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In[2]:= (* Coin flip, problem 3 *)
In[3]:= (* Assumption: Coin radius is 1, height is 1 *
In[3]:=
In[4]:= (* Time to go back to initial height *)
ln[5] = timeFunction[v_] := 2v/9.8
    timeFunction[4.5]
Out[6]= 0.918367
In[7]:= (* Angular velocity is in radians *)
     (* converts angular velocity to degrees per second *)
     angularToDegrees[a_] := a * (180 / Pi)
_{\ln |B|=} (* Function to find where the coin is roated once it falls back into initial height \star)
    finalDegrees[timetofunction_, degrees_] := timetofunction * degrees
     (* Reduces the finalDegrees into a value from 0 to 360 degrees *)
     reducetobounds[finaldegrees ] := finaldegrees - (360 * Floor[finaldegrees / 360])
     (* Takes a reduced degree and finds if it will land heads or tails. 1 = heads,
    0 = tails *)
    headsortails[reducedDegree_] := If[(reducedDegree > 270 || reducedDegree < 90), 0, 1]
In[11]:= (* This is where I am going to introduce error *)
     (* To land on the side, the coin needs to rotate exactly 90 or 270 degrees *)
     (* However this will never happen as the
     precision of my calculation always has a decimal *)
     (★ Instead of rounding to the nearest n-th degree, I am going to take a ratio ★)
     (* If reducedDegree/90 or reducedDegree/270 is between .999 and 1.001,
     it lands on its side *)
     (* 1 = lands on side, 0 = no *)
(reducedDegree / 270 ≥ .999 && reducedDegree / 270 ≤ 1.001)), 1, 0];
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