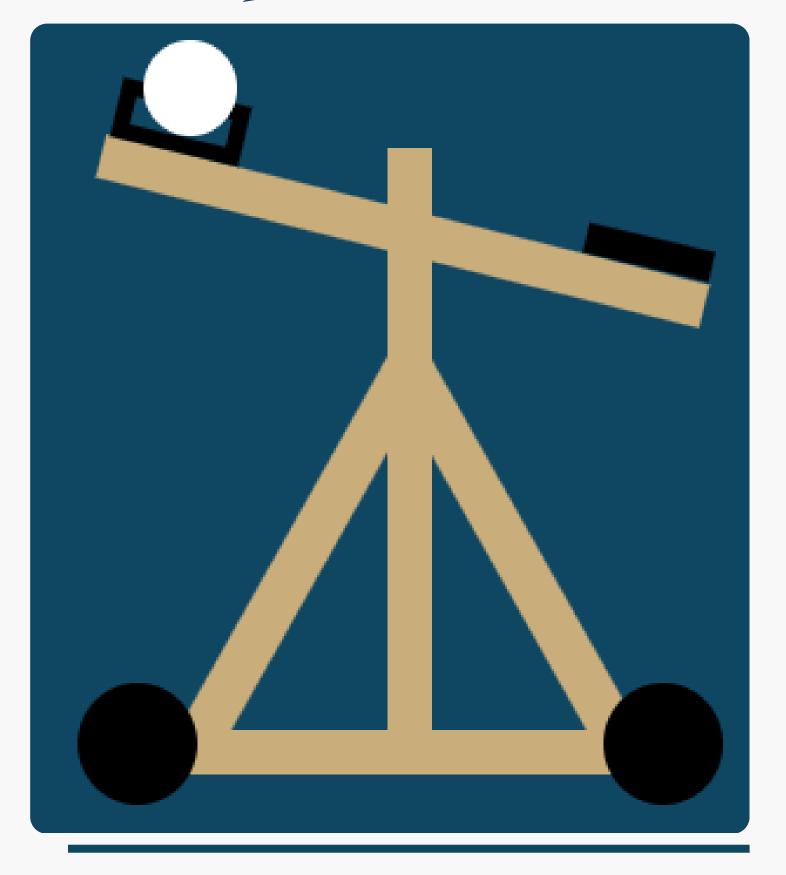
# Simple Trebuchet



## Relevant Equations

#### Equation for V (Velocity of ball)

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{\left(2mg(\sin(\theta_1)) + (\sin(\theta_2))r\right)}{\frac{1}{12}m_2(2r)^2 + m(r)^2 + m_b(r)^2}}$$

#### Equation for X (Distance covered by ball)

$$x = \left(\cos(\theta_3)v\right)\left(\frac{\sin(\theta_3)v}{g} + \sqrt{\frac{2H_ig + 2\left(\sin(\theta_3)vg\right) - \left(v\sin(\theta_3)\right)^2}{g^2}}\right)$$

### How equations were derived:

Through the use of principles such as Conservation of Energy, Inertia and Torque, and Energy of Rotating Systems, these equations calculating distance and velocity of a ping-pong ball being launched from a simple trebuchet were able to be derived