

# Homework 4.

1.)  $V = \mathbb{Z}_5^2 \rightarrow \{2, 3, 4, 5\}$

a)  $(a, b) + (c, d) = (a + c) \bmod 5 + (b + d) \bmod 5$   
 $((a + c) \bmod 5 + (b + d) \bmod 5) \in \mathbb{Z}_5^2$

Closed under addition.

b)  $\lambda(a, b) = (\lambda \cdot a \bmod 5, \lambda \cdot b \bmod 5)$

Product of an  $\mathbb{Z}_5^2 \bmod 5 \in \mathbb{Z}_5^2$  Hence  
Closed under scalar

c.) Commutativity

$$(a, b) + (c, d) = ((a + c) \bmod 5, (b + d) \bmod 5) \\ = (c + a) \bmod 5, (d + b) \bmod 5$$

d.) Additive identity

$$(a, b) + (0, 0) \rightarrow (a, b) \\ (a, b) + (0, 0) \rightarrow ((a + 0) \bmod 5, (b + 0) \bmod 5) \\ = (a, b)$$

e.) Additive inverse

$$(a, b) + (-a, -b) = 0 \\ (a \bmod 5 + (-a \bmod 5), (b \bmod 5 + (-b \bmod 5))) = 0$$

$$2.) P^3 = \{ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d \mid a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

Addition:

$$(ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d) + (\tilde{a}x^3 + \tilde{b}x^2 + \tilde{c}x + \tilde{d})$$

$$\underbrace{(a + \tilde{a})}_{\in \mathbb{R}} x^3 + \underbrace{(b + \tilde{b})}_{\in \mathbb{R}} x^2 + \underbrace{(c + \tilde{c})}_{\in \mathbb{R}} x + \underbrace{(d + \tilde{d})}_{\in \mathbb{R}}$$

Closed under addition

Scalar multiplication

$$\lambda(ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d)$$

$$\underbrace{\lambda a}_{\in \mathbb{R}} x^3 + \underbrace{\lambda b}_{\in \mathbb{R}} x^2 + \underbrace{\lambda c}_{\in \mathbb{R}} x + \underbrace{\lambda d}_{\in \mathbb{R}}$$

Closed under scalar multiplication

Axioms

Commutativity

$$(a + \tilde{a})x^3 = (\tilde{a} + a)x^3 \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$(b + \tilde{b})x^2 = (\tilde{b} + b)x^2 \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$(c + \tilde{c})x = (\tilde{c} + c)x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$(d + \tilde{d}) = (\tilde{d} + d) \in \mathbb{R}$$

Additive identity

$$(ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d) + (0x^3 + 0x^2 + 0x + 0)$$

$$(a + 0)x^3 = ax^3 \in \mathbb{R} \quad d + 0 = d \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$(b + 0)x^2 = bx^2 \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$(c + 0)x = cx \in \mathbb{R}$$

Additive Inverse

$$(ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d) + (-ax^3 + (-bx^2) + (-cx) + (-d))$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} (1-a)x^3 &= 0 \\ (b-b)x^2 &= 0 \\ (c-c)x &= 0 \\ d-d &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \in \mathbb{R}$$

Multiplicative identity

$$1(ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d)$$

$$1 \cdot ax^3 + 1 \cdot bx^2 + 1 \cdot cx + 1 \cdot d$$

$$ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d \in \mathbb{R}$$