

# Sketching parametric curves by plotting points

To sketch a parametric curve, we'll follow these steps:

1. Create a table where we find  $x$ - and  $y$ -values based on specific parameter values of  $t$ .
2. Eliminate the parameter to find a cartesian equation in terms of just  $x$  and  $y$ .
3. Sketch the parametric curve.

Let's walk through an example, so we can see these steps in action

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## Example

Sketch the parametric curve.

$$y = \sin t$$

$$x = \cos t$$

$$0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$$

Let's create a table of  $x$ - and  $y$ -values based on parameter values of  $t$  inside the given interval. Since the interval is given as  $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$ , we'll choose well-known parameter values inside this interval so that they're easy to plug into our equations for  $x$  and  $y$ .



	$x$	$y$
$t_1 = 0$	1	0
$t_2 = \frac{\pi}{2}$	0	1
$t_3 = \pi$	-1	0
$t_4 = \frac{3\pi}{2}$	0	-1
$t_5 = 2\pi$	1	0

Now we'll eliminate the parameter to find a cartesian equation that represents our parametric equation. If we remember that  $\sin^2 t + \cos^2 t = 1$ , we can just square our parametric equations,

$$y = \sin t$$

$$y^2 = \sin^2 t$$

and

$$x = \cos t$$

$$x^2 = \cos^2 t$$

and then plug them into the identity.

$$\sin^2 t + \cos^2 t = 1$$

$$y^2 + x^2 = 1$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$



Since we have a list of points to plot and we know our cartesian equation, we can sketch the parametric curve. When we plot the points following the direction of the parameter  $t$ , we'll see that the parameter is moving counter-clockwise around the circle.

