Topic: Price of the product

Question: An item is currently selling for \$50/unit. The quantity supplied is decreasing by 10 units/week. At what rate is the price of the item changing?

$$q = 4,000e^{-0.01p}$$

Answer choices:

- A Increasing by \$2.43 per week
- B Decreasing by \$1.86 per week
- C Decreasing by \$6.59 per week
- D Increasing by \$0.41 per week

Solution: D

Use implicit differentiation to take the derivative of both sides of the quantity equation.

$$q = 4,000e^{-0.01p}$$

$$\frac{dq}{dt} = -40e^{-0.01p} \frac{dp}{dt}$$

From the question, we know that p=50 and dq/dt=-10, so we'll plug those in.

$$-10 = -40e^{-0.01(50)} \frac{dp}{dt}$$

$$-10 = -40e^{-0.50} \frac{dp}{dt}$$

Solve for dp/dt, which is the rate we were asked to find.

$$\frac{dp}{dt} = \frac{-10}{-40e^{-0.50}}$$

$$\frac{dp}{dt} = \frac{1}{4e^{-0.50}}$$

$$\frac{dp}{dt} = \frac{e^{0.50}}{4}$$

$$\frac{dp}{dt} \approx \$0.41$$

Topic: Price of the product

Question: A company has determined that the demand curve for their product is given by q, where p is the price in dollars, and q is the quantity in millions. If the company is increasing the price of the product by \$1.25 per week, find the rate at which demand is changing when the price is \$25.

$$q = \sqrt{2,000 - p^2}$$

Answer choices:

- A Increasing by 0.85 million items per week
- B Decreasing by 1.85 million items per week
- C Decreasing by 0.85 million items per week
- D Increasing by 1.85 million items per week



Solution: C

Use implicit differentiation to take the derivative of both sides of the quantity equation.

$$q = \sqrt{2,000 - p^2}$$

$$\frac{dq}{dt} = \frac{1}{2}(2,000 - p^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left(-2p\frac{dp}{dt}\right)$$

$$\frac{dq}{dt} = -p(2,000 - p^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \frac{dp}{dt}$$

From the question, we know that p=25 and dp/dt=1.25, so we'll plug those in.

$$\frac{dq}{dt} = -25(2,000 - 25^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}}(1.25)$$

$$\frac{dq}{dt} \approx -0.85$$

Demand is decreasing by 0.85 million items per week.



Topic: Price of the product

Question: Suppose that the price p of a product is given by the demand function, where q represents the demand quantity. If the daily demand is decreasing at a rate of 8 units per day, at what rate is the price changing when the demand is 30 units?

$$p = \frac{900 - 10q}{250 - 2q}$$

Answer choices:

- A The price is changing at a rate of \$6.45 per day
- B The price is changing at a rate of \$0.155 per day
- C The price is changing at a rate of \$6.45 per week
- D The price is changing at a rate of \$0.155 per week

Solution: B

Use implicit differentiation to take the derivative of both sides of the price equation.

$$p = \frac{900 - 10q}{250 - 2q}$$

$$\frac{dp}{dt} = \frac{-10\frac{dq}{dt}(250 - 2q) - \left(-2\frac{dq}{dt}\right)(900 - 10q)}{(250 - 2q)^2}$$

$$\frac{dp}{dt} = \frac{\frac{dq}{dt}(-2,500 + 20q) + \frac{dq}{dt}(1,800 - 20q)}{(250 - 2q)^2}$$

$$\frac{dp}{dt} = \frac{\frac{dq}{dt}(-2,500 + 20q + 1,800 - 20q)}{(250 - 2q)^2}$$

$$\frac{dp}{dt} = \frac{-700 \frac{dq}{dt}}{(250 - 2q)^2}$$

From the question, we know that q=30 and dq/dt=-8, so we'll plug those in.

$$\frac{dp}{dt} = \frac{-700(-8)}{(250 - 2(30))^2}$$

$$\frac{dp}{dt} = \frac{5,600}{36,100}$$

$$\frac{dp}{dt} = 0.155$$

