

# SEO Report for <https://english-grama.000webhostapp.com>

**76 / 100**  
SEO SCORE

**37 / 48**  
PASSED CHECKS

**9 / 48**  
FAILED CHECKS

**2 / 48**  
WARNINGS

## COMMON SEO ISSUES

### Meta Title Test

✓ The meta title of your page has a length of 43 characters. Most search engines will truncate meta titles to 70 characters.

→ Ćwiczenia gramatyczne z języka angielskiego

### Meta Description Test

✓ The meta description of your page has a length of 137 characters. Most search engines will truncate meta descriptions to 160 characters.

→ poleca mgr Ewa Gierczak-Kucharska - nauczyciel j. angielskiego z wieloletnim doświadczeniem w pracy z dziećmi i młodzieżą. ☎ +48536353933


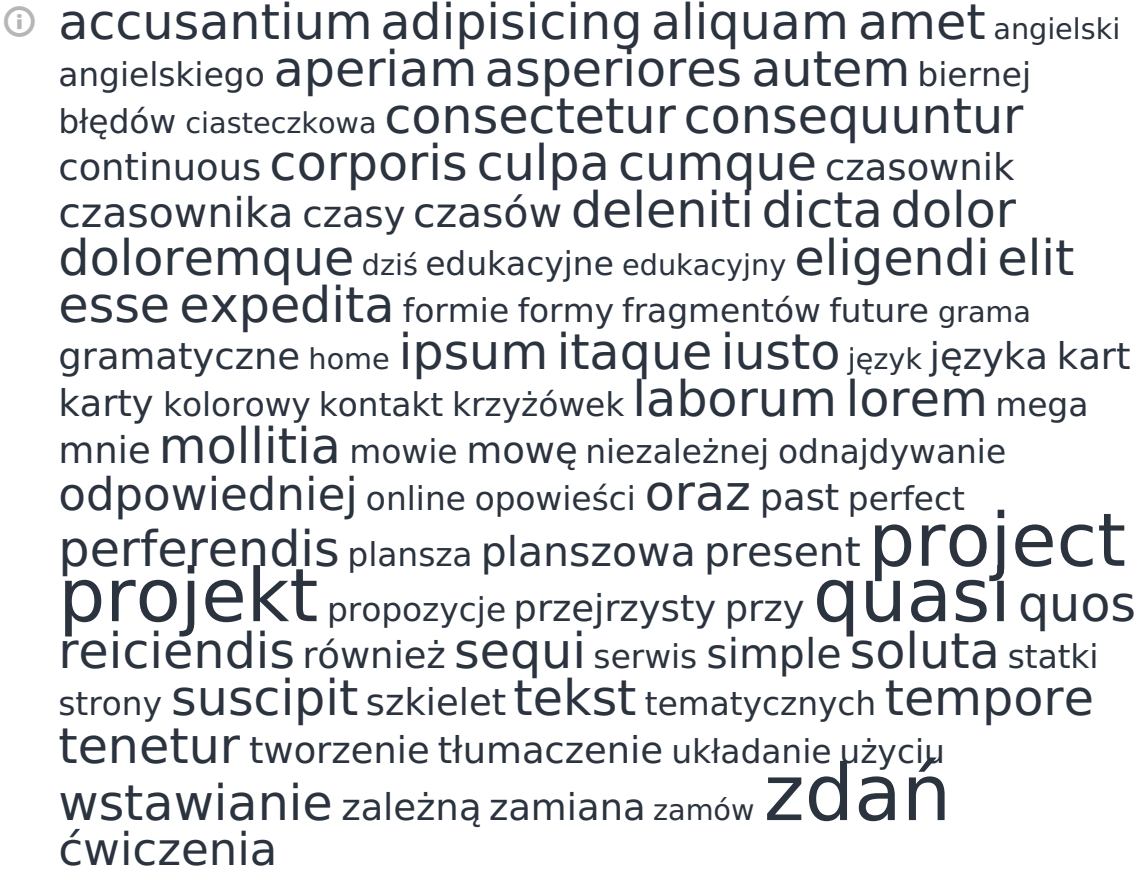
### Google Search Results Preview Test

ⓘ [Ćwiczenia gramatyczne z języka angielskiego](https://english-grama.000webhostapp.com)  
<https://english-grama.000webhostapp.com>  
poleca mgr Ewa Gierczak-Kucharska - nauczyciel j. angielskiego z wieloletnim doświadczeniem w pracy z dziećmi i młodzieżą. ☎ +48536353933

### Most Common Keywords Test

ⓘ There is likely no optimal keyword density (search engine algorithms have evolved beyond keyword density metrics as a significant ranking factor). It can be useful, however, to note which keywords appear most often on your page and if they reflect the intended topic of your page. More importantly, the keywords on your page should appear within natural sounding and grammatically correct copy.












→ zdań - 13 times  
→ quasi - 12 times  
→ project - 12 times  
→ projekt - 12 times  
→ tekst - 6 times



<p><b>Keywords Usage Test</b></p>	<div data-bbox="368 58 1517 168">  Your most common keywords are not appearing in one or more of the meta-tags above. Your primary keywords should appear in your meta-tags to help identify the topic of your webpage to search engines. </div> <div data-bbox="427 212 1075 280"> → Keyword(s) not included in Title tag  → Keyword(s) not included in Meta-Description tag </div> <div data-bbox="427 320 596 347"> <p><b>HOW TO FIX</b></p> </div> <div data-bbox="427 378 1489 537"> <p>First of all, you must make sure that your page is using the title and meta-description tags.</p> <p>Second, you must adjust these tags content in order to include some of the primary keywords displayed above.</p> </div>
<p><b>Keywords Cloud Test</b></p>	<div data-bbox="368 607 1509 1473">  </div>

<b>Heading Tags Test</b>	<div><div><div>!</div><div>Your page contains too many H2 tags. H2 tags should re-inforce the related content of your page to search engines - too many tags may make the topic less clear, or look like spam tactics. Consider using less than 10 H2 tags.</div></div><div><div>H1 headings</div><div><div>→ ciasteczkowa GRAMA</div></div></div><div><div>H2 headings</div><div><div>→ Serwis edukacyjny online</div><div>→ Propozycje do pobrania</div><div>→ Project 1</div><div>→ Projekt 1</div><div>→ Project 2</div><div>→ Projekt 2</div><div>→ Project 3</div><div>→ Projekt 3</div><div>→ Project 4</div><div>→ Projekt 4</div><div>→ Project 5</div><div>→ Projekt 5</div><div>→ Project 6</div><div>→ Projekt 6</div><div>→ Project 7</div><div>→ Projekt 7</div><div>→ Project 8</div><div>→ Projekt 8</div><div>→ Project 9</div><div>→ Projekt 9</div><div>→ Project 10</div><div>→ Projekt 10</div><div>→ Project 11</div><div>→ Projekt 11</div><div>→ Project 12</div><div>→ Projekt 12</div><div>→ O mnie</div><div>→ Kontakt info</div></div></div></div>
<b>Robots.txt Test</b>	<div><div><div>✓</div><div>Congratulations! Your site uses a "robots.txt" file: <a href="https://english-grama.000webhostapp.com/robots.txt">https://english-grama.000webhostapp.com/robots.txt</a></div></div></div>
<b>Sitemap Test</b>	<div><div><div>✓</div><div>Congratulations! Your website has a sitemap file.</div></div><div><div>→ <a href="https://english-grama.000webhostapp.com/sitemap.xml">https://english-grama.000webhostapp.com/sitemap.xml</a></div></div></div>
<b>SEO Friendly URL Test</b>	<div><div><div>✓</div><div>Congratulations! All links from your webpage are SEO friendly.</div></div></div>
<b>Image Alt Test</b>	<div><div><div>✓</div><div>All of your webpage's "img" tags have the required "alt" attribute.</div></div></div>






Inline CSS Test	<p>✖ Your webpage is using inline CSS styles!</p> <hr/> <p><b>HOW TO FIX</b></p> <p>It is a good practice to move all the inline CSS rules into an external file in order to make your page "lighter" in weight and decrease the code to text ratio.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• check the HTML code of your page and identify all style attributes</li> <li>• for each style attribute found you must properly move all declarations in the external CSS file and remove the style attribute</li> </ul> <p><b>For example:</b></p> <pre> &lt;!--this HTML code with inline CSS rule:--&gt; &lt;p style="color:red; font-size: 12px"&gt;some text here&lt;/p&gt;  &lt;!--would became:--&gt; &lt;p&gt;some text here&lt;/p&gt;  &lt;!--and the rule added into your CSS file:--&gt; p{color:red; font-size: 12px} </pre>
Deprecated HTML Tags Test	<p>✔ Congratulations! Your page does not use HTML deprecated tags.</p>
Google Analytics Test	<p>✔ Congratulations! Your webpage is using Google Analytics.</p>
Favicon Test	<p>✔ Congratulations! Your website appears to have a favicon. <input type="text"/></p>
JS Error Test	<p>✔ Congratulations! There are no severe JavaScript errors on your webpage.</p>
Social Media Test	<p>✔ Congratulations! Your website is connected successfully with social media using: <a href="#">Facebook</a></p>

SPEED OPTIMIZATIONS	
HTML Page Size Test	<p>✔ Congratulations! The size of your webpage's HTML is <b>8.16 Kb</b> and is under the average webpage's HTML size of <b>33 Kb</b>. Faster loading websites result in a better user experience, higher conversion rates, and generally better search engine rankings.</p>
HTML Compression/GZIP Test	<p>✔ Congratulations! Your webpage is successfully compressed using <b>gzip compression</b> on your code. Your HTML is compressed from <b>40.14 Kb</b> to <b>8.16 Kb (80% size savings)</b>. This helps ensure a faster loading webpage and improved user experience.</p>
Site Loading Speed Test	<p>✔ Your website loading time is around <b>1.59 seconds</b> and this is under the average loading speed which is <b>5 seconds</b>.</p>

<b>Page Objects Test</b>	 Your page uses more than <b>20 http requests</b> , which can slow down page loading and negatively impact user experience. <hr/> HTML Pages: 1; CSS Files: 4; Scripts: 5; Images: 53; Flash Files: 0;
<b>Page Cache Test (Server Side Caching)</b>	 Congratulations, you have a caching mechanism on your website. <a href="#">Caching</a> helps speed page loading times as well as reduces server load.
<b>Flash Test</b>	 Congratulations! Your website does not include flash objects (an outdated technology that was sometimes used to deliver rich multimedia content). Flash content does not work well on mobile devices, and is difficult for crawlers to interpret.
<b>CDN Usage Test</b>	 Your webpage is not serving all resources (images, javascript and css) from CDNs. <hr/> <b>HOW TO FIX</b> In order to pass this test you are advised to use a CDN service. A Content Delivery Network (CDN) is a globally distributed network of web servers that allows a quick transfer of assets and provides high availability and high performance. The primary benefits of using a CDN service are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Improving website loading times</li> <li>• Reducing bandwidth costs</li> <li>• Increasing content availability and redundancy</li> <li>• Improving website security</li> </ul>
<b>Image Caching Test</b>	 Congratulations! Your website is using cache headers for your images and the browsers will display these images from the cache.
<b>JavaScript Caching Test</b>	 Congratulations! Your website is using cache headers for all JavaScript resources.
<b>CSS Caching Test</b>	 Congratulations! Your website is using cache headers for all CSS resources.
<b>JavaScript Minification Test</b>	 Some of your website's JavaScript files are not minified! <hr/> <b>HOW TO FIX</b> In order to pass this test you must minify all of your external JavaScript files. For this task you can use an online JS minifier like <a href="#">JSCompress</a> , <a href="#">Closure Compiler</a> or <a href="#">JSMIn</a> .
<b>CSS Minification Test</b>	 Some of your webpage's CSS resources are not minified. <hr/> <b>HOW TO FIX</b> In order to pass this test you must minify all of your external CSS files. For this task you can use an online CSS minifier like <a href="#">YUI Compressor</a> or <a href="#">cssmin.js</a> .
<b>Nested Tables Test</b>	 Congratulations, your page does not use nested tables. This speeds up page loading time and optimizes the user experience.
<b>Frameset Test</b>	 Congratulations! Your webpage does not use frames.

<b>Doctype Test</b>	 Congratulations! Your website has a doctype declaration: <hr/> → <!DOCTYPE html>
<b>URL Redirects Test</b>	 Congratulations! Your URL doesn't have any redirects (which could potentially cause site indexation issues and site loading delays).

## SERVER AND SECURITY

<b>URL Canonicalization Test</b>	 <a href="https://english-grama.000webhostapp.com">https://english-grama.000webhostapp.com</a> and <a href="https://www.english-grama.000webhostapp.com">https://www.english-grama.000webhostapp.com</a> should resolve to the same URL, but currently do not. <hr/> <b>HOW TO FIX</b> <p>In order to pass this test you must consider using a 301 re-write rule in your <b>.htaccess</b> file so that both addresses (<b>http://example.com</b> and <b>http://www.example.com</b>) resolve to the same URL.</p> <p>- If you want to redirect <b>http://www.example.com</b> to <b>http://example.com</b>, you can use this:</p> <pre>RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} ^www\.example\.com\$ RewriteRule ^/?\$ "http://example.com/" [R=301,L]</pre> <p>- If you want to redirect <b>http://example.com</b> to <b>http://www.example.com</b>, you can use this:</p> <pre>RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} !^www\.example\.com\$ [NC] RewriteRule ^(.*)\$ http://www.example.com/\$1 [L,R=301]</pre> <p>Note that you must put the above lines somewhere after <b>RewriteEngine On</b> line.</p>
<b>HTTPS Test</b>	 Your website is successfully using HTTPS, a secure communication protocol over the Internet. <hr/> → Security state: secure <hr/> → Certificate issuer: RapidSSL RSA CA 2018 <hr/> → Valid until: Jul 10, 2021
<b>Safe Browsing Test</b>	 This site is not currently listed as suspicious (no malware or phishing activity found).
<b>Server Signature Test</b>	 Congratulations, your server signature is off.
<b>Directory Browsing Test</b>	 Congratulations! Your server has disabled directory browsing.

## Plaintext Emails Test

✖ We've found 1 email addresses in your page code. We advise you [to protect email links](#) in a way that hides them from the spam harvesters.

### HOW TO FIX

In order to pass this test you must make your email addresses invisible to email spiders. Note that the best option is to replace your entire contact mechanism with a contact form and using the POST method while submitting the form.

Other solutions are listed below:

- replace the at (@) and dot (.) characters
- replace text with images
- use email obfuscators
- hide email addresses using JavaScript or CSS trick

## MOBILE USABILITY

### Media Query Responsive Test

✔ Congratulations, your website uses media query technique, which is the base for responsive design functionalities.

### Mobile Snapshot Test



## ADVANCED SEO

### Structured Data Test

✔ Congratulations! Your website is using HTML Microdata specifications in order to markup structured data.

<b>Custom 404 Error Page Test</b>	<p>✖ Your website is not using a custom 404 error page. Default 404 error pages result in a poor experience - it can mislead users into thinking an entire site is down or broken, greatly increases the chance they leave your site entirely, and looks unprofessional. By creating a custom 404 error page, you can improve your website's user experience by letting users know that only a specific page is missing/broken (and not your entire site), providing them helpful links, the opportunity to report bugs, and potentially <a href="#">track the source of broken links in your site</a>.</p> <hr/> <p><b>HOW TO FIX</b></p> <p>Creating a custom 404 error page can be relatively simple or more complicated, depending on what technologies were used to build your website (your web server, framework used, etc). <a href="#">Learn more about the basics of creating a custom 404 error page</a>.</p> <p>On your custom error page, you should provide relevant information to keep the user's attention so they remain on your website. Some steps to achieve this goal include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adding links to your most important pages (your best articles/articles/content, latest posts, etc.)</li> <li>• If you have an e-commerce business, you can display special offers, product recommendations, discounts, etc.</li> <li>• Include a search box or a sitemap link to help users find the information they wanted.</li> <li>• Use simple language (non-technical) to explain what went wrong.</li> <li>• Add a contact form or provide an email address to allow users to get in touch with you for further help.</li> </ul> <p>You can also use your custom 404 error page to <a href="#">track the source of broken links in your site</a>.</p>
<b>Noindex Tag Test</b>	<p>✔ Your webpage does not use the noindex meta tag. This means that your webpage will be read and indexed by search engines.</p>
<b>Canonical Tag Test</b>	<p>✔ Your webpage is using the canonical link tag. This tag specifies that the URL: <a href="https://english-grama.000webhostapp.com">https://english-grama.000webhostapp.com</a> is preferred to be used in search results. Please ensure that this specification is correct, as canonical tags are often hard-coded and may not always reflect the latest changes in a site's URL structure.</p> <hr/> <p>→ <code>&lt;link href="https://english-grama.000webhostapp.com/" rel="canonical"/&gt;</code></p>
<b>Nofollow Tag Test</b>	<p>✔ Your webpage does not use the nofollow meta tag. This means that search engines will crawl all links from your webpage.</p>
<b>Disallow Directive Test</b>	<p>✔ Your robots.txt file disallow the search engines access to some parts of your website. You are advised to check carefully if the access to these resources or pages must be blocked.</p> <hr/> <p>→ Disallow:</p>



## SPF Records Test

- ✖ Your DNS server is not using an SPF record. SPF (Sender Policy Framework) allows administrators to specify which hosts are allowed to send mail from a given domain by creating a specific SPF record or TXT record in the Domain Name System (DNS). You can find more information about SPF records [here](#).

### HOW TO FIX

An **SPF record** is a type of **Domain Name Service (DNS)** record that allows email systems to check if the sender of a message comes from a legitimate source and refuse an email if the source is not legitimate. Adding an SPF record is as easy as adding CNAME, MX or A records in your DNS zone. You can find more information [here](#).

Before creating the SPF record for your domain, it is important to have access at your domain's DNS zone and to know what mail servers your domain is likely to use and plan how you want any non-authorized email to be handled.

#### Example:

Let's say that you are planning to send emails using Google Apps and you also want to ensure that no other mail servers are authorized. You can use an SPF record like this:

```
v=spf1 include:_spf.google.com -all
```

"**v=spf1**" - This sets the SPF version

"**include:\_spf.google.com**" - This includes Google mail servers in your list of authorized sending servers

"**-all**" - This means that any server not previously listed is not authorized

If you are using your own VPS to send email and not any other service like Mandrill, Google Apps, etc. then you can create an SPF record like this:

```
v=spf1 mx -all
```

#### Note:

Setting an SPF record for your domain can help in reducing the chances of a spammer using your domain name in unsolicited emails. Research carefully what mail servers your domain is likely to use and plan how you want any non-authorized email to be handled.