y-axis		X-axis	
	Area (mm^2)	Diameter (mm)	Area (mm^2)	Diameter (mm)	Area (mm^2)	Diameter (mm)
1,2,3,4	1420	42.521	133.2105	13.023	3000	61.804
5,6	1420	42.521	133.2105	13.023	15000	138.20
7,8	1420	42.521	133.2105	13.023	12000	123.61
9,10	1420	42.521	133.2105	13.023	6000	87.403
11,12	1420	42.521	133.2105	13.023	9000	107.0474



## Y-Axis Booms

$$A_{boom} \approx t_{skin} * w_{effSkin} + t_{cap} * (w_{cap} + h_{cap}) + t_{spar} * (w_{flange} + w_{effWeb})$$

## X-Axis Booms

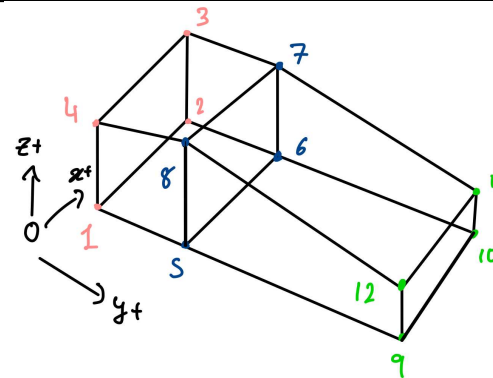
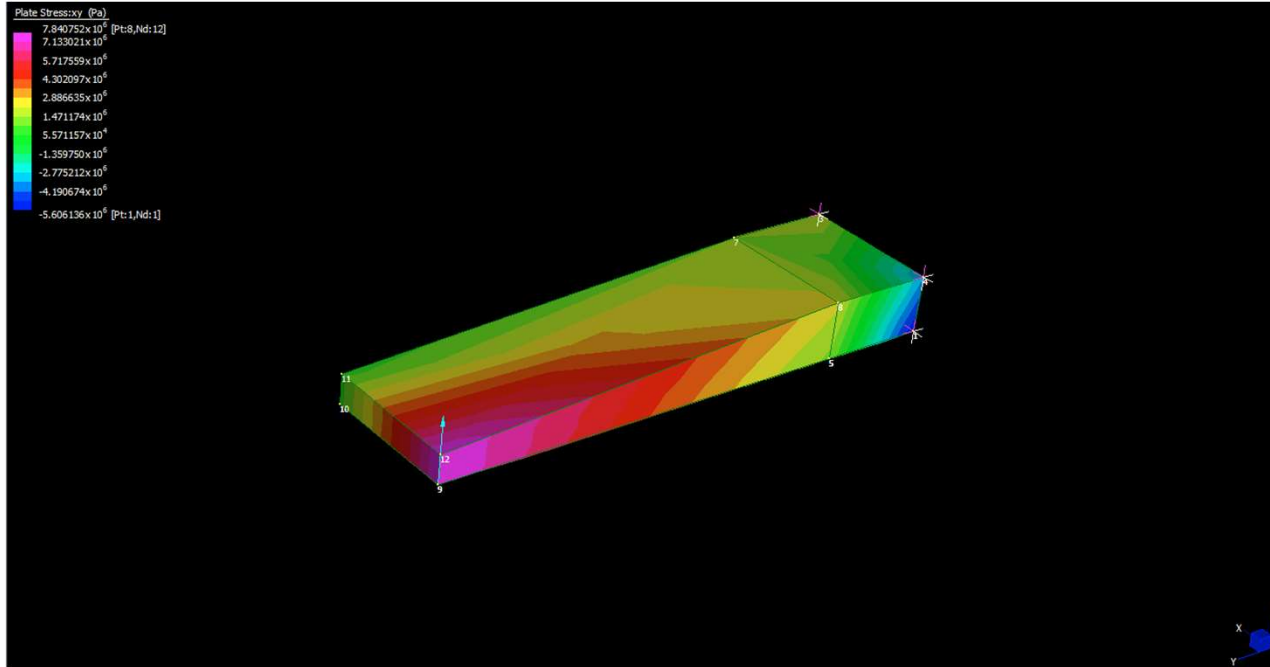
$$A_{boom} \approx (w_{spar} * h_{spar})$$

## Z-Axis Booms

$$A_{boom} \approx (w_{rib} * l_{rib})$$

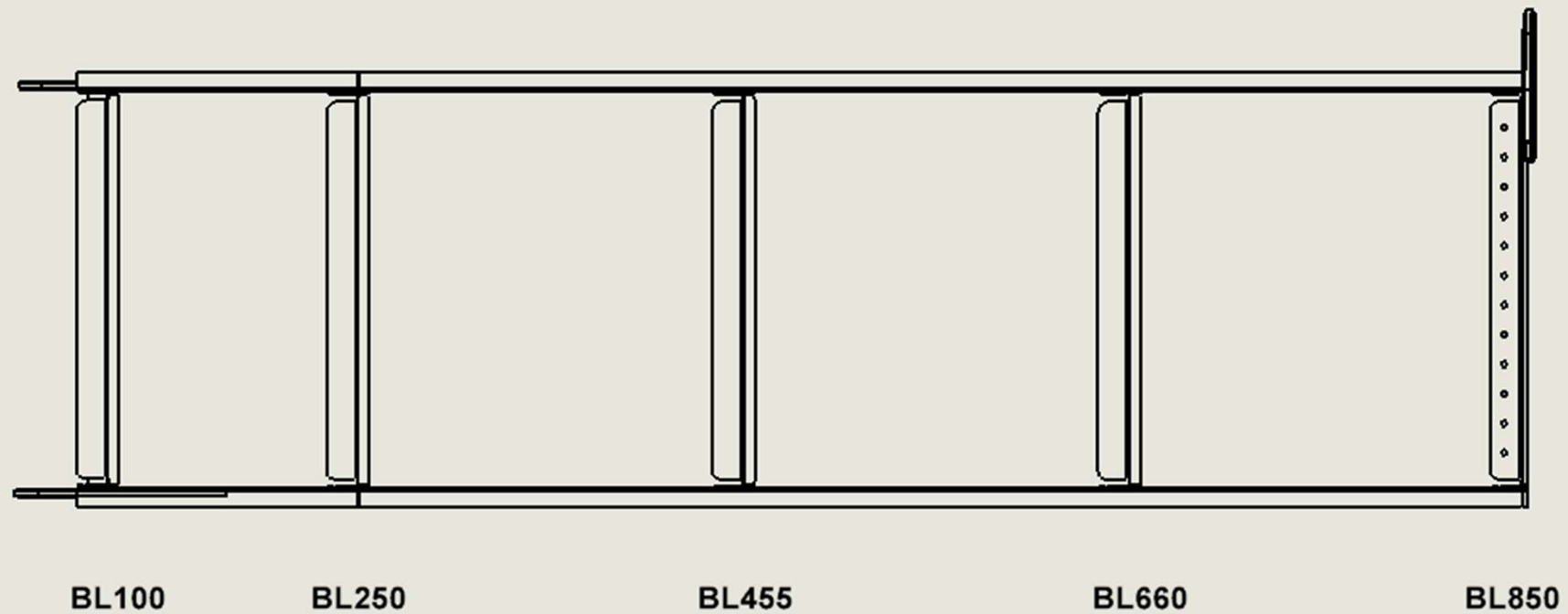


# Shear Stress on Skin Panels – Load Case 1



Face	Nodes	Shear Stress (MPa)
1	1, 2, 3, 4	0.000
2	5, 6, 7, 8	0.218
3	9,10,11,12	-0.755
4	1, 5, 8, 4	3.163
5	2, 3, 6, 7	-13.660
6	5, 8, 12, 9	-1.645
7	6, 7, 10, 11	20.363
8	5, 6, 9, 10	3.914
9	1, 2, 6, 5	-3.158
10	3, 4, 8, 7	3.158
11	7, 8, 12, 11	3.914

# Rib placement



Estimated Weight of 1122.95g using Al 2024-T3 Aluminum Sheeting  
2.09% over the target limit without rivets, etc...