Notebook Screen Capture

Remez Equi-Ripple Design

n bump = n + 5

```
# Load an equi-ripple design code module from GNU Radio
#(in notebook ZIP package)
import optfir
d pass = 0.2
d stop = 60.0
fs = 48000
f pass = 3500
f stop = 5000
n, ff, aa, wts=optfir.remezord([f pass,f stop], [1,0],
                                [1-10**(-d pass/20), 10**(-d stop/20)],
                                fsamp=48000)
# Bump up the order by 5 to bring down the final d pass & d stop
```

Note: The original amplitude response requirements have been changed. The passband ripple is now 0.2 db and the passband critical frequency is reduced from 4000 to 3500 Hz. This reduces the filter order.

Fixed-Point Coefficients (int16 t)

b1 fix = int16(rint(b1*2**15))

FIR fix header('s4 p1 remez.h',b1)

b1 = signal.remez(n bump, ff, aa[0::2], wts,Hz=2)

```
b1 fix
array([ 14, -13, -33, -63, -97, -124, -134, -118, -72,
        -2, 80, 151, 191, 179, 109, -9, -148,
                                                          -269,
       -332, -304, -176, 32, 274, 481, 581, 520, 281, -103, -549, -936, -1128, -1009, -512, 360, 1519, 2810,
       4036, 4993, 5518, 5518, 4993, 4036, 2810, 1519, 360,
       -512, -1009, -1128, -936, -549, -103, 281, 520, 581,
       481, 274, 32, -176, -304, -332, -269, -148,
                                                          -9,
       109, 179, 191, 151, 80, -2, -72, -118, -134,
       -124, -97, -63, -33, -13, 14], dtype=int16)
```