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In[190]:= (* Adam Beck *)
       (* Calculate the correlation coefficient between the volume V and mortality M
        of the heart transplants based on the data in hospheart.nb *)
       (* hospheart.np data *)
       (* {M,V} M = one year mortality rate,
       percentage of patients that died within one year of the
        transplant operation,
      V = average annual number of transplants at that center during the same 4 years *)
       heart = {{17.9, 27}, {23.1, 4}, {40, 3}, {6.5, 35}, {14.9, 17}, {12.5, 4}, {15.7, 45},
          \{9.8, 28\}, \{24, 6\}, \{5.0, 10\}, \{15.4, 13\}, \{4.8, 7\}, \{0, 1\}, \{19.1, 47\}, \{4.5, 6\},
          \{15, 56\}, \{12.5, 4\}, \{33.9, 8\}, \{10.7, 9\}, \{13, 14\}, \{28.3, 12\}, \{57.1, 2\}, \{6.3, 4\},
          \{10, 3\}, \{8.3, 12\}, \{17.5, 10\}, \{20, 3\}, \{29.3, 10\}, \{21.4, 7\}, \{27.3, 8\}, \{13.6, 6\},
          \{21.8, 30\}, \{36.4, 3\}, \{18.2, 11\}, \{33.3, 2\}, \{20, 4\}, \{38.5, 7\}, \{20.8, 18\}, \{12.2, 19\},
          \{22.2, 18\}, \{29, 8\}, \{0, 9\}, \{5.7, 9\}, \{50, 2\}, \{21.7, 15\}, \{66.7, 4\}, \{29.4, 17\},
          \{12.1, 27\}, \{10.7, 14\}, \{6.3, 4\}, \{16.2, 9\}, \{21.1, 5\}, \{17.4, 33\}, \{23.9, 17\},
          \{42.9, 2\}, \{40, 2\}, \{6.7, 15\}, \{44.4, 3\}, \{18.7, 34\}, \{14.7, 24\}, \{7.4, 7\}, \{12.6, 24\},
          \{9.7, 26\}, \{44.4, 2\}, \{16.7, 6\}, \{15.8, 14\}, \{83.3, 2\}, \{10.9, 22\}, \{13.3, 5\},
          \{11.1, 5\}, \{75, 2\}, \{19, 20\}, \{14, 13\}, \{60, 1\}, \{21.2, 8\}, \{9.7, 8\}, \{50, 2\}, \{25, 14\},
          \{18.6, 15\}, \{0.0, 1\}, \{35.3, 9\}, \{23.5, 85\}, \{15.6, 11\}, \{37.5, 2\}, \{14.3, 28\},
          \{14.3, 4\}, \{16.7, 6\}, \{20.0, 15\}, \{13.0, 17\}, \{9.6, 26\}, \{66.7, 3\}, \{30.8, 3\},
          \{14.0, 13\}, \{27.5, 10\}, \{37.5, 8\}, \{18.9, 13\}, \{0.0, 4\}, \{12.2, 44\}, \{57.1, 4\},
          \{21.4, 35\}, \{23.4, 16\}, \{10.9, 12\}, \{15.6, 8\}, \{16.7, 2\}, \{13.9, 9\}, \{18.2, 11\},
          \{11.5, 26\}, \{18.4, 13\}, \{16.7, 3\}, \{20.4, 14\}, \{40.0, 5\}, \{20.7, 56\}, \{19.6, 13\},
          \{13.5, 9\}, \{29.9, 36\}, \{8.4, 21\}, \{28.4, 24\}, \{7.7, 23\}, \{19.3, 29\}, \{0.0, 1\},
          \{22.2, 20\}, \{30.0, 5\}, \{7.0, 11\}, \{23.8, 7\}, \{18.8, 29\}, \{14.5, 16\}, \{17.0, 16\},
          \{20.0, 15\}, \{6.7, 15\}, \{11.4, 20\}, \{100.0, 1\}, \{31.4, 9\}, \{17.6, 26\}, \{19.6, 14\}\};
       (* Split this M and V data into separate
        lists via Transpose[] in order to parse through *)
       heartTranspose = Transpose[heart];
      MData = heartTranspose[[1]];
      VData = heartTranspose[[2]];
       (* To calculate the correlation coefficient,
      we need to define functions to find the means of a data set *)
      mean[x] := Sum[x[[i]], {i, 1, Length[x]}] / Length[x];
       (* Sum elements, divide by length *)
      meanM = mean[MData]
Out[194]= 21.9045
In[195]:= meanV = N[mean[VData]]
Out[195]= 13.8657
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In[196]:= (* Create a function to sum (m-meanM) * (v-meanV),
      where m and v are elemnts of M and V respectively. *)
      differenceMeanSum[m_, mBAR_, v_, vBAR_] :=
       Sum[(m[[i]] - mBAR) * (v[[i]] - vBAR)), \{i, 1, Length[m]\}]
      (* Sum the product of (elementInM - meanOfM) (elementInV - meanOfV) *)
      (* find the sum of the mean difference as noted above,
      this is the numerator of our correlation coefficient equation *)
      MVdifferenceMeanSum = differenceMeanSum[MData, meanM, VData, meanV]
Out[197]= -7238.42
IN[203]:= (* The denominator of the correlation coefficient equation is
       the square root of: sum of (x-xBAR)^2 times sum of (y-yBAR)^2 *)
      (* Create a function to Sum a data sets elemnts, by taking an element,
      subtracting the mean from it, and squating the value *)
      squaredSum[a_, aMean_] := Sum[(a[[i]] - aMean)^2, {i, 1, Length[a]}];
_{\text{ln}[204]:=} (* Now find the the squared difference sum for the M and V data *)
      squareDifferenceM = squaredSum[MData, meanM]
Out[204]= 35 996.9
In[205]:= squareDifferenceV = squaredSum[VData, meanV]
Out[205]= 22305.6
In[206]:= (* Take the root of the product of these sums,
      and that is the denominator of the correlation coefficient equation *)
      rootOfSums = Sqrt[squareDifferenceM * squareDifferenceV]
Out[206]= 28 336.1
In[207]:= (* Now take the numerator and denominator,
      find the decimal of that fraction and we have the correlation coefficient *)
      coefficient = MVdifferenceMeanSum / rootOfSums
Out[207]= -0.255449
      (* This is negative, so as x increases,
      y decreases. As is is close to zero, it is not a strong correlation *)
      (* Now, we need to make a scatter plot of this data *)
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(* We also need the line of best fit,
which will be calculated manually. Assuming the V data is y axis, M data is x axis*)
(* The numerator for the slope of our
best fit line is the variable MVdifferenceMeanSum *)
(* The denominator for the slope of our best fit line is the sum of x -
xMean squared *)

(* This denominator is as follows *)
denom = Sum[(MData[[i]] - meanM)^2, {i, 1, Length[MData]});
slope = MVdifferenceMeanSum / denom

Out[217]= -0.201084

In[218]= (* The b value is calculated as the y mean, minus slope * x mean *)
b = meanV - slope * meanM

Out[218]= 18.2703

In[219]= (* The best fit equation is as follows *)
bestFit[x] := slope * x + b;
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