# **Utilities Unleashed**

# Entire Assignment due 2019-02-06 23:59 Graded files:

- env.c
- time.c

#### Content

Overview WARNING! format.c and .h time env

# **Learning Objectives**

The learning objectives for Utilities Unleashed are:

- · Fork, Exec, Wait
- Environment Variables
- Writing a C Program
- Using argv, argc
- · Introduction to core utils

### Overview

In this lab, you will be implementing the following C utilities:

- time
- env

#### Notes:

- Do not worry about flags or features that we do not mention.
- Do not print any of your debug information out for your final submission.
- All printing (except env vars) should be handled with format.h.
- A common issue is double printouts. If this happens to you, try flushing stdout before you fork/exec. If this solves your issue, ask yourself why.

### **WARNING!**

If you fork bomb on any autograder run, you will receive a zero on this assignment.

ulimit

To prevent you from fork bombing your own VM, we recommend looking into (httpsT/h/isss@4lcadlov/bysb./tolisættahtimil)t for how many times you can fork.

### format.c and .h

stdout stderr

Since this lab requires your programs to print messages to (https://www.inited.you.unite

It is common for students to fail certain test cases on this assignment with seemingly functional code, it is almost always because of improper usage of format.h.

#### time

```
time
In this lab, you will be implementing
                                        (https://linux.die.net/man/3/time)
 time - run a program and report how long it took
So if a user enters:
  ./time sleep 2
                  sleep
then time will run
                      (httw/ith/theiarrogxundeinet.neta/modap/ib/tshowe/bo)ng it took in seconds:
 sleep 2 took 2.002345 seconds
For more examples, you can play with Linux's builtin
                                                        (https://habibhoyxtyphie.gneti/meary/OBJRCDMMM)AND (time 1s -1, for
example) in your terminal. Be sure to add \  \  \, ./\  \  \, to the beginning (or use the full path to your
                                                                                               (htepscuttable of the office oun et∉iman/3/ti
another directory), otherwise the builtin
                                           (httpik be/dailheck.die.net/man/3/time)
```

We've also provided a test executable to run basic tests on your time implementation. Note that although these tests are similar to those that will be run on the autograder they are not identical, so passing locally does not guarantee you will receive full credit. It is still your responsibility to ensure you have functional code.

wall-clock time

(https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wall-clock\_gettime

Note that we only care about clock\_tipae)d we recommend using (http://linwxitldiecnet/mean/B/d对对k\_gettime)

Pro tip: 1 second == 1,000,000,000 nanoseconds.

## Nota bene:

#### time

- You may not use the existing (htppsgr/h/minux.die.net/man/3/time)
- You must use (https://dicineu.upestriabian/sap/wikitabikes./weikle/wejean/cae/pitedit.)
- If the child process does not terminate successfully (where its exit status is non-zero), you should exit with status 1
   without printing the time.

time

- We will only run (httpth: ønet/man/3/time)
- The commands we will run can take any number of arguments.
- Do your time computations with double-precision floating pointer numbers ( double ) rather that single-precision ( float ).
- We have provided functions in format.h that we expect you to use wherever appropriate.

## **Useful Resources**

```
Program arguments: argc & argv

(http://cs-

education.github.io/sys/#chapter/2/section/0/activity/0)

fork, exec, wait

(http://cs241.cs.illinois.edu/coursebook/Processes#the-
fork-
exec-
wait-

pattern)
fork and waitpid
(http://cs-
education.github.io/sys/#chapter/5/section/1/activity/0)
```

#### env

```
env
In this lab, you will be implementing a special version of (https://linux.die.net/man/3/env)
env - run a program in modified environments
Usage:
./env [key=val1] [key2=val1] ... -- cmd [args] ..
```

Please re-read this section multiple times before starting:

- Each variable is in the form of NAME=v1, separated by spaces.
- Values may contain references to environment variables in the form %NAME, including variables that were set earlier.
   As a result, variables should be processed from left to right.
- Each reference should be replaced with its value.

key

• The names of variables (both in (htatros in/ \lainux) obidy con/aian/e3t/exeyr) umbers, or underscore characters.

```
ey env key
```

- For each environment variable (https://e/lpiairyx.diretvriplsa/styletpic/nby/st.letyi)e toet/(ntairty/lb/e/nyhi)ichenvidonment/man/3/key)

  fork wait
- Each execution must be done with (httpset/landx.diethtps/mailandrodie).net/man/3/wait)
- The last variable/value(s) pairing is followed by a -- .
- Everything following the -- is the command and any arguments that will be executed by env.
- Invalid input should result in the usage being printed. It is your job to enforce correct usage! You shouldn't ignore bad usage.

This is the canonical example and a practical use case:

```
$ ./env TZ=EST5EDT -- date
Sat Sep    9 19:19:42 EDT 2017
$
```

Example of using references to other variables:

```
$ ./env TEMP=EST5EDT TZ=%TEMP -- date
Sat Sep 9 19:19:42 EDT 2017
$
```

This has the exact same behavior as before, because TEMP is first set to EST5EDT, and then when TZ is set to %TEMP, the value of EST5EDT is retrieved and then TZ is set to that. Notice that the variables are set sequentially, or else it wouldn't work.

time env

Again like (httposu: ¢ati phany wdile Linety's abuiltintimen to add ./ to the beginning (or the full path to your env

(http://www.idijvounære/inaari/Othenvd)rectory), otherwise the builtin (http://sbe/ ¿ailedx Doirectuse/inaari/Othenvd)rectory), otherwise the builtin

env

In addition, keep in mind that the builtin (httspess: #/ libsteadibe .%etto/denøb/envi)onment variables. In practice, it can be very useful to change some environment variables when running certain commands.

# Extra: Why Env?

For example, you may notice people write #!/usr/bin/env python on the first line of their Python script. This line ensures the Python interpreter used is the first one on user's environment \$PATH. However, users may want to use another version of Python, and it may not be the first one on \$PATH. Say, your desired location is /usr/local/bin for instance.

One way to solve this is by exporting \$PATH to the correct position in your terminal, however, this may mess up other commands or executable under the same session.

env

An alternative and better way is to use our (htapd rhteinux.die.net/man/3/env)

./env PATH=/usr/local/bin -- ./XXX.py

then it runs the script with the desired Python interpreter.

### Nota bene

nv env

- You may not use the existing (httppsgraphliowx spiecificationalis different than the existing (httppsgraphlioux.die.net/ma
- You may not replace % with \$ or use wordexp(3).

execvpe execve execle

- You may not use (https://(Iritrtupes::d/i/el.i/neutx/postin///Al/eix/enced/ma/n/3/execle)
- All changes in environment variables and execution must happen only in the child process.

fork exec wait

- You must use (ht/tps(ht/lips(ht/lipsuhtlip
- If a variable doesn't exist, interpret its value as a zero-length string.
- Do not fork bomb the autograder! You will fail if you forkbomb the AG. (See the warning.)

# **Useful Resources**

**Environment variables** 

(http://cs-

education.github.io/sys/#chapter/2/section/1/activity/0)

**Environment variable functions** 

(http://www.gnu.org/software/libc/manual/html\_node/Environment-

Variables.html)

string.h

(http://man7.org/linux/man-

pages/man3/string.3.html)

```
Split a string by a delimiter
```

(https://www.quora.com/How-

do-

you-

write-

a-

C-

program-

to-

split-

a-

string-

by-

a-

delimiter)