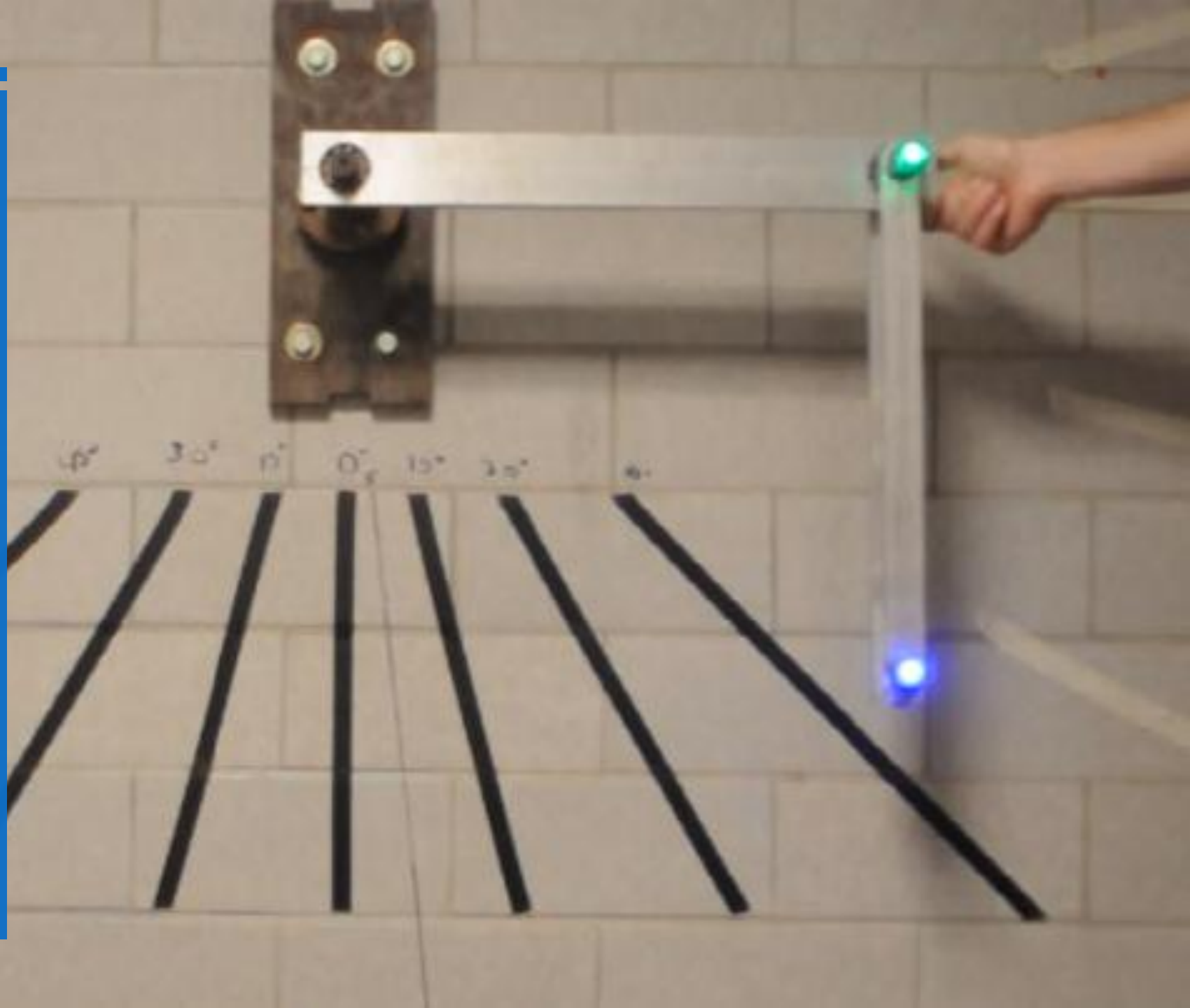
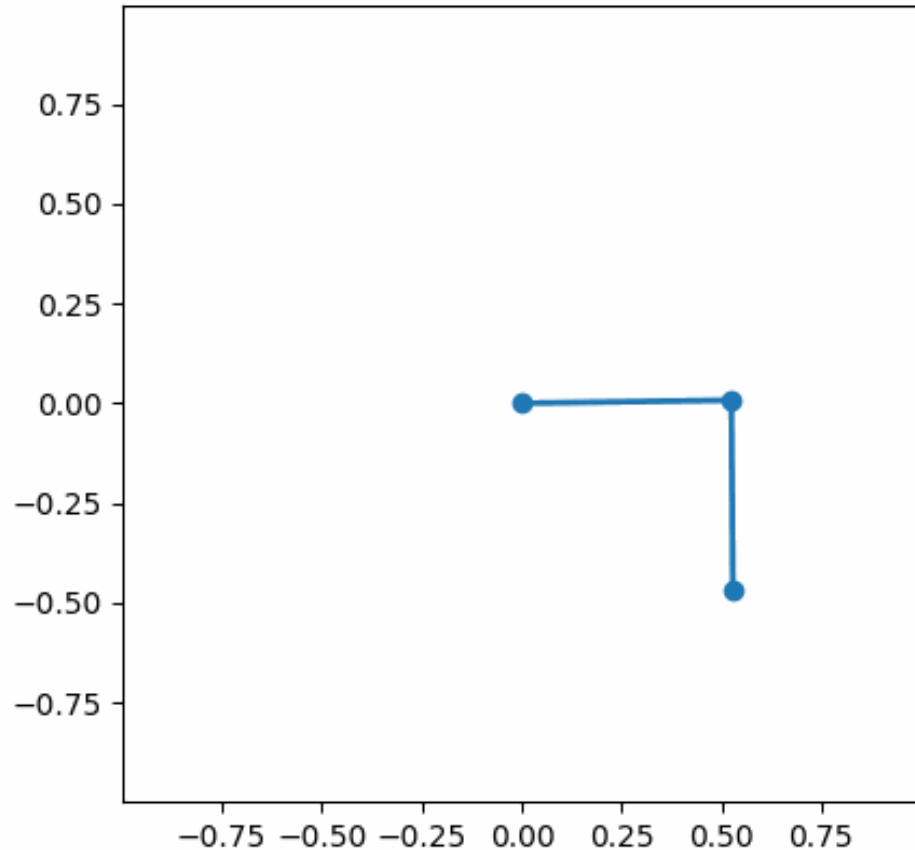


# A STUDY OF CHAOTIC PENDULUM DYNAMICS

ADAM FIELD AND CHRISTOPHER  
PACHECO



# INTRODUCTION – WHAT DOES IT MEAN TO BE CHAOTIC?



Small changes to the initial state  
will lead to significant differences  
in the system's outcome.

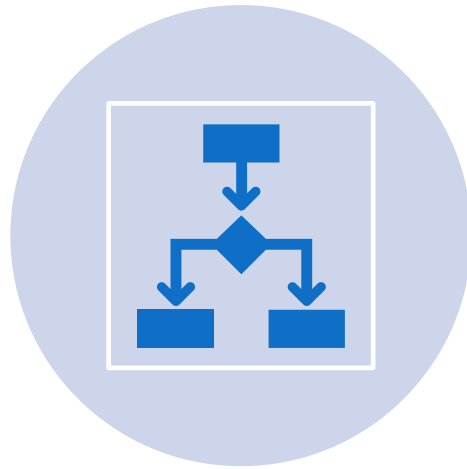
## THEORY – THE LAGRANGIAN

- Determined position equations for each arm
- Develop the equations of Kinetic and Potential Energy
- Derive the equations of motion below using the Euler-Lagrange formalism

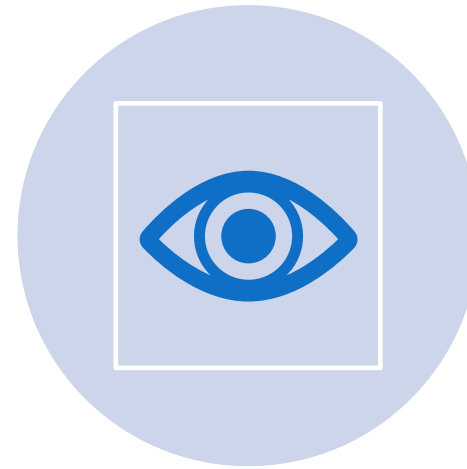
$$\ddot{\theta}_1 = \frac{-6(m_1 + 2m_2)g \sin \theta_1 - 2m_2 l_1 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \sin(2\theta_1 - 2\theta_2) + 12m_2 g \sin \theta_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - 2m_2 l_2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2)}{l_1(m_1 + 4m_2) - 4m_2 l_1 \cos^2(\theta_1 - \theta_2)}$$

$$\ddot{\theta}_2 = -2\frac{l_1}{l_2}\ddot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + 2\frac{l_1}{l_2}\dot{\theta}_1^2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - 6\frac{g}{l_2} \sin \theta_2$$

# DESIGN



CREATED A SIMULATION BASED  
ON OUR EQUATIONS OF MOTION



DEVELOPED A COMPUTER VISION  
ALGORITHM TO TRACK LEDS

## SIMULATION DESIGN



We implemented an ODE solver to evaluate the previously shown equations



We iterated through steps by solving one equation in terms of the other, and then substituting that new value into the second equation



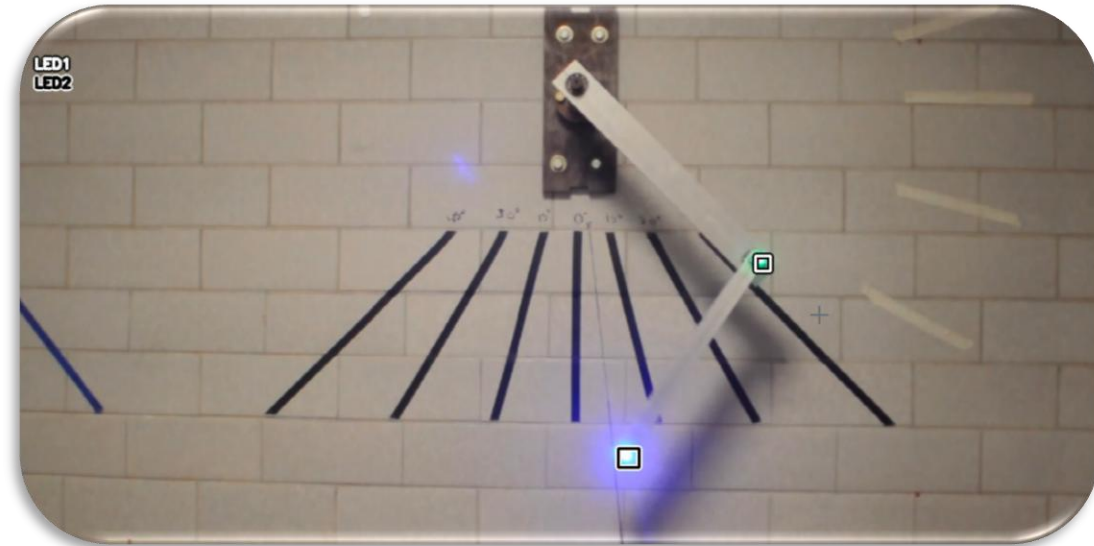
Constructed our values into a graph of angular displacement

# COMPUTER VISION DESIGN

Developed Python code to identify and track the position of two LEDs

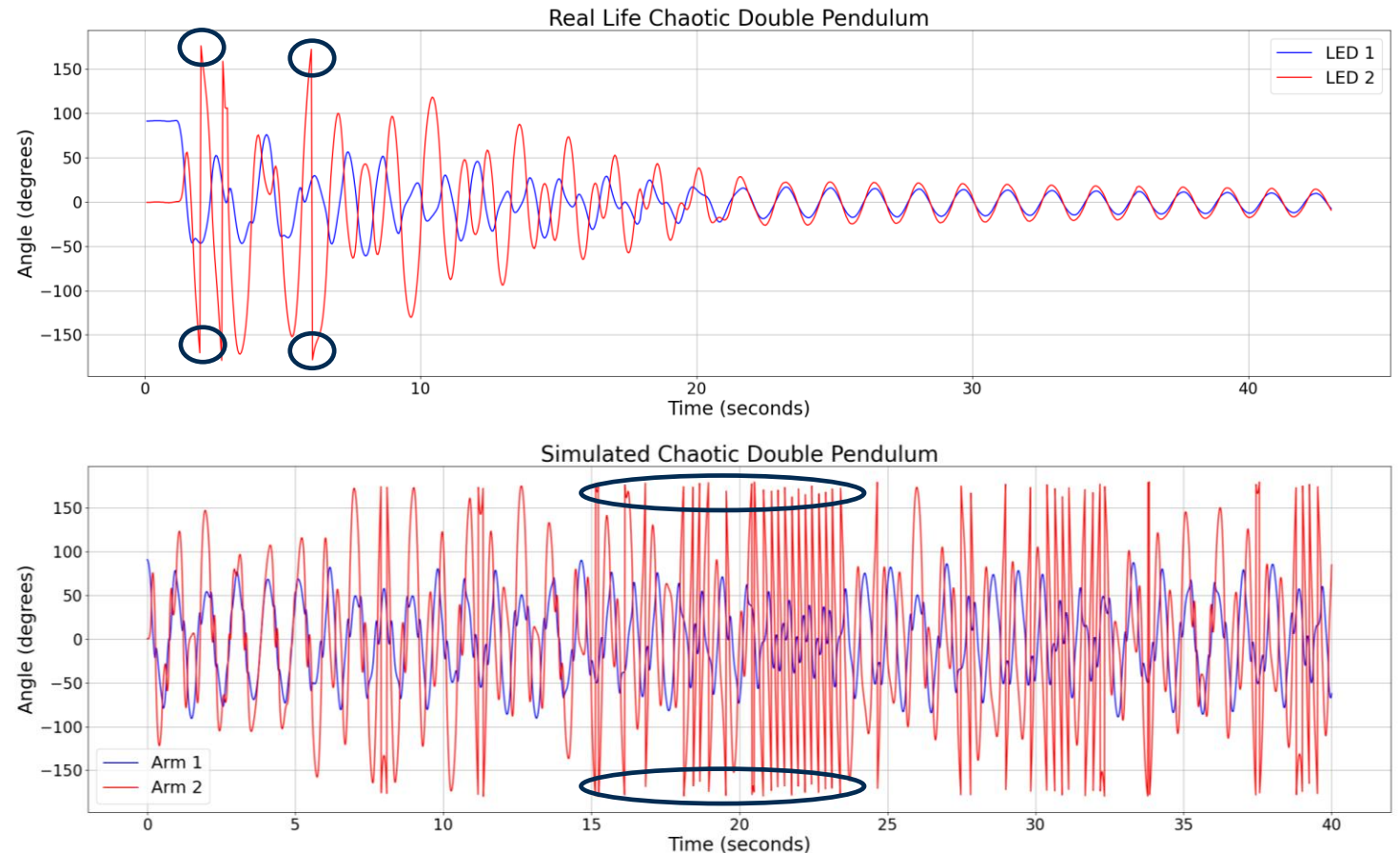
Graphed the angular positions of the LEDs

Used to compare with our simulation



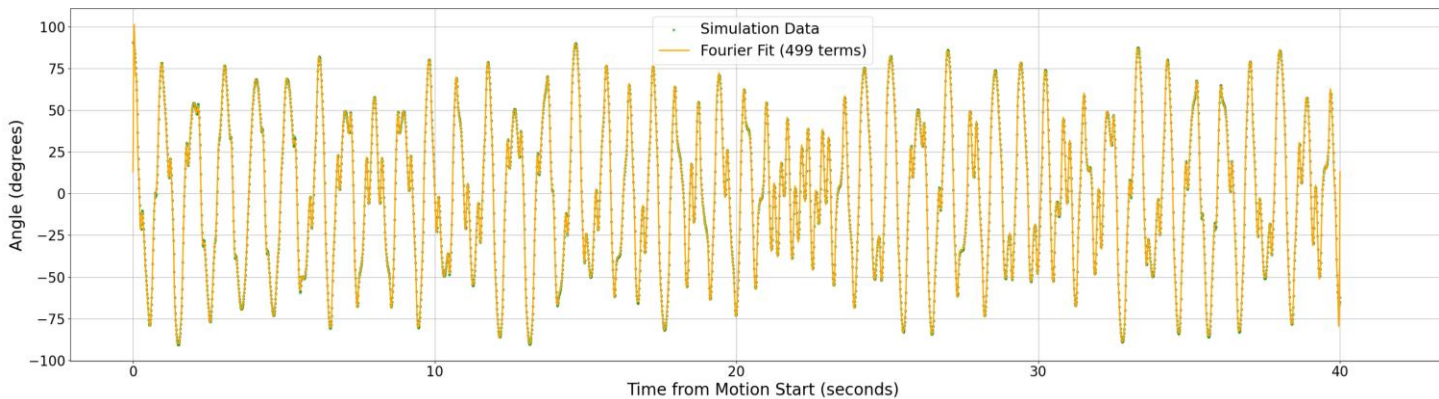
# DATA AND GRAPHS

- Real life approaches steady state
- Simulation lacks dampening
  - Never loses energy or approach a steady state
- LED 2/Arm 2 make “jumps” when completing over-the-top swings



# ANALYSIS

Arm 1 - Fourier Series



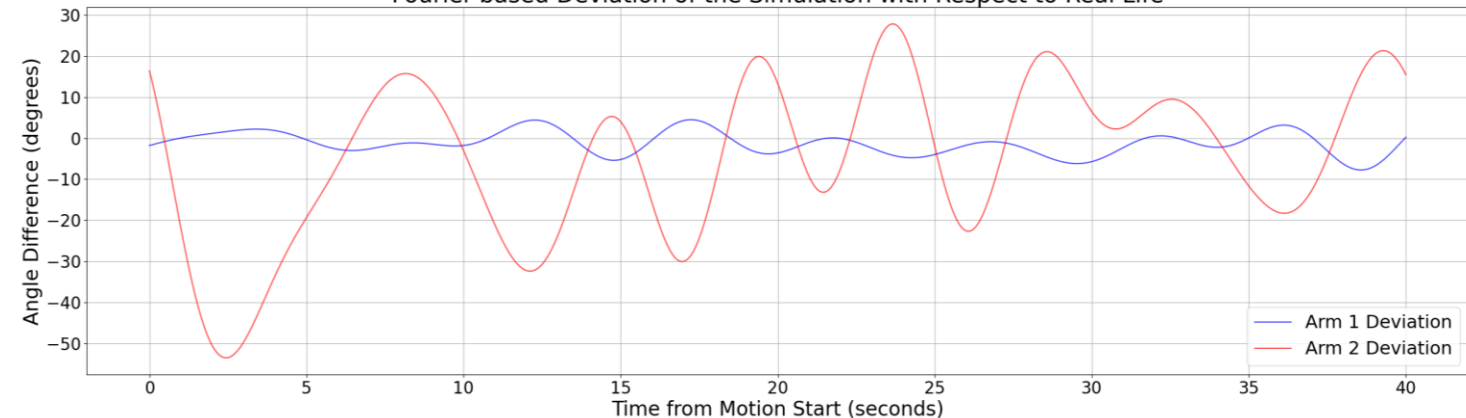
## Fourier Series (left):

- Difficult to compare discrete datasets
- A continuous function representative of the data solves this problem
- Continuous function overlays scatterplot of data

## Comparison of Graphs (right):

- Subtracted our simulated angular position from our experimental data
- Allows us to assess the validity of our simulation

Fourier-based Deviation of the Simulation with Respect to Real Life





# THANKS FOR WATCHING

Always  
remember! If  
one pendulum  
arm won't  
confuse you,  
TOUCAN!!!!!!

