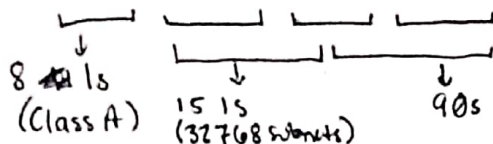


1. Assume you have a class A address. Construct the subnet mask to divide it into 32768 subnets. Give your answers in dotted decimal and the prefix notation.

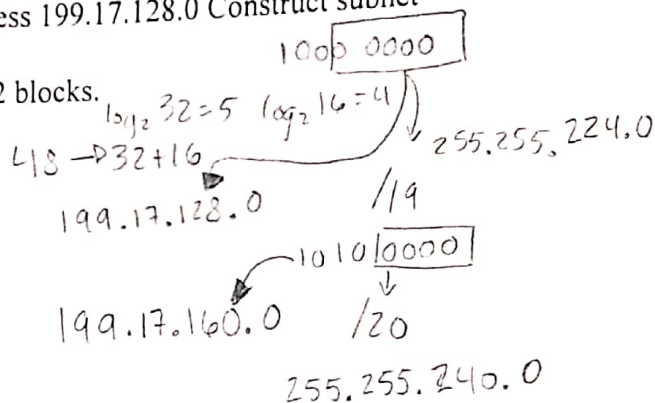
 $2^{15}$ 


255.255.254.0 /23

2. WSU has a block of 48 Class C addresses starting at address 199.17.128.0 Construct subnet (supernet) masks to divide this into 2 CIDR blocks.

Give the starting address, mask, and prefix for each of the 2 blocks.

199.17.128.0 → /24 (class C)



~~255.255.254.0 /23 199.17.128.0~~  
~~255.255.254.0 /23 199.17.129.0~~

3. Divide WSU's addresses into 3 CIDR blocks.

199.17.128.0      255.255.252.0 /22

199.17.129.0      255.255.252.0 /22

199.17.130.0      255.255.252.0 /22

199.17.131.0      unused

4. In Watkins we use 2 class C addresses - 199.17.161.0 and 199.17.162.0  
 Can these be formed into a CIDR block?

No because 161 is odd (0b10100001). Can't ~~subnet~~ ~~supernet~~

Supernet because the mask already covers the netid of the address.