Lab 2: Eigenvalue and eigenvectors, Newton method and applications

Due: Friday 11 June 2021, 20:00

Instructions:

- i) There are 7 questions in this assignment.
- i) All your solutions must be in ONE file.
- ii) The file name should be studentnumber.py, for example 87654321.py

Question 1. The Hilbert matrix H is an $n \times n$ matrix whose elements are given by

$$H_{ij} = \frac{1}{i+j-1}$$

Using numpy, write a function that creates a Hilbert matrix. Your function should take the form

Test the function for n of your choice.

[5]

Question 2. Write some code which calls the function you created in Question 1 to calculate the sum of

- i) diagonal elements (red elements).
- ii) upper diagonal elements (blue elements).
- iii) lower diagonal elements (green elements),

for a Hilbert matrix H where n = 1000 and

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} * & * \\ * & \ddots & \ddots \\ & \ddots & \ddots & * \\ & & * & * \end{pmatrix}.$$

[2x3]

Question 3. Write a function to perform Power method to estimate the dominant eigenvalue for an $n \times n$ matrix A. Your function has to take the form

ie., has arguments A, the guess x_0 for x, number of iterations n and returns the eigenvalue and eigenvector. Test it using your choice of A, x_0 and n. (Create A and x_0 using numpy). [5]

- Question 4. Write some code to approximate the dominant eigenvalue for a 123×123 Hilbert matrix using your answer to Question 3 where number of iterations is 10 and $x_0 = [1, 1, \dots, 1]^T$. [5]
- Question 5. Write a function to solve a system of nonlinear equations using Newton method. Your function has to take the form

using the stopping criteria

$$\frac{||\mathbf{x}_{n+1} - \mathbf{x}_n||_2}{||\mathbf{x}_n||_2} < tol$$

where **F** is system such that $\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{0}$, $\mathbf{x_0}$ is the guess and J is the Jacobian matrix.

Question 6. In this question you will solve a nonlinear boundary-value problem of the form

$$y'' = f(x, y, y')$$
$$y(a) = \alpha, \ y(b) = \beta$$

using Newton method to find y(x). (You do not need any knowledge about boundary value problems or numerical methods for Ordinary differential equations. All you need is being able to use Newton method. This is a guided question. You will be led towards the solution)

The equation above can be approximated by using finite differences as follows:

$$y_0 = \alpha, \ y_6 = \beta$$
$$-\frac{y_{i+1} - 2y_i + y_{i-1}}{h^2} + f\left(x_i, y_i, \frac{y_{i+1} - y_{i-1}}{2h}\right) = 0$$

where $x_i = a + ih$, h = 1/3. Your task is to find y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4, y_5 since y_0 and y_6 are given above. These can be found using Newton method by

substituting $i=1,\cdots,5$ in the above approximation. For example if i=1 we have equation

$$-\frac{y_2 - 2y_1 + y_0}{h^2} + f\left(x_1, y_1, \frac{y_2 - y_0}{2h}\right) = 0$$

Form the rest of the 4 equations by substituting i=2,3,4,5. Use your solution to Question 5 to write some code to solve the 5 equations for y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4, y_5 using Newton method for the problem:

$$y'' = \frac{1}{8}(32 + 2x^3 - yy')$$
$$y(1) = 17, \ y(3) = 43/3.$$

Use the guess $yy0 = [17, 17, 17, 17, 17]^T$ and the stopping criteria given in Question 5. [5]

Question 7. Produce a graph showing a line plot of y_i against x_i for $i = 0, \dots, 6$. Your plot should have labeled axes and a title. (Please google to find out how to plot in python) [5]