**Topic**: Inverse hyperbolic derivatives

Question: Find the derivative of the inverse hyperbolic function.

$$y = \cosh^{-1}(x^3)$$

## **Answer choices:**

$$\mathbf{A} \qquad y' = \frac{3x^2}{\sqrt{x^6 - 1}}$$

with 
$$x^3 < 1$$

$$\mathsf{B} \qquad y' = \frac{3x^2}{\sqrt{x^6 + 1}}$$

with 
$$x^3 < 1$$

$$C \qquad y' = \frac{3x^2}{\sqrt{x^6 + 1}}$$

with 
$$x^3 > 1$$

$$D \qquad y' = \frac{3x^2}{\sqrt{x^6 - 1}}$$

with 
$$x^3 > 1$$

# Solution: D

Apply the formula for the derivative of inverse hyperbolic cosine, with  $g(x) = x^3$  and  $g'(x) = 3x^2$ .

$$y' = \frac{g'(x)}{\sqrt{[g(x)]^2 - 1}}$$

with 
$$x^3 > 1$$

$$y' = \frac{3x^2}{\sqrt{(x^3)^2 - 1}}$$

with 
$$x^3 > 1$$

$$y' = \frac{3x^2}{\sqrt{x^6 - 1}}$$

with 
$$x^3 > 1$$

**Topic**: Inverse hyperbolic derivatives

Question: Find the derivative of the inverse hyperbolic function.

$$y = \tanh^{-1}(2x^5 - 1)$$

# **Answer choices:**

$$\mathbf{A} \qquad y' = \frac{5}{2x + 2x^6}$$

with 
$$|2x^5 - 1| < 1$$

$$\mathsf{B} \qquad y' = \frac{1}{2x - 2x^6}$$

with 
$$|2x^5 - 1| < 1$$

$$C y' = \frac{5}{x - x^6}$$

with 
$$|2x^5 - 1| < 1$$

$$D \qquad y' = \frac{5}{2x - 2x^6}$$

with 
$$|2x^5 - 1| < 1$$

## Solution: D

Apply the formula for the derivative of inverse hyperbolic tangent, with  $g(x) = 2x^5 - 1$  and  $g'(x) = 10x^4$ .

$$y' = \frac{g'(x)}{1 - [g(x)]^2}$$

with 
$$|g(x)| < 1$$

$$y' = \frac{10x^4}{1 - (2x^5 - 1)^2}$$
 with  $|2x^5 - 1| < 1$ 

with 
$$|2x^5 - 1| < 1$$

Simplify the derivative.

$$y' = \frac{10x^4}{1 - (4x^{10} - 4x^5 + 1)}$$
 with  $|2x^5 - 1| < 1$ 

$$y' = \frac{10x^4}{1 - 4x^{10} + 4x^5 - 1}$$
 with  $|2x^5 - 1| < 1$ 

$$y' = \frac{10x^4}{-4x^{10} + 4x^5}$$
 with  $|2x^5 - 1| < 1$ 

$$y' = \frac{5}{-2x^6 + 2x} \qquad \text{with } |2x^5 - 1| < 1$$

$$y' = \frac{5}{2x - 2x^6}$$
 with  $|2x^5 - 1| < 1$ 

Topic: Inverse hyperbolic derivatives

Question: Find the derivative of the inverse hyperbolic function.

$$f(x) = (\sinh^{-1}(2x^3))^4$$

## **Answer choices:**

A 
$$f'(x) = \frac{24x^2(\sinh^{-1}(2x^3))^3}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$$

B 
$$f'(x) = \frac{24x^2(\sinh^{-1}(2x^3))^3}{\sqrt{4x^6 + 1}}$$

C 
$$f'(x) = \frac{6x^2(\sinh^{-1}(2x^3))^3}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$$

D 
$$f'(x) = \frac{6x^2(\sinh^{-1}(2x^3))^3}{\sqrt{4x^6 + 1}}$$



Solution: B

Use a substitution with  $u = \sinh^{-1}(2x^3)$  and

$$u' = \frac{6x^2}{\sqrt{(2x^3)^2 + 1}}$$

$$u' = \frac{6x^2}{\sqrt{4x^6 + 1}}$$

Then the function is

$$f(x) = u^4$$

and the derivative is

$$f'(x) = 4u^3 \cdot u'$$

$$f'(x) = 4(\sinh^{-1}(2x^3))^3 \cdot \frac{6x^2}{\sqrt{4x^6 + 1}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{24x^2(\sinh^{-1}(2x^3))^3}{\sqrt{4x^6 + 1}}$$

