

**Assignment #1**  
**ADL, Spring 2019**  
**Due Feb 14th**

## Assignment 1

### Hello World with Sequential and Subclassing styles

**About:** In this assignment, you will gain experience implementing neural networks to classify the Fashion MNIST dataset, using two different development styles. I thought it'd be helpful for you to see both of these early (if you're familiar with both, you can branch out to any major framework that exists today).

- In part one, you'll write code using Keras Sequential (your model is defined by a graph of layers).
- In part two, you'll use Keras Subclassing (your model is defined by extending a class, then writing the forward pass imperatively).

**Submission instructions:** Please submit this assignment on Piazza by uploading a Jupyter notebook. You may submit a single notebook for the entire assignment, or you may submit a zip including one notebook for each part. Reminder, please be sure your notebooks include saved output that shows the results of training your models.

**Extra credit:** There's an extra credit section at the bottom of this assignment. As always, it's optional. If you choose to complete some or all of it, please include your work with your submission.

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**Part 1** (50 points): Implement and evaluate two models to classify the Fashion MNIST dataset using the Keras Sequential API.

**Tip:** You should base your work off of this [tutorial](#), and/or this [example](#). We recommend doing this assignment in [Colab](#) (you can download a Jupyter notebook from there for your submission - be sure to save your output first). For this part of the assignment, it does not matter whether you have TensorFlow v1 or v2.0 preview installed (TensorFlow v1 is installed on Colab by default).

1. Implement and train a linear model to classify this dataset. Evaluate it by producing a plot that compares the training and validation accuracy. Include this plot with your

submission.

2. Implement and train a deep neural network to classify this dataset. No need to produce plots for this part, just try to get the validation accuracy as high as you can.
3. Produce a diagram that visualizes your linear and deep models using [plot\\_model](#). You can find a complete example of how to use plot model [here](#). Include these plots with your submission.
4. Produce a confusion matrix for one of your models, showing which classes it classifies well, and which it has trouble with. You can reuse the sklearn [code](#) for confusion matrices (it's great). You'll just need to use your model to make predictions on the each image in the test set, and compare them with the correct answer. Include the confusion matrix in your submission.

**Part 2** (50 points): Implement and evaluate two models to classify the Fashion MNIST dataset using the Keras Subclassing API.

**Tip:** You should base your work off this [example](#) (which shows how to install TensorFlow 2.0 in Colab, and demonstrates how to use the Subclassing API on a similar dataset). For this part of the assignment, you will need to install the TensorFlow 2.0 preview (we recommend using Colab, as in the notebook above, so you can install it easily). If you ever need to reset your Colab environment, you can go to Runtime -> Reset all runtimes.

5. Implement and train a linear model to classify this dataset. Evaluate it by producing a plot that compares the training and validation accuracy. Include this plot with your submission.
6. Implement and train a deep model to classify this dataset. No need to produce plots for this part, just try to get the validation accuracy as high as you can.

### Extra credit

You may complete some of all of these problems, in any order.

**EC1:** Provide your own implementation of softmax and cross entropy loss.

If you look at example [2.2](#) on GitHub, you'll find this block of code:

```
def loss(logits, labels):  
    return tf.reduce_mean(  
        tf.nn.sparse_softmax_cross_entropy_with_logits(  
            logits=logits, labels=labels))
```

Helper functions are cool, but can you write [code](#) yourself in Python to do the same thing? Write a new function `my_loss` in which you provide your own implementation of softmax and cross entropy. Run a short experiment to compare your implementation with the built-in one. Can you successfully train a model with it? Include saved results with your submission.

**EC2:** Provide your own implementation of a Dense layer.

If you look at example [2.2](#) on GitHub, you'll find this block of code:

```
class MyModel(Model):
    def __init__(self):
        super(MyModel, self).__init__()
        self.flatten = Flatten()
        self.d1 = Dense(128)
        self.d2 = Dense(10)
```

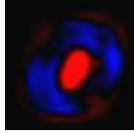
The built-in Dense layers are cool, but can you write one of your [own](#)? Do so, and use that to train your model. Run a short experiment comparing your Dense layer to the built-in one. Can you successfully train a model with it? Include saved results in your submission.

**EC3:** Visualize the learned weights.

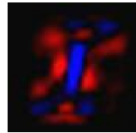
Using the Keras Subclassing API, write and train a linear model to classify the MNIST dataset. After it's trained, extract the learned weights from the Dense layer, and produce a visualization similar to the one below using Matplotlib.

Hint: recall MNIST images are  $28 \times 28 = 784$  unrolled pixels. These are fed into your Dense layer, which connects to 10 outputs (so you have  $784 \times 10 = 7840$  weights). The import thing is to realize you have 784 weights per output digit (one for each pixel). What would you see if you reshaped those weights back into a  $28 \times 28$  image?

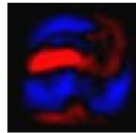
Write code to do so, and produce a visualization similar to the one below. Include it with your submission.



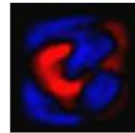
0



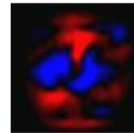
1



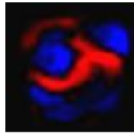
2



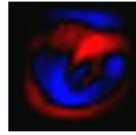
3



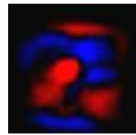
4



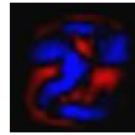
5



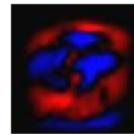
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