

Data Transformation with Stata 14.1 Cheat Sheet

For more info see Stata's reference manual (stata.com)

Select Parts of Data (Subsetting)

SELECT SPECIFIC COLUMNS

- drop** make
remove the 'make' variable
- keep** make price
opposite of drop; keep only columns 'make' and 'price'

FILTER SPECIFIC ROWS

- drop if** mpg < 20 **drop in** 1/4
drop observations based on a condition (left) or rows 1-4 (right)
- keep in** 1/30
opposite of drop; keep only rows 1-30
- keep if** inrange(price, 5000, 10000)
keep values of price between \$5,000 – \$10,000 (inclusive)
- keep if** inlist(make, "Honda Accord", "Honda Civic", "Subaru")
keep the specified values of make
- sample** 25
sample 25% of the observations in the dataset (use **set seed #** command for reproducible sampling)

Replace Parts of Data

CHANGE COLUMN NAMES

- rename** (rep78 foreign) (repairRecord carType)
rename one or multiple variables

CHANGE ROW VALUES

- replace** price = 5000 if price < 5000
replace all values of price that are less than \$5,000 with 5000
- recode price** (0 / 5000 = 5000)
change all prices less than 5000 to be \$5,000
- recode foreign** (0 = 2 "US") (1 = 1 "Not US"), **gen**(foreign2)
change the values and value labels then store in a new variable, foreign2

REPLACE MISSING VALUES

- mvdecode** _all, mv(9999) useful for cleaning survey datasets
replace the number 9999 with missing value in all variables
- mvencode** _all, mv(9999) useful for exporting data
replace missing values with the number 9999 for all variables

Label Data

Value labels map string descriptions to numbers. They allow the underlying data to be numeric (making logical tests simpler) while also connecting the values to human-understandable text.

label define myLabel 0 "US" 1 "Not US"

label values foreign myLabel

define a label and apply it the values in foreign

label list

list all labels within the dataset

Reshape Data

webuse set https://github.com/GeoCenter/StataTraining/raw/master/Day2/Data
webuse "coffeeMaize.dta" load demo dataset

MELT DATA (WIDE → LONG)

reshape variables starting with coffee and maize
unique id variable (key)
create new variable which captures the info in the column names
reshape long coffee@ maize@, i(country) j(year) new variable
convert a wide dataset to long

WIDE					LONG (TIDY)			
country	coffee 2011	coffee 2012	maize 2011	maize 2012	country	year	coffee	maize
Malawi					Malawi	2011		
Rwanda					Malawi	2012		
Uganda					Rwanda	2011		
					Rwanda	2012		
					Uganda	2011		
					Uganda	2012		

TIDY DATASETS have each observation in its own row and each variable in its own column.

CAST DATA (LONG → WIDE)

create new variables named coffee2011, maize2012...
what will be unique id variable (key)
create new variables with the year added to the column name

reshape wide coffee maize, i(country) j(year)
convert a long dataset to wide

xpose, clear varname

transpose rows and columns of data, clearing the data and saving old column names as a new variable called "_varname"

Combine Data

ADDING (APPENDING) NEW DATA

id	blue	pink
□	■	■
○	■	■
△	■	■

+

id	blue	pink
□	■	■
○	■	■
△	■	■

should contain the same variables (columns)

webuse coffeeMaize2.dta, **clear**
save coffeeMaize2.dta, **replace** load demo data
webuse coffeeMaize2.dta, **clear**

append using "coffeeMaize2.dta", **gen**(filenum)
add observations from "coffeeMaize2.dta" to current data and create variable "filenum" to track the origin of each observation

MERGING TWO DATASETS TOGETHER

must contain a common variable (id)

id	blue	pink	brown
□	■	■	■
○	■	■	■
△	■	■	■

+

id	brown
□	■
○	■
△	■

=

id	blue	pink	brown	_merge
□	■	■	■	3
○	■	■	■	3
△	■	■	■	3

ONE-TO-ONE

MANY-TO-ONE

id	blue	pink	brown	_merge
□	■	■	■	3
○	■	■	■	3
△	■	■	■	3
☆				1

_merge code
(master) 1 row only
2 row only
(using) in hh2
3 row in both
(match)

webuse ind_age.dta, **clear**
save ind_age.dta, **replace**
webuse ind_ag.dta, **clear**

merge 1:1 id using "ind_age.dta"
one-to-one merge of "ind_age.dta" into the loaded dataset and create variable "_merge" to track the origin

webuse hh2.dta, **clear**
save hh2.dta, **replace**
webuse ind2.dta, **clear**

merge m:1 hid using "hh2.dta"
many-to-one merge of "hh2.dta" into the loaded dataset and create variable "_merge" to track the origin

FUZZY MATCHING: COMBINING TWO DATASETS WITHOUT A COMMON ID

relink match records from different data sets using probabilistic matching **ssc install relink**
jarowinkler create distance measure for similarity between two strings **ssc install jarowinkler**

Manipulate Strings

GET STRING PROPERTIES

display length("This string has 29 characters")
return the length of the string

charlist make * user-defined package
display the set of unique characters within a string

display strpos("Stata", "a")
return the position in Stata where a is first found

FIND MATCHING STRINGS

display strmatch("123.89", "1???.9")

return true (1) or false (0) if string matches pattern

display substr("Stata", 3, 5)
return the string located between characters 3-5

list make if regexm(make, "[0-9]")
list observations where make matches the regular expression (here, records that contain a number)

list if regexm(make, "(Cad.|Chev.|Datsun)")
return all observations where make contains "Cad.", "Chev." or "Datsun"

compare the given list against the first word in make

list if inlist(word(make, 1), "Cad.", "Chev.", "Datsun")
return all observations where the first word of the make variable contains the listed words

TRANSFORM STRINGS

display regexr("My string", "My", "Your")
replace string1 ("My") with string2 ("Your")

replace make = substr(make, "Cad.", "Cadillac", 1)
replace first occurrence of "Cad." with Cadillac in the make variable

display strtrim("Too much Space")
replace consecutive spaces with a single space

display trim(" leading / trailing spaces ")
remove extra spaces before and after a string

display strlower("STATA should not be ALL-CAPS")
change string case; see also **strupper**, **strproper**

display strtoname("1Var name")
convert string to Stata-compatible variable name

display real("100")
convert string to a numeric or missing value

Save & Export Data

save "myData.dta", **replace** Stata 12-compatible file
saveold "myData.dta", **replace version**(12)

save data in Stata format, replacing the data if a file with same name exists

export excel "myData.xls", /*
*/ **firstrow**(variables) **replace**

export data as an Excel file (.xls) with the variable names as the first row

export delimited "myData.csv", **delimiter**(","), **replace**
export data as a comma-delimited file (.csv)